



FCC PART 15, SUBPART C ISEDC RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

TEST REPORT

For

Focal Systems Inc.

1300 Old Bayshore Hwy # 255,
Burlingame, CA 94010, USA

**FCC ID: 2A28Z-EL1000
IC: 27892-EL1000**

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Focal Board
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report **must not** be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA*, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk “*” (d012)

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R2104084-247	Original Report	2021-09-30
1	R2104084-247	Updated based on 17065 review comments.	2021-12-14

1 General Description

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test report was prepared on behalf of *Focal Systems Inc* and their product model: *EL1000, FCC ID: 2A28Z-EL1000, IC: 27892-EL1000*, or the “EUT” as referred to in this report. The EUT Focal Board is a radio transmitter that will be used inside battery powered cameras transmitting on 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi and BLE.

1.2 Objective

This report was prepared on behalf of *Focal Systems Inc*, in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and C of the Federal Communication Commission’s rules and ISEDC RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017.

The objective was to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and ISEDC RSS-247 rules for Output Power, Antenna Requirements, 6 dB Bandwidth, Power Spectral Density, 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges Measurement, Conducted and Radiated Spurious Emissions.

1.3 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

1.4 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247.

1.5 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.57 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.48dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.57dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.0 dB
AC power line Conducted Emission	±2.0 dB
Temperature	±2 ° C
Humidity	±5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	±1.0 %
Time	±2 %
Duty Cycle	±3 %

1.6 Test Facility Registrations

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently recognized by the Federal Communications Commission as Accredited with NIST Designation Number US1129.

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently registered with Industry Canada under Registration Numbers: 3062A-1, 3062A-2, and 3062A-3.

BACL is a Chinese Taipei Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) validated Conformity Assessment Body (CAB), under Appendix B, Phase I Procedures of the APEC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA). BACL's BSMI Lab Code Number is: SL2-IN-E-1002R

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform AC Line Conducted Emissions, Telecommunications Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and Radiated Emissions from 1 GHz to 6 GHz are currently recognized as Accredited in accordance with the Voluntary Control Council for Interference [VCCI] Article 15 procedures under Registration Number A-0027.

1.7 Test Facility Accreditations

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

A- An independent, 3rd-Party, Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by A2LA (Test Laboratory Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.02), in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications. Unless noted by an Asterisk (*) in the Compliance Matrix (See Section 3 of this Test Report), BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Scope of Accreditation includes all of the Test Method Standards and/or the Product Family Standards detailed in this Test Report.

BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Scope of Accreditation includes a comprehensive suite of EMC Emissions, EMC Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and wireline Telecommunications test methods applicable to a wide range of product categories. These product categories include Central Office Telecommunications Equipment [including NEBS - Network Equipment Building Systems], Unlicensed and Licensed Wireless and RF devices, Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Scientific and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Industrial and Scientific Instruments and Laboratory Apparatus; Cable Distribution Systems, and Energy Efficient Lighting.

B- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.03) to certify

- For the USA (Federal Communications Commission):

- 1- All Unlicensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes A1, A2, A3, and A4;
- 2- All Licensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes B1, B2, B3, and B4;
- 3- All Telephone Terminal Equipment within FCC Scope C.

- For the Canada (Industry Canada):

- 1 All Scope 1-Licence-Exempt Radio Frequency Devices;
- 2 All Scope 2-Licensed Personal Mobile Radio Services;
- 3 All Scope 3-Licensed General Mobile & Fixed Radio Services;
- 4 All Scope 4-Licensed Maritime & Aviation Radio Services;
- 5 All Scope 5-Licensed Fixed Microwave Radio Services
- 6 All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List.

- For Singapore (Info-Communications Development Authority (IDA)):

- 1 All Line Terminal Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Line Terminal Equipment – Table 1 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2

2. All Radio-Communication Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Radio-Communication Equipment – Table 2 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2

- For the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region:

- 1 All Radio Equipment, per KHCA 10XX-series Specifications;
- 2 All GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment, per HKCA 12XX-series Specifications;
- 3 All Fixed Network Equipment, per HKCA 20XX-series Specifications.

- For Japan:

- 1 MIC Telecommunication Business Law (Terminal Equipment):
 - All Scope A1 - Terminal Equipment for the Purpose of Calls;
 - All Scope A2 - Other Terminal Equipment
- 2 Radio Law (Radio Equipment):
 - All Scope B1 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 1 of the Radio Law
 - All Scope B2 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Radio Law
 - All Scope B3 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 3 of the Radio Law

C- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.01) to certify Products to USA's Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ENERGY STAR Product Specifications for:

- 1 Electronics and Office Equipment:
 - for Telephony (ver. 3.0)
 - for Audio/Video (ver. 3.0)
 - for Battery Charging Systems (ver. 1.1)
 - for Set-top Boxes & Cable Boxes (ver. 4.1)
 - for Televisions (ver. 6.1)
 - for Computers (ver. 6.0)
 - for Displays (ver. 6.0)
 - for Imaging Equipment (ver. 2.0)
 - for Computer Servers (ver. 2.0)
- 2 Commercial Food Service Equipment
 - for Commercial Dishwashers (ver. 2.0)
 - for Commercial Ice Machines (ver. 2.0)
 - for Commercial Ovens (ver. 2.1)
 - for Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- 3 Lighting Products
 - For Decorative Light Strings (ver. 1.5)
 - For Luminaires (including sub-components) and Lamps (ver. 1.2)
 - For Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) (ver. 4.3)
 - For Integral LED Lamps (ver. 1.4)
- 4 Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products
 - for Residential Ceiling Fans (ver. 3.0)
 - for Residential Ventilating Fans (ver. 3.2)
- 5 Other
 - For Water Coolers (ver. 3.0)

D- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties:

- Australia: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority) – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- Canada: (Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada - ISEDC) Foreign Certification Body – FCB – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Chinese Taipei (Republic of China – Taiwan):
 - o BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

- NCC (National Communications Commission) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- European Union:
 - EMC Directive 2014/30/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
 - Radio Equipment (RE) Directive 2014/53/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
 - Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU
- Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: (Office of the Telecommunications Authority – OFTA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II
- Israel – US-Israel MRA Phase I
- Republic of Korea (Ministry of Communications - Radio Research Laboratory) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I
- Singapore: (Infocomm Media Development Authority - IMDA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Japan: VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference US-Japan Telecom Treaty VCCI Side Letter
- USA:
 - ENERGY STAR Recognized Test Laboratory – US EPA
 - Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) – US FCC;
 - Nationally Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL) – US OSHA
- Vietnam: APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.10-2013 and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigation by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The test software used was EspRFTTestTool_v2.8_Manual app. The software is compliant with the standard requirements being tested against.

Radio Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Attenuation Setting	Power Setting
802.11b	2412	0	-
	2437	0	-
	2462	0	-
802.11g	2412	0	-
	2437	0	-
	2462	0	-
802.11n20	2412	0	-
	2437	0	-
	2462	5	-
802.11n40	2422	0	-
	2437	0	-
	2452	0	-
BLE	2402	-	8
	2440	-	8
	2480	-	8

Data Rates Tested:

802.11b mode: 1Mbps

802.11g mode: 6Mbps

802.11n HT20 mode: MCS0

802.11n HT40 mode: MCS0

BLE: 1Mbps

2.3 Duty Cycle Correction Factor

According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02 section 6.0:

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be utilized to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration (T) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed T at any time that data is being acquired (i.e., no transmitter off-time is to be considered).

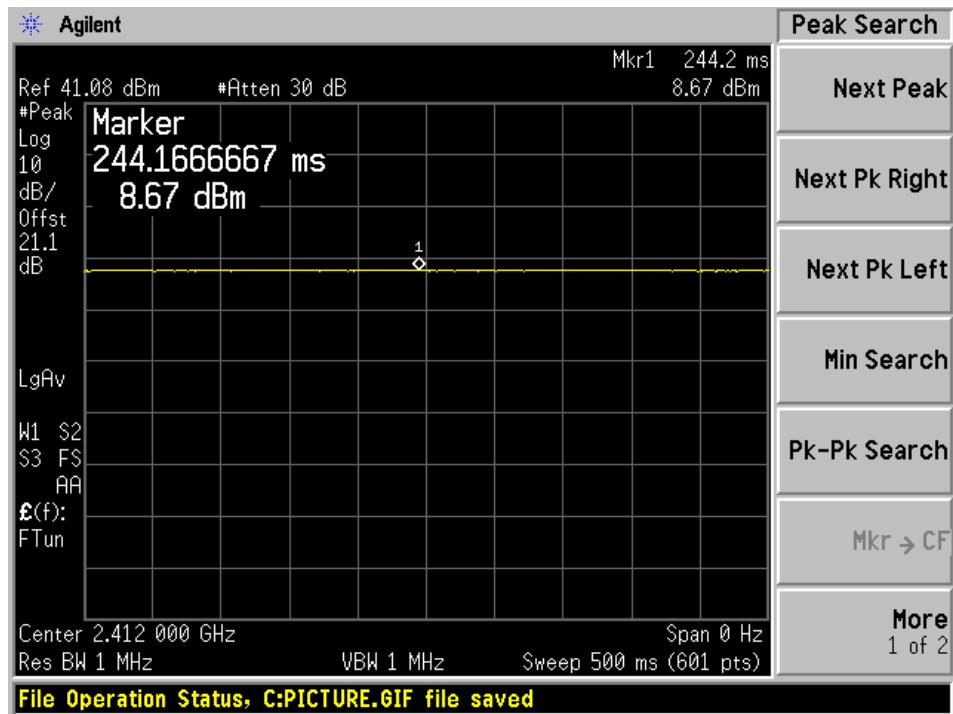
Radio Mode	On Time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
802.11b	-	-	100	0
802.11g	-	-	100	0
802.11n20	-	-	100	0
802.11n40	-	-	100	0
BLE	8.334	10.67	78.11	1.07

Duty Cycle = On Time (ms)/ Period (ms)

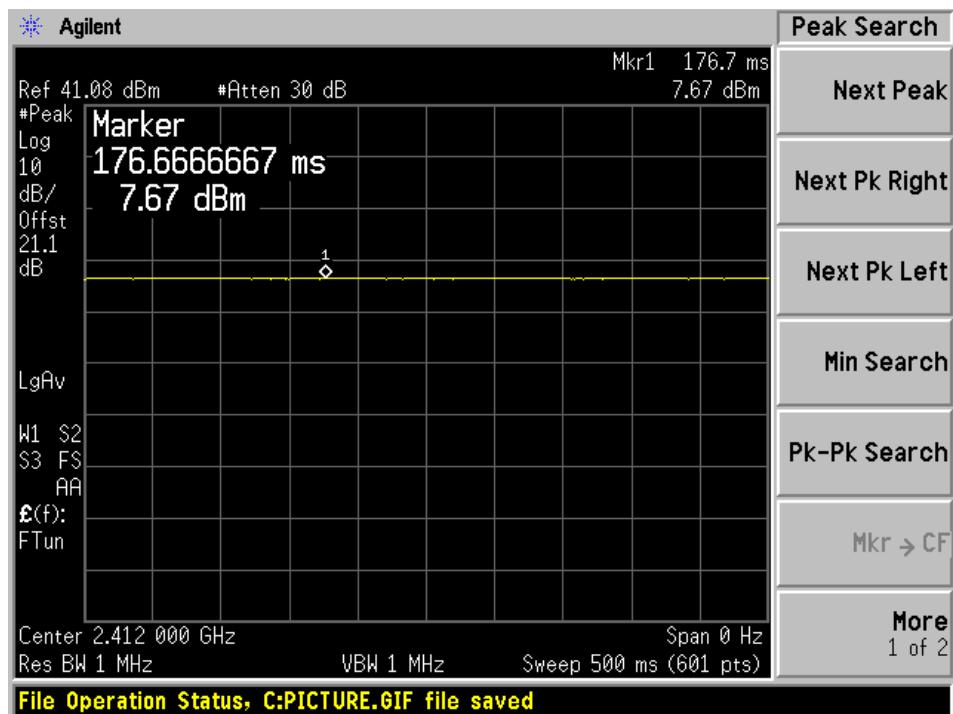
Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB) = $10 \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

Please refer to the following plots.

