

Phocos Any-Grid™ series

Pure Sine Wave Hybrid Inverter Charger with MPPT Solar Charge Controller

PSW-H-5kW-230/48V

PSW-H-3kW-230/24V

PSW-H-6.5kW-120/48V

PSW-H-5kW-120/48V

PSW-H-3kW-120/24V

User and Installation Manual





English

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对于其他语言请参阅

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1.0 Introduction

Dear customer, thank you for choosing this quality Phocos product. The Any-Grid™ pure sine wave hybrid inverter / charger series has numerous outstanding features and use-cases such as:

- Function as purely Off-Grid inverter for applications with no AC power source
- Function as solar enabled (optional) uninterruptible power supply (UPS) functionality for intermittent or unstable AC sources
- Function as grid-connected or AC-generator-connected inverter to reduce energy demand from the AC source by prioritizing solar and/or battery power, thus saving energy costs
- Grid injection of excess energy possible where it is legal, with or without a connected battery. Accidental injection is prevented by requirement of a PIN code for activation
- Both neutral (N) and live (L) wires of the AC input are automatically disconnected (break-before-make relays) from the AC output when the Any-Grid operates in Off-Grid mode
- High-voltage MPPT solar charge controller allows the connection of more solar panels in series (compared to other Off-Grid solar charge controllers), typically eliminating the need for expensive combiner boxes
- Battery charging from an AC source such as the public power grid or a genset
- Compatibility with multiple battery types including lead-acid (gel, AGM and liquid electrolyte) and Lithiumbased batteries such as LiFePO4
- Battery-free mode: if an AC source is available, photovoltaic (PV / solar) power can be used as first priority, even with no battery attached
- Removable wired display unit can be installed in a different room (up to 20 m / 66 ft cable can be used)
- All-in-one hybrid unit allows simple and fast installation, and easy configuration
- Monitor the unit in real-time with the PhocosLink Mobile BLE smartphone App
- Optional accessory: Phocos Any-Bridge™ AB-PLC Monitoring & Control Gateway (sold separately) to connect to the PhocosLink Cloud from anywhere with any internet-capable device via its web browser

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit.

2.0 Important Safety Information

SAVETHESE INSTRUCTIONS: This manual contains important instructions for models PSW-H-5kW-230/48V, PSW-H-6.5kW-120/48V and PSW-H-5kW-120/48V (referred to as 48 Vdc models), as well as the PSW-H-3KW-230/24V and PSW-H-3kW-120/24V (referred to as 24 Vdc models) that shall be followed during installation and maintenance of the hybrid inverter/charger. The PSW-H-5kW-230/48V and PSW-H-3KW-230/24V are also referred to as 230 Vac models, the PSW-H-6.5kW-120/48V, PSW-H-5kW-120/48V and PSW-H-3KW-120/24V as 120 Vac models. Read and save this manual for future reference.

WARNING: The installation of this unit may only be undertaken by qualified personnel with appropriate training. High voltages in and around the unit can cause serious injury or death. This unit must be installed in accordance with rules and regulations at the site of installation.

CAUTION: Abattery can present a risk of electrical shock, burn from high short-circuit current, fire or explosion from vented gasses. Observe proper precautions.

WARNING: This unit must be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulations when installing this unit.

BATTERY TYPE: Suitable for use with lead-acid (gel, AGM and liquid electrolyte) and Lithium-based batteries such as LiFePO4.

OVERCURRENT PROTECTION FOR BATTERY: Install an overcurrent protection device with a minimum of 1000A interrupt rating as close as possible to the battery terminal. Select a device rated for 1.25 times the nominal current rating of the inverter/charger. An overcurrent protection device must be purchased separately.

1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on this unit, the batteries, the solar modules, any connected loads.

- 2. Please do not disassemble or attempt to repair Phocos products. This unit does not contain user serviceable parts. Damage to the warranty seal will lead to a loss of warranty of the product and can lead to injury.
- 3. Toreduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting anymaintenance or cleaning. Switching off the unit is not sufficient, turn off and / or disconnect all connections to the unit.
- 4. For safe operation of this unit, please adhere to appropriate cable size requirements in this manual.
- 5. Be very cautious when working with uninsulated metal tools on or around batteries. They can short-circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion and / or injury.
- 6. Strictlyfollow the installation procedure when connecting or disconnecting AC or DC terminals. Please refer to the "Installation" section of this manual for details.
- 7. Appropriate fuses or breakers are required near the battery supply and AC input and AC output of this unit.
- 8. **WARNING:** It is highly recommended and legally required in many countries to install a Type B residual current device (RCD) between the AC output of the unit(s) and the AC loads to protect humans from hazardous electric shock due to faulty AC wiring, faulty loads or a potential inverter fault.

 Only in Off-Grid mode, the neutral (N) and ground (PE) of the AC output are automatically bridged inside the Any-Grid to ensure the RCD's functioning if the AC installation is wired correctly as a TN-S or TN-C-S earthing system. In a TN-C-S installation the bridge between neutral (N) and ground (PE) must be between the public grid and AC input of the Any-Grid to ensure that there is never more than one bridge between N and PE.
- 9. Never allow any AC or DC connections to be short-circuited. Do not connect to the mains when the battery input is short-circuited.
- 10. Only qualified service persons may service this device. If errors persist after following the "**Troubleshooting**" section in this manual, please send this unit back to a local Phocos dealer or service center for maintenance.
- 11. **WARNING:** Because this inverter (AC output) is not isolated from the PV input, only solar panels are acceptable for use which do not require positive or negative grounding as grounding the positive or negative PV cables is not allowed. To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, positive-or negative-grounded PV modules will cause current leakage to the inverter. Grounding of the PV module frame is permitted and frequently required by local law.

 The battery is galvanically isolated from the inverter and PV input, therefore the battery positive or negative terminal may be grounded if required.
- 12. **CAUTION:** When using more than one Any-Grid, ensure that each Any-Grid is connected only to its own PV array. There may be no electrical contact between units' PV arrays or the Any-Grids will be damaged.
- 13. **CAUTION:** It is highly recommended to use a surge arrester, also named surge protective device (SPD) near the PV input terminals of this unit. This is to prevent damage to the unit from lightning, thunderstorms or other voltage surges on the PV cables. The max. DC operating voltage of the SPD must be between 450 and 480 Vdc for 230 Vac models. For example the *Citel DS240-350DC* or *Phoenix Contact VAL-SEC-T2-2+0-380DC-FM* is suitable. For 120 Vac models the max. DC operating voltage must be between 250 to 280 Vdc, so for example the *Citel DS240-220DC* or *Phoenix Contact VAL-SEC-T2-2+0-220DC-FM* is suitable.
- 14. **CAUTION:** It is highly recommended to use a surge arrester, also named surge protective device (SPD) near the AC input terminals of this unit, if the AC input is used. This is to prevent damage to the unit from lightning, thunderstorms or other voltage surges on the AC input conductors (for example coming from the public grid). Themax. ACoperating voltage of the SPD must be between 275 and 300 Vacfor 230 Vacmodels. For example, the *Citel DS41S-230* or *Phoenix Contact VAL-MS230* (for most public grids or generators, higher protection) or *Citel DS41S-320* (for public grids with large voltage swings, lower protection) are suitable. For 120 Vac models the SPD must have a max. AC operating voltage between 140 and 150 Vac. For example, the *Citel DS41S-120* or *Phoenix Contact VAL-SEC-T2-1S-175-FM* is suitable.
- 15. FCC Warring: This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- 16. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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17. **Canada, Industry Canada (IC) Notices**: This device complies with Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Canada, avis d'Industry Canada (IC) : Cet appareil est conforme avec Industrie Canada exemptes de licence RSS standard(s). Son fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) cet appareil ne doit pas causer d'interférence et (2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, notamment les interférences qui peuvent affecter son fonctionnement.

18. **Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Information:**The radiated output power of the Wireless Device is below the Industry Canada (IC) radio frequency exposure limits. The Wireless Device should be used in such a manner such that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. This device has been evaluated for and shown compliant with the IC Specific Absorption Rate ("SAR") limits when operated in portable exposure conditions.

Informations concernant l'exposition aux fréquences radio (RF)

La puissance de sortie émise par l'appareil de sans fil est inférieure à la limite d'exposition aux fréquences radio d'Industry Canada (IC). Utilisez l'appareil de sans fil de façon à minimiser les contacts humains lors du fonctionnement normal.

Ce dispositif a été évalué pour et démontré conforme à la Taux IC d'absorption spécifique ("SAR") des limites lorsqu'il est utilisé dans des conditions d'exposition portatifs.

- 19. **CAUTION:** Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- 20. RF exposure warning

The device has been evaluated to meet general RF exposure requirement. The device can be used in portable exposure condition without restriction.

3.0 Regulatory Information

This product is CE (applies to 230 Vac models) and RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) compliant. The PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V model is UL1741 and CSA22.2No. 107 and FCC Class A (applies to the display unit) compliant.

C € RoHS

Please find the CE declaration and other certifications at www.phocos.com.

This product is manufactured in an ISO 9001 (quality management) and ISO 14001 (environmental management) certified facility.

This equipment is suitable for use in non-hazardous locations only.

This is a class A device: in a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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4.0 Overview

4.1 Functional Overview

This pure sine wave hybrid inverter charger with solar charge controller (MPPT) can provide power to connected loads by utilizing PV power, AC power and battery power. Most connections are optional, but there must be at least one power source (AC or PV):

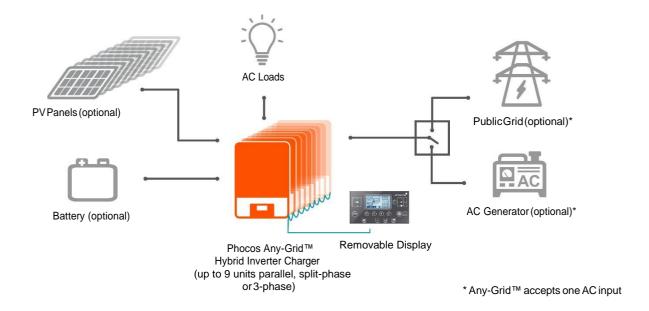


Fig. 1: System Overview

This unit has one each of the following power connections: battery, PV, AC input, AC output. The unit is designed to provide continuous power from PV / battery or an AC source, depending on the set priority. Independently, the priority for charging the battery can be set (the battery can only be charged from AC when the unit is not working in Off-Grid mode). The switching time between Grid (also valid when an AC generator is used) and Off-Grid modes is only 10 milliseconds (typical) when a single Any-Grid unit is used. Timers can be used to change the priorities based on hourly time slots; this is useful for areas where grid power has differing costs throughout the day. The integrated maximum power point tracking (MPPT) solar charge controller can handle particularly high PV voltages, allowing for a simpler installation and lower costs than most Off-Grid solar charge controllers. Typically, no combiner boxes or string fuses / diodes are required.

The pure sine wave AC output and the surge power capability (twice the continuous power rating) assure all types of AC loads can be powered. Ensure that the peak power requirement of the loads is below the surge power capability of this inverter.

Two special functions allow even more flexibility: Battery-Free mode and Grid Injection.

In Battery-Free mode, no battery is connected to the unit and an AC source must be present. The unit will then provide as much power from PV as is available to supply loads, adding any missing power from the AC source. If there is more PV power available than can be utilized by the loads, then the PV power is reduced to ensure no power feeding into the grid.

The Grid Injection functionality allows feeding any excess power into the grid. If there is excess PV power beyond what is utilized by the load and for battery charging, this power can be fed into the public grid to take advantage of net metering or feed-in tariffs. In this way all the PV power can be used even if the battery is full and the loads do not require all the available PV power. Feeding into the grid may be prohibited in some areas so this function is locked by a PIN code to avoid accidental grid injection.

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4.2 Product Overview

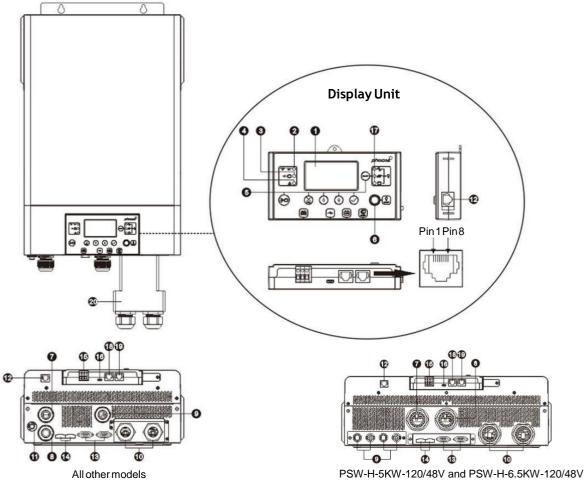


Fig. 2: Product Overview

- 1. LCD screen
- 2. Inverter status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. AC output on/off switch (solar charging still functions when the AC output is powered off)
- 7. AC input terminals (public grid or AC generator connection)
- 8. AC output terminals (load connection)
- 9. PV terminals
- 10. Battery terminals
- 11. Resettable circuit breaker
- 12. Remote display unit communication port
- 13. Parallel communication port (for inter-connecting multiple Any-Grid units)
- 14. Current sharing port (for inter-connecting multiple Any-Grid units)
- 15. Relay contact
- 16. USB-OTG communication port
- 17. Output source indicators and USB function indicators
- 18. Battery Management System (BMS) communication port: CAN, RS-485 and RS-232
- 19. RS-232 communication port
- 20. Battery wiring extension box (only included with PSW-H-3KW-120/24V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V)

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5.0 Installation

5.1 Package Contents

Before installation, please inspect the unit to ensure nothing inside the package is damaged. Package contents:

- Any-Grid unit
- This manual
- RS-232 cable (SUB-D to RJ-45)
- Parallel communication cable (gray connectors, needed for systems with multiple Any-Grid units)
- Current sharing cable (green connectors, needed for systems with multiple Any-Grid units on a phase)
- 3 pcs. ring terminals for battery connection (2 pcs. required for installation)

5.2 Installation of Battery Wiring Extension Box and Cable Glands

Note: Cable glands applicable to $120\,\text{Vac}$ models only. Battery wiring extension box applicable to PSW-H- $3\,\text{KW}-120/24\,\text{V}$ and PSW-H- $6.5\,\text{KW}-120/48\,\text{V}$ only.

