



Radio Test Report

FCC ID: 2A3TX-OS-CM01

Report No.	:	TBR-C-202406-0298-2
Applicant	:	Ingenious Technology LLC
Equipment Under Test (EUT)		
EUT Name	:	OSPREY CURTAIN MOTOR
Model No.	:	OS-CM01
Series Model No.	:	CMD850E, BSC82E, BSC82*, BSC313*
Brand Name	:	N/A
Sample ID	:	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01&HC-C-202406-0298-02-01
Receipt Date	:	2024-06-29
Test Date	:	2024-06-29 to 2024-07-09
Issue Date	:	2024-07-09
Standards	:	FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247
Test Method	:	ANSI C63.10: 2013 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Conclusions	:	PASS
In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.		
Test By	:	Jolin Lee Jolin Lee
Reviewed By	:	Henry Huang Henry Huang
Approved By	:	Ivan Su Ivan Su
This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in the report.		

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
TBR-C-202406-0298-2	Rev.01	Initial issue of report	2024-07-09



1. General Information about EUT

1.1 Client Information

Applicant	:	Ingenious Technology LLC
Address	:	111 Deerwood Road, Suite 200, San Ramon, California, United States
Manufacturer	:	Ingenious Technology LLC
Address	:	111 Deerwood Road, Suite 200, San Ramon, California, United States

1.2 General Description of EUT (Equipment Under Test)

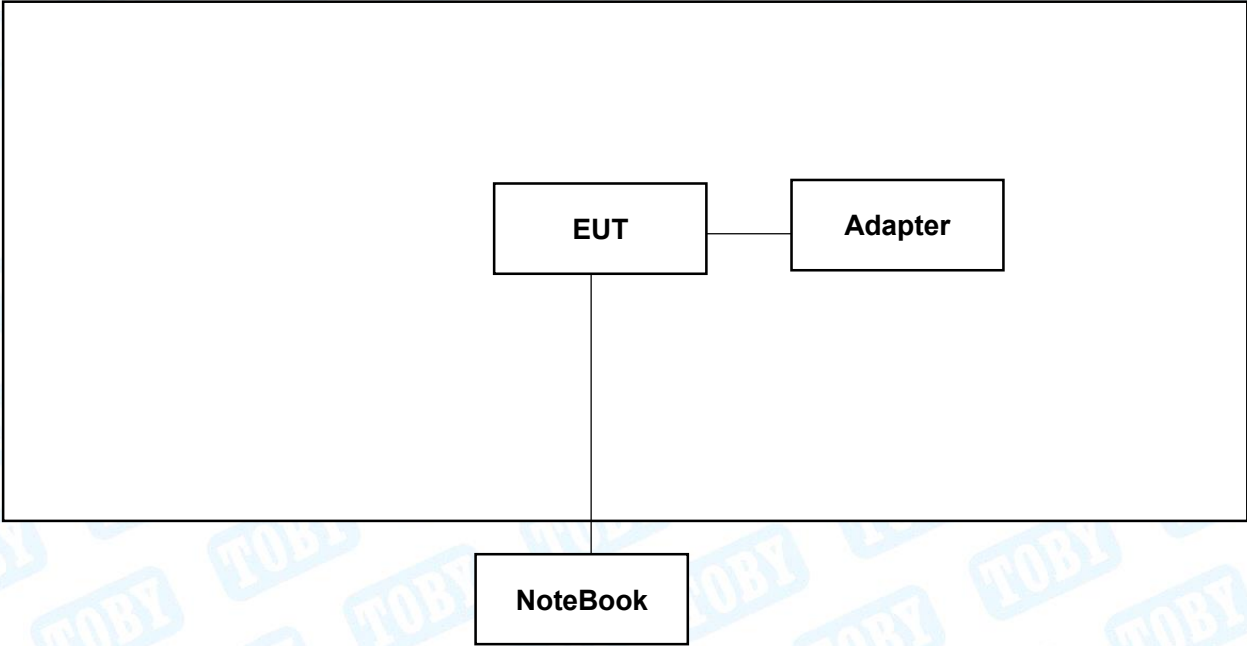
EUT Name	:	OSPREY CURTAIN MOTOR	
Models No.	:	OS-CM01, CMD850E, BSC82E, BSC82*, BSC313*	
Model Different	:	All these models are identical in the same PCB, layout and electrical circuit, The only difference is model name, brand name and product name.	
Product Description	:	Operation Frequency:	2412MHz~2462MHz
		Number of Channel:	11 channels
		Antenna Gain:	2.54dBi PCB Antenna
		Modulation Type:	802.11b: DSSS (DQPSK, DBPSK, CCK) 802.11g: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM) 802.11n: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM)
Power Rating	:	Adapter: Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz 0.14A Output: 65W	
Software Version	:	N/A	
Hardware Version	:	N/A	
Remark: The adapter provided by the TOBY ,the antenna gain from the manufacturer, the verified for the RF conduction test provided by TOBY test lab.The above antenna information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications, the laboratory shall not be held responsible.			



(1) Channel List:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
01	2412	05	2432	09	2452
02	2417	06	2437	10	2457
03	2422	07	2442	11	2462
04	2427	08	2447		
Note: CH 01~CH 11 for 20MHz Bandwidth					

1.3 Block Diagram Showing the Configuration of System Tested



1.4 Description of Support Units

Equipment Information				
Name	Model	S/N	Manufacturer	Used “√”
Notebook	HYLR-WFQ9	AAMFPM1418000165	honour	√



1.5 Description of Test Mode

To investigate the maximum EMI emission characteristics generates from EUT, the test system was pre-scanning tested base on the consideration of following EUT operation mode or test configuration mode which possible have effect on EMI emission level. Each of these EUT operation mode(s) or test configuration mode(s) mentioned follow was evaluated respectively.

For Conducted Emission Test(AC POWER)	
Final Test Mode	Description
Mode 1	TX b Mode Channel 01
For Radiated and RF Conducted Test	
Final Test Mode	Description
Mode 2	TX Mode b Mode Channel 01/06/11
Mode 3	TX Mode g Mode Channel 01/06/11
Mode 4	TX Mode n(HT20) Mode Channel 01/06/11

Note:

- (1) For all test, we have verified the construction and function in typical operation. And all the test modes were carried out with the EUT in transmitting operation in maximum power with all kinds of data rate.