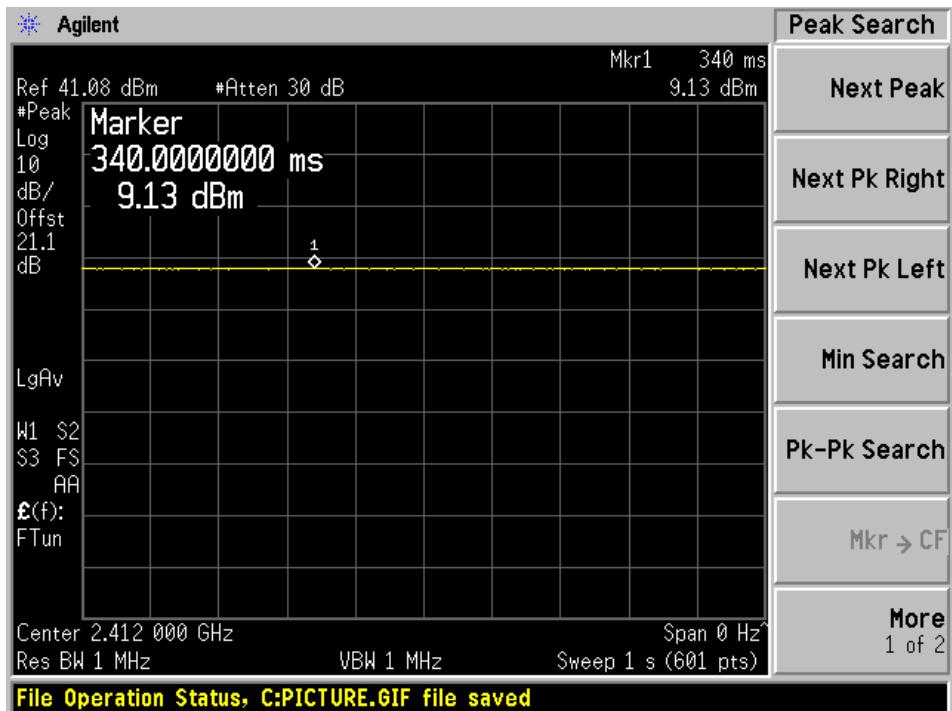
802.11b mode



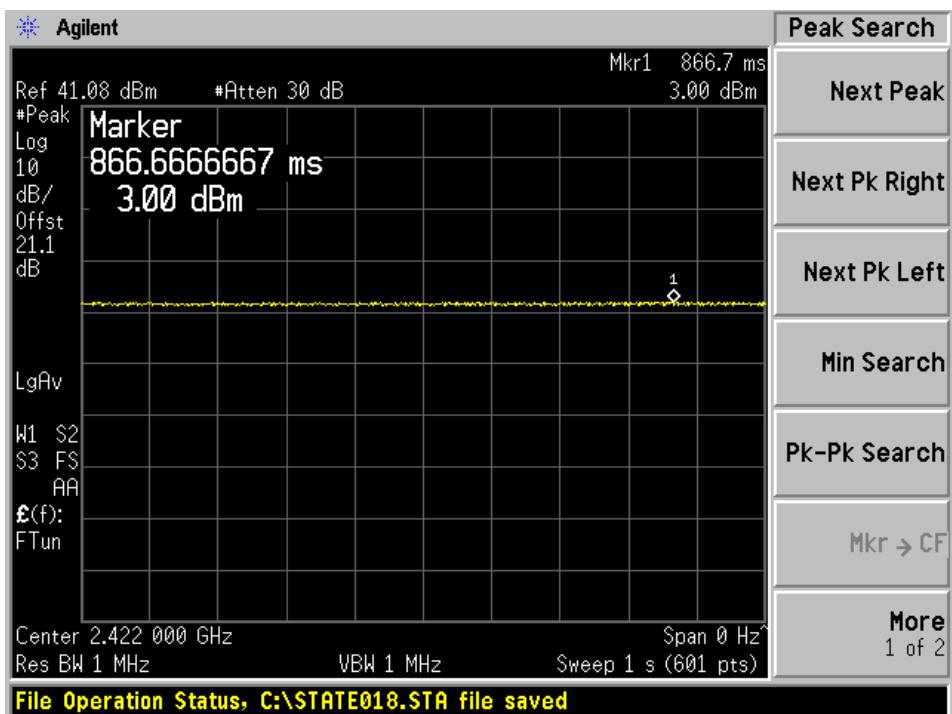
802.11g mode



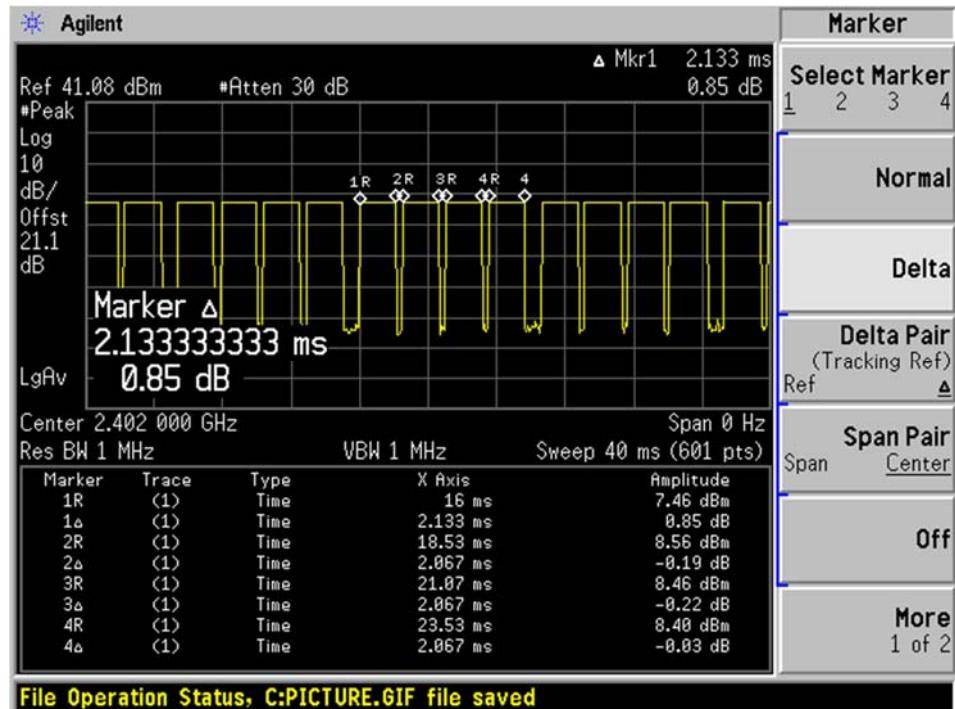
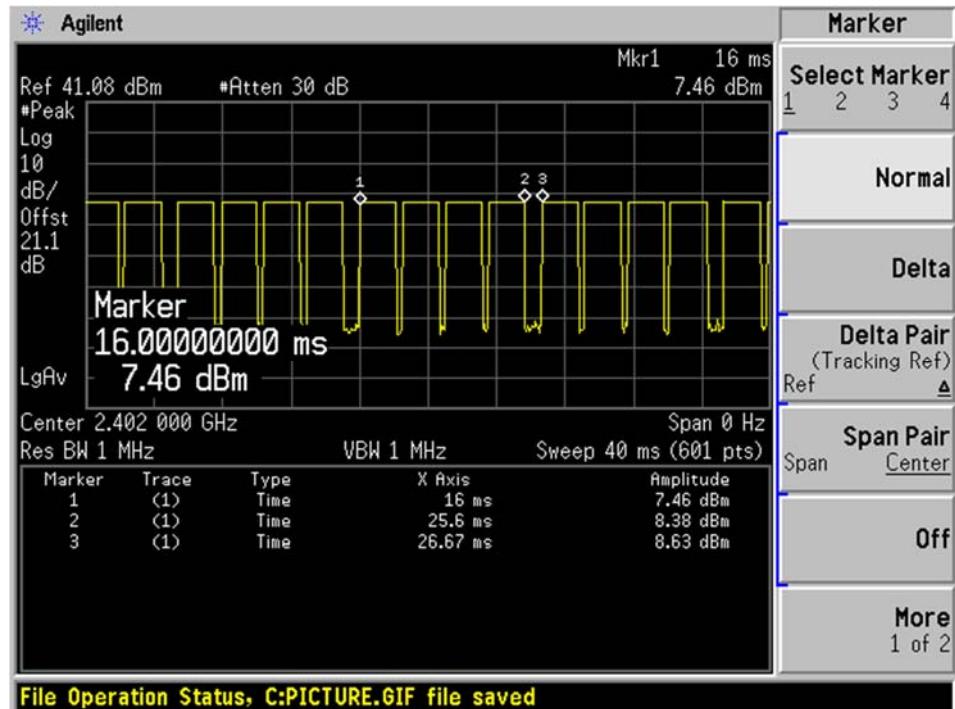
802.11n20 mode



802.11n40 mode



BLE



2.4 Equipment Modifications

N/A

2.5 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Dell	Laptop	Latitude E6410	3CKRAQ1

2.6 Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
M5Stack	USB TTL-to-UART Serial Adaptor	ESP32-Downloader	-

2.7 Power Supply/Adapter

Manufacturer	Description	Model
BeiLaMoo	Three "C" Battery Holder	BH231

2.8 Interface Ports and Cabling

Description	Length (m)	To	From
Power cables	< 1	EUT	Power Supply
USB type C	< 1	Debug board	Laptop
Jumper Cables	< 1	EUT	Debug board

3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC and ISEDC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203 ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	N/A*
FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) ISEDC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §2.1051, §15.247 (d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §2.1053, §15.205, §15.209, §15.247 (d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.9 and §8.10	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 (1)	6 dB and 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4 (4)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 (2)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

N/A*: EUT is the battery powered only.

4 FCC §15.203 & ISED RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to ISED RSS-Gen §6.8: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For license-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

4.2 Antenna Description

Antenna usage	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Type
BLE	2400-2483.5	4.4	PCB
2.4GHz Wi-Fi	2400-2483.5	4.4	PCB

Note: The antenna gain was provided by the manufacturer.

5 FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 – RF Exposure

5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB 447 498 Section (7.2), “simultaneous transmission of MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on calculated or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0 . The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum *test separation distance* required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

Where: f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of IC RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF field.

According to ISED RSS-102 Issue 5:

2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz⁶ and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

5.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

5.3 MPE Results

Radio Standalone RF Exposure Configuration

2.4 GHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b, Low Channel 2412 MHz

<u>Maximum output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>16.13</u>
<u>Maximum output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>41.0204103</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>2412</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>4.4</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>2.75</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²):</u>	<u>0.0224</u>
<u>FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²):</u>	<u>1.0</u>

BLE: High Channel 2480 MHz

<u>Maximum output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>8.77</u>
<u>Maximum output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>7.533555637</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>2480</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>4.4</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>2.75</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²):</u>	<u>0.0041</u>
<u>FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²):</u>	<u>1.0</u>

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at 20 cm distance.

5.4 RF exposure evaluation exemption for IC

2.4 GHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b, Low Channel 2412 MHz

Maximum EIRP power = $16.13 \text{ dBm} + 4.4 \text{ dBi} = 20.53 \text{ dBm}$, which is less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 2.684 \text{ W}$
34.288dBm

BLE: High Channel 2480 MHz

Maximum EIRP power = $8.77 \text{ dBm} + 4.4 \text{ dBi} = 13.17 \text{ dBm}$, which is less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 2.736 \text{ W} = 34.371 \text{ dBm}$

Therefore, the RF exposure Evaluation is not required.

6 FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3 3458 – 3 358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC §15.247 (d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per ISED RSS-Gen 8.9,

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 or Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

Table 4 – General Field Strength Limits for Licence-Exempt Transmitters at Frequencies Above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 metres)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960*	500

* Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for license-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.