Installation of the battery wiring extension box is necessary for UL conformity. If UL conformity is not required in your region, it is sufficient to only install the cable glands (step 3) shown below.

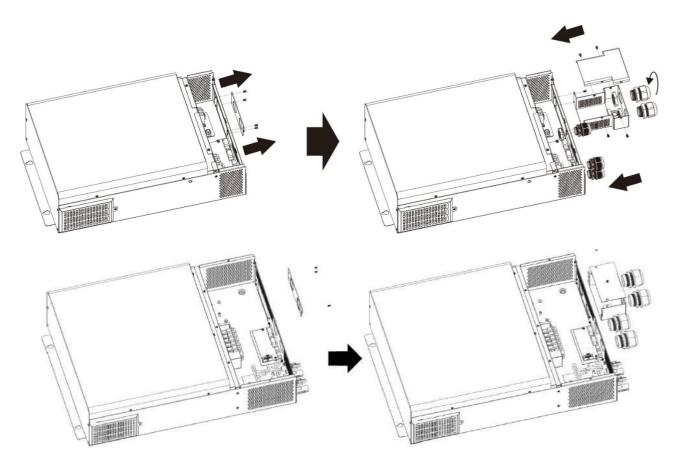


Fig. 3.1: Installation of cable glands and battery wiring extension box (PSW-H-3KW-120/24V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V)

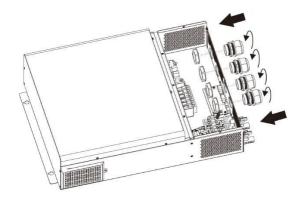


Fig. 3.2: Installation of cable glands (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V)

- 1. Remove faceplate by removing 4 screws (Fig. 3, left).
- 2. Assemble battery wiring extension box and mount in place of the faceplate (Fig. 3, right) with screws.
- 3. Install the 5 (PSW-H-3KW-120/24V, Fig. 3.1, right) or 4 (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V, Fig. 3.2) included cable glands.

5.3 Mounting the Unit

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing five (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V) or two (all other models) screws as shown below and carefully sliding the cover down. Before removing the cover entirely, remove the 3 wire harnesses by their connectors (**Fig. 4**).

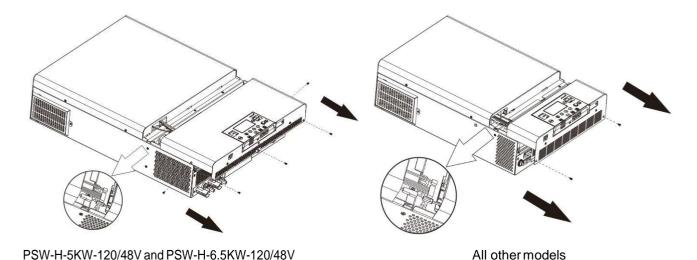


Fig. 4: Removal of bottom cover

WARNING: Only mount this unit on concrete or another solid non-combustible surface capable of securely holding the weight of the unit.

- Install this inverter at eye level to ensure legibility of the display
- Ensure the ambient temperature is between -10 ~ 50 °C, 14 ~ 122 °F at all times. In order to fulfill UL requirements, inverters must be operated at an ambient temperature of -10 ~ 40 °C, 14 ~ 104 °F.
- Avoid excessively dusty environments, direct sunlight and corrosive environments such as salty air.
- The unit is designed for vertical installation on a solid wall
- Ensure a minimum distance to other objects and surfaces as shown in **Fig. 5.1** to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.
- Install in a room where noise is not an issue as the unit has fans for cooling.

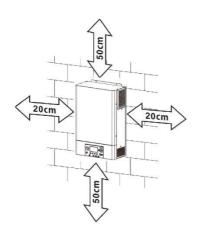
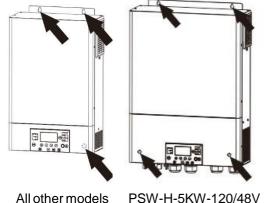


Fig. 5.1: Minimum distance to other objects

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Under maximum load, the fan noise typically does not exceed 60 dBa. Under no load, but with the AC output turned on, the minimum noise is approximately 35 dBa, as the fans rotate at about 30% of their maximum speed. The fans are speed-controlled according to current PV and inverter power. Air is taken in from the top vents and expelled toward the bottom.

Install the unit by using four (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-5KW-120/48V) or three (all other models) M4 or M5 screws (Fig. 5.2) appropriate for the weight of the unit and wall material, use wall plugs. The bottom screw hole is only accessible after removal of the bottom cover (Fig. 4). This bottom cover must remain removed for the rest of this "Installation" chapter until instructed otherwise.



PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V

Fig. 5.2: Mounting holes

Battery Connection 5.4

WARNING: The installation of this unit may only be undertaken by qualified personnel with appropriate training. High voltages in and around the battery and unit can cause serious injury or death. This unit must be installed in accordance with rules and regulations at the site of installation.

WARNING: Choose a suitable battery fuse as outlined in the chapter "Important Safety Information", section "OVERCURRENT PROTECTION FOR BATTERY".

WARNING: Ensure the battery cables are sized according to the table below. In adequate battery cables can cause excessive heat or fire during operation.

Recommended battery cable cross-section, battery size and fuse / DC circuit breaker rating:

Any-Grid model	PSW-H-5KW- 230/48V	PSW-H-5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-6.5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 230/24V	PSW-H-3KW- 120/24V	
Battery cable cross-section	35 ~ 50 mm ² AWG 0 ~ AWG 2	50 mm², AWG 0	70 mm² AWG 2/0	35 ~ 50 mm²	, AWG 0 ~ AWG 2	
Nominal battery voltage		48 Vdc 24 Vdc				
Min. battery capacity (lead- based)		200 Ah				
Battery discharge current capability	140 Adc cont. 280 Adc surge (5s)	115 Adc cont. 280 Adc surge (5s)	154 Adc cont. 308 Adc surge (5s)	168 Adc cont. 336 Adc surge (5s)	145 Adc cont. 336 Adc surge (5s)	
Fuse / breaker rating	175 Adc, min. 66 Vdc	175 Adc, min. 66 Vdc	200 Adc, min. 66 Vdc	210 Adc, min. 33 Vdc	210Adc,min.33 Vdc	

Steps to connect the battery:

- 1. WARNING: Ensure the battery cables are not yet connected to the battery. CAUTION: Ensure none of the cable insulation is jammed in the ring terminal before crimping. Crimp one battery ring terminal (included) to each the positive and negative battery lead (unit side). If choosing ring terminals other than the included ones, make sure they have an inside ring diameter of 8.4 mm, 0.31 in (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V) or 6.4 mm, 0.25 in (all other models) to fit the battery terminal bolts of the Any-Grid securely.
- 2. Remove the pre-installed nuts from the battery terminal bolts. Insert the ring terminal of the battery cables through the casing holes (cable glands for 120 Vac models) and flat onto the corresponding battery terminal (Fig. 6). Screwdown the previously removed nuts with a torque of 5 Nm, 3.7 lbf-ft (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V) or 2~3 Nm. 1.5~2.2 lbf· ft(all other models). Ensure the ring terminals sit flush on the connectors.

CAUTION: Do not apply any anti-oxidant substances to the battery terminals of the unit before they are

www.phocos.com 9 | Page adequately fastened.

CAUTION: Over-tightening the terminal nuts can cause damage to the terminal, under-tightening can cause a loose connection and excessive heat during operation, make sure to use the prescribed torque.

- 3. Install the fuse holder or breaker in the positive battery cable (or negative, if the battery must be positivegrounded).
 - WARNING: Ensure the fuse is not yet installed or make sure the circuit breaker is secured in the open position for the rest of the installation procedure until instructed to do otherwise.
- 4. Connect the other end of the battery cables to the battery. Ensure the polarity of the battery terminals on the Any-Grid match the battery polarity.
 - CAUTION: Reverse polarity connection to the battery may damage the unit.

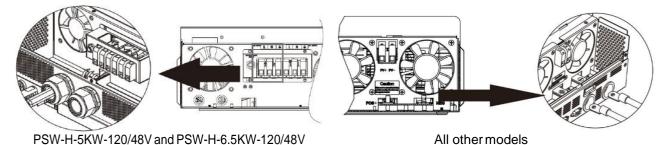


Fig. 6: Battery connection

AC Input and AC Output Connection 5.5

WARNING: Before connecting an AC source to the AC input of the Any-Grid, install an AC circuit breaker $between the {\tt Any-Grid} and {\tt AC input power source.} This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected$ during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. Make sure the breaker is open/offfor the rest of the installation procedure until instructed otherwise.

WARNING: Ensure that the installation has adequate grounding and connect the protective earth (PE) terminals to this ground as instructed below. Failure to do so can cause serious injury or death once the unit is powered up or the AC source is activated via its breaker.

WARNING: Ensure the AC cables are sized according to the table below, Inadequate AC cables can cause excessive heat or fire during operation.

CAUTION: Do not connect an AC source to the "AC OUTPUT" labelled terminal of the unit as this will destroy the unit. Only connect it to the "AC INPUT" labeled terminal.

CAUTION: Only AC sources with a neutral may be used. Using two phases on a single Any-Grid instead, will cause damage.

CAUTION: Short-circuiting the L (live phase) AC input or AC output terminal to the metal body of the unit will cause permanent damage not covered under warranty.

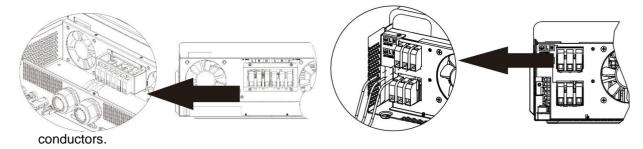
Recommended AC cable cross-section and AC circuit breaker rating:

Any-Grid model	PSW-H-5KW- 230/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 230/24V	PSW-H-3KW- 120/24V	PSW-H-5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-6.5KW- 120/48V
AC input and output cable cross-section	4 ~ 10) mm², AWG 7 ~	6 ~ 16 mm², <i>I</i>	AWG 4 ~ AWG 9	
Circuitbreakerrating	40 Aac 30 Aac ≥ 280 Vac ≥ 280 Vac		40 Aac ≥ 140 Vac	60 Aac,	≥ 140 Vac

Steps to connect the AC source and AC loads:

- 1. WARNING: Ensure the battery cable fuse is removed or breaker is secured in the open position. WARNING: Ensure the AC source breaker is secured in the open position and there is no voltage on the conductors before continuing.
- 2. Remove 10 mm/0.4 in of insulation for the six AC conductors (neutral "N", live "L" and protective earth "PE" for the AC source and loads).

www.phocos.com 10 | Page 3. Insert the three AC source wires through the rectangular casing hole (cable gland for 120 Vac models) marked "AC INPUT". Insert the "PE" protective conductor if it into the corresponding AC input terminal and tighten with a torque of 1.4 ~ 1.6 Nm (1.0 ~ 1.2 lbf· ft). Repeat for the neutral "N" and live "L"

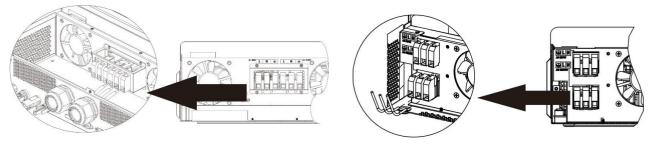


PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V

Allothermodels

Fig. 7: AC input connection

4. Insert the three AC load wires through the rectangular casing hole (cable gland for 120 Vac models) marked "AC OUTPUT". Insert the "PE" protective conductor if irst into the corresponding AC output terminal and tighten with a torque of 1.4 ~ 1.6 Nm (1.0 ~ 1.2 lbf). Repeat for the neutral "N" and live "L" conductors.



PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V

Allothermodels

Fig. 8: AC Output connection

5. Make sure the six wires are securely connected. CAUTION: Over-tightening the terminal screws can cause damage to the terminal, under-tightening can cause a loose connection and excessive heat during operation, make sure to use the prescribed torque. Ensure none of the conductor insulation is jammed between the terminal contacts. CAUTION: Ensure the polarity is correct on all wires. Failure to do so may cause a short-circuit at the AC source when several units are working in parallel operation.

5.6 PV Connection

WARNING: Before connecting the PV module array to the PV input of the Any-Grid, install a DC circuit breaker between each Any-Grid PV terminal pair and the PV modules. This ensures the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and is protected from over-current of the PV modules. PV modules produce a dangerous voltage even at low light. Make sure the breaker is open / off for the rest of the installation procedure until instructed otherwise.

WARNING: Ensure the PV cables are sized according to the table below. Inadequate PV cables can cause excessive heat or fire during operation.

CAUTION: Short-circuiting the PV+ to the PV-terminal or any of these terminals to the metal body of the unit will cause permanent damage not covered under warranty.