According to ANSI C63.10 standards, the measurements are performed at the highest, middle, lowest available channels, and the worst case data rate as follows:

802.11b Mode: CCK

802.11g Mode: OFDM

802.11n (HT20) Mode: MCS 0

- (2) During the testing procedure, the continuously transmitting with the maximum power mode was programmed by the customer.
- (3) The EUT is considered a Mobile unit; in normal use it was positioned on X-plane. The worst case was found positioned on X-plane. Therefore only the test data of this X-plane was used for radiated emission measurement test.



1.6 Description of Test Software Setting

During testing channel& Power controlling software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product power parameters of RF setting.

Test Software: UI_mptool			
Test Mode: Continuously transmitting			
Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Parameters
802.11b	CCK/ 1Mbps	01	90
	CCK/ 1Mbps	06	90
	CCK/ 1Mbps	11	90
802.11g	OFDM/ 6Mbps	01	92
	OFDM/ 6Mbps	06	92
	OFDM/ 6Mbps	11	90
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0	01	90
	MCS 0	06	90
	MCS 0	11	90



1.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement $y \pm U$, where expanded uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of $k=2$, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

Test Item	Parameters	Expanded Uncertainty (U_{Lab})
Conducted Emission	Level Accuracy: 9kHz~150kHz 150kHz to 30MHz	± 3.50 dB ± 3.10 dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: 9kHz to 30 MHz	± 4.60 dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: 30MHz to 1000 MHz	± 4.50 dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: Above 1000MHz	± 4.20 dB

1.8 Test Facility

The testing report were performed by the Shenzhen Toby Technology Co., Ltd., in their facilities located at 1/F., Building 6, Rundongsheng Industrial Zone, Longzhu, Xixiang, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. At the time of testing, the following bodies accredited the Laboratory:

CNAS (L5813)

The Laboratory has been accredited by CNAS to ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories for the competence in the field of testing. And the Registration No.: CNAS L5813.

A2LA Certificate No.: 4750.01

The laboratory has been accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA) to ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories for the technical competence in the field of Electrical Testing. And the A2LA Certificate No.: 4750.01.FCC Accredited Test Site Number: 854351. Designation Number: CN1223.

IC Registration No.: (11950A)

The Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing. The site registration: Site# 11950A. CAB identifier: CN0056.



2. Test Summary

Standard Section	Test Item	Test Sample(s)	Judgment	Remark
FCC 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	HC-C-202406-0298-02-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.209 & 15.247(d)	Radiated Unwanted Emissions	HC-C-202406-0298-02-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.203	Antenna Requirement	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
/	99% Occupied bandwidth	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(b)(3)	RF Output Power and E.I.R.P	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(d)	Band Edge Measurements	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.207(a)	Conducted Unwanted Emissions	HC-C-202406-0298-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(d)	Emissions in Restricted Bands	HC-C-202406-0298-02-01	PASS	N/A
/	On Time and Duty Cycle	HC-C-202406-0298-02-01	/	N/A
Note: N/A is an abbreviation for Not Applicable.				

3. Test Software

Test Item	Test Software	Manufacturer	Version No.
Conducted Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	CDI-03A2
Radiation Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	FA-03A2RE
Radiation Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	FA-03A2RE+
RF Conducted Measurement	MTS-8310	MWRFTest	V2.0.0.0
RF Test System	JS1120	Tonscend	V3.2.22



4. Test Equipment and Test Site

Test Site				
No.	Test Site	Manufacturer	Specification	Used
TB-EMCSR001	Shielding Chamber #1	YIHENG	7.5*4.0*3.0 (m)	√
TB-EMCSR002	Shielding Chamber #2	YIHENG	8.0*4.0*3.0 (m)	√
TB-EMCCA001	3m Anechoic Chamber #A	ETS	9.0*6.0*6.0 (m)	X
TB-EMCCB002	3m Anechoic Chamber #B	YIHENG	9.0*6.0*6.0 (m)	√

Conducted Emission Test					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100321	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025
RF Switching Unit	Compliance Direction Systems Inc	RSU-A4	34403	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025
AMN	SCHWARZBECK	NNBL 8226-2	8226-2/164	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101131	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025

Radiation Emission Test(B Site)					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	102197	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU-8	100472/008	Feb. 23, 2024	Feb.22, 2025
Bilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	1225	Nov. 13, 2023	Nov. 12, 2025
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	2463	Jun. 14, 2024	Jun. 13, 2026
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	1118	Feb. 27, 2024	Feb.26, 2026
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519 B	1519B-059	Jun. 14, 2024	Jun. 13, 2026
HF Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP9E6343	AP21C806117	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
HF Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP051845	AP21C806141	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
HF Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP0184050	AP21C806129	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Highpass Filter	CD	HPM-6.4/18G	---	N/A	N/A
Highpass Filter	CD	HPM-2.8/18G	---	N/A	N/A
Highpass Filter	XINBO	XBLBQ-HTA67(8-25G)	22052702-1	N/A	N/A

Antenna Conducted Emission					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	102197	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020B	MY60110172	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY47380425	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
RF Power Sensor	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO26	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO29	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO31	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO33	Aug. 30, 2023	Aug. 29, 2024
Temperature and Humidity Chamber	ZhengHang	ZH-QTH-1500	ZH2107264	Jun. 17, 2024	Jun. 16, 2025



5.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Attachment A inside test report.



6. Radiated and Conducted Unwanted Emissions

6.1 Test Standard and Limit

6.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.209 & FCC Part 15.247(d)

6.1.2 Test Limit

General field strength limits at frequencies Below 30MHz			
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μA/m)*	Field Strength (microvolt/meter)**	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	6.37/F (F in kHz)	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	63.7/F (F in kHz)	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	0.08	30	30

Note: 1, The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.
2, *is for RSS Standard, **is for FCC Standard.