As per ISED RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

6.2 Test Setup

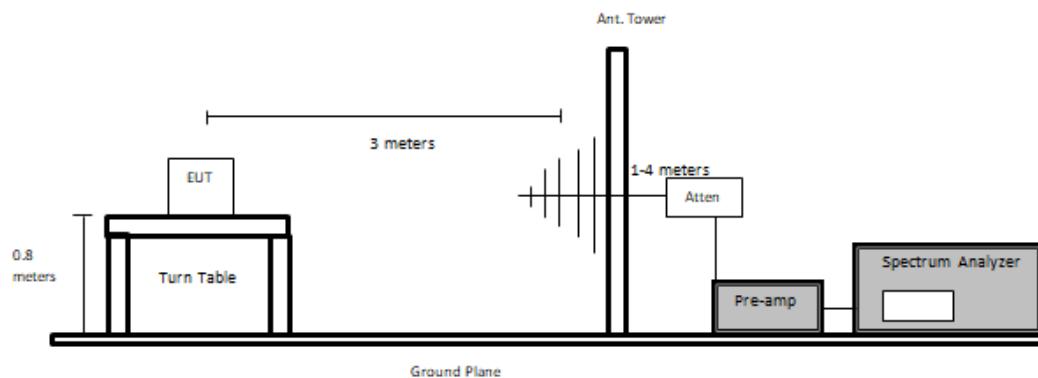
The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C and ISED RSS-247 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

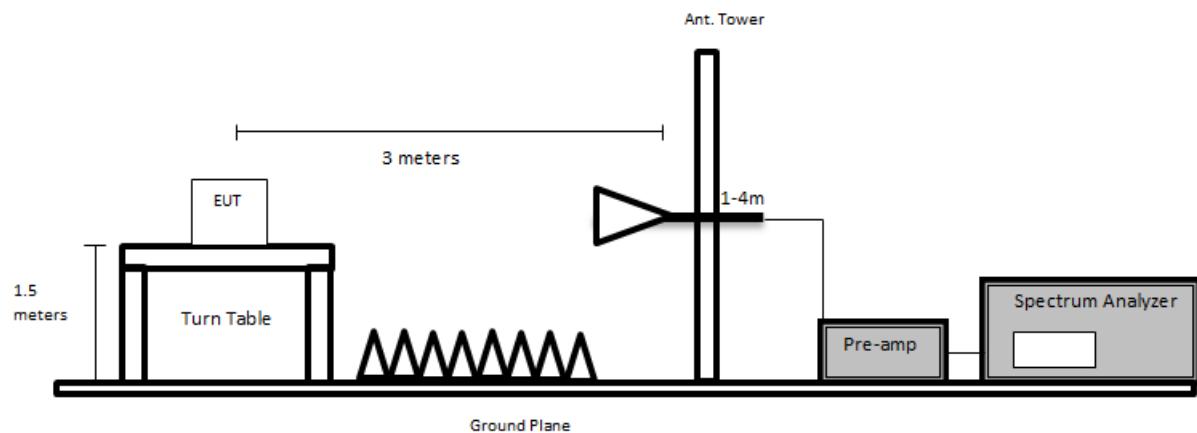
6.3 Test Setup Block Diagrams

Below 1 GHz:

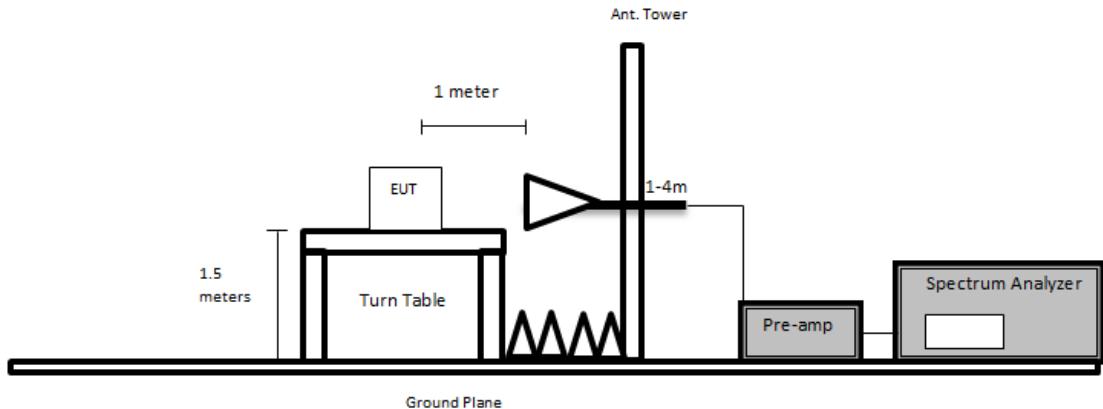


Above 1 GHz:

At 3 meters:



At 1 meter:



6.4 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords were connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT was set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which was varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT was placed on a turntable, which was 0.8 meter and 1.5 meter above the ground plane for below and above 1000 MHz measurements, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna's polarity should be changed between horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver was set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$\text{RBW} = 100 \text{ kHz} / \text{VBW} = 300 \text{ kHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$$

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak: $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$
- (2) Average: $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 10\text{Hz} \text{ or } 1/T / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$

6.5 Corrected Amplitude and Margin Calculation

For emissions below 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Correction Factor to the S.A. Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = S.A. \text{ Reading} + \text{Correction Factor}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = S.A. Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Correction Factor (7.8 dB/m)

The Correction Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) together. This calculation is done in the measurement software, and reported in the test result section. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

For emission above 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB/m) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
0310	Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950.03	100338	2020-03-17	19 months
0811	Keysight Technologies	RF Limiter	11867A	MY42243 052	2020-10-27	1 year
0287	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US443003 86	2021-04-27	1 year
-	Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC110V	122303-1	N/R	N/A
0105	HP	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3147A004 00	2021-03-02	1 year
0827	AH Systems	Preamplifier	PAM 1840 VH	170	2021-08-03	1 year
0090	Wisewave	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	10555-01	2021-04-12	1 year
0187	A.R.A	Antenna, Horn	DRG-118/A	1132	2020-02-25	2 years
0321	Sunol Sciences	Biconilog Antenna	JB3	A020106-2	2019-11-20	2 years
0459	HP	Pre Amplifier	8447D	2443A043 74	2020-08-17	14 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	Notch Filter	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
1077	Insulted Wire Corp.	157 Series 2.92 SM (x2) Armored 33 ft. Cable	KPS-1571AN-3960-KPS	DC 1917	2021-03-03	1 year
1081	MDP Digital	Times Microwave LMR 400 UltraFex Coaxial Cable 35\'	LMR400UF	BACL190 4161	2021-06-18	1 year
1101	IW Microwave	157 Series Cable Armored with 2.92mm Male Plugs	KPS-1571AN-2400	DC 1922	2021-07-06	1 year
1151	BACL	5m3 Sensitivity Box	1	2	2020-10-27	1 year

Note¹: equipment included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: **BACL Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.7 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra from 2021-09-15 to 2021-09-23 in 5m chamber 3.

6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with FCC Title 47, Part 15C and ISEDC RSS-247 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

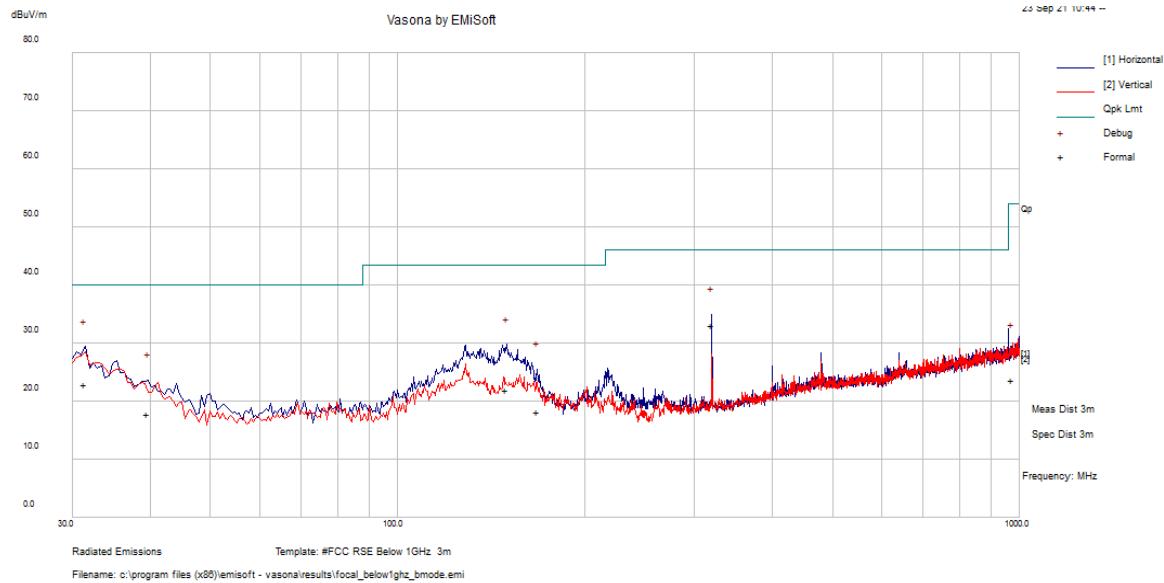
Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Mode, channel
-0.23	2483.5	Horizontal	n20 mode, High Channel

Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details

6.9 Radiated Emissions Test Results

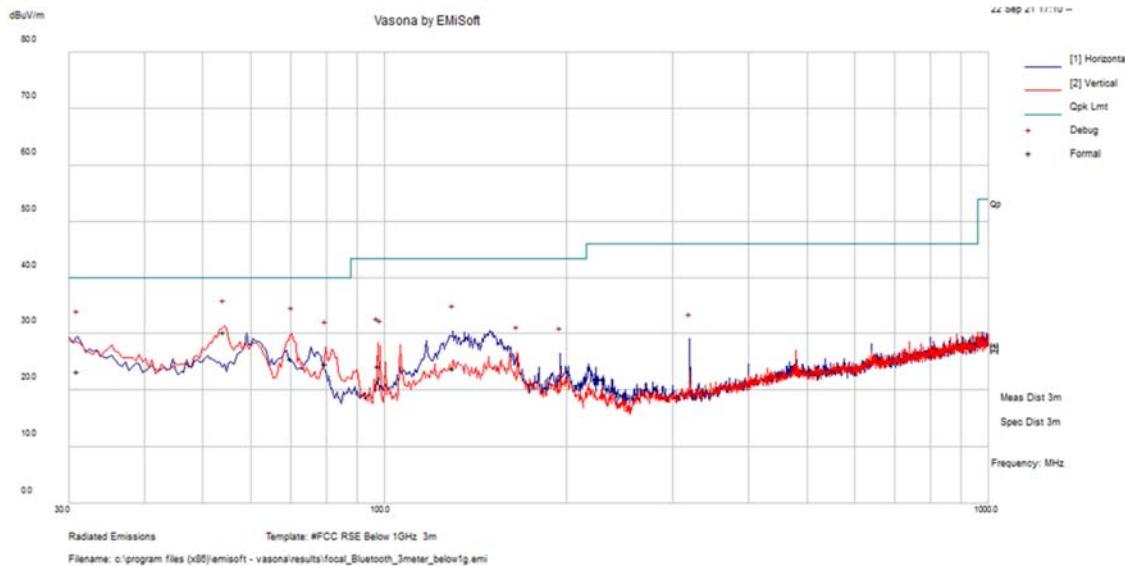
1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters

802.11b mode, Low Channel: 2412 MHz



Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
31.4365	21.44	1.37	22.8	273	H	52	40	-17.2	Pass
320.00925	37.19	-4.11	33.08	101	H	140	46	-12.92	Pass
149.31975	27.6	-5.75	21.85	157	H	67	43.5	-21.65	Pass
39.57575	22.68	-4.9	17.78	283	H	344	40	-22.22	Pass
167.6725	24.42	-6.33	18.09	285	H	303	43.5	-25.41	Pass
970.72775	17.97	5.75	23.72	213	V	222	54	-30.28	Pass

BLE, High Channel: 2480 MHz



Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
54.136	41.61	-11.4	30.21	111	V	300	40	-9.79	Pass
70.04225	35.91	-10.31	25.61	278	V	105	40	-14.39	Pass
31.02575	21.62	1.73	23.35	207	H	85	40	-16.65	Pass
79.985	35.52	-10.86	24.66	127	V	30	40	-15.34	Pass
129.9925	28.19	-4.28	23.91	236	H	281	43.5	-19.59	Pass
97.59225	32.67	-8.51	24.16	128	V	282	43.5	-19.34	Pass