Recommended PV cable cross-section and DC circuit breaker rating:

Any-Grid model	PSW-H-5KW-230/48V PSW-H-3KW-230/24V	PSW-H-3KW-120/24V	PSW-H-5KW-120/48V PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V
PV cable cross-section	2.5 ~ 16 mm²,	4~6 mm², AWG 10~AWG 12	
Circuit breaker rating	30 Adc, min. 450 Vdc	30 Adc, min. 250 Vdc	25 Adc, min. 250 Vdc per PV input

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For selecting the correct PV module configuration, please consider the following points:

- The total open circuit voltage (Uoc/Voc) of the PV module array may never exceed the values in the table below. Consider the coldest possible temperatures at the installation location together with the temperature coefficient of the PV modules used.
- The total maximum power point voltage (Umpp / Vmpp) of the PV module array must be above the minimum values in the table below. Consider the hottest PV module temperatures at installation location.
- The total maximum power point current (Impp / Ampp) of the PV array may not exceed the values below.

Any-Grid model	PSW-H- 5KW- 230/48V	PSW-H- 3KW- 230/24V	PSW-H-5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-6.5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 120/24V
Max. PV voltage (Uoc)	450	0 Vdc 250 Vdc			
Min. PV mpp voltage (Umpp)	120 Vdc	90 Vdc			
Max. mpp current (Impp)	(up to 2	5 Adc 22 Adc usable)	22.5 Adc (up to 18 Adc usable) per input, 30 Adc total max. usable	22.5 Adc (up to 18 Adc usable) per input, 36 Adc total max. usable	27.5 Adc (up to 22 Adc actually usable)

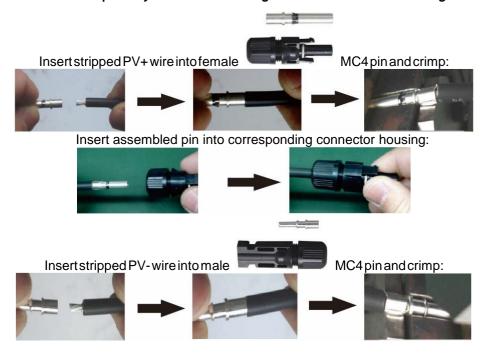
Steps to connect the PV module array:

- 1. PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V: if the PV array has MC4 connectors, do not remove them. If the array has different connectors, cut them off and remove 8 mm / 0.3 in of insulation from the positive and negative PV cables.
 - All other models: remove 10 mm / 0.4 in of insulation from the positive and negative PV cables.
- 2. PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V: use an MC4 crimping tool to crimp the included MC4 connectors to the PV array (see Fig. 9.1, top) if the array does not already have compatible MC4 connectors. Only use the included MC4 connectors if the PV cable has the cross-section outlined in the first table of this chapter. Double-check polarity. Then insert the finished MC4 connectors into the PV1 and PV2 connectors on the inverter, positive (+) on the left and negative (-) on the right (see Fig. 9.1, bottom).

CAUTION: Ensure correct polarity before connecting. Failure to do so will damage the PSW-H.

All other models: insert the two PV wires through the rectangular casing hole (cable glands for 120 Vac models) marked "PV input". Insert the positive PV cable into the "PV+" terminal and the negative PV cable into the "PV-" terminal (see Fig. 9.2).

CAUTION: Ensure correct polarity before connecting. Failure to do so will damage the PSW-H.



Insert assembled pin into corresponding connector housing:



Tighten both connector domes with a spanner:

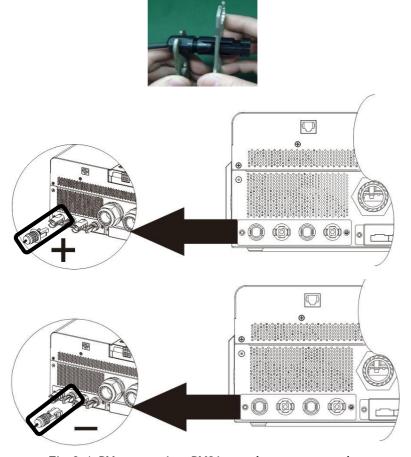


Fig. 9.1: PV connection, PV2 input shown as example (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V)

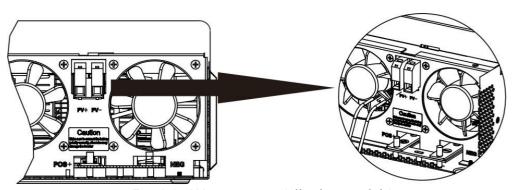


Fig. 9.2: PV connection (all other models)

- 3. All models except PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-5KW-120/48V: Tighten both PV terminal screws with a torque of 1.4 ~ 1.6 Nm (1.0 ~ 1.2 lbf· ft) and make sure the two wires are securely connected. CAUTION: Over-tightening the terminal screws can cause damage to the terminal, under-tightening can cause a loose connection and excessive heat during operation, make sure to use the prescribed torque. Ensure none of the cable insulation is jammed between the terminal contacts.
- 4. If using the PSW-H-5KW-120/48V or PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V, repeat step 1 and 2 for the second PV terminal pair and a second PV array, if available.

CAUTION: If using two PV arrays for this model, they must be independent. The positive and negative terminals of the two PV arrays may not touch each other anywhere in the system.

5.7 Final Assembly

After Battery, PV and AC wiring is completed, please slide the bottom cover back up on the unit, re-connect the 3 wire harnesses removed in **Fig. 4**, and secure it by fastening the five (PSW-H-5KW-120/48V and PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V) or two (all other models) screws as shown below.

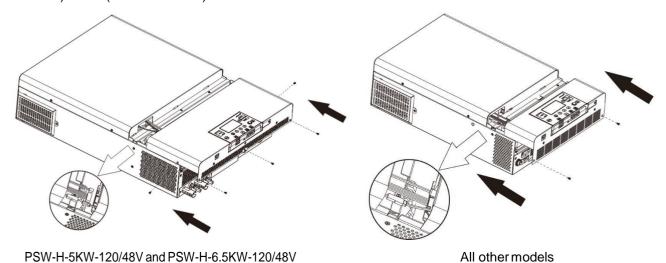
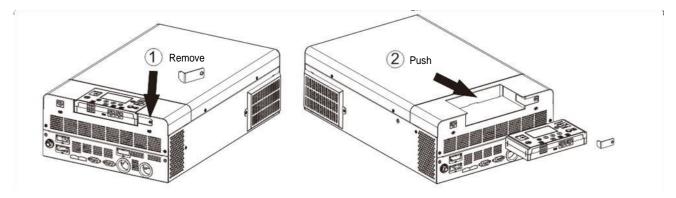


Fig. 10: Re-applying bottom cover

5.8 Remote Display Panel Installation

The display module can optionally be removed and installed in a remote location with an optional communication cable. Please take the following steps to implement this remote panel installation. Use a standard straight Ethernet patch cable (Cat5 or higher) with male RJ45 connectors on both sides (not included). A maximum cable length of 20 meters or 66 feet is recommended. Follow the steps below to remove the display module and install it away from the inverter unit.

- 1. Remove the screw holding the bracket on the bottom of the display module (**Fig. 11** ①) and push don the display unit from the case slightly while removing the metal bracket.
- 2. Keep pushing the display module down, taking care not to damage the connected cable (Fig. 11 2).
- 3. Remove the cable connected to the display module (Fig. 11 (3)).
- 4. Screw the bracket removed in Fig. 11 ① back in place (Fig. 11 ② 4).



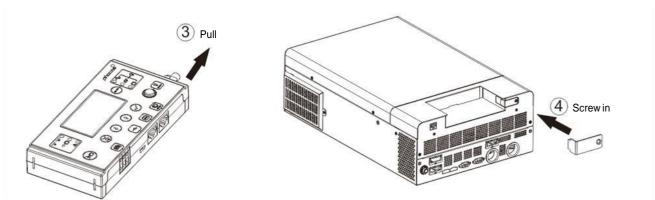


Fig. 11: Remote display removal

5. Drill the three mounting holes in the marked distances of 70 mm, 2.76 in into each other (**Fig. 12**, left). Use M3, size no. 4 diameter screws. The screw heads must be between 5~7 mm, 0.2~0.3 in. Screw the bottom two screws into the wall where the display module is to be mounted and let the screw heads protrude 2 mm, 0.08 in. from the wall. Slide the display down on the protruding screw heads. Now insert and tighten the third screw at the top (**Fig. 12**, right).

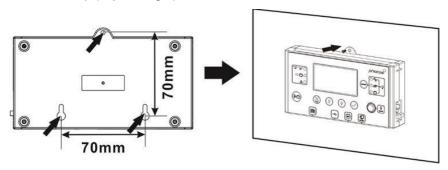


Fig. 12: Remote display mounting hole locations

- 6. Install one end of the Ethernet patch cable (not included) into socket (Fig. 2, top right) on the display module (right side). Install the other end of the Ethernet patch cable into socket (Fig. 2, bottom left) on the Any-Grid unit.
- 7. If using Lithium batteries designed for battery management system (BMS) communication such as Pylontech batteries, please visit www.phocos.com for a current list of batteries supported with BMS communication. Connect the special battery BMS cable (ask your dealer for details) to socket (Fig. 2). CAUTION: Ensure the battery and BMS is compatible with the Any-Grid and that the pin location is correct before connection. Damage to any communication port or the battery due to incorrect connection or cables is not covered by warranty. Do not use any inverter communication cables included with your battery, consult your Phocos dealer for appropriate Any-Grid cables instead.

Pin (see Fig. 2)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Function	RS-232 RX	RS-232 TX	RS-485 B	+12 Vdc	RS-485 A	CAN H	CAN L	GND

5.9 Installing Multiple Units in Parallel, Split Phase or 3-Phase Configuration

Introduction

This entire chapter is only relevant if using more than one Any-Grid unit. Multiple Any-Grid units of the same model number can be used either in parallel on a single phase, split-phase/2-phase (only 120 Vac models), or in a 3-phase configuration with a common neutral. All units must be connected to the same battery bank. This chapter is an addition to all other sections above in the chapter "Installation", please adhere to all guidelines and safety instructions in those sections accordingly.

Parallel operation on a single phase is possible with up to 9 units.

Alternatively, 3-phase configuration is possible, whereby at least one unit must be installed on each of the 3 phases

with a maximum of 7 units on a phase. The total number of units may not exceed 9 in any case.

For 120 Vac models split-phase (2-phase) operation is possible whereby at least one unit must be installed on each of the 2 phases with a maximum of 8 units on a phase. The total number of units may not exceed 9 in any case.

CAUTION: If using an AC source, each unit must be connected to a neutral and a phase conductor, never two phases.

Mounting the Units

When installing multiple units, please keep a minimum distance between the units as shown in Fig. 13.

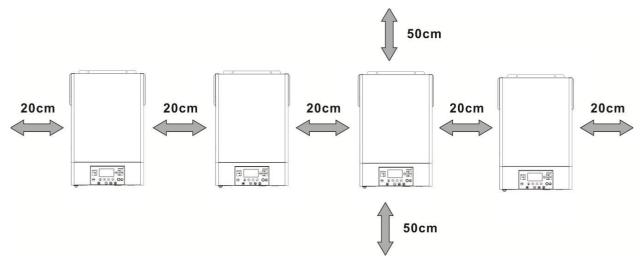


Fig. 13: Minimum distance between units and to other objects

Connections

Use the cable cross-sections, tightening torque and connectors as described for a single unit.

Battery Connection: Make sure to use a separate DC fuse or circuit breaker for each unit. Instead of connecting each unit to the battery, connect each positive battery cable to a bus bar, and each negative battery cable to a second bus bar. These bus bars are then connected to the battery terminals. The cross-section of the bus bars, and the cables from the bus bars to the battery terminals should equal the recommended battery cable cross-section per unit, times the number of units connected to it.

The minimum recommended battery capacity for lead-based batteries is 200 Ah per connected Any-Grid. For example, in a system with 3 units, the battery bank should have a capacity of at least 600 Ah.

CAUTION: All inverters must share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will go into fault mode.

CAUTION: Please install at least a breaker at the battery terminals and AC input of every individual Any-Grid unit. This will ensure each unit can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over-current of battery or AC input. Use the breaker ratings as described in the chapters "Battery Connection" and "AC Input and AC Output Connection".

ACConnections: Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle. Use the wiring cross-section and circuit breaker as defined for each individual unit, then attach those wires to bus bars. The bus bars from the AC input are then connected to the AC source, the bus bars from the AC output are connected to the distribution panel and loads.

PV Connections: Use the PV connection as described for individual units. Each unit must be connected to its own PV array and must not have any electrical contact to any other units' PV arrays.

CAUTION: Connecting a single PV array to multiple Any-Grids simultaneously will damage the Any-Grid units. If using PV, each unit must be connected to its own individual PV array, not electrically shared with any other units.

WARNING: Ensure all circuit breakers are open / disabled before wiring the units so that there is no voltage on all battery, AC and PV wires.

General rules for the communications connections (see Fig. 2 © ®Parallel Communication Port and @Ouet Sharing Port):

- 1. Every unit must have both parallel communication ports occupied. These ensure phase synchronization and synchronization of parameters between the units.
- 2. Current sharing ports must only be occupied for those units where there is more than one unit on that particular phase. If there is only one unit on a phase, then current sharing cables must <u>not</u> be used. These current sharing cables ensure that all units on one phase operate at the same AC power output level.
- 3. Every parallel communication or current sharing cable used, must either be connected directly between two neighboring units, or with a maximum of one unit between them.
- 4. Connecting parallel communication cables, assuming units are numbered from 1 to ≤9 from left to right:
 - a) Connect the left black parallel communication port of unit 1 to the right port on unit 2.
 - b) Connect the right port of unit 1 to the left port of unit 3.
 - c) Connect the left port of unit 2 to the to the right port of unit 4.
 - d) Continue connecting the right port of each odd-numbered unit to the left port of the next oddnumbered unit. Continue connecting the left port of each even-numbered to the right port of the next even-numbered unit, until there are only two unoccupied black ports.
 - e) Connect the unoccupied black port of the last unit to the unoccupied black port of the second-tolast unit.
- 5. Connecting current sharing cables just like step 4, assuming units are numbered from 1 to ≤9 from left to right on a particular phase (there must be no connection of current sharing cables between any two phases' units!):
 - a) Connect the left green current sharing port of unit 1 to the right port on unit 2.
 - b) Connect the right port of unit 1 to the left port of unit 3.
 - c) Connect the left port of unit 2 to the to the right port of unit 4.
 - d) Continue connecting the right port of each odd-numbered unit to the left port of the next odd-numbered unit. Continue connecting the left port of each even-numbered to the right port of the next even-numbered unit, until there are only two unoccupied green ports on the particular phase.
 - e) Connect the unoccupied green port of the last unit to the unoccupied green port of the second-to-last unit.
 - f) Repeat steps 5a to 5e for further phases with more than one unit.