General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (μV/m at 3 m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

General field strength limits at frequencies Above 1000MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Distance of 3m (dBuV/m)	
	Peak	Average
Above 1000	74	54

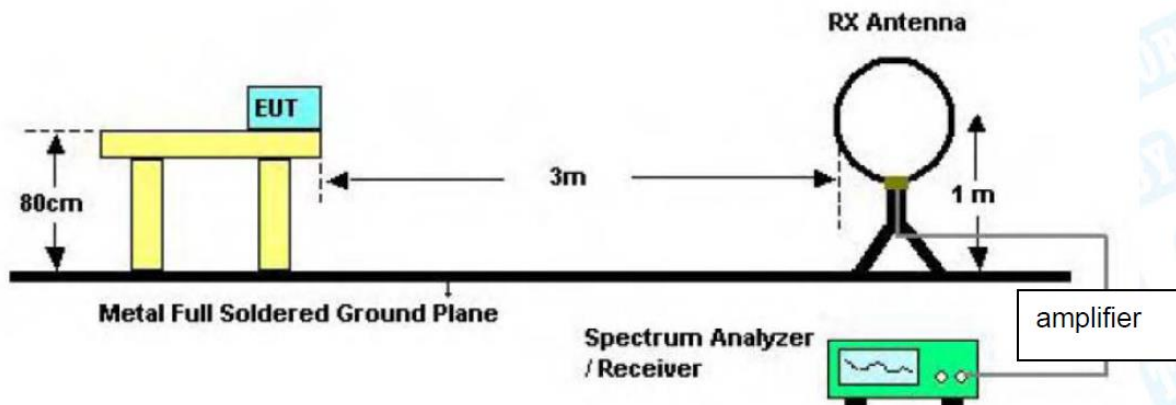
Note:
(1) The tighter limit applies at the band edges.
(2) Emission Level(dBuV/m)=20log Emission Level(uV/m)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