2) 1–18 GHz Measured at 3 meters

802.11b mode

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz											
2390	60.18	58	95	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	56.15	74	-17.85	Peak
2390	53.22	327	95	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	49.19	74	-24.81	Peak
2390	51.25	58	95	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	47.22	54	-6.78	Ave
2390	43.36	327	95	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	39.33	54	-14.67	Ave
4824	47.29	355	110	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	54.55	74	-19.45	Peak
4824	39.92	355	110	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	47.18	54	-6.82	Ave
4824	48.44	333	150	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	55.70	74	-18.30	Peak
4824	41.11	333	150	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	48.37	54	-5.63	Ave
Middle Channel 2437 MHz											
4874	48.25	2	105	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	55.51	74	-18.49	Peak
4874	41.96	2	105	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	49.22	54	-4.78	Ave
4874	50.01	40	105	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	57.27	74	-16.73	Peak
4874	45.69	40	105	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	52.95	54	-1.05	Ave
High Channel 2462 MHz											
2483.5	59.25	35	109	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	56.05	74	-17.95	Peak
2483.5	53.58	77	95	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	50.38	74	-23.62	Peak
2483.5	52.64	35	109	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	49.44	54	-4.56	Ave
2483.5	45.69	77	95	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	42.50	54	-11.50	Ave
4924	47.99	318	150	V	33.33	9.826	35.707	55.44	74	-18.57	Peak
4924	43.19	318	150	V	33.33	9.826	35.707	50.64	54	-3.37	Ave
4924	50.73	40	105	H	33.33	9.826	35.707	58.18	74	-15.83	Peak
4924	45.75	40	105	H	33.33	9.826	35.707	53.20	54	-0.81	Ave

802.11g mode

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz											
2390	60.000	273	105	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	55.973	74	-18.027	Peak
2390	55.280	237	95	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	51.253	74	-22.747	Peak
2390	47.265	273	105	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	43.238	54	-10.762	Ave
2390	43.298	237	95	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	39.271	54	-14.729	Ave
4824	44.49	33	150	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	51.75	74	-22.25	Peak
4824	33.98	33	150	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	41.24	54	-12.76	Ave
4824	42.29	110	150	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	49.55	74	-24.45	Peak
4824	33.15	110	150	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	40.41	54	-13.59	Ave
Middle Channel 2437 MHz											
4874	42.48	247	255	V	33.20	9.826	35.707	49.80	74	-24.20	Peak
4874	32.58	247	255	V	33.20	9.826	35.707	39.90	54	-14.10	Ave
4874	44.41	3	150	H	33.20	9.826	35.707	51.73	74	-22.27	Peak
4874	32.74	3	150	H	33.20	9.826	35.707	40.06	54	-13.94	Ave
High Channel 2462 MHz											
2483.5	61.930	249	110	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	58.732	74	-15.268	Peak
2483.5	58.770	189	305	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	55.572	74	-18.428	Peak
2483.5	49.658	249	110	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	46.460	54	-7.540	Ave
2483.5	47.116	189	305	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	43.918	54	-10.082	Ave
4924	46.31	119	150	V	33.32	9.826	35.707	53.75	74	-20.25	Peak
4924	33.15	119	150	V	33.32	9.826	35.707	40.59	54	-13.41	Ave
4924	47.72	138	150	H	33.32	9.826	35.707	55.16	74	-18.84	Peak
4924	35.89	138	150	H	33.32	9.826	35.707	43.33	54	-10.67	Ave

802.11n20 mode

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2412 MHz											
2390	66.3000	338	95	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	62.27	74	-11.73	Peak
2390	63.2100	230	95	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	59.18	74	-14.82	Peak
2390	52.8910	338	95	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	48.86	54	-5.14	Ave
2390	49.9880	230	95	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	45.96	54	-8.04	Ave
4824	45.29	193	150	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	52.55	74	-21.45	Peak
4824	32.98	193	150	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	40.24	54	-13.76	Ave
4824	44.77	280	150	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	52.03	74	-21.97	Peak
4824	32.64	280	150	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	39.90	54	-14.10	Ave
Middle Channel 2437 MHz											
4874	44.41	161	102	V	33.20	9.826	35.707	51.73	74	-22.27	Peak
4874	32.95	161	102	V	33.20	9.826	35.707	40.27	54	-13.73	Ave
4874	45.70	139	105	H	33.20	9.826	35.707	53.02	74	-20.98	Peak
4874	33.11	139	105	H	33.20	9.826	35.707	40.43	54	-13.57	Ave
High Channel 2462 MHz											
2483.5	71.49	235	150	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	68.29	74	-5.71	Peak
2483.5	67.39	186	296	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	64.19	74	-9.81	Peak
2483.5	56.9650	235	150	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	53.77	54	-0.23	Ave
2483.5	53.34	186	296	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	50.14	54	-3.86	Ave
4924	46.08	140	150	V	33.32	9.826	35.707	53.52	74	-20.48	Peak
4924	32.98	140	150	V	33.32	9.826	35.707	40.42	54	-13.58	Ave
4924	48.10	142	150	H	33.32	9.826	35.707	55.54	74	-18.46	Peak
4924	35.85	142	150	H	33.32	9.826	35.707	43.29	54	-10.71	Ave

802.11n40 mode

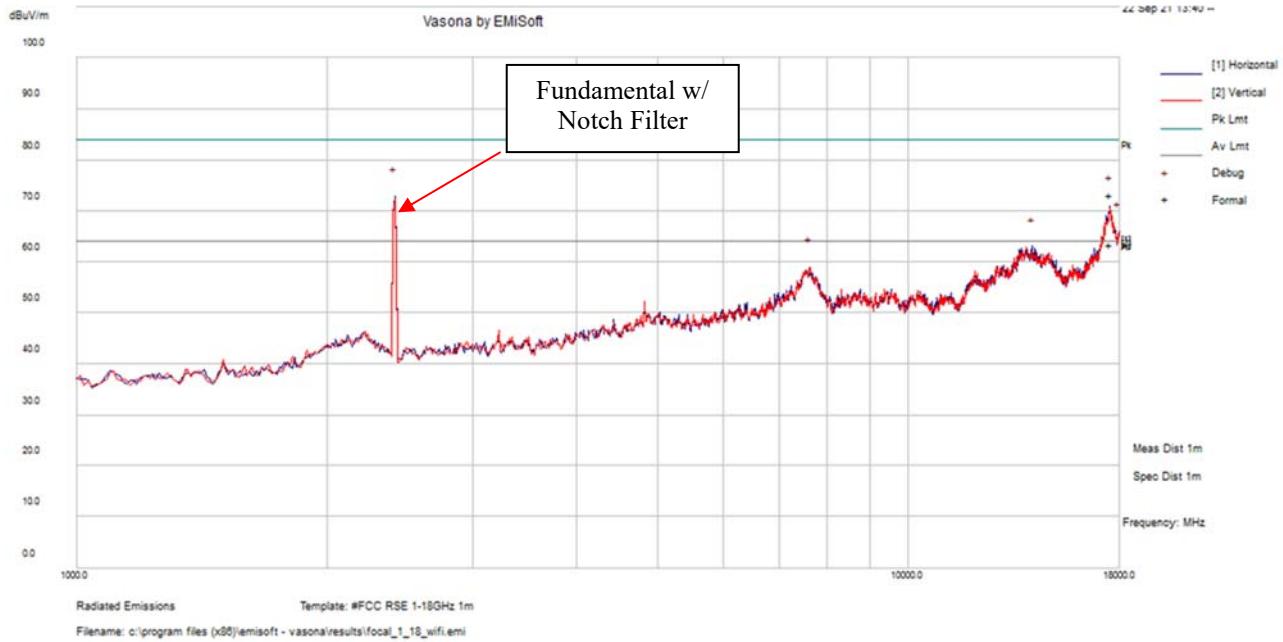
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2422 MHz											
2390	66.12	285	117	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	62.09	74	-11.91	Peak
2390	59.26	164	305	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	55.23	74	-18.77	Peak
2390	53.91	285	117	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	49.88	54	-4.12	Ave
2390	46.71	164	305	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	42.69	54	-11.31	Ave
4844	45.29	86	150	V	32.20	9.826	35.707	51.61	74	-22.39	Peak
4844	32.58	86	150	V	32.20	9.826	35.707	38.90	54	-15.10	Ave
4844	45.50	130	137	H	32.20	9.826	35.707	51.82	74	-22.18	Peak
4844	32.91	130	137	H	32.20	9.826	35.707	39.23	54	-14.77	Ave
Middle Channel 2437 MHz											
4874	44.75	120	150	V	33.20	9.826	35.707	52.07	74	-21.93	Peak
4874	33.24	120	150	V	33.20	9.826	35.707	40.56	54	-13.44	Ave
4874	45.70	226	150	H	33.20	9.826	35.707	53.02	74	-20.98	Peak
4874	32.58	226	150	H	33.20	9.826	35.707	39.90	54	-14.10	Ave
High Channel 2452 MHz											
2483.5	67.44	78	150	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	64.24	74	-9.76	Peak
2483.5	59.24	138	305	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	56.04	74	-17.96	Peak
2483.5	56.59	78	150	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	53.39	54	-0.61	Ave
2483.5	47.90	138	305	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	44.71	54	-9.29	Ave
4904	45.84	196	150	V	33.32	9.826	35.707	53.28	74	-20.72	Peak
4904	34.15	196	150	V	33.32	9.826	35.707	41.59	54	-12.41	Ave
4904	46.34	130	167	H	33.32	9.826	35.707	53.78	74	-20.22	Peak
4904	35.34	130	167	H	33.32	9.826	35.707	42.78	54	-11.22	Ave

BLE mode

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/IC		Comments
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel 2402 MHz											
2390	51.770	289	150	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	47.74	74	-26.26	Peak
2390	48.980	165	305	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	44.95	74	-29.05	Peak
2390	39.792	289	150	H	27.923	4.913	36.863	35.77	54	-18.24	Ave
2390	37.759	165	305	V	27.923	4.913	36.863	33.73	54	-20.27	Ave
4804	49.440	360	305	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	56.70	74	-17.30	Peak
4804	37.726	360	305	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	44.99	54	-9.01	Ave
4804	49.410	320	98	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	56.67	74	-17.33	Peak
4804	40.997	320	98	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	48.26	54	-5.74	Ave
Middle Channel 2440 MHz											
4880	49.020	360	278	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	56.28	74	-17.72	Peak
4880	40.972	360	278	V	33.14	9.826	35.707	48.23	54	-5.77	Ave
4880	48.270	298	305	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	55.53	74	-18.47	Peak
4880	40.008	298	305	H	33.14	9.826	35.707	47.27	54	-6.73	Ave
High Channel 2480 MHz											
2483.5	55.030	283	232	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	50.76	74	-22.17	Peak
2483.5	50.010	19	238	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	45.74	74	-27.19	Peak
2483.5	43.119	283	232	H	28.752	4.913	36.863	38.85	54	-14.08	Ave
2483.5	37.193	19	238	V	28.752	4.913	36.863	32.93	54	-20.01	Ave
4960	49.630	147	291	V	33.33	9.826	35.707	57.08	74	-16.93	Peak
4960	42.769	147	291	V	33.33	9.826	35.707	50.21	54	-3.79	Ave
4960	51.140	302	132	H	33.33	9.826	35.707	58.59	74	-15.42	Peak
4960	44.813	302	132	H	33.33	9.826	35.707	52.26	54	-1.74	Ave

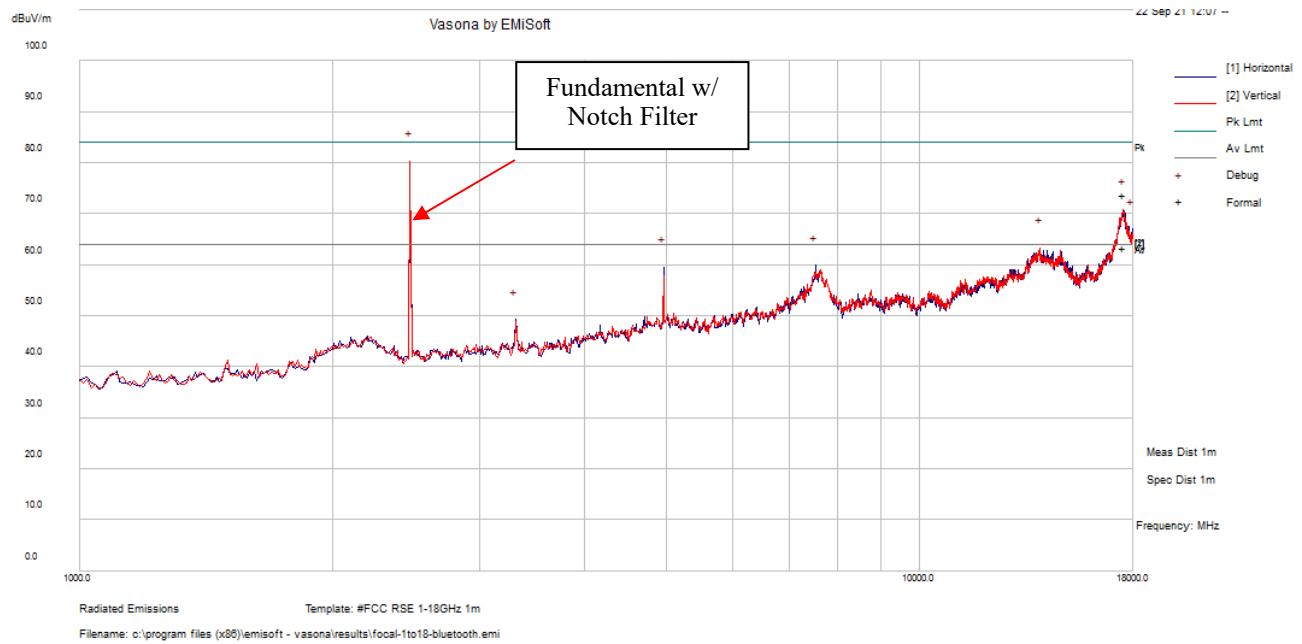
3) 1–18 GHz Measured at 1 meter

Worst case: 802.11b mode 2412 MHz Low Channel



Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
17520.49	41.32	31.96	73.29	213	H	159	84	-10.71	Peak
17520.49	31.33	31.96	63.29	213	H	159	64	-0.71	Avg

