

# 1. RF Exposure Requirements

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## 1.1 General Information

### Client Information

Applicant:	Navitas Vehicle Systems Ltd
Address of applicant:	Unit 1, 500 Dotzert Court, Waterloo Ontario N2L6A7 Canada
Manufacturer:	SHENZHEN KLYDE ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.
Address of manufacturer:	Building C & D, Zunlong Science Park, Xieping Road, Wulian Village, Longgang Dist., Shenzhen City, China.

### General Description of EUT:

Product Name:	Car Multimedia Player
Trade Name	Navitas
Model No.:	KD-1174
Adding Model(s):	/
Rated Voltage:	DC12V
Power Adapter:	/
FCC ID:	2A43B-NAVITAS-1174
Equipment Type:	Mobile device

### Technical Characteristics of EUT:

#### Bluetooth(BLE mode)

Bluetooth Version:	V4.2 (BLE mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	4.36dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK
Quantity of Channels:	40
Channel Separation:	2MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.44dBi

#### Bluetooth(BR/EDR mode)

Bluetooth Version:	V4.2 (BR/EDR mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	5.05dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.44dBi

#### Wi-Fi(2.4GHz)

Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40)
RF Output Power:	17.76dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n(HT20); 7 for 802.11n(HT40)
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.44dBi

#### **Wi-Fi(5GHz)**

Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n(HT20), 802.11n-HT40, 802.11ac-VHT80
Frequency Range:	5745-5825MHz
Max. RF Output Power:	15.46dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.35dBi

## **1.2 RF Exposure Exemption**

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

**Option A:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A):The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

**Option B:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW) described in the following formula.  $P_{th}$  is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

$d$  = the separation distance (cm);

**Option C:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least  $\lambda/2\pi$ , where  $\lambda$  is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation	
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$
30-300	$3.83 R^2$
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$

**For Multiple RF sources:** FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

- (A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).
- (B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \leq 1$$

### 1.3 Calculated Result

Radio Access Technology	Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle (%)	Tune-Up Time-Averaged Power (dBm)	ERP (dBm)
Bluetooth	2402	5.05	0.44	100	6.00	4.29
Wi-Fi(2.4GHz)	2412	17.76	0.44	100	18.00	16.29
Wi-Fi(5GHz)	5745	15.46	2.35	100	16.00	16.20

Frequency (MHz)	Option	Min. Distance (cm)	Max. Power (dBm) (mW)		Exposure Limit (mW)	Ratio	Result Pass/Fail
2402	C	20.00	4.29	2.69	768.00	0.01	Pass
2412	C	20.00	16.29	42.56	768.00	0.06	Pass
5745	C	20.00	16.20	41.69	768.00	0.05	Pass

Note: 1. Time-Averaged Power=Output Power \* Duty Cycle; ERP= Time-Averaged Power+ Antenna gain-2.15dB

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B,  $P_{th}$  (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)

#### Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access Technology	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Simultaneous Ratio	Limit	Result Pass/Fail
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Note: BT and Wi-Fi can't transmit at the same time.

Result: Pass