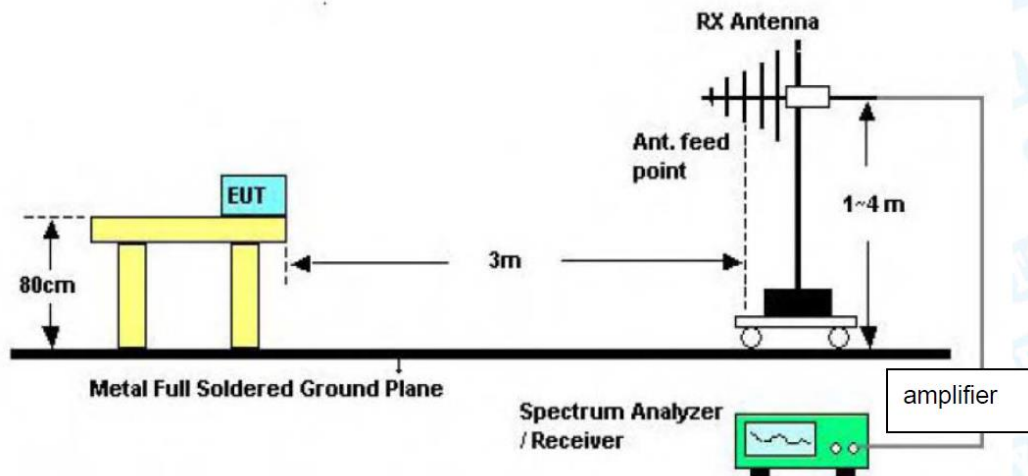


6.2 Test Setup

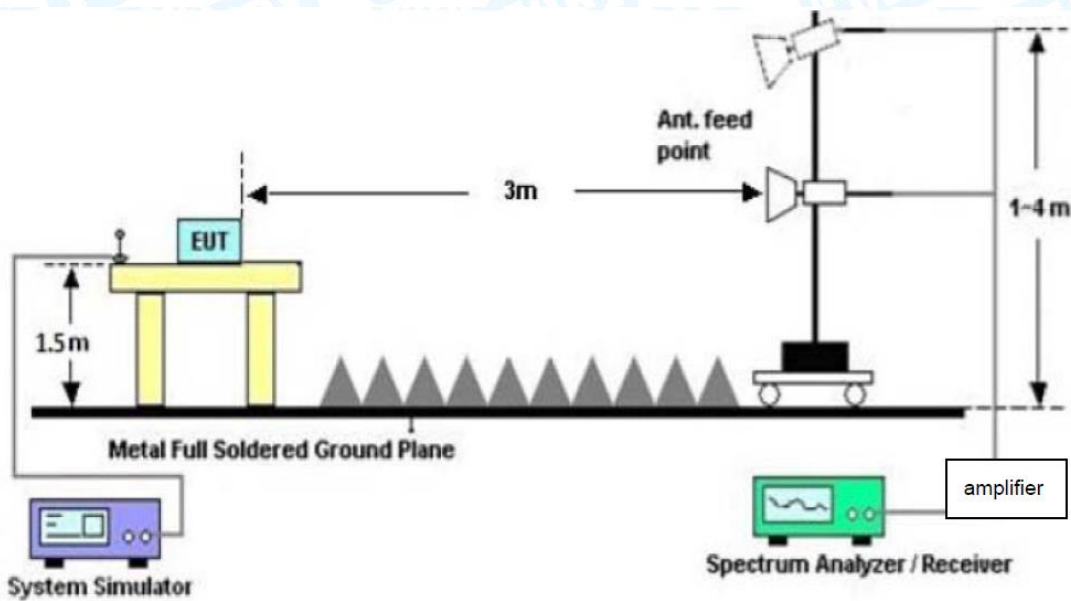
Radiated measurement



Below 30MHz Test Setup



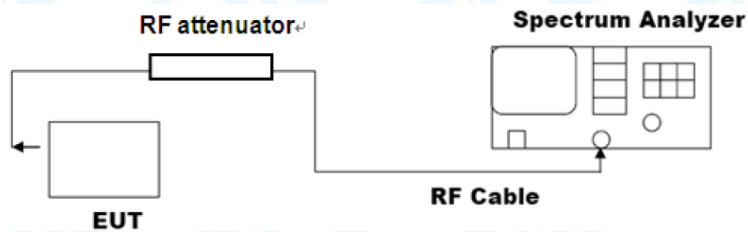
Below 1000MHz Test Setup



Above 1GHz Test Setup



Conducted measurement



6.3 Test Procedure

---Radiated measurement

- The measuring distance of 3m shall be used for measurements at frequency up to 1GHz and above 1 GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 0.8m high above ground, the table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- Measurements at frequency above 1GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 1.5m high above the ground. RF absorbers covered the ground plane with a minimum area of 3.0m by 3.0m between the EUT and measurement receiver antenna. The RF absorber shall not exceed 30cm in high above the conducting floor. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The Test antenna shall vary between 1m and 4m, Both Horizontal and Vertical antenna are set to make measurement.
- The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.
- If the Peak Mode measured value compliance with and lower than Quasi Peak Mode Limit Below 1 GHz, the EUT shall be deemed to meet QP Limits and then no additional QP Mode measurement performed. But the Peak Value and average value both need to comply with applicable limit above 1 GHz.
- Testing frequency range 30MHz-1GHz the measuring instrument use VBW=120 kHz with Quasi-peak detection. Testing frequency range 9KHz-150Hz the measuring instrument use VBW=200Hz with Quasi-peak detection. Testing frequency range 9KHz-30MHz the measuring instrument use VBW=9kHz with Quasi-peak detection.
- Testing frequency range above 1GHz the measuring instrument use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=3 MHz with Peak Detector for Peak Values, and use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=10 Hz with Peak Detector for Average Values.
- For the actual test configuration, please see the test setup photo.



--- Conducted measurement

●Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

●Emission level measurement

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

6.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

6.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

6.6 Test Data

Radiated measurement please refer to the Attachment B inside test report.

Conducted measurement please refer to the Appendix for 2.4G Wi-Fi.



7. Restricted Bands and Band Edge Requirement

7.1 Test Standard and Limit

7.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.205 & FCC Part 15.247(d)

7.1.2 Test Limit

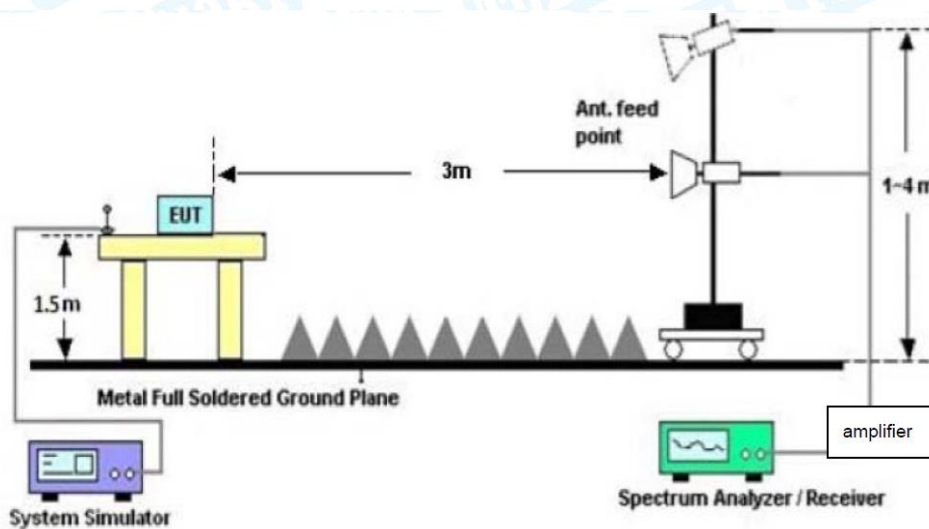
Restricted Frequency Band (MHz)	Distance Meters(at 3m)	
	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)
2310 ~2390	74	54
2483.5 ~2500	74	54
	Peak (dBm) _{see 7.3 e)}	Average (dBm) _{see 7.3 e)}
2310 ~2390	-21.20	-41.20
2483.5 ~2500	-21.20	-41.20

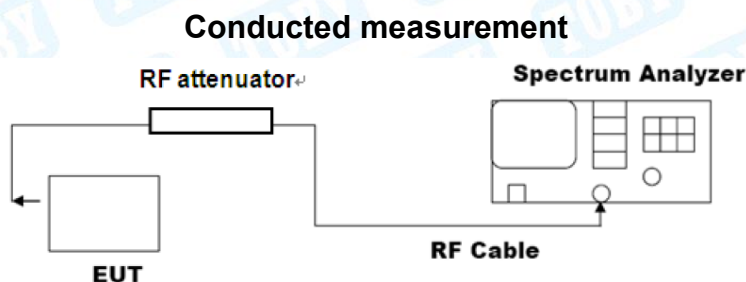
Note: According the ANSI C63.10 11.12.2 antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for determining compliance in the restricted frequency bands requirements. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case emissions is required.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

7.2 Test Setup

Radiated measurement





7.3 Test Procedure

---Radiated measurement

- Measurements at frequency above 1GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 1.5m high above the ground. RF absorbers covered the ground plane with a minimum area of 3.0m by 3.0m between the EUT and measurement receiver antenna. The RF absorber shall not exceed 30cm in high above the conducting floor. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The Test antenna shall vary between 1m and 4m, Both Horizontal and Vertical antenna are set to make measurement.
- The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.
- The Peak Value and average value both need to comply with applicable limit above 1 GHz.
- Testing frequency range above 1GHz the measuring instrument use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=3 MHz with Peak Detector for Peak Values, and use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=10 Hz with Peak Detector for Average Values.
- For the actual test configuration, please see the test setup photo.

--- Conducted measurement

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 11.12.2.3 through 11.12.2.5 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP (see 11.12.2.6 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain).
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz; 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive; and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For MIMO devices, measure the power of each chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in



linear terms (i.e., watts and mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log d + 104.8$$

where

E is the electric field strength in dBuV/m

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm

d is the specified measurement distance in m

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level with the applicable regulatory limit.

g) Perform the radiated spurious emission test.

7.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

7.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

7.6 Test Data

Remark: The test uses antenna-port conducted measurements as an alternative to radiated measurements for determining compliance in the restricted frequency bands requirements.

Conducted measurement please refer to the Appendix for 2.4G Wi-Fi.