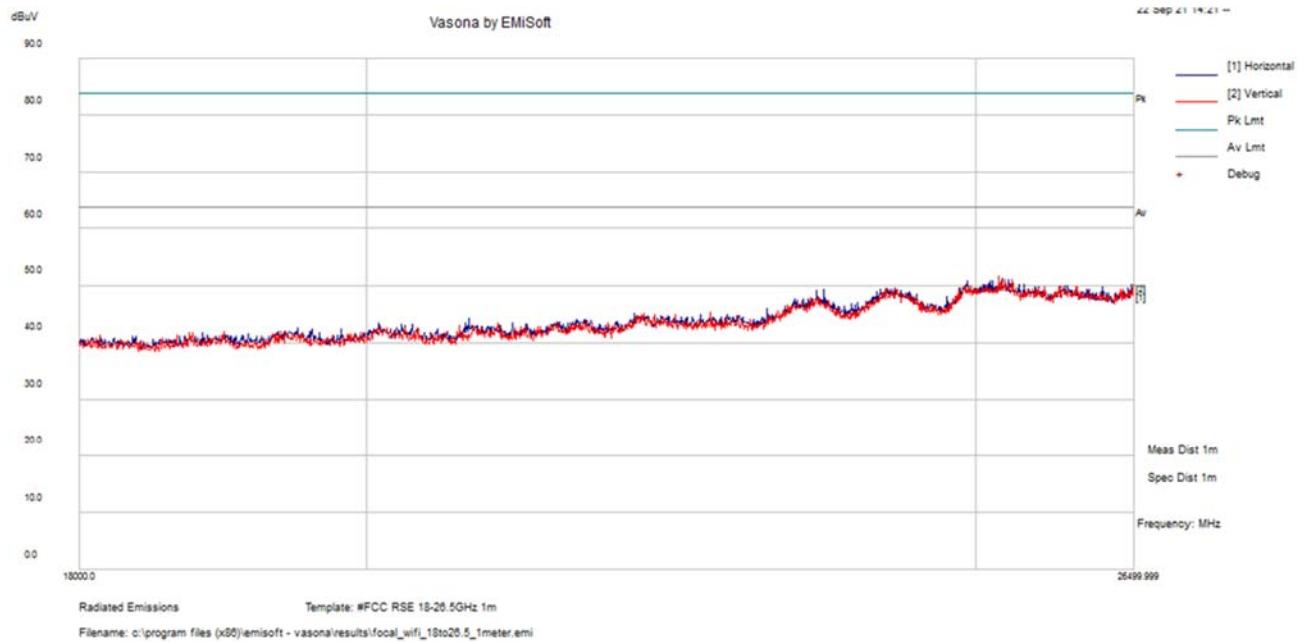
Worst case: BLE 2480 MHz High Channel



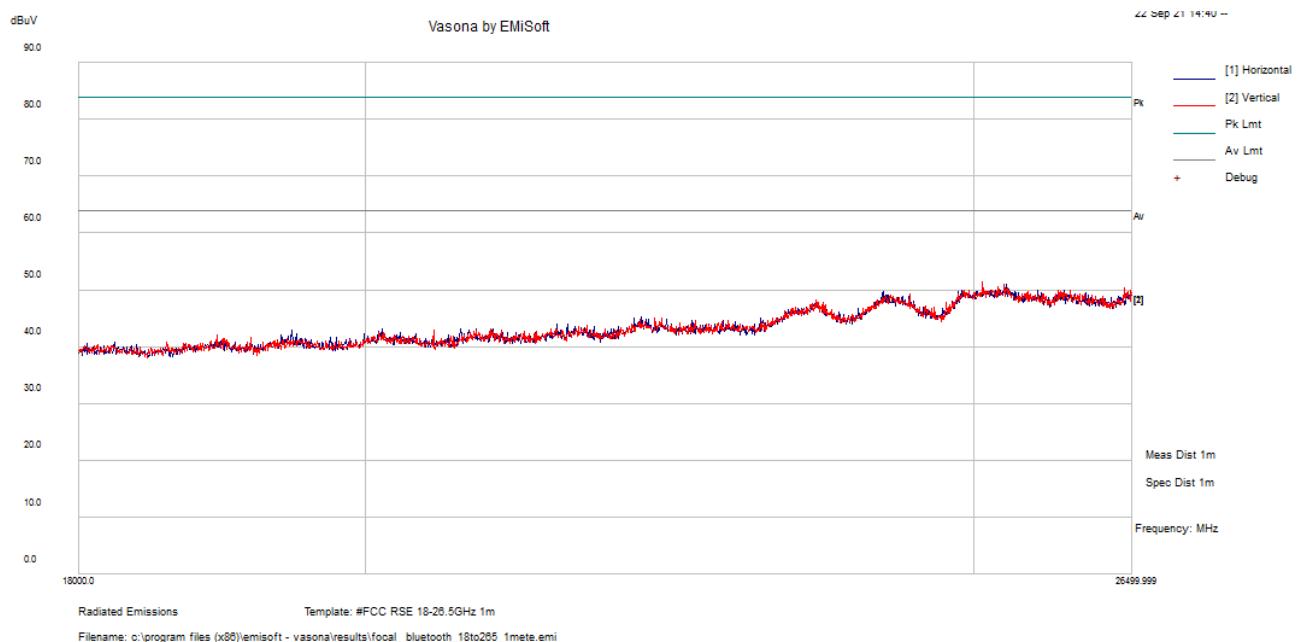
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
17509.78	41.73	31.96	73.69	237	H	174	84	-10.31	Peak
17509.78	31.36	31.96	63.32	237	H	174	64	-0.68	Avg

4) 18 – 26.5 GHz Measured at 1 meter

Worst case: 802.11b mode 2412 MHz, Low Channel



Worst case: BLE 2480 MHz, High Channel



7 FCC §15.247(a) (2) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 -Emission Bandwidth

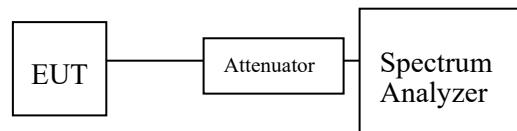
7.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(a) (2) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2, systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

7.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8: DTS bandwidth

7.3 Test Setup Diagram



7.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BacI No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
0287	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US44300386	2021-04-27	12 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	20 dB attenuator	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: **BACI Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 “A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability”.

7.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.6° C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-09-15 in RF site.

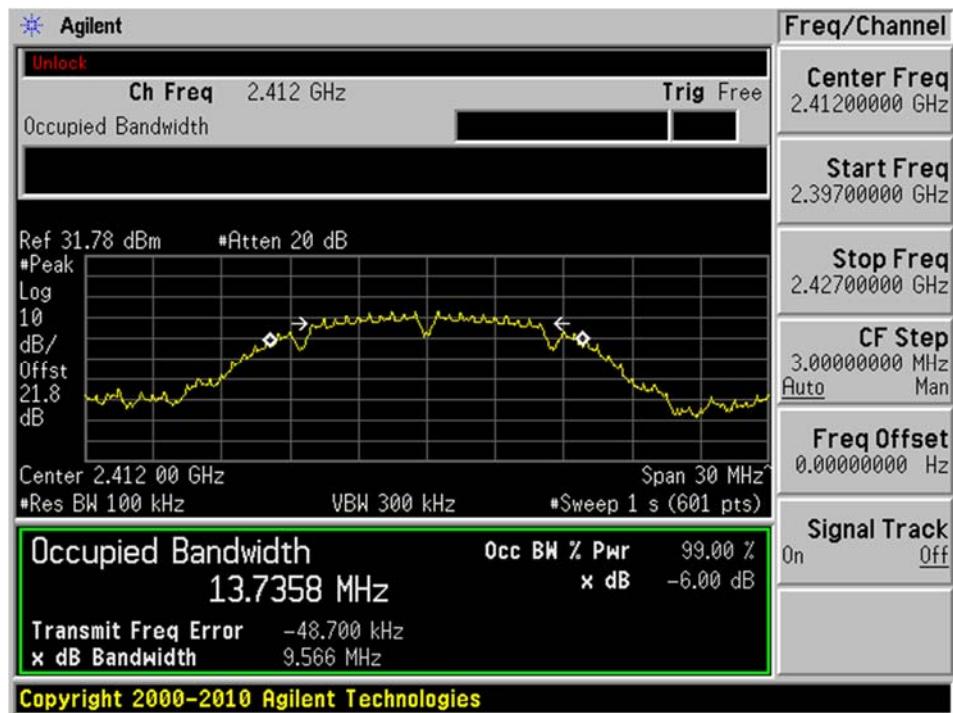
7.6 Test Results

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB OBW (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	6 dB OBW Limit (kHz)	Result
802.11b	Low	2412	9.566	13.8128	≥ 500	Pass
	Middle	2437	10.004	13.9652	≥ 500	Pass
	High	2462	9.566	13.8810	≥ 500	Pass
802.11g	Low	2412	16.447	16.5279	≥ 500	Pass
	Middle	2437	16.449	16.5848	≥ 500	Pass
	High	2462	16.444	16.5425	≥ 500	Pass
802.11n20	Low	2412	17.109	17.3792	≥ 500	Pass
	Middle	2437	17.096	17.4104	≥ 500	Pass
	High	2462	17.315	17.3833	≥ 500	Pass
802.11n40	Low	2422	33.044	34.3873	≥ 500	Pass
	Middle	2437	33.060	34.4345	≥ 500	Pass
	High	2452	32.976	34.3870	≥ 500	Pass
BLE	Low	2402	0.606	1.0226	≥ 500	Pass
	Middle	2440	0.613	1.0232	≥ 500	Pass
	High	2480	0.609	1.0234	≥ 500	Pass

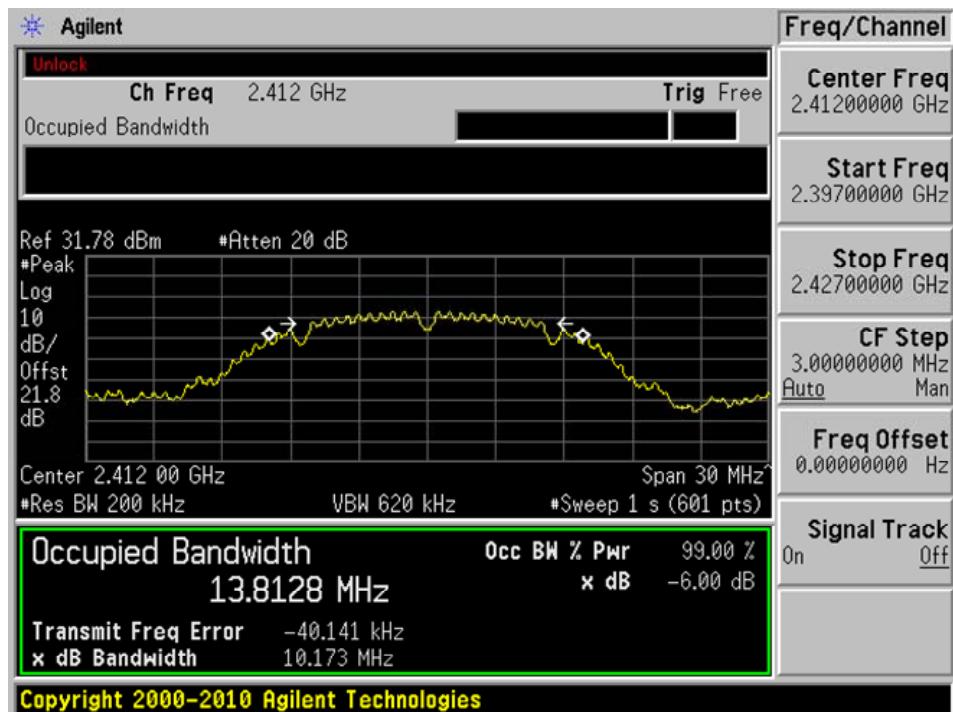
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results:

802.11b mode

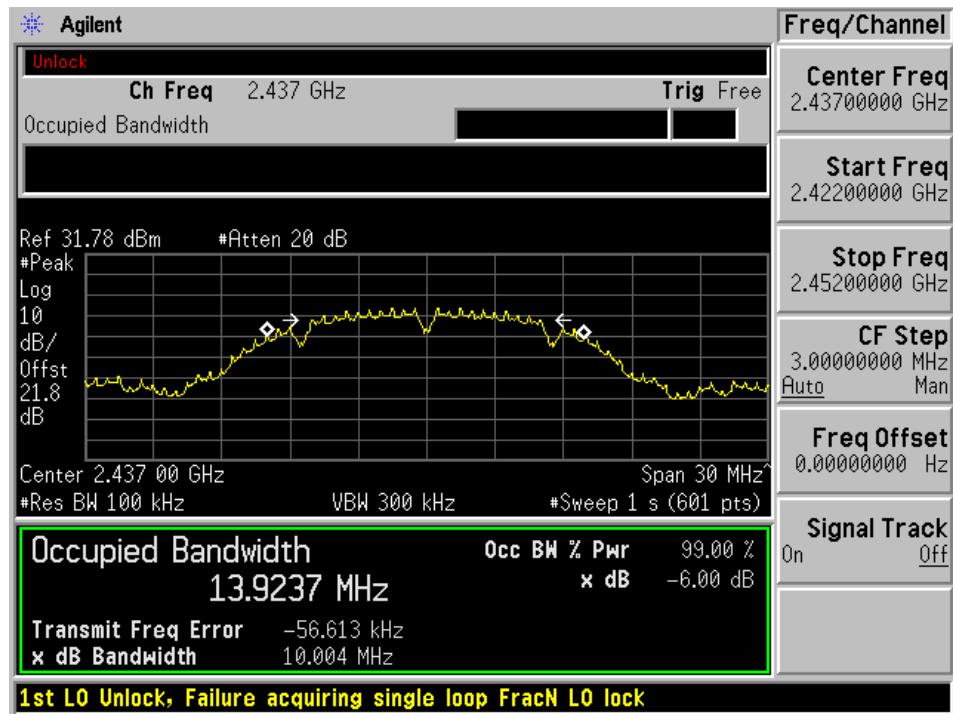
Low Channel 6 dB OBW



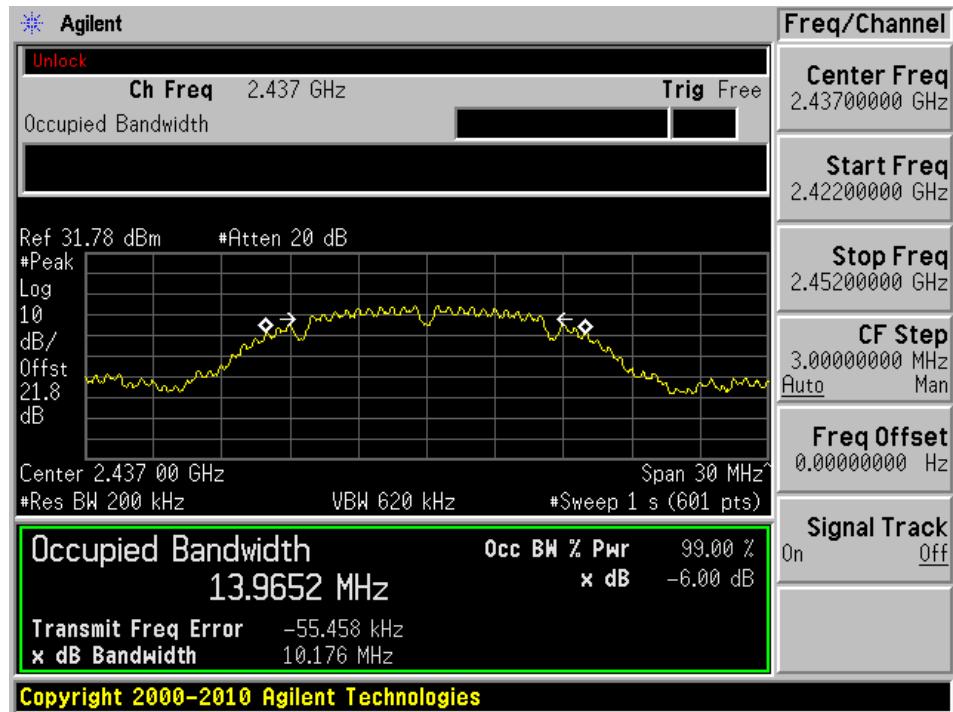
Low Channel 99% dB OBW



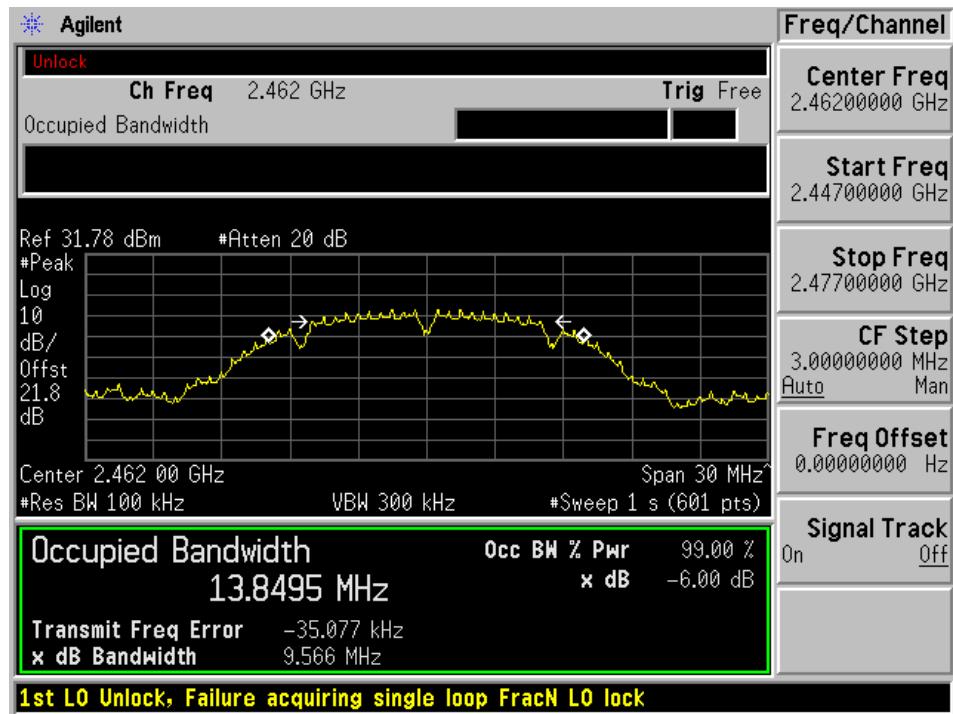
Mid Channel 6 dB OBW



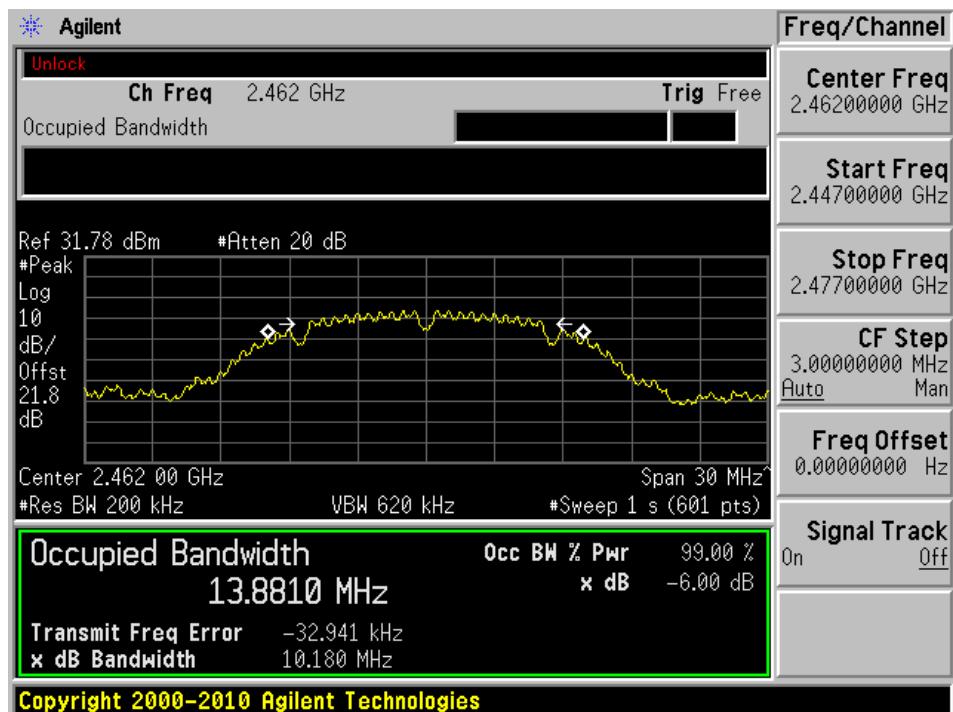
Mid Channel 99% dB OBW



High Channel 6 dB OBW

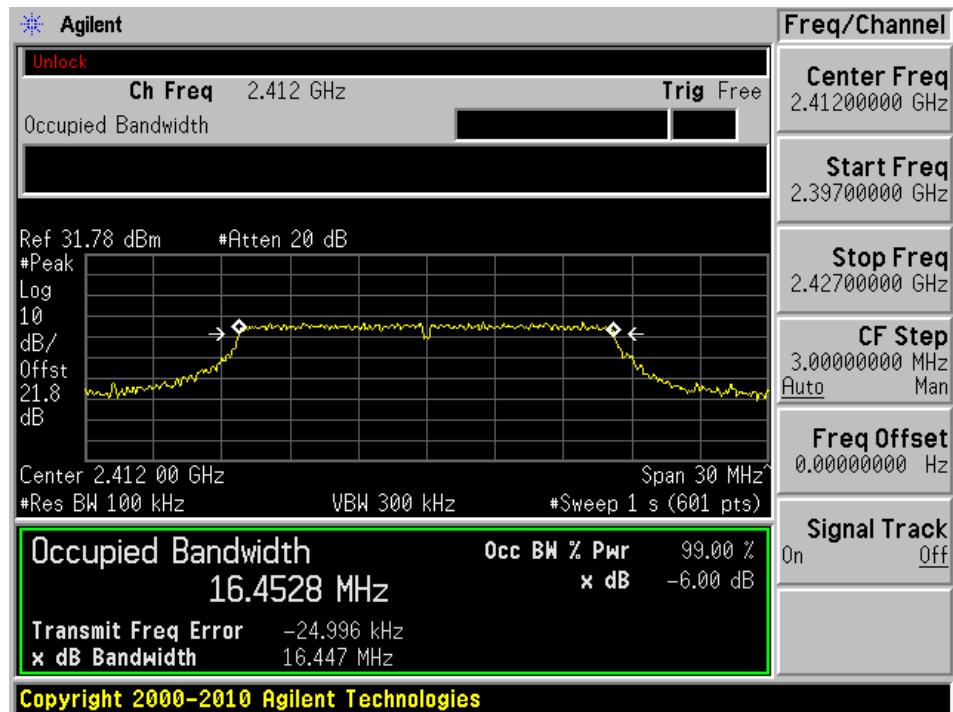


High Channel 99% dB OBW