The following section will show a few examples of how the parallel communication and current sharing cables are mounted. For better visibility download this manual in color at www.phocos.com.

Once commissioning is completed, the following settings menus (see chapter "**Device Operation Settings**") are automatically synchronized between all units: 01, 02, 03, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 12, 13, 23, 26, 27, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39 and 41. All settings not mentioned here and priority timers can be set on each unit individually.

Example: 5 Units on Single Phase

Note: this example excludes circuit breakers, SPDs, RCDs and bus bars for better visibility.

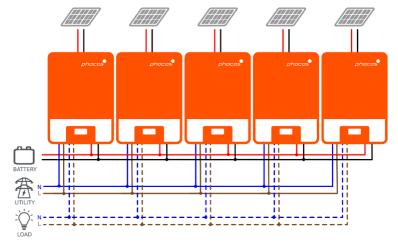


Fig. 14: Power connections of 5 units on a single phase

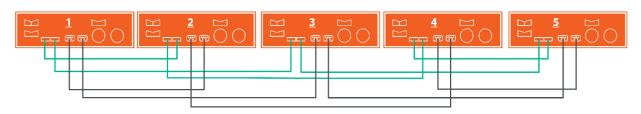


Fig. 15: Communication connections of 5 units on a single phase

Example: 7 Units on Phase 1, 1 Unit on Phase 2, 1 Unit on Phase 3

Note: this example excludes circuit breakers, SPDs, RCDs and bus bars for better visibility.

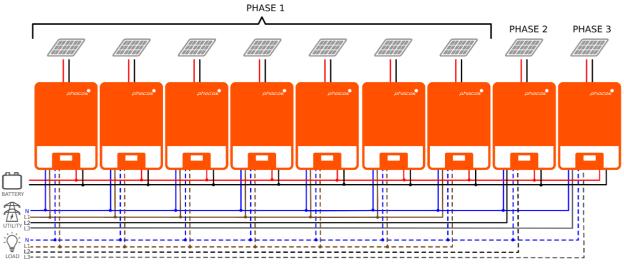


Fig. 16: Power connections of 7 units on P1, 1 unit on P2, 1 unit on P3

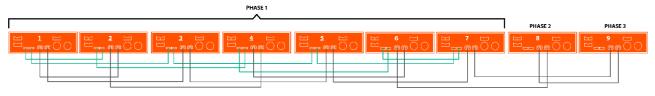


Fig. 17: Communication connections of 7 units on P1, 1 unit on P2, 1 unit on P3

Notice that because there is only one unit on phase 2(P2) and phase 3(P3), there are no green current sharing cables connected to these two units.

Example: 4 Units on Phase 1, 4 Units on Phase 2 (split-phase)

Note: this example excludes circuit breakers, SPDs, RCDs and bus bars for better visibility.

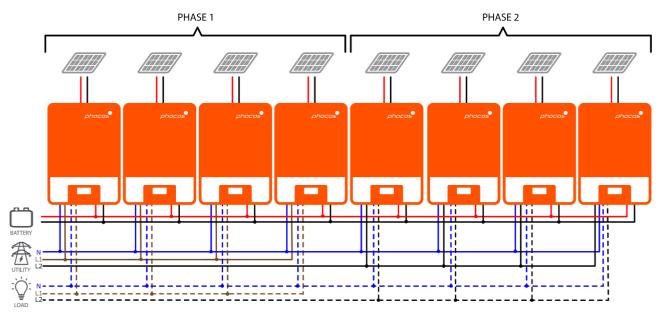


Fig. 18: Power connections of 4 units on P1, 4 units on P2

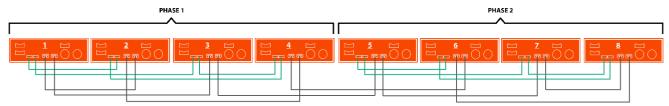


Fig. 19: Communication connections of 4 units on P1, 4 units on P2

Commissioning

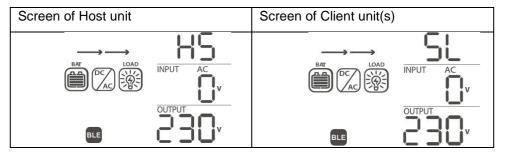
CAUTION: Before continuing, ensure the wiring is correct according to the previous chapter. Particularly that all units are connected to the same neutral wire at the AC input and all AC output neutral terminals are connected to a separated common neutral wire. Ensure that all AC input breakers and AC output breakers are open on each individual Any-Grid unit and that each unit is turned off with its AC output on/off switch. Ensure each unit is disconnected from PV but connected to the battery via its battery breaker / fuse. The battery breaker must be closed / inserted to ensure each unit can function for commissioning.

Parallel in Single Phase

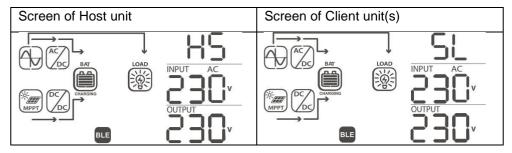
Follow these steps once the wiring is completed:

- 1. Turn on one unit with its AC output on/off switch. If PV is available, switch it on with its breaker. Otherwise, if an AC source is available, switch it on with its AC input breaker.
- 2. In the Settings Menu (see chapter "Device Operation Settings") navigate to settings menu 28.
- 3. Turn the AC output on/off switch off to deactivate the AC output. The unit will remain in Stand-By mode for under a minute and the display will stay on for this time.
- 4. Set the menu number 28 setting from the default value "Single" (SIG) to "Parallel" (PAL). This will not be possible if the unit is not turned off as described in the previous step. Press on the entry stops blinking. Now press the button to accept the new setting and return to the main view.
- 5. Switch off the PV and AC input breaker if they were on. Wait for the unit to shut down automatically, the display will then turn off completely.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 with each further unit connected in parallel.

7. Now turn on each unit. One unit will automatically and randomly be defined as the host unit and will show the host screen, all other units will show the client screen on their display:



8. Switch on the AC input breaker of each unit in quick succession, if an AC source is installed. If this takes too long, then some units may show fault 82 on their screen, but they will restart automatically and upon detecting a valid AC input, will function normally. The displays will show the following:

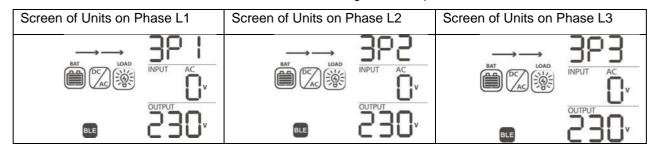


9. If there are no further faults displayed, the parallel system installation is complete. The breakers on the AC output of each unit can be switched on and then loads may be connected.

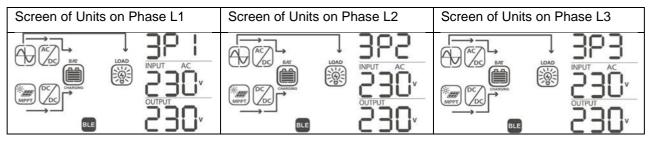
3-Phase, One or more Units per Phase

Follow these steps once the wiring is completed:

- 1. Turn on the unit on phase 1 with its AC output on/off switch. If PV is available, switch it on with its breaker. Otherwise, if an AC source is available, switch it on with its AC input breaker.
- 2. In the Settings Menu (see chapter "Device Operation Settings") navigate to settings menu 28.
- 3. Turn the AC output on/off switch off to deactivate the AC output. The unit will remain in Stand-By mode for under a minute and the display will stay on for this time.
- 4. Set the menu number 28 setting from the default value "Single" (SIG) to "Phase L1" (3P1). This will not be possible if the unit is not turned off as described in the previous step. Press on the entry stops blinking. Now press the button to accept the new setting and return to the main view.
- 5. Switch off the PV and AC input breaker if they were on. Wait for the unit to shut down automatically, the display will then turn off completely.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 with each further unit connected on the same phase 1. Then repeat steps 1 to 5 for each unit in phase 2 and, instead of choosing "Phase L1" in step 4, choose "Phase L2" (3P2). Then repeat steps 1 to 5 for each unit in phase 3 and, instead of choosing "Phase L1" in step 4, choose "Phase L3" (3P3).
- 7. Now turn on each unit. The units will show the following in their respective screens:



- 8. Switch on the AC input breaker of each unit in quick succession, if an AC source is installed. If this takes too long, then some units may show fault 82 on their screen, but they will restart automatically and upon detecting a valid AC input, will function normally.
- 9. If a valid AC input source is detected and the three phases match with the unit settings in settings menu number 28, they will work normally. Otherwise, the symbol will flash and Grid Mode will not function. In this case, check that the order or the three phases is correct. If necessary, turn off all units and then switch the setting in settings menu number 28 for all Phase L2 units to Phase L3 and vice-versa by following steps 1 to 5. Then continue with step 7. The displays will now show the following:

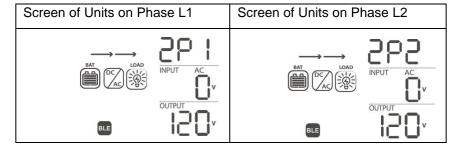


10. If there are no further faults displayed, the 3-phase system installation is complete. The breakers on the AC output of each unit can be switched on and then loads may be connected.

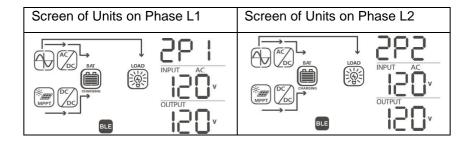
Split-Phase (2-Phase), One or more Units per Phase

Follow these steps once the wiring is completed:

- 1. Turn on the unit on phase 1 with its AC output on/off switch. If PV is available, switch it on with its breaker. Otherwise, if an AC source is available, switch it on with its AC input breaker.
- 2. In the Settings Menu (see chapter "Device Operation Settings") navigate to settings menu 28.
- 3. Turn the AC output on/off switch off to deactivate the AC output. The unit will remain in Stand-By mode for under a minute and the display will stay on for this time.
- 4. Set the menu number 28 setting from the default value "Single" (SIG) to "Phase L1 for split-phase" (2P1). This will not be possible if the unit is not turned off as described in the previous step. Press so the entry stops blinking. Now press the button to accept the new setting and return to the main view.
- 5. Switch off the PV and AC input breaker if they were on. Once the setting is confirmed, wait for the unit to shut down automatically, the display will then turn off completely.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 with each further unit connected on the same phase 1. Then repeat steps 1 to 5 for each unit in phase 2 and, instead of choosing "Phase L1 for split-phase" in step 4, choose "Phase L2 for split-phase" (2P2).
- 7. Now turn on each unit. The units will show the following in their respective screens:



8. Switch on the AC input breaker of each unit in quick succession, if an AC source is installed. If this takes too long, then some units may show fault 82 on their screen, but they will restart automatically and upon detecting a valid AC input, will function normally. The displays will show the following:



9. If there are no further faults displayed, the split-phase system installation is complete. The breakers on the AC output of each unit can be switched on and then loads may be connected.

This unit is equipped with wireless BLE functionality. Download the "PhocosLink Mobile" App from the Google Play™ store or Apple's App Store® with an Android™ or iOS device, respectively. Once the App is installed, use "pair your device" with the built-in BLE functionality of your device to connect to the Any-Grid unit with the BLE pairing password

6.0 BLE Communication



"123456". Then open the app and connect to the Any-Grid. The typical maximum communication distance is approximately 6 ~ 7 meters.



Apple App Store®

7.0 Relay Contact

Any-Grid Status	Condition				minals:
				NC & C	NO & C
Powered Off or Battery-free mode	Unit is off	and AC output is no	Closed	Open	
	Output is powered from Battery power or Settings Menu 01 set as "Utility / AC input first" (USB) or "Solar / PV first" (SUB)	set as "Utility/AC input first" (USB)	Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage (2 Vdc for the 48 V model / 1 Vdc for the 24 V model above the value in settings menu 29)	Open	Closed
Powered On		Battery voltage > Settings menu 13 or battery charging reaches Floating phase	Closed	Open	
	Solar		Battery voltage < Settings menu 12	Open	Closed
	Settings Menu 01 is set as SBU		Battery voltage > Settings menu 13 or battery charging reaches Floating phase	Closed	Open

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8.0 Operation

8.1 Inverter PowerON/OFF



Fig. 20: Display module ON/OFF load button location

Ensure the "ON/OFF" switch located on the display module (**Fig. 20**) is in the "OFF" position after the initial installation (the button must not be depressed).

Now activate the circuit breakers or insert the fuses to energize the various inputs and outputs in the following order (skip any that are not connected):

- 1. Battery
- 2. AC input
- 3. PV input
- 4. AC output

Next, press the "ON/OFF" switch to turn on the AC output and thus connected AC loads and the entire unit.

If the "ON/OFF" switch is in the "OFF" position, then the unit will be completely off when there is insufficient sunlight. If PV modules are connected and there is sufficient PV voltage, the unit and display will wake up automatically to charge the batteries during the day. Once the PV voltage drops below the threshold, the unit will again turn completely off to save energy during the night. The AC output and thus the AC loads will remain off as long as the "ON/OFF" switch is in the "OFF" position.