8. Bandwidth Test

8.1 Test Standard and Limit

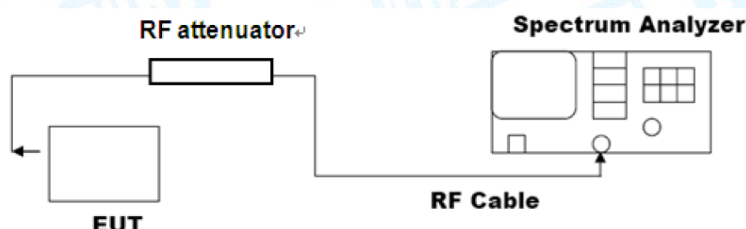
8.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.205 & FCC Part 15.247(d)

8.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
-6dB bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)	≥ 500 KHz	2400~2483.5
99% occupied bandwidth	/	2400~2483.5

8.2 Test Setup



8.3 Test Procedure

---DTS bandwidth

● The steps for the first option are as follows:

- Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- Detector = peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Sweep = auto couple.
- Allow the trace to stabilize.
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

---occupied bandwidth

● The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and

above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.



- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

8.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

8.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

8.6 Test Data

Conducted measurement please refer to the Appendix for 2.4G Wi-Fi.



9. RF Output Power

9.1 Test Standard and Limit

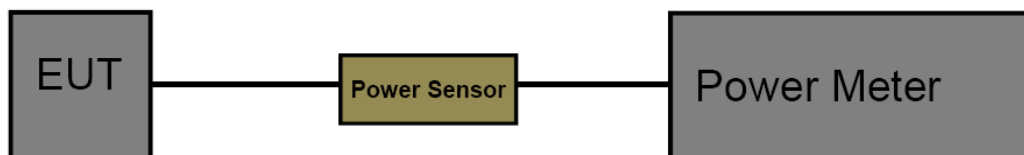
9.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.247(b)(3)

9.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
Peak Output Power	not exceed 1 W or 30dBm	2400~2483.5
E.I.R.P	not exceed 4 W or 36dBm	

9.2 Test Setup



9.3 Test Procedure

- The EUT was connected to RF power meter via a broadband power sensor as show the block above. The power sensor video bandwidth is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth of the equipment.

9.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

9.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

9.6 Test Data

Conducted measurement please refer to the Appendix for 2.4G Wi-Fi.



10. Power Spectral Density

10.1 Test Standard and Limit

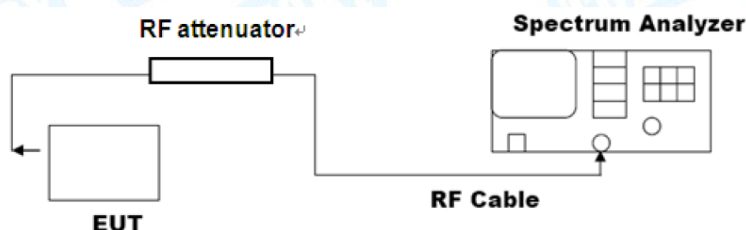
10.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.247(e)

10.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
Power Spectral Density	8dBm(in any 3 kHz)	2400~2483.5

10.2 Test Setup



10.3 Test Procedure

- The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:
 - a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
 - c) Set the RBW to $3\text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$.
 - d) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - e) Detector = peak.
 - f) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - g) Trace mode = max hold.
 - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
 - j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

10.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

10.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

10.6 Test Data

Conducted measurement please refer to the Appendix for 2.4G Wi-Fi.



11. Antenna Requirement

11.1 Test Standard and Limit

11.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.203

11.1.2 Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

11.2 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

11.3 Antenna Connected Construction

The Max. gains of the antenna used for transmitting is 2.54dBi, and the antenna de-signed with permanent attachment and no consideration of replacement. Please see the EUT photo for details.

11.4 Test Data

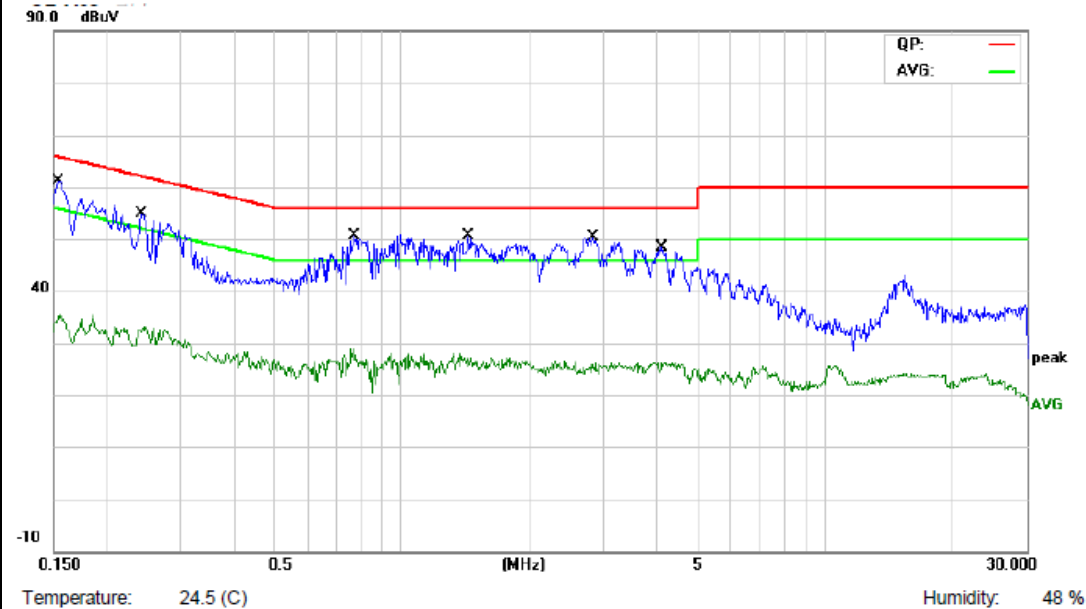
The EUT antenna is a PCB Antenna. It complies with the standard requirement.

