

# FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: **Digital Watch**

Model No.: **H102**

FCC ID: **2A587-H102**

## 1. Limits

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$$\left[ \frac{\text{max power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,}$$

Where:

Result =  $P/D \cdot \sqrt{F}$

F = the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

P = Maximum turn-up power in mw

D = Min. test separation distance in mm

## 2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

	Output power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up power dBm/mW	Min test separation distance mm	Result	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	SAR Test Exclusion
EDR	-1.6	-2±1(-1)	0.794	5	0.25	3.0	Pass
BLE	-1.87	-2±1(-1)	0.794	5	0.25	3.0	Pass

Note:

PK Output power = conducted power.

Conducted power see the test report **HK2202280750-1E/2E**

BT antenna gain = 0dBi

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.25 which is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

Note: Exclusion Thresholds Results =  $\left[ \frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}$

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Distance = 5mm