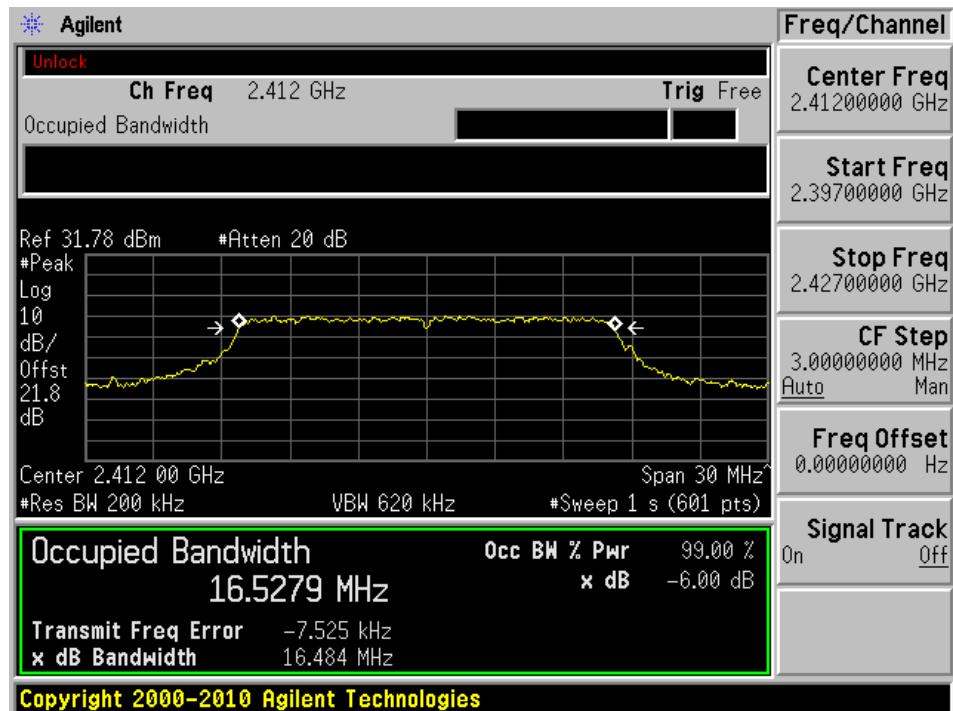


802.11g mode

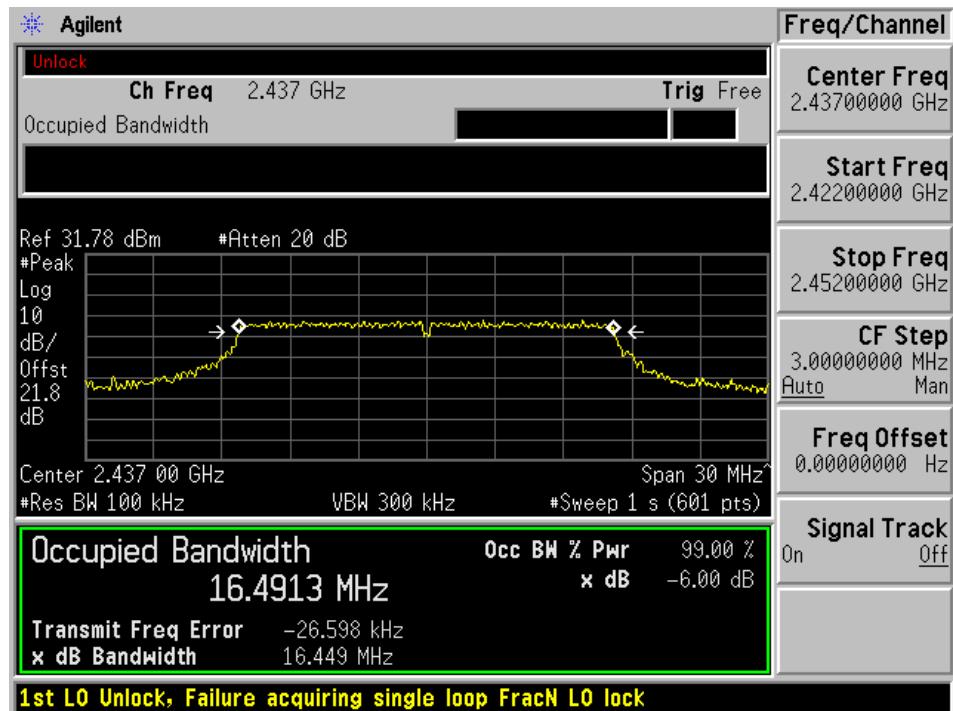
Low Channel 6 dB OBW



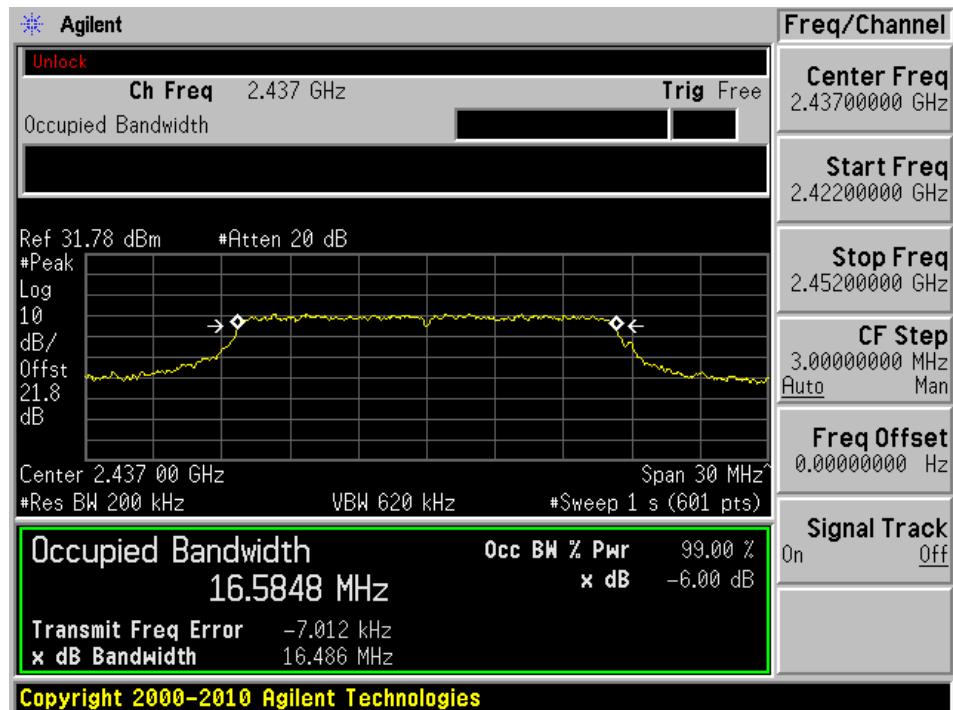
Low Channel 99% dB OBW



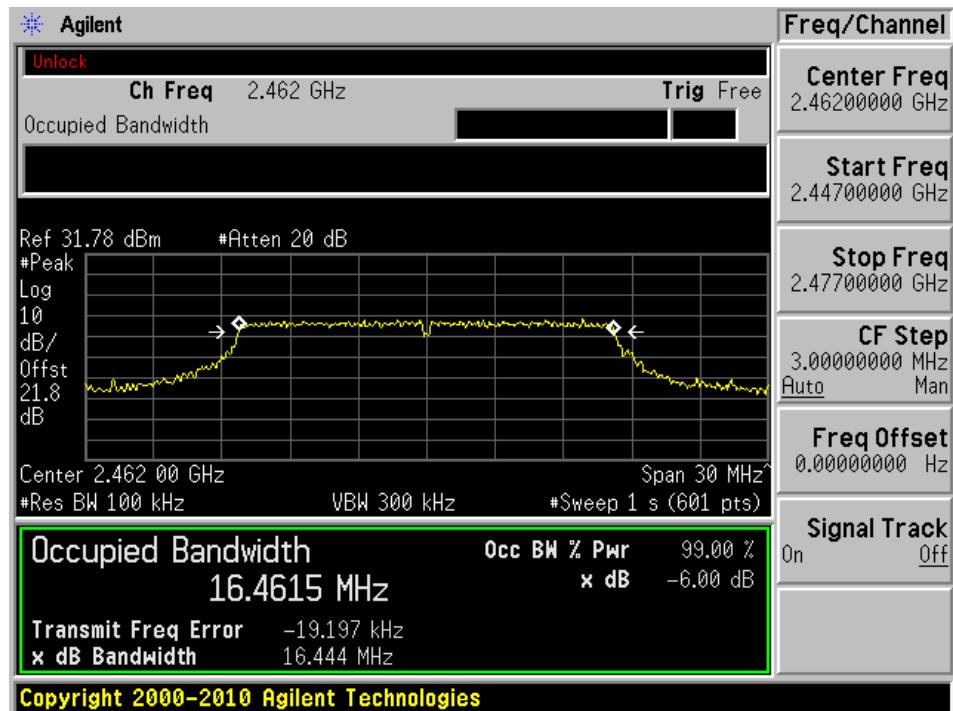
Mid Channel 6 dB OBW



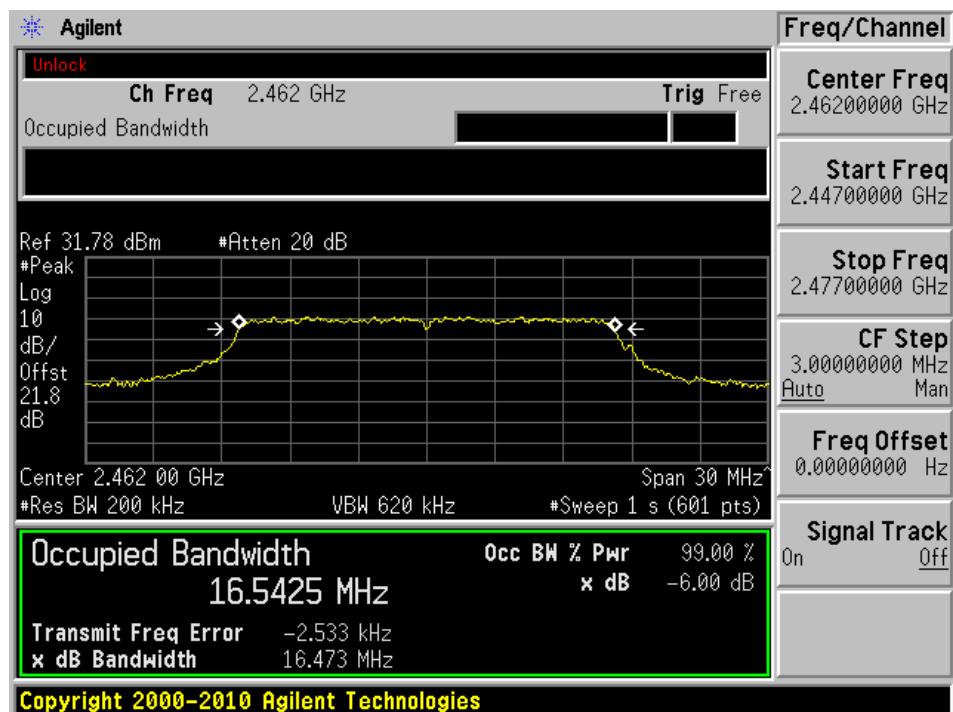
Mid Channel 99% dB OBW



High Channel 6 dB OBW

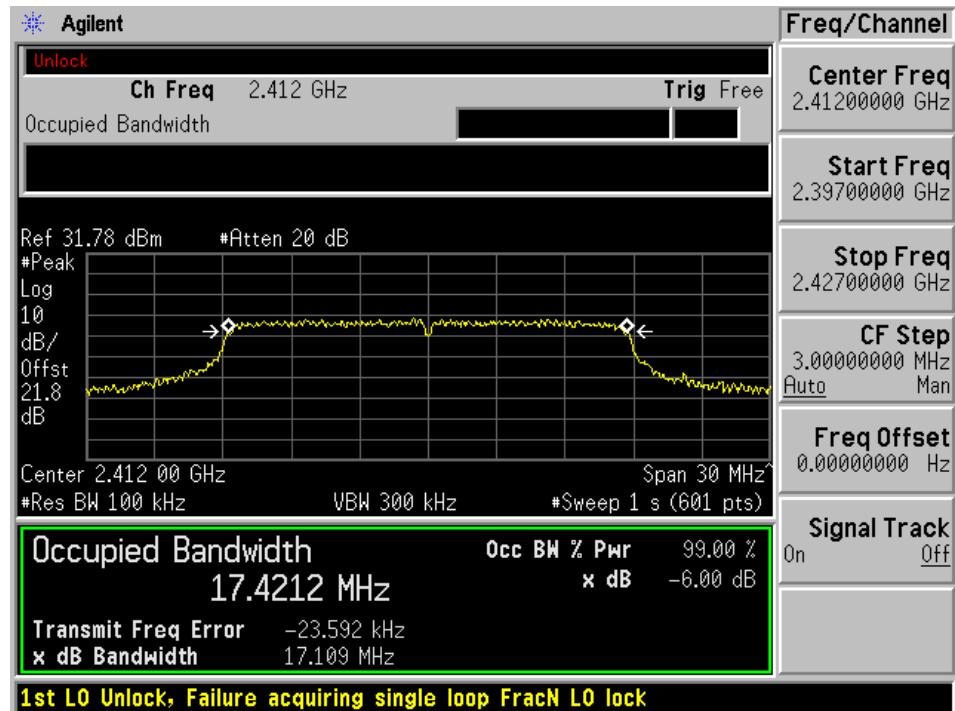