Antenna Type
☒ Permanent attached antenna
☐ Unique connector antenna
☐ Professional installation antenna



Attachment A--Conducted Emission Test Data

Temperature:	24.5°C	Relative Humidity:	49%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		
Terminal:	Line		
Test Mode:	Mode 1		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		



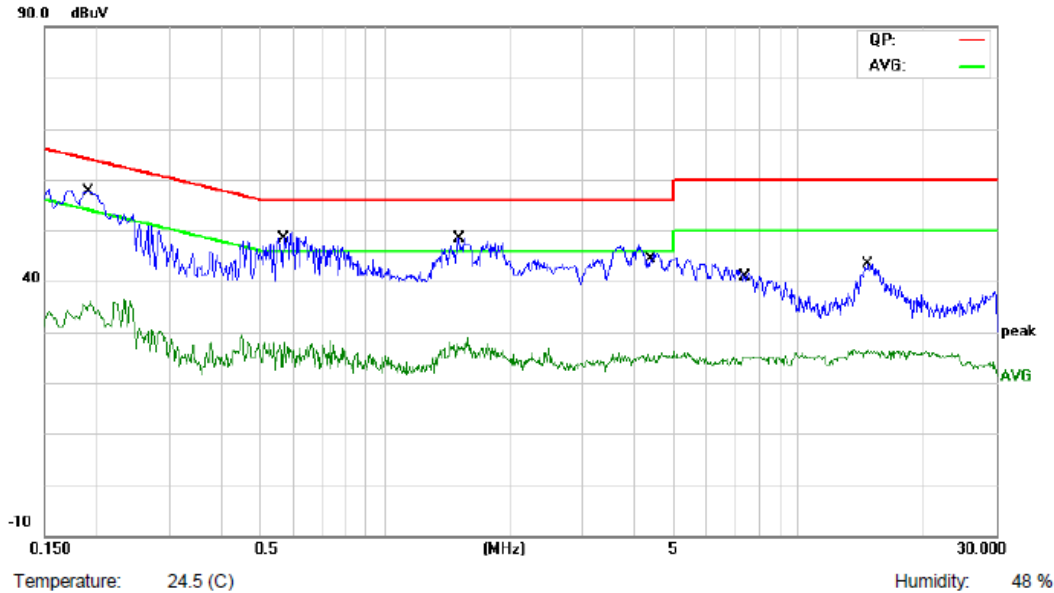
No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector
1	*	0.1539	51.68	9.55	61.23	65.79	-4.56	QP
2		0.1539	25.83	9.55	35.38	55.79	-20.41	AVG
3		0.2420	45.31	9.47	54.78	62.03	-7.25	QP
4		0.2420	23.19	9.47	32.66	52.03	-19.37	AVG
5		0.7740	41.11	9.46	50.57	56.00	-5.43	QP
6		0.7740	19.44	9.46	28.90	46.00	-17.10	AVG
7		1.4340	41.21	9.48	50.69	56.00	-5.31	QP
8		1.4340	18.57	9.48	28.05	46.00	-17.95	AVG
9		2.8300	40.83	9.55	50.38	56.00	-5.62	QP
10		2.8300	16.81	9.55	26.36	46.00	-19.64	AVG
11		4.1018	38.89	9.51	48.40	56.00	-7.60	QP
12		4.1018	16.68	9.51	26.19	46.00	-19.81	AVG

Remark:

1. Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak/Average (dBuV) - Limit (dBuV)



Temperature:	24.5°C	Relative Humidity:	49%
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz		
Terminal:	Neutral		
Test Mode:	Mode 1		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1	*	0.1912	48.18	9.52	57.70	63.98	-6.28	QP
2		0.1912	26.51	9.52	36.03	53.98	-17.95	AVG
3		0.5698	40.20	9.47	49.67	56.00	-6.33	QP
4		0.5698	18.56	9.47	28.03	46.00	-17.97	AVG
5		1.5060	39.00	9.48	48.48	56.00	-7.52	QP
6		1.5060	19.34	9.48	28.82	46.00	-17.18	AVG
7		4.3300	37.64	9.52	47.16	56.00	-8.84	QP
8		4.3300	16.08	9.52	25.60	46.00	-20.40	AVG
9		7.4298	32.54	9.57	42.11	60.00	-17.89	QP
10		7.4298	15.64	9.57	25.21	50.00	-24.79	AVG
11		14.6097	33.80	9.65	43.45	60.00	-16.55	QP
12		14.6097	16.70	9.65	26.35	50.00	-23.65	AVG

Remark:

1. Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)

2. Margin (dB) =QuasiPeak/Average (dBuV)-Limit (dBuV)



Attachment B--Unwanted Emissions Data

---Radiated Unwanted Emissions

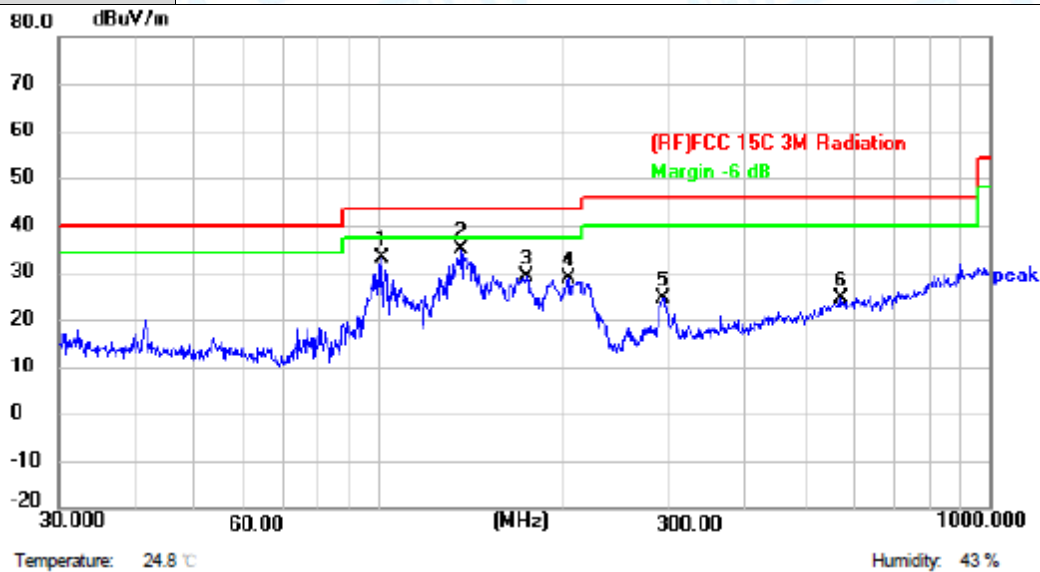
9 KHz~30 MHz

From 9 KHz to 30 MHz: Conclusion: PASS

Note: The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB Below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

30MHz~1GHz

Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal
Test Mode:	Mode 1
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.