8.2 Display and Control Module

The display and control module, shown in **Fig. 21**, includes six LED indicators, six function buttons, an ON/OFF button and a LCD screen, indicating the operating status and allowing the programming of settings parameters.

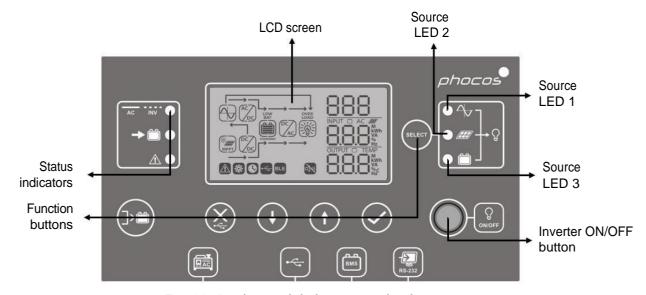


Fig. 21: Display module buttons and indicators

Indicator Description

LED Indicato	LED Indicator Color		Solid On / Flashing	Description
Source LED 1		Green	Solid On	AC output powered by AC input
Source LED	2	Green	Solid On	AC output powered by PV
Source LED	3	Green	Solid On	AC output powered by battery
			Solid On	AC output powered by AC input (Grid mode)
	AC INV	Green	Flashing	AC output powered by integrated inverter (Off-Grid mode)
Status indicators		Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged
		Croon	Flashing	Battery is charging
\wedge	\wedge	Red	Solid On	Fault mode
		Neu	Flashing	Warning mode

Function Buttons

Function Butt	on	Description
\bigcirc	Escape / close	Exit settings without confirming
	USB function setting	Select USB-OTG functions
SELECT	Timer setting for AC output source priority	Setup timer for prioritizing AC output source
∌	Timer setting for the battery charger source priority	Setup timer for prioritizing battery charger source
•	Up	To last selection
•	Down	To next selection
\bigcirc	Enter	To confirm/enter the selection in setting mode

8.3 Display Symbols

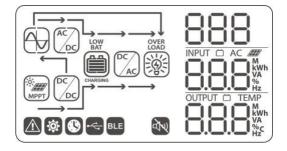


Fig. 22: LCD screen symbols

Symbol	Description
Input Information	
AC	Indicates AC input
	Indicates PV input

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INPUT CO AC ## Www WW VA WA Hz	Indicates input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, charging power, battery voltage.		
Settings menu and Fault Information			
888			
	Indicates the setting menus		
8			
	Indicates warning and fault codes.		
888	88		
	Warning: flashing with warning code. Fault: Shown with fault code.		
Output Information			
OUTPUT © TEMP No. No. No.	Indicates output voltage, output frequency, load in % of nominal power, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.		
Battery Information			
BAT BAT BAT BAT	Indicates battery level in 0 ~ 24%, 25 ~ 49%, 50 ~ 74% and 75 ~ 100%		

While the battery is charging, the battery indicator shows the following:

Status	Battery voltage (48 V model / 24 V model)	LCD Display
	< 48 V / < 24 V	4 bars flash in turns
All battery charging	48 ~ 50 V / 24 ~ 25 V	Bottom bar constantly on and other three bars flash in turns
modes except Floating phase	50 ~ 52 V / 25 ~ 26 V	Bottom two bars constantly on and other two bars flash in turns
cag priaco	> 52 V / > 26 V	Bottom three bars constantly on and top bar flashes
Floating phase.	Batteries are fully charged.	4 bars constantly on

(left to right) increments.

While the battery is discharging, the battery indicator shows the following:

Load Percentage	Battery voltage (48 V model / 24 V model)	LCD screen
	< 44.4 / < 22.2 V	0 ~ 24%
Load > 50%	44.4 ~ 46.4 V / 22.2 ~ 23.2 V	25 ~ 49%
Load > 30 %	46.4 ~ 48.4 V / 23.2 ~ 24.2 V	50 ~ 74%
	> 48.4 V / > 24.2 V	75 ~ 100%
	< 45.4 / 22.7 V	0 ~ 24%
L	45.4 ~ 47.4 V / 22.7 ~ 23.7 V	25 ~ 49%
Load < 50%	47.4 ~ 49.4 V / 23.7 ~ 24.7 V	50 ~ 74%
	> 49.4 V / > 24.7 V	75 ~ 100%

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Load Information		
OVER LOAD	Indicates overload	
LOAD LOAD LOAD LOAD	Indicates load level by 0 ~ 24%, 25 ~ 49%, 50 ~ 74% and 75 ~ 100% (left to right) increments.	
Mode Operation Information		
	Constantly on: AC source valid Blinking: AC source present but rejected	
-̈́ζ- MPPT	Constantly on: PV input valid Blinking: PV voltage detected, but not within allowed range	
LOAD	Load supplied by AC input	
AC / DC	AC source charger circuit is active	
DC / DC	PV charger circuit is active	
DC/ AC	DC to AC inverter circuit is active	
বৈখ	Alarm disabled	
BLE	BLE is ready to connect	
•	USB disk connected	
C	Timer setting or time display	

8.4 Device Operation Settings

General Settings

Press	\odot	for 3 seconds to enter settings mode. Press 🕥 or 🛈 to select between settings menus. Once selected
press	\odot	to confirm theselection or (a) to exit without confirmation.

Settings menus

Menu no.	Description	Selectable Option a	nd Notes
		Escape	
00	Exit setting mode	00	
		€SC	

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		Utility / AC input first (Default) "USB" for: Utility ✓ Solar ✓ Battery □ □	AC input / utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. If there is excess solar power beyond what is required for battery charging, this power is used to supply power to the loads instead. The battery is not discharged (Grid mode). Solar and battery will provide power to the loads when AC input / utility power is unavailable (Off-Grid mode).
		Solar / PV first "SUB" for: Solar Utility Battery	Solar provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar power is not sufficient to power all connected loads, AC input / utility power will supply the loads simultaneously (Grid mode).
01	AC output source priority: Configure the priority of which power sources supply the AC output load	s SUb	If no solar power is available (ex. at night), AC input / utility power is used exclusively. The battery is only discharged when the AC input / utility power is unavailable (Off-Grid mode).
		SBU priority "SBU" for: Solar	Solar powers the loads as first priority. If solar power is not sufficient to power all connected loads, the battery will supply power to the loads at the same time. The Any-Grid is disconnected from the grid at this time (Off-Grid mode).
		8 200	AC input / utility provides power to the loads (Grid mode) only when the battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in settings menu 12.
			When first applying SBU priority, it may take up to 10 minutes for the Any-Grid to switch to Off-Grid mode.
	Maximum total battery charging current of AC and solar charging combined:	10A 02	80A (Default)
02	Max. total charging current = AC input charging current + solar charging current		120 Adc for PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V) battery-side DC charging current.
	This setting is important to limit charging current for some battery types.		
03	AC input voltage range	Appliances	Accepted AC input voltage range from 90 ~ 280 Vac for 230 Vac models, 80 ~ 140 Vac for 120 Vac models.
		8₽L	

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		UPS (Default)	Accepted AC input voltage range from 170 ~ 280 Vac for 230 Vac
			models, 90 ~ 140 Vac for 120 Vac models.
		e UPS	
		AGM (Default)	Flooded
		05	05
		® 86∩	e FLd
	Battery type	User-defined	Battery charging voltages and low voltage disconnect (LVD) can be
	Settings menus 26, 27 and 29 can only be modified if "User-	05	manually defined in settings menu 26, 27 and 29.
	defined" is selected here.	■ USE	
05	Please visit <u>www.phocos.com</u> for a current list of (Lithium) batteries supported and their specific settings guides.	Pylontech battery	For use with Pylontech Lithium batteries. Ensure the battery management system (BMS) communication is connected.
	CAUTION: Do not use	₽	
	inverter communication	WeCo battery	For use with WeCo Lithium
	cables supplied with your batteries unless instructed by Phocos guides as this	05	batteries. Ensure the battery management system (BMS) communication is connected.
	may damage the PSW-H and/or the battery!	33 u	
	and/or the battery:	RS-485 (MODBUS RTU) battery	For use with Lithium batteries
		05	using the Phocos MODBUS RTU communication protocol. Ensure the battery management system
		e ⊦54	(BMS) communication is connected.
		Restart disabled (Default)	Restart enabled
06	Automatic restart if an AC output overload occurs	06	06
		€ FF3	€ LFE
		Restart disabled (Default)	Restart enabled
07	Automaticrestartwhenover- temperature occurs	רס	07
		€ EFd	≥
	Solar power feed-in into grid	Disabled (Default)	Enabled
	A PIN code is required to	08	88
	change this setting. Grid feed- in / injection may not be legal		5. 5
08	at the site of installation.	© CF4	• CHE
00	Contact your dealer for more details.		
	Only activate when using the		
	public grid as AC source, else		
	your AC generator and the Any-Grid could be damaged.		

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		50Hz(Default, 230Vacmodels)	60 Hz (Default, 120 Vac models)
	AC output frequency	09	09
09	Only relevant for Off-Grid		
	mode	SO	● 60
		230Vac(Default, 230Vac	From 220 ~ 240 Vacin 10 Vac
	AC output voltage	models)	increments for 230 Vac models.
10	, -	10	110, 120 and 127 Vac for 120 Vac
10	Only relevant for Off-Grid mode		models, default 120 Vac.
	mode	≥ 230 ⁻	
	Maximum AC source charging	30 Adc (Default)	Available values: 2 Adcand 10~80
	current (battery side)		Adc (up to 120 Adc for PSW-H-
11	If settings menu 02 is smaller	UET	6.5KW-120/48V) in 10 Adc increments.
	than this value, charging will	38.	
	be limited by the value in settings menu 02.		
	Voltage set-point to switch	48 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default)	Available values: 44~57 Vdcin1
	from Off-Grid mode to Grid	24 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default)	Vdc increments for 48 Vdc model.
40	mode when "SBU priority" is selected in settings menu 01.	15	Available values: 22 ~ 28.5 Vdc in
12	_	0_	0.5 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc model.
	This may be a percentage for some battery types selected	• 48·	
	in setting menu 05.		
		Battery fully charged	54 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default) 27 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default)
		13	,
		 0.	13
	Voltage set-point to switch	₽ FUL	s S4
13	from Grid mode to Off-Grid	A : I = I =	
13	mode when selecting "SBU priority" in settings menu 01.	model.	64 Vdc in 1 Vdc increments for 48 Vdc
	priority in settings mend or.	Available values: "FULL" and 24 ~ 3	32 Vdc in 1 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc
		model.	
		•	arged when the float charging phase
		is reached.	
		Solar first	Solarpower will charge battery as first priority.
	Battery charger source priority	16	
	Dattery charger source priority		Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available
	Configure the priority of	S CSO	and the unit is in Grid mode.
	which power sources are used	Solar and Utility (Default)	Solar power and AC input power
16	to charge the battery. The AC source can only charge the	16	will charge battery at the same time if the unit is in Grid mode.
	battery if in Grid, Stand-By or		While the AC output and PV are
	Faultmodes.InOff-gridmode only solar / PV power can	S∩U	active, gridcharging is temporarily
	charge the battery.		disabled until either PV becomes
			unavailable or the AC output is no longer active.
			3

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	I	Only Color	Colore constille the colorest of
		Only Solar	Solar power will be the only battery charging source regardless of the operating mode.
		o 050	
		Alarm on (Default)	Alarm off
18	General alarm control	18	18
		• POU	⊗ 60F
		Return to default display view	The display will return to the
		(Default)	default overview (input voltage / output voltage) if no button is pressed for approx. 1 minute.
19	Automatic return to default	® ESP	
	overview display screen	Remain at last view	The display will remain at the
		19	selected view indefinitely, until another view is selected.
		≥ FEP	
		Backlight always on (Default)	Backlight off after one minute of no
		28	button presses
20	Display backlight control		50
		■ LON	e LOF
		Alarm on (Default)	Alarm off
22	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	25	55
		■ RON	⊗ 80F
	Overload by-pass:	By-pass disabled (Default)	By-pass enabled
	When enabled, the unit will	23	23
23	quickly switch to Grid mode if an AC output overload occurs in Off-Grid mode. It will return back to Off-Grid mode once the load power has normalized.	8 6 48	⊗ 698
		Record enabled (Default)	Record disabled
25	Recordfaultcodestointernal datalogger	25	25
		e FEN	₽ Fd5

26	Boost battery charging voltage	57.6 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default) 28.8 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default) 26 516	If "User-defined" is selected in settings menu 05, this value can be changed. Available values: 48.0 ~ 64.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 48 Vdc model. Available values: 24.0 ~ 32.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc
27	Floating battery charging voltage	55.2 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default) 27.6 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default)	model. If "User-defined" is selected in settings menu 05, this value can be changed. Available values: 48.0 ~ 64.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 48 Vdc model. Available values: 24.0 ~ 32.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc model.
28	AC output mode To avoid damage, this value can only be changed if the inverter is in Stand-By mode (AC output turned off). See chapter "Installing Multiple Units in Parallel, Split Phase or 3-Phase Configuration"	Single: This unit is used alone in a single-phase application (Default) SILC Phase L1: This unit is one of several units and on phase 1 in a three-phase application Phase L3: This unit is one of several units and on phase 3 in a three-phase application	Parallel: This unit is one of several units in a single-phase application PRL Phase L2: This unit is one of several units and on phase 2 in a three-phase application PRL Phase L1: This unit is one of several units and on phase 1 in a split-phase (2-phase) application
	for detailed instructions. Split-phase / 2-phase modes are only available on 120 Vac models.	Phase L2: This unit is one of several units and on phase 2 in a split-phase (2-phase) application, with 120° phase-shift relative to phase 1:	Phase L2: This unit is one of several units and on phase 2 in a splitphase (2-phase) application, with 180° phase-shift relative to phase 1:

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		44.0 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default) 22.0 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default)	If "User-defined" is selected in settings menu 05, this value can be
29	Low voltage disconnect The AC output is turned off when the battery reaches this voltage level to protect the battery from deep discharge. The low DC / battery warning voltage is 2 Vdc for the 48 V model and 1 Vdc for the 24 V model above this setting.	8 44°0° 50°	changed. Available values: 37.5 ~ 54.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 48 Vdc model. Available values: 18.8 ~ 27.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc model. This voltage is fixed and independent of the load power
	Low voltage reconnect	54.7 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default)	level. If "User-defined" is selected in
	If the AC output is turned off	27.1 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default)	settings menu 05, this value can be changed.
	due to low voltage disconnect (settings menu 29), the AC output is automatically turned back on once this voltage is	20 L ^Q F S ^Q 7	Available values: 41.6 ~ 63.5 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 48 Vdc model.
30	reached. This value must be at most 0.5 Vdc below settings menu 27, and at least 4 Vdc for the 48 V model or 2 Vdc for the 24 V model higher than settings menu 29.		Available values: 20.9~31.5 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc model.
		Automatic	120 min (Default)
		32	32
	Boost battery charging duration	a RUE	⊚ 120
32	The duration for which the boost voltage from settings menu 26 is held before the Floatingphase is reached.	If "User-defined" is selected in second changed. Available values: "Auto increments.	ttings menu 05, this value can be matic" and 5~900 minutes in 5 min.
		If "Automatic" is set, the duratio "Specifications" Battery C minimum of 10 minutes and max	harging") is multiplied by 10, wha
	Battery equalization	Enabled	Disabled (Default)
	Battery equalization helps	33	33
	prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same	© EEN	e EdS
33	voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the	If "User-defined" or "Flooded" is se can be changed.	lected in settings menu 05, this value
	battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically the case for flooded lead-acid batteries.		
		59.2 Vdc (48 Vdc model Default) 29.6 Vdc (24 Vdc model Default)	Available values: 48.0 ~ 64.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 48 Vdc
34	Battery equalization voltage	34 Eu 5 <u>8</u> 2,	model. Available values: 24.0~32.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments for 24 Vdc model.
	1	1	

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	Battery equalization duration	120 min. (Default)	Available values: 5 ~ 900 minutes in
	The duration for which the	35	5 min. increments.
35	equalization voltage from settings menu 34 is held before the Floating phase is reached.	8 130	
	Battery equalization timeout	180 min. (Default)	Available values: 5 ~ 900 minutes in
	If the equalization voltage from settings menu 34 cannot	36	5 min. increments.
36	be reached within the duration from settings menu 35, once this timeout is reached, equalization is ended and the charger returns to Floating phase.	8 180	
	Trioding pridoo.	30 days (Default)	Available values: 0~90 days in 1-
		37	day increments.
37	Equalization interval		
		8 309	
		Enabled	Disabled (Default)
		39	39
		 ⊛ REN	a 835
	Equalization phase: forced		
39	start	function can be enabled. If "Enab equalization is immediately force will show Eq. (EQ).	n is enabled in settings menu 33, this led" is selected in this menu, battery e-started and the display main view
			cel the forced equalization function tion interval as defined in settings shown in LCD main page.
		Not reset (Default)	Reset
40	Reset PV and Load energy datalogger storage	40	40
		o N-E	o rSt

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		Disabled (Default)	120 A
		4 ;	41
		⊗ 885	• ISO
41	Maximum discharging current This setting is important to limit discharging current for some battery types.	may be lower than what the Any- power to AC loads. If set to "Dis current from the battery as nece overloaded by too much load pow	ver, settings menu 23 determines if ut by-pass to deliver more power or anently (until manual restart) or
	Some battery types.	the set discharge current. If this li minutes, the unit will switch to the	e AC input by-pass temporarily to If no AC source is available, then the
		Available values: Disabled and 30 48 Vdc model.	0~120Adcin10Adcincrementsfor
		Available values: Disabled and 30 24 Vdc model.	0~150Adcin10Adcincrementsfor
		No reset (Default)	Reset
93	Erase all datalogger contents	93	93
		® NrŁ	∞ -5Ł
		10 days (Default)	The Any-Grid unit can store measurement data with the following frequency:
94	Datalogger storage period	⊗ 10	3days:20entriesperhour 5days:12entriesperhour 10days:6entriesperhour 20days:3entriesperhour 30days:2entriesperhour 60 days: 1 entry per hour
			Once the memory is full, the oldest entries are over-written.
			Available values: 3,5,10,20,30 and 60 days.
			Irrespective of this setting the unit stores the last 100 error/warning event codes.
0.5	Time a satting or maintain	95	Allows setting the current time in minutes.
95	Time setting: minute	∩	Available values: 00 ~ 59 minutes.
		ОС	Allows setting the current time in hours (24h notation).
96	Time setting: hour	96 HOU ®s 00	Available values: 00 ~ 23 hours.
		®Ø UU	

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97	Date setting: day of month	® 0	87 87	Allows setting the current day of the month. Available values: day 01 ~ 31.
98	Date setting: month	*0	98 -00 0 I	Allows setting the current month. Available values: month 01 ~ 12.
99	Date setting: year	***	99 988 19	Allows setting the current year (last two digits: ex. 2019 = 19). Available values: year 17 ~ 99.

8.5 USB and Timer Settings

There are three function keys on the display module to implement functions such as USBOTG, timer settings for the output source priority and timer settings for the battery charger source priority.

USB Functionality

Insert a USB OTG storage device (disk) or a USB disk with a USB OTG microUSB adaptor (Micro-B male to USB Type A female, sold separately) into the USB port (see **Fig. 2**). Press for 3 seconds to enter USB function mode. These functions include the firmware upgrade, data log export and internal parameters re-write from the USB disk.

Note: If no button is pressed within 1 minute of starting this procedure, the screen it will automatically return to the default main view.

Follow these steps to select the various USB functions:

1. Press for 3 seconds to enter USB function mode:

2. Press to enter the following settings program:

Function	tion Description		Screen View		
	By pressing the unit prepares to export the internal data log to a connected USB disk. Once the function is ready, the screen will display . Press the button to confirm the selection.			L06	
		\$	~	F98	
Export data	 Press to select "YES" or to return to the main screen without any change. If "YES" was selected, Source LED 1 (see Fig. 19) will flash once every second during the process. Once the data log copy to the USB disk is complete, the screen will show: LOG and all LEDs will be lit. Now press to return to main screen. Otherwise, it will return to the main view automatically after 1 minute. 			L06	
log			-e-	985 00	
			_		

Possible error messages for USB functions:

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Error Code	Description
UO I	No USB disk is detected
UO2	USB disk is write-protected
U03	File from USB disk has incorrect formator USB stick is incompatible

If any error occurs, the error code will be displayed for three seconds. After three seconds, the screen returns to the default main view.

T

imer Override Setting for AC Output Source Priority	
his timer setting is to set up the daily AC output source priority.	
ote: If no button is pressed within 1 minute of starting this procedure, the screen will automatically return efault main view.	to the
o define a daily time period in which a specific AC output source priority is to be temporarily activated, foll teps below:	owthe
 Press and hold for 3 seconds to enter the timer setting for the AC output source priority. The tavailable priority orders are shown on the display (see chapter "Device Operation Settings" menu 01" for an explanation): 	hree ettings
SSU	
2. From top to bottom the priorities shown in the screen represent:	
 a. Utility / AC input first ("USB" for Utility Solar Battery) b. Solar / PV first ("SUB" for Solar Utility Battery) 	
c. SBU priority ("SBU" for Solar → Battery → Utility)	
3. Press either or or to enter one of the three selectable priorities:	
a. =USB	
a.	
c. • =SBU	
4. The selected priority order (USB, SUB or SBU) is shown at the top of the screen. The middle shows starting time and the bottom shows the stopping time in full hours (24h notation). As an example fusB priority:	orthe
5. Press • to select the starting time (middle of screen), it will flash. Now press • or • to char starting time in 1-hour steps. Then, press • to confirm the starting time, it will stop flashing.	ge the
6. Press • to select the ending time (bottom of screen), it will flash. Now press • or • to chan ending time in 1-hour steps. Then, press • to confirm the ending time, it will stop flashing.	ge the
7. Now press to return to mainscreen.	

Timer Override Setting for Battery Charger Source Priority

This timer setting is to set up the daily battery charger source priority.

Note: If no button is pressed within 1 minute of starting this procedure, the screen it will automatically return to the default main view.

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To define a daily time period in which a specific battery charging source priority is to be temporarily activated, follow the steps below:

1. Press and hold for 3 seconds to enter the timer setting for the battery charger source priority. The three available priority orders are shown on the display (see chapter "Device Operation Settings" Settings menu 16" for an explanation):

- 2. From top to bottom the priorities shown in the screen represent:
 - a. Solar first ("CSO" for Charger Solar)
 - b. Solar and Utility ("SNU" for Solar and Utility)
 - c. Only Solar ("OSO")
- 3. Press either one of the three selectable priorities:
 - a. CSO

₩

- b. \bigcirc = SNU
- c. \bullet = OSO
- 4. The selected priority order (CSO, SNU or OSO) is shown at the top of the screen. The middle shows the starting time and the bottom shows the stopping time in full hours (24h notation). As an example for the CSO priority:

050 00 23

- 5. Press to select the starting time (middle of screen), it will flash. Now press to change the starting time in 1-hour steps. Then, press to confirm the starting time, it will stop flashing.
- 6. Press to select the ending time (bottom of screen), it will flash. Now press to change the ending time in 1-hour steps. Then, press to confirm the ending time, it will stop flashing.
- 7. Now press to return to mainscreen.

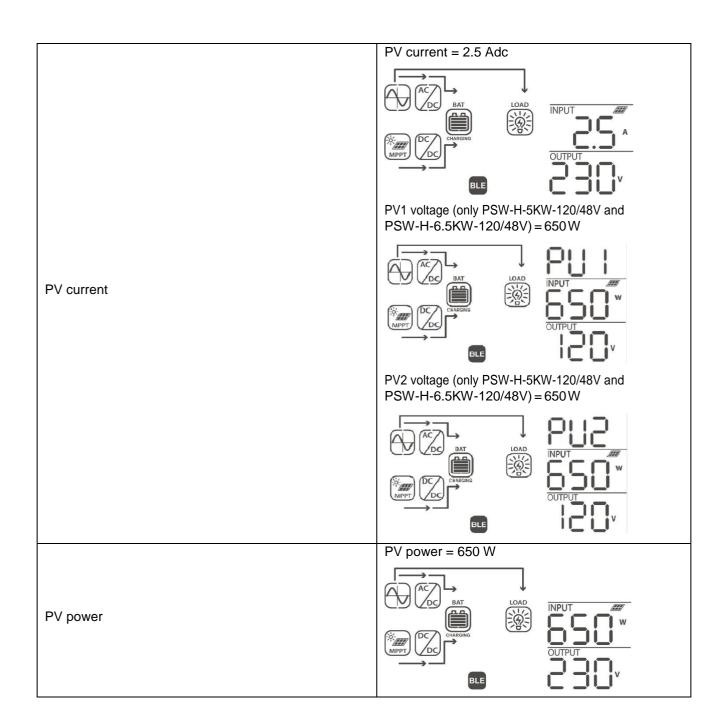
8.6 Screen Views of Current Values

The screen views can be scrolled by pressing ① or ① to show current values in the following order:

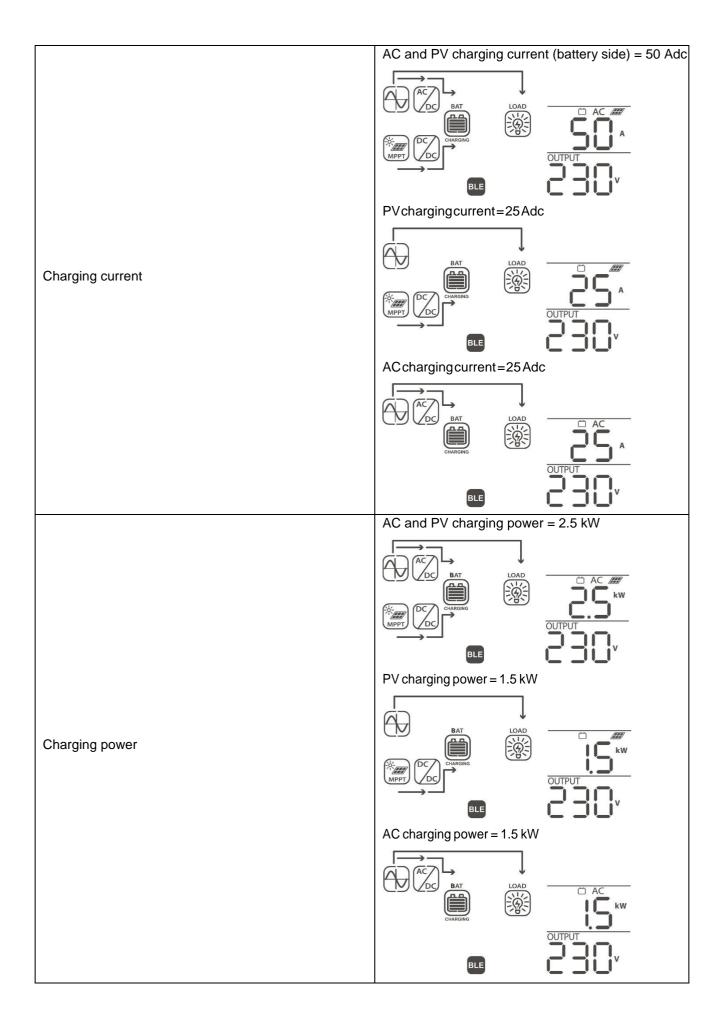
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Measurement Values	Screen View Example	
AC input voltage / AC output voltage (Default Display Screen)	If there is no grid feed-in: Input voltage = 230 Vac, Output voltage = 230 Vac If there is grid feed-in: Feed-in power = 800 W, Output voltage = 230 Vac	
AC input frequency	Input frequency = 50 Hz, Output voltage = 230 Vac	
PV voltage	PV voltage = 260 Vdc PV1 voltage (only PSW-H-5KW-120/48V) = 160 Vdc PV2 voltage (only PSW-H-5KW-120/48V) = 160 Vdc PV2 voltage (only PSW-H-5KW-120/48V) = 160 Vdc	