High Channel 99% dB OBW

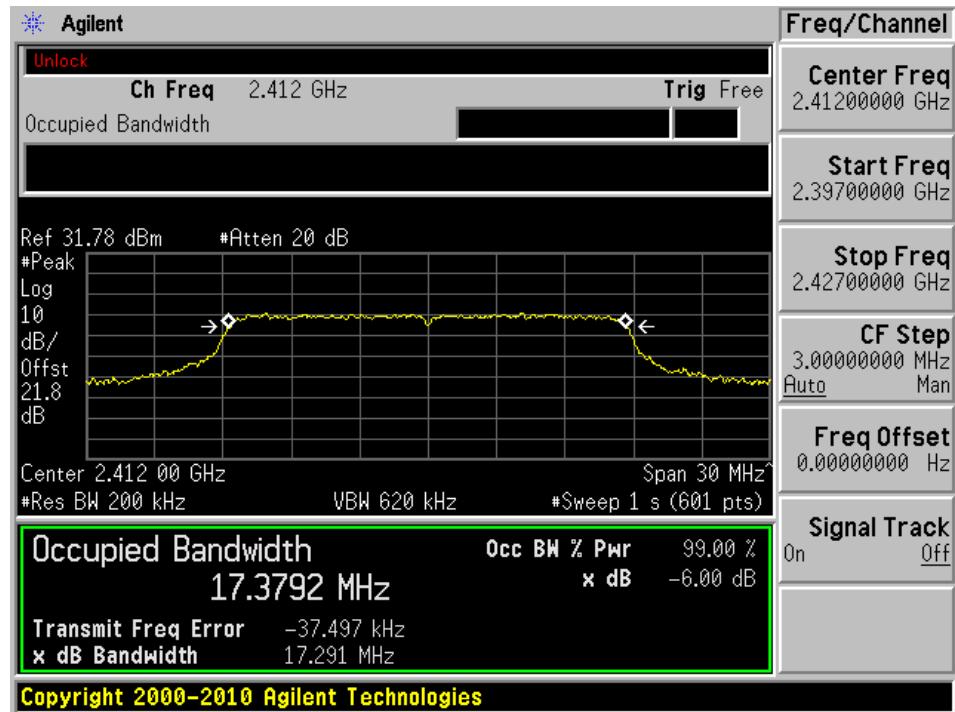


802.11n20 mode

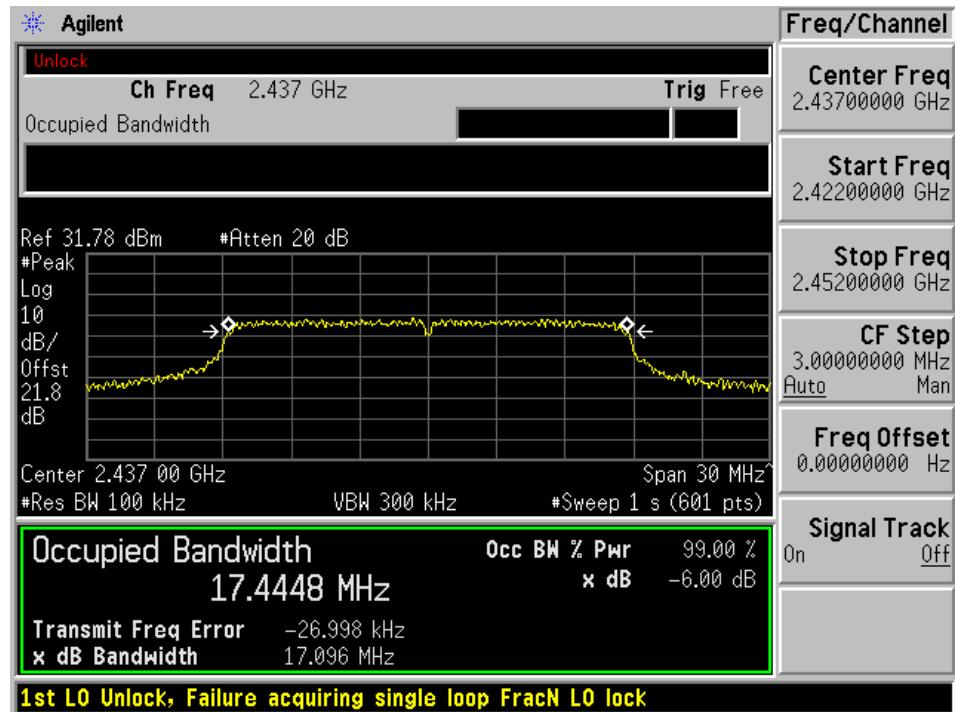
Low Channel 6 dB OBW



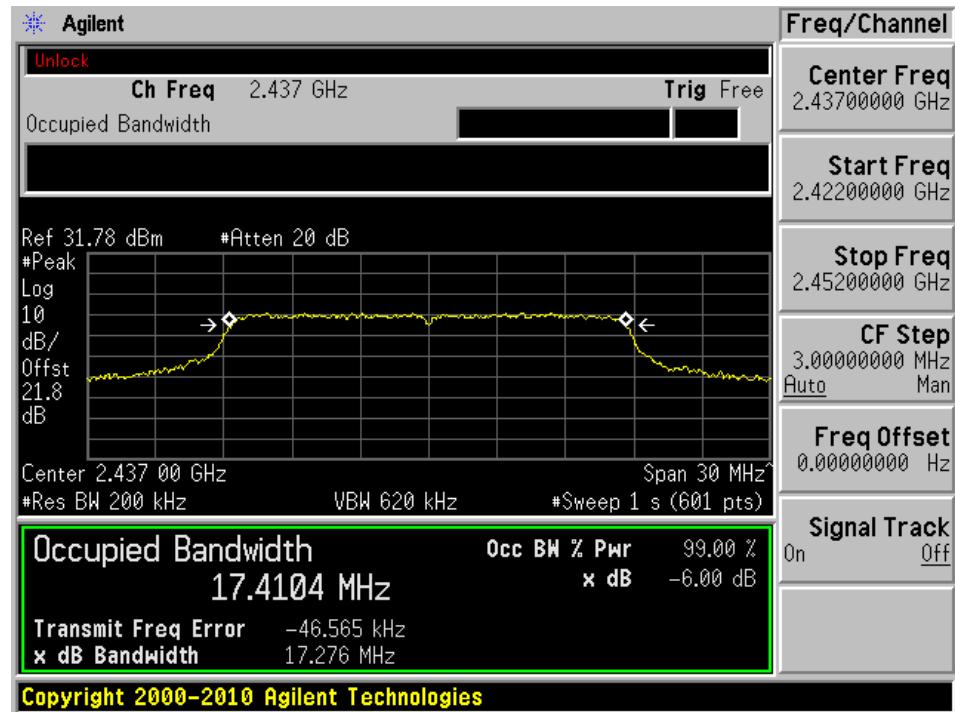
Low Channel 99% dB OBW



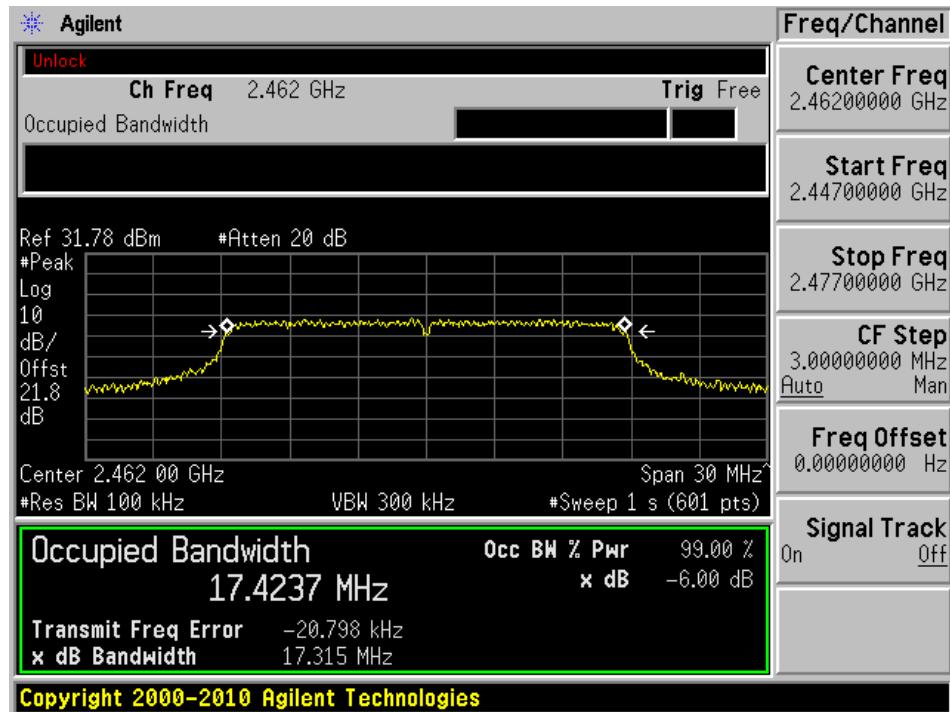
Mid Channel 6 dB OBW



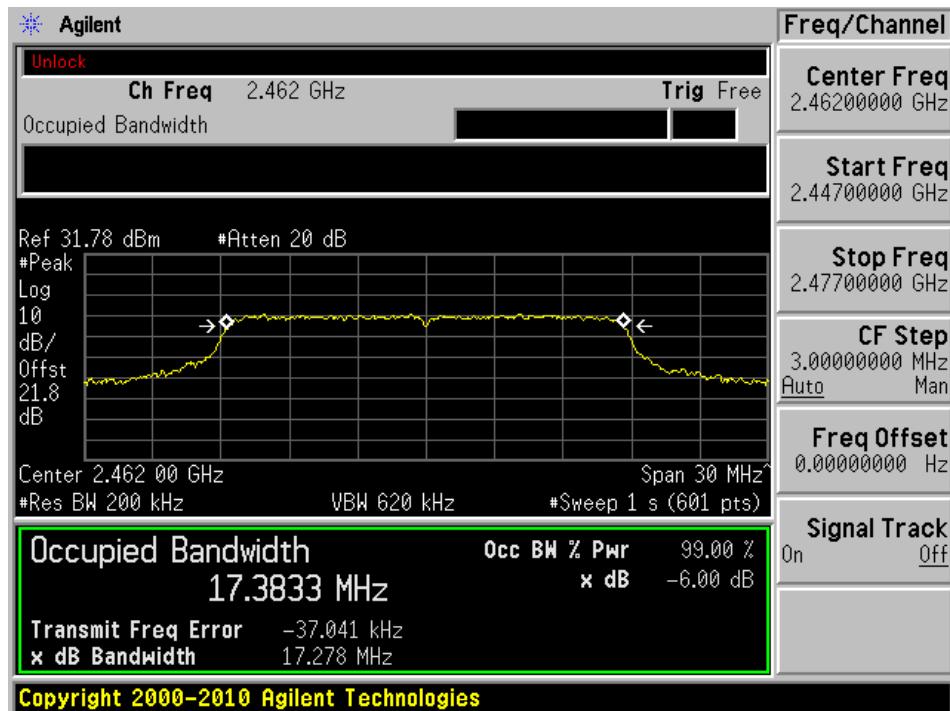
Mid Channel 99% dB OBW



High Channel 6 dB OBW