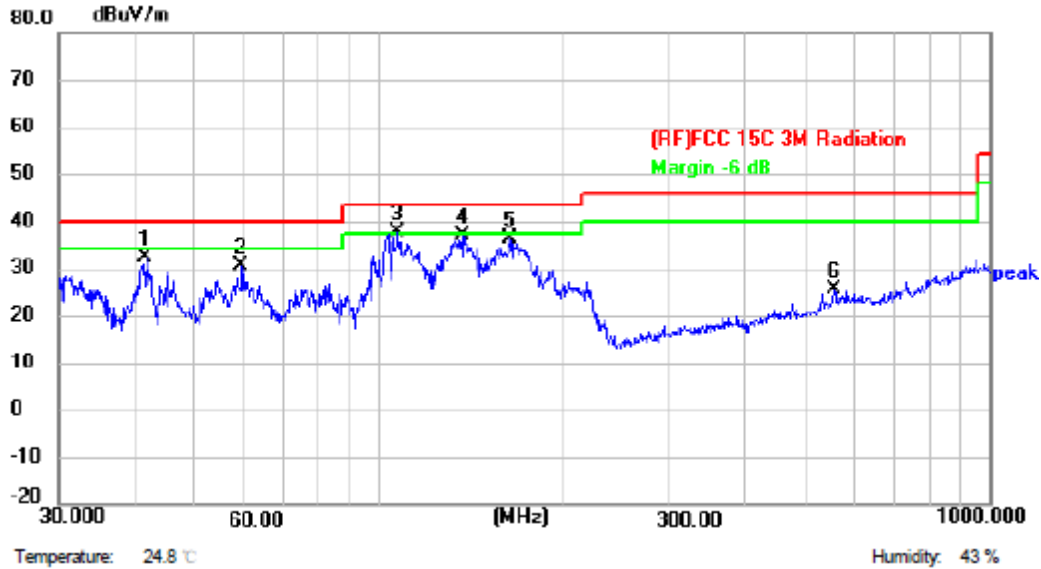
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	101.2885	58.83	-25.69	33.14	43.50	-10.36	peak	P
2 *	136.9391	57.00	-22.21	34.79	43.50	-8.71	peak	P
3	175.0367	52.66	-23.44	29.22	43.50	-14.28	peak	P
4	204.2377	53.21	-24.35	28.86	43.50	-14.64	peak	P
5	292.0583	46.28	-21.66	24.62	46.00	-21.38	peak	P
6	572.6144	38.55	-14.24	24.31	46.00	-21.69	peak	P

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBuV)
3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBuV/m)-Limit QPK(dBuV/m)



Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz
Ant. Pol.	Vertical
Test Mode:	Mode 1
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	41.7129	56.16	-23.82	32.34	40.00	-7.66	peak	P
2	59.6492	54.82	-24.25	30.57	40.00	-9.43	peak	P
3 *	107.5100	62.30	-24.73	37.57	43.50	-5.93	peak	P
4	137.9030	59.55	-22.68	36.87	43.50	-6.63	peak	P
5	163.7550	57.86	-21.67	36.19	43.50	-7.31	peak	P
6	556.7743	40.06	-14.40	25.66	46.00	-20.34	peak	P

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)-Limit QPK(dBμV/m)



Above 1GHz

Temperature:	24.6℃	Relative Humidity:	53%																											
Test Voltage:	DC 5V																													
Test Mode:	802.11 b Mode TX 2412 MHz																													
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.																													
Horizontal																														
<table><tr><th>No.</th><th>Frequency (MHz)</th><th>Reading (dBuV)</th><th>Factor (dB/m)</th><th>Level (dBuV/m)</th><th>Limit (dBuV/m)</th><th>Margin (dB)</th><th>Detector</th><th>P/F</th></tr><tr><td>1 *</td><td>9466.000</td><td>49.23</td><td>0.35</td><td>49.58</td><td>74.00</td><td>-24.42</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>14617.000</td><td>43.87</td><td>2.85</td><td>46.72</td><td>74.00</td><td>-27.28</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr></table>				No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	1 *	9466.000	49.23	0.35	49.58	74.00	-24.42	peak	P	2	14617.000	43.87	2.85	46.72	74.00	-27.28	peak	P
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F																						
1 *	9466.000	49.23	0.35	49.58	74.00	-24.42	peak	P																						
2	14617.000	43.87	2.85	46.72	74.00	-27.28	peak	P																						
Vertical																														
<table><tr><th>No.</th><th>Frequency (MHz)</th><th>Reading (dBuV)</th><th>Factor (dB/m)</th><th>Level (dBuV/m)</th><th>Limit (dBuV/m)</th><th>Margin (dB)</th><th>Detector</th><th>P/F</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>11200.000</td><td>45.22</td><td>-0.21</td><td>45.01</td><td>74.00</td><td>-28.99</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr><tr><td>2 *</td><td>14617.000</td><td>43.27</td><td>2.85</td><td>46.12</td><td>74.00</td><td>-27.88</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr></table>				No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	1	11200.000	45.22	-0.21	45.01	74.00	-28.99	peak	P	2 *	14617.000	43.27	2.85	46.12	74.00	-27.88	peak	P
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F																						
1	11200.000	45.22	-0.21	45.01	74.00	-28.99	peak	P																						
2 *	14617.000	43.27	2.85	46.12	74.00	-27.88	peak	P																						
Remark:																														
1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)																														
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)																														
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)																														
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.																														
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.																														
6. The peak value < average limit. So only show the peak value.																														



Temperature:	24.6°C	Relative Humidity:	53%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	802.11 b Mode TX 2437 MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		

Horizontal

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	10919.500	45.87	-0.49	45.38	74.00	-28.62	peak	P
2	14821.000	40.74	4.01	44.75	74.00	-29.25	peak	P

Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9440.500	46.56	0.16	46.72	74.00	-27.28	peak	P
2	14795.500	42.28	3.94	46.22	74.00	-27.78	peak	P

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.