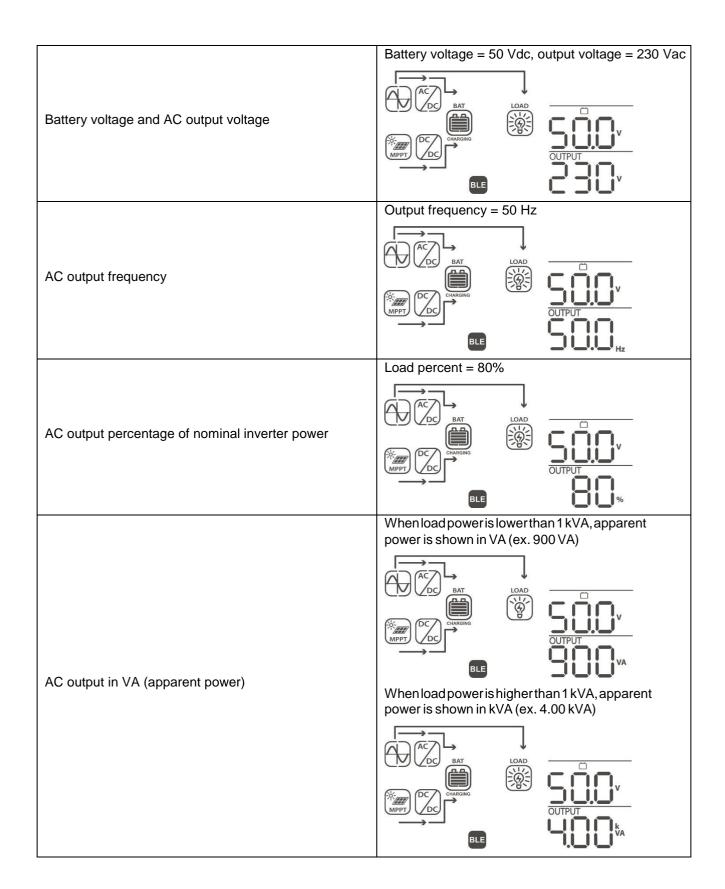
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	When load power is lower than 1 kW, active power is
	shown in W (ex. 900 W)
Load in Watt (active power)	DC CHARGING W DC CHARGING W BLE
Load III Wall (active power)	When load power is higher than 1 kW, active power is shown in kW (ex. 4.00 kW)
	DC BAT LOAD OUTPUT KW
	Battery voltage = 50 Vdc, discharging current = 25 Adc
Battery voltage / DC discharging current	BAT DO LOAD SO
	Battery voltage = 50 Vdc, invertertemperature=25°C
Batteryvoltage/inverterinternal temperature and solar charge controller internal temperature	DC BAT LOAD TEMP
(Inverter temperature and solar charge controller temperature is displayed in turns)	Battery voltage = 50 Vdc, solar charge controller temperature = 25 °C
	DC BAT LOAD TEMP M

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PV energy generated today, and AC output energy	PV energy = 2.38 kWh, AC output energy = 2.38 kWh	
consumed today	INPUT WWh OUTPUT WWh	
	PV energy = 23.8 kWh, AC output energy = 23.8 kWh	
PV energy generated this month, and AC output energy consumed this month	BAT LOAD INPUT	
	OUTPUT kWh	
	PV energy = 2.38 MWh, AC output energy = 2.38 MWh	
PV energy generated this year, and AC output energy consumed this year	AC BAT LOAD INPUT	
	DC CHARGING OUTPUT MWh	
	PV energy = 23.8 MWh, AC output energy = 23.8 MWh	
PVenergygenerated in total, and AC output energy consumed in total	AC DC BAT LOAD INPUT	
	DC CHARGING OUTPUT OUTPUT MWh	
	October 28, 2019	
Current date	BAT LOAD LOAD CHARGING MIPPT DC CHARGING	
	BLE	

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Current time (24h notation)	16:30 hrs.
 3 consecutive views are available: Main unit firmware version (U1) Display unit firmware version (U2) BLE controller version (U3) 	U1 firmware version 30.00

8.7 Operating Mode Description

Operating mode	Behaviors	LCD display
Stand-By mode The AC output is not turned on, but the unit can charge the battery without AC	No AC output voltage is supplied by the unit, but	Battery is charged by an AC source Battery is charged by solar power BAT CHARGING CHARG
The AC output is not turned on, but the unit can charge		Battery is charged by AC source and solar power No charging Battery is charged by solar power and excess power is fed into the grid Battery is charged by solar power and excess power is fed into the grid
		DC CHARGING MPPT DC CHARGING

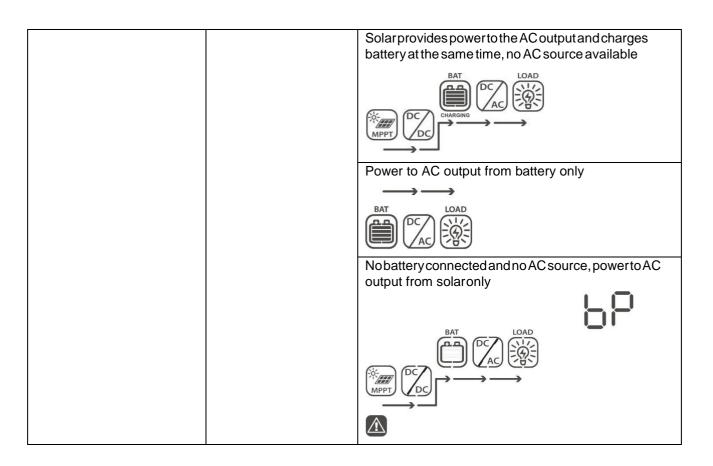
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		No battery connected, solar power is fed directly into the grid		
		AC DC BAT DC		
		Battery is charged by AC source and solar power		
		AC DC BAT CHARGING CHARGING		
Fault mode Errors are currently active (see chapter "Fault Reference Codes" for details)	Solar power and AC source can charge batteries	Battery is charged by an AC source		
		Battery is charged by solar power		
		No charging BAT		
Grid mode	AC output can be powered from the AC input, battery charging	Battery is charged and AC loads are powered by AC source BAT BAT BAT BAT BAT BAT BAT BA		
	is available	Battery is charged and AC loads are powered by an AC source		

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		Battery is charged and AC loads are powered by the grid and excess power is fed into the grid No battery connected, solar power and AC source provide power to AC loads BAT DO AC LOAD No battery connected, solar power and AC source provide power to AC loads	
		No battery connected, AC source provides power to AC loads	
Battery-free mode No battery is connected to the Any-Grid	AC output power is fully sourced from the AC input and solar power	Solar power and the AC source provide power to the AC output AC source provides power to the AC output	
Off-Grid mode	AC output power from battery (if connected) and solar power	Battery and solar provide power to the AC output	

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9.0 Fault Reference Codes

Fault Code	Fault Event	Screen View
01	Fan is locked while inverter is off	FO
02	Over-temperature	F82
03	Battery voltage is too high	F83
04	Battery voltage is too low	F84
05	AC output is short circuited	F85
06	AC output voltage is too high	F86
07	AC output overload timeout	F87
08	Internal DC bus voltage is too high	F88
09	Internal DC bus soft start failed	F89
10	Solar charge controller over-current	F 10
11	Solar charge controller over-voltage	F } }
12	DC-DC converter over-current	F 15
13	Battery discharge over-current	F 13
51	Inverter over-current	FS
52	Internal DC bus voltage is too low	F52

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53	Inverter soft-start failed	FS3
55	DC voltage component in AC output too high	855
57	Current sensor failed	F57
58	Output voltage too low	F58
60	Power feedback protection	F60
71	Firmware version inconsistent	F7!
72	Current sharing fault	F72
80	CAN communication fault	F80
81	Host unit loss	F8
82	Synchronization loss	F82
83	Battery voltage detected differs between units	883
84	AC input voltage and frequency detected differs between units	F84
85	AC output current unbalanced	F85
86	AC output mode setting differs between units	F86
90	EEPROM corrupted	F98

10.0 WarningCodes

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Screen view
01	Fan is locked while inverter is on	Beeps three times every second	
02	Over-temperature	None	02
			<u> </u>
03	Battery is over-charged	Beeps once every second	03
			A
04	Low battery voltage	Beeps once every second	04
			A

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07	AC output overload	Beeps twice every second		OYER LOAD	07
			\triangle		
10	AC output power de-rating	Beeps twice every 3 seconds			10
			\triangle		
32	Communication interrupted between main inverter unit and remote display panel.	None	A		32
60 Only available if Lithium battery communication is active.	Battery charging and discharging temporarily disabled to protect Lithium battery.	Beeps once every second	A		60
61 Only available if Lithium battery communication is active.	Battery communication lost. After 10 minutes of no communication charging and discharging will stop to protect Lithium battery.	Beeps once every second	A		81
62 Only available if Lithium battery communication is active.	Communication between batteries is interrupted.	Beeps once every second	A		62
69 Only available if Lithium battery communication is active.	Battery charging temporarily disabled to protect Lithium battery.	Beeps once every second	A		69
70 Only available if Lithium battery communication is active.	Battery discharging temporarily disabled to protect Lithium battery.	Beeps once every second	A		70
Eq	Battery equalization	None	_		69
			A		
bP	Battery is not connected	None		BAT	Pb
			\triangle		

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Informational codes regarding use of systems with multiple Any-Grid units:

Code	Description	Screen view
NE	Unidentified Host or Client unit	ΠE
HS	Host unit	HS.
SL	Client unit	SL

11.0 Troubleshooting

Problem	LCD / LED / Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do
Unit shuts down automatically during start-up process.	LCD / LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then turn off.	The battery voltage is too low (<45.84 V/<22.92 V for the 48 V/24 V model)	Re-charge battery Replace battery
No response after	No indication.	1. The battery voltage is far too low (< 33.6 V/< 16.8 V for the 48 V/24 V model)	Check if batteries and the wiring are connected correctly, check battery polarity.
power on.		2. Battery polarity is	2. Re-charge battery.
		connected in reverse	3. Replace battery.
	AC input voltage displayed as 0 on LCD, green LED flashing.	Input circuit breaker is tripped	Checkif ACcircuit breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected correctly.
			Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.
AC source exists but the unit works in Off-Grid/battery mode.	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power (Grid or Generator)	2. Check if generator (if applied) is working correctly or if input voltage range setting is correct (try switching from UPS mode Appliances mode), see chapter "Device Operation Settings" Settings menu 03" for details.
	Green LED is flashing.	"Solar/PVFirst"issetasthe priority of the AC output source.	Change output source priority to "AC input / utility first", see chapter "Device Operation Settings" ✓ "Settings menu 01" for details.
When the unit is turned on, internal relayis switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are well connected.

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	Fault code 07	Overload error. Inverter is overloaded ≥110% for more than allowed duration.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.
		Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal loads.
	Fault code 05	Temperature of internal converter components is over 120°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the
	Fault code 02	Temperature of inverter components is over 100°C.	ambient temperature is too high.
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if specifications and quantity of batteries meet requirements.
LED is on.	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan(s)
	Fault code 06/58	AC output abnormal	Reduce the connected load. Return to repair center
	Fault code 08/09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	
	Fault code 52	Internal DC bus voltage too low.	Restart the unit, if the error occurs again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 55	Output voltage unbalanced.	
	Fault code 56	Battery not connected correctly/internal fuse blown.	If the battery is connected correctly, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 13	Battery discharge over- current detected.	Increase the battery discharge current limit in settings menu number 41.
	Warning code 60	Battery discharging and charging temporarily disabled by battery management system.	Battery is not allowed to discharge and charge as the battery management system (BMS) in the connected battery has blocked discharging and charging due a BMS error. The Any-Grid will stop discharging and charging the battery.
	Warning code 61	Battery management system communication loss.	This fault is only available when the battery type in settings menu 05 is set to anything other than "AGM", "Flooded" or "User-defined". Unless you are using a BMS connection for a compatible lithium battery and have correctly configured the connection, make sure to use "AGM", "Flooded" or "User-defined" in settings menu 05. After battery communication cable is connected and a communication signal is not detected for 3 minutes, buzzer will beep. After 10 minutes, inverter will stop charging and discharging the battery.