Temperature:	24.6°C	Relative Humidity:	53%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	802.11 b Mode TX 2462 MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		

Horizontal

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9440.500	46.55	0.16	46.71	74.00	-27.29	peak	P
2	12755.500	43.98	1.08	45.06	74.00	-28.94	peak	P

Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	13520.500	43.48	1.12	44.60	74.00	-29.40	peak	P
2 *	14821.000	41.91	4.01	45.92	74.00	-28.08	peak	P

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.



Temperature:	24.6℃	Relative Humidity:	53%					
Test Voltage:	DC 5V							
Test Mode:	802.11 g Mode TX 2412 MHz							
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.							
Horizontal								
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	13520.500	42.85	1.12	43.97	74.00	-30.03	peak	P
2 *	14846.500	41.52	4.07	45.59	74.00	-28.41	peak	P
Vertical								
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9440.500	46.14	0.16	46.30	74.00	-27.70	peak	P
2	13571.500	44.04	1.23	45.27	74.00	-28.73	peak	P
Remark:								
1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)								
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)								
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)								
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.								
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.								
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.								



Temperature:	24.6℃	Relative Humidity:		53%																															
Test Voltage:	DC 5V																																		
Test Mode:	802.11g Mode TX 2437 MHz																																		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.																																		
Horizontal																																			
<table><tr><td>No.</td><td>Frequency (MHz)</td><td>Reading (dBuV)</td><td>Factor (dB/m)</td><td>Level (dBuV/m)</td><td>Limit (dBuV/m)</td><td>Margin (dB)</td><td>Detector</td><td>P/F</td></tr><tr><td>1 *</td><td>9466.000</td><td>46.18</td><td>0.35</td><td>46.53</td><td>74.00</td><td>-27.47</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>10945.000</td><td>44.69</td><td>-0.42</td><td>44.27</td><td>74.00</td><td>-29.73</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr></table>									No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	1 *	9466.000	46.18	0.35	46.53	74.00	-27.47	peak	P	2	10945.000	44.69	-0.42	44.27	74.00	-29.73	peak	P
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F																											
1 *	9466.000	46.18	0.35	46.53	74.00	-27.47	peak	P																											
2	10945.000	44.69	-0.42	44.27	74.00	-29.73	peak	P																											
Vertical																																			
<table><tr><td>No.</td><td>Frequency (MHz)</td><td>Reading (dBuV)</td><td>Factor (dB/m)</td><td>Level (dBuV/m)</td><td>Limit (dBuV/m)</td><td>Margin (dB)</td><td>Detector</td><td>P/F</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>11047.000</td><td>45.32</td><td>-0.33</td><td>44.99</td><td>74.00</td><td>-29.01</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr><tr><td>2 *</td><td>14872.000</td><td>42.02</td><td>4.11</td><td>46.13</td><td>74.00</td><td>-27.87</td><td>peak</td><td>P</td></tr></table>									No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	1	11047.000	45.32	-0.33	44.99	74.00	-29.01	peak	P	2 *	14872.000	42.02	4.11	46.13	74.00	-27.87	peak	P
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F																											
1	11047.000	45.32	-0.33	44.99	74.00	-29.01	peak	P																											
2 *	14872.000	42.02	4.11	46.13	74.00	-27.87	peak	P																											
Remark:																																			
1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)																																			
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)																																			
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)																																			
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.																																			
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.																																			
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.																																			



Temperature:	24.6°C	Relative Humidity:	53%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	802.11 g Mode TX 2462 MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		

Horizontal

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	10690.000	45.83	-1.36	44.47	74.00	-29.53	peak	P
2 *	14821.000	41.44	4.01	45.45	74.00	-28.55	peak	P

Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9466.000	46.25	0.35	46.60	74.00	-27.40	peak	P
2	10868.500	46.06	-0.72	45.34	74.00	-28.66	peak	P

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.



Temperature:	24.6°C	Relative Humidity:	53%					
Test Voltage:	DC 5V							
Test Mode:	802.11 n20 Mode TX 2412 MHz							
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.							
Horizontal								
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9440.500	46.61	0.16	46.77	74.00	-27.23	peak	P
2	13316.500	43.19	0.98	44.17	74.00	-29.83	peak	P
Vertical								
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	13393.000	43.79	0.98	44.77	74.00	-29.23	peak	P
2 *	14744.500	42.03	3.53	45.56	74.00	-28.44	peak	P
Remark:								
1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)								
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)								
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)								
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.								
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.								
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.								



Temperature:	24.6°C	Relative Humidity:	53%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	802.11 n20 Mode TX 2437 MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		

Horizontal

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	13571.500	43.35	1.23	44.58	74.00	-29.42	peak	P
2 *	14719.000	41.44	3.32	44.76	74.00	-29.24	peak	P

Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9466.000	46.57	0.35	46.92	74.00	-27.08	peak	P
2	14872.000	41.11	4.11	45.22	74.00	-28.78	peak	P

Remark:

1. $\text{Corr.} = \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Cable Loss (dB)}$
2. $\text{Peak/AVG (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Corr. (dB/m)} + \text{Read Level (dB}\mu\text{V)}$
3. $\text{Margin (dB)} = \text{Peak/AVG (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} - \text{Limit PK/AVG (dB}\mu\text{V/m)}$
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.



Temperature:	24.6°C	Relative Humidity:	53%
Test Voltage:	DC 5V		
Test Mode:	802.11 n20 Mode TX 2462 MHz		
Remark:	Only worse case is reported.		

Horizontal

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	9389.500	47.30	-0.50	46.80	74.00	-27.20	peak	P
2	11327.500	44.72	-0.08	44.64	74.00	-29.36	peak	P

Vertical

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	10537.000	46.03	-1.49	44.54	74.00	-29.46	peak	P
2 *	14795.500	41.12	3.94	45.06	74.00	-28.94	peak	P

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dBμV/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dBμV/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency. Test with highpass filter (Pass Frequency: 2.8-18G and 8-25G), and 18GHz-26.5GHz is the noise, No other signals were detected.
5. No report for the emission which below the prescribed limit.
6. The peak value < average limit, So only show the peak value.

-----END OF THE REPORT-----