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Warning code 69	Battery charging temporarily disabled by battery management system.	Battery is not allowed to charge as the battery management system (BMS) in the connected battery has blocked charging due a BMS or battery cell error. The Any-Grid will stop charging the battery.
Warning code 70	Battery discharging temporarily disabled by battery management system.	Battery is not allowed to discharge as the battery management system (BMS) in the connected battery has blocked discharging due a BMS or battery cell error. The Any-Grid will stop discharging the battery.
Fault code 71	The firmware version of each inverter is not the same.	Check the version of each inverter firmware via the screen andmake sure the versions are same. If not, contact your instraller to provide a firmware update.
		 After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your repair center.
Fault code 72	The output current of each	Check if the green current sharing cables are correctly connected and restart the unit.
	inverter is different.	If the problem remains, please contact your repair center.
Fault code 80	CAN communication data loss	Check if the grey communication cables are correctly connected between all
Fault code 81	Host data loss	units and restart the units.
Fault code 82	Synchronization data loss	If the problem remains, please contact your repair center.
		Make sure all inverters share same battery bank.
Fault code 83	The detected battery voltage differs between units.	 Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check the battery voltage of all units. If the values from all inverters are close, please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material and cross-section. Verify the seat of each battery connaction to the respective units. If the problem still remains,
		please contact your repair center.

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Fault code 84	The detected AC input voltage and frequency differ between units.	 Check the AC input wiring connection and restart the unit. Make sure the AC source starts up with the same voltage and frequency on each phase. If there are breakers installed between AC inout and Any-Grid units, please be sure all breakers can be turned on the AC input at same time. If the problem still remains,
		please contact your repair center.
Fault code 85	AC output current unbalanced	 Restart the inverter. Remove excessive loads and recheck load information from LCD of units. If the values are different between units on the same phase, please check if AC input and output cables are the same length, cross-section and material.
		If the problem remains, please contact your repair center.
		Switch off the units and check settings menu number 28.
Fault code 86	AC output mode setting is different between units.	2. For parallel systems on a single phase, make sure each unit is set to "PAL" in settings menu number 28. For plit-phase and 3-phase systems, make sure each unit has the same two first characters in settings menu number 28 ("2P" for split-phase "3P" for 3-phase) and is on the correct phase.
		If the problem remains, please contact your repair center.
 Fault code 90	EEPROM corrupted	Please contact your repair center and communicate the serial number of the affected unit.

12.0 Specifications

12.1 Grid Mode

Model	PSW-H-5KW- 230/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 230/24V	PSW-H-5KW- 120/48V PSW-H-6.5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 120/24V	
AC Input Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave (utility or generator)				
Nominal AC Input Voltage	230 Vac 120 Vac				
Maximum AC Input Current	40 Aac	30 Aac	60 Aac	38.3 Aac	

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AC Input Overvoltage Category		OV	CIII		
	170 Vac ± 7 Vac (90 Vac ± 7 Vac (A	,	90 Vac ± 7 Vac (UPS mode) 80 Vac ± 7 Vac (Appliances mode)		
Low Loss AC Input Voltage	See chapter "Devi Settings"		See chapter "Devi Settings"		
Low Loss Return AC Input Voltage		ac (UPS mode) Appliances mode)		ac (UPS mode) Appliances mode)	
High Loss AC Input Voltage	280 Va	c ± 7 Vac	140 Va	c ± 7 Vac	
High Loss Return AC Input Voltage	270 Va	c ± 7 Vac	135 Va	ıc ± 7 Vac	
Maximum AC Input Voltage	300	Vac	150	Vac	
Nominal AC Input Frequency		50 Hz /	[/] 60 Hz		
Low Loss Frequency		40 Hz	± 1 Hz		
Low Loss Return AC Input Frequency	42 Hz ± 1 Hz				
High Loss AC Input Frequency		65 Hz	± 1 Hz		
High Loss Return AC Input Frequency		63 Hz	± 1 Hz		
Output Short Circuit Protection		t breaker ent to maximum AC ectronic protection	input current, resetta	able)	
TransferTime between Grid mode and Off-Grid mode and		mode), 20 ms typical ısing multiple synchı			
vice versa	See chapter "Device	e Operation Setting	s" 🕶 "Settings m	enu 03" for details.	
AC Output Power Do Poting	Maximum AC output power formula when in Grid mode:	Maximum AC output power formula when in Grid mode:	Maximum AC output power formula when in Grid mode:	Maximum AC output power formula when in Grid mode:	
AC Output Power De-Rating In Grid mode, the maximum AC output power is dependent on the AC input voltage.	40 Aacx AC input voltage = Max. AC output power	30 Aacx AC input voltage = Max. AC output power	60 Aacx AC input voltage = Max. AC output power	38.3 Aac x AC input voltage = Max. AC output power	
	Example: 40 Aac x 230 Vac = 9,200 W	Example: 30 Aac x 230 Vac = 6,900 W	Example: 60 Aac x 120 Vac = 7,200 W	Example: 38.3 Aacx120 Vac = 4,596 W	

12.2 Off-Grid Mode

Model	PSW-H-5KW-	PSW-H-3KW-	PSW-H-5KW-	PSW-H-6.5KW-	PSW-H-3KW-
	230/48V	230/24V	120/48V	120/48V	120/24V
Nominal AC Output Power	5000 VA /	3000 VA /	5000 VA /	6500 VA /	3000 VA /
	5000 W	3000 W	5000 W	6500 W	3000 W
AC Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave				
AC Output Voltage Regulation	230 Vac ± 5% 120 Vac ± 5% (programmable, 220 ~ 240 Vac) (programmable, 110 ~ 127 Vac)				27 Vac)

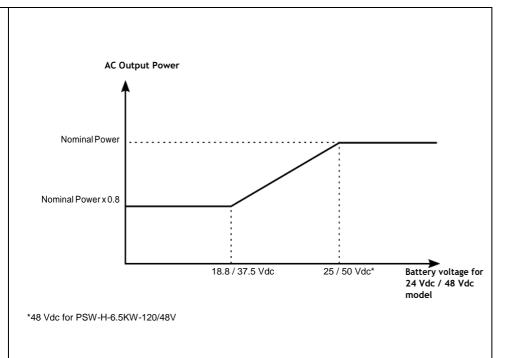
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Total Harmonic Distortion of Voltage	< 5% for linear load, < 10% for non-linear load at nominal voltage				
AC Output Frequency		50 Hz or 60 Hz (programmable)			
Peak Efficiency (from battery)	> 93%	> 91%	> 92%	> 90%	
AC Output Overload Protection	100 milliseconds @ ≥ 205% nominal AC output power 5 seconds @ ≥ 150% nominal AC output power 10 seconds @ 110% ~ 150% nominal AC output power				
AC Output Surge Capacity		2x nom	inal power for 5 seconds		
Nominal Battery Input Voltage	48 Vdc	24 Vdc	48 Vdc	24 Vdc	
Min. Battery Voltage for Inverter Start-up	46.0 Vdc Default	23.0 Vdc Default	46.0 Vdc Default	23.0 Vdc Default	
See chapter "Device Operation Settings" Settings menu 29" for details.	2.0 Vdc. above "Low voltage disconnect" setting	1.0 Vdc. above "Low voltage disconnect" setting	2.0 Vdc. Default 2.0 Vdc. above "Low voltage disconnect" setting	1.0 Vdc. above "Low voltage disconnect" setting	
Low Battery Warning Voltage (relative to nominal AC output power)					
load < 20% 20% ≤ load < 50% load ≥ 50%	46.0 Vdc 42.8 Vdc 40.4 Vdc	23.0 Vdc 21.4 Vdc 20.2 Vdc	46.0 Vdc 42.8 Vdc 40.4 Vdc	23.0 Vdc 21.4 Vdc 20.2 Vdc	
Low Battery Warning Return Voltage (relative to nominal AC output power)					
load < 20% 20% ≤ load < 50% load ≥ 50%	48.0 Vdc 44.8 Vdc 42.4 Vdc	24.0 Vdc 22.4 Vdc 21.2 Vdc	48.0 Vdc 44.8 Vdc 42.4 Vdc	24.0 Vdc 22.4 Vdc 21.2 Vdc	
Low Battery Voltage Disconnect (relative to nominal AC output power)	Programmable, see chapter "Device Operation Settings" "Settings menu 29 details.				
load < 20%	44.0 Vdc	22.0 Vdc	44.0 Vdc	22.0 Vdc	
20% ≤ load < 50% load ≥ 50%	40.8 Vdc 38.4 Vdc	20.4 Vdc 19.2 Vdc	40.8 Vdc 38.4 Vdc	20.4 Vdc 19.2 Vdc	
High Battery Disconnect Voltage	66 Vdc	33 Vdc	66 Vdc	33 Vdc	
High Battery Return Voltage	64 Vdc	32 Vdc	64 Vdc	32 Vdc	
DC Voltage Accuracy	± 0.3%V at no load				
DC Offset		≦ 100 mV			

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AC Output Power De-Rating in Off-Grid Mode

If the AC output load power is higher than the power in the diagram to the right, the AC output voltage will be decreased until the AC output power reaches the de-rated power specified to conserve battery. The lower limit of the AC output voltage de-rating is -20/ -40 Vac for 120 Vac models and 230 Vac models, respectively, compared to the nominal AC output voltage setting. For the PSW-H-6.5KW-120/48V the lower limit of the AC output de-rating is 95% x the nominal AC output voltage setting.



12.3 Battery Charging

Charging	Charging from AC Source						
Model		PSW-H-5KW- PSW-H-3KW- PSW-H-5KW- 230/48V 230/24V 120/48V 120/48V				P W-H-3KW- 120/24V	
	ry Charging Nominal AC age	80 Adc 120 Adc		80 Adc			
Boost	Flooded Battery	58.4 Vdc	29.2 Vdc	58.	4 Vdc	29.2 Vdc	
Charging Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	57.6 Vdc	28.8 Vdc	57.6 Vdc		28.8 Vdc	
Floating C	harging Voltage	55.2 Vdc	27.6 Vdc	55.	2 Vdc	27.6 Vdc	
Overchar	ge Protection	66 Vdc	33 Vdc	66	Vdc	33 Vdc	

Charging Algorithm

4-Stage with Equalization

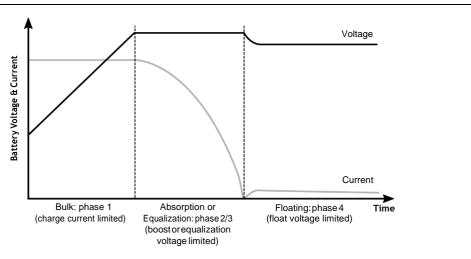
Charging Curve

If battery type "User-defined" is set in chapter "Device Operation
Settings" "Settings menu 05", the charging parameters are set with the following settings menus:

Charge current limit: 11 Boost voltage: 26 Boost duration: 32 Float voltage: 27

Equalization: 33, 34, 35, 36,

37



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Charging from MPPT Solar Charge Controller						
Model	PSW-H-5KW- 230/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 230/24V	PSW-H-5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-6.5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 120/24V	
Number of Independent MPPTs	1	1		2	1	
Max. Usable Solar Power	4800 W	4000 W (2400 W for battery charging)	2400 W per MPPT	4000 W per MPPT	4000 W (2400 W for battery charging)	
Max. Solar Array Power	6000 Wp	5000 Wp	3000Wp per MPPT	5000Wp per MPPT	5000 Wp	
Max. Solar Array Open Circuit Voltage, Overvoltage Category	450 Vd	c, OVC II		250 Vdc, OVC II		
Solar Array MPP Voltage Range	120 ~ 430 Vdc	90 ~ 430 Vdc	90 Vdc ~ 230 Vdc			
Max. Usable Solar Input Current	22 /	Adc	18 Adc per MPPT, 30 Adc total	18 Adc per MPPT, 36 Adc total	22 Adc	
MPPT Start-Up Voltage	110 Vdc ± 10Vdc	80 Vdc ± 5Vdc				

12.4 General

Model	PSW-H-5KW- 230/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 230/24V	PSW-H-5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-6.5KW- 120/48V	PSW-H-3KW- 120/24V
Certifications	RoHS, produced in ISO 9001 & ISO 14001 certified facility				
	CE, C _ĉ (CMIM Morocco)			UL1741, CSA C22.2 No. 107.1- 16,FCC Class A	
Idle Self-Consumption (only supplied by battery when PV and AC input are unavailable)	< 40 W		< 58 W		< 40 W
Operating Temperature Range	-10 ~ 50 °C, 14 ~ 122 °F		-10 ~ 40 °C, 14 ~ 104 °F for UL compatibility; up to 50 °C, 122 °F without UL compatibility		
Storage Temperature	-15 ~ 60 °C				
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (non-condensing)				
Ingress Protection, Pollution Degree	IP21, pollution degree 2, for indoor use				
Housing Dimensions (H x W x D)	478 x 309 x 143 mm 18.8 x 12.2 x 5.6 in		584 x 433 x 148 mm / 23 x 17 x 5.8 in	584 (651) x 433 x 148 mm / 23 (25.6) x 17 x 5.8 in (with extension box)	478 x 309 x 143mm/18.8 x12.2x5.6 in
Net Weight	12 kg / 26 lbs	11.2 kg/ 24.7 lbs	18 kg / 40 lbs	18.2 kg / 40 lbs	12 kg / 27 lbs

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13.0 Warranty

13.1 Conditions

We warranty this product against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 24 months from the date of purchase and will repair or replace any defective unit when directly returned, postage paid, to Phocos. This warranty will be considered void if the unit has suffered any obvious physical damage or alteration either internally or externally. This warranty does not cover damage arising from improper use, such as plugging the unit into unsuitable power sources, attempting to operate products that require excessive power consumption, or use in unsuitable environments. This is the only warranty the company makes. No other warranties express or implied including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Repair and replacement are your sole remedies and the company shall not be liable for damages, whether direct, incidental, and special or consequential, even if caused by negligence.

Further details about our warranty conditions can be found at www.phocos.com.

13.2 Liability Exclusion

The manufacturer shall not be liable for damages, especially on the battery, caused by use other than as intended or as mentioned in this manual or if the recommendations of the battery manufacturer are neglected. The manufacturer shall not be liable if there has been service or repair carried out by any unauthorized person, unusual use, wrong installation, or incorrect system design.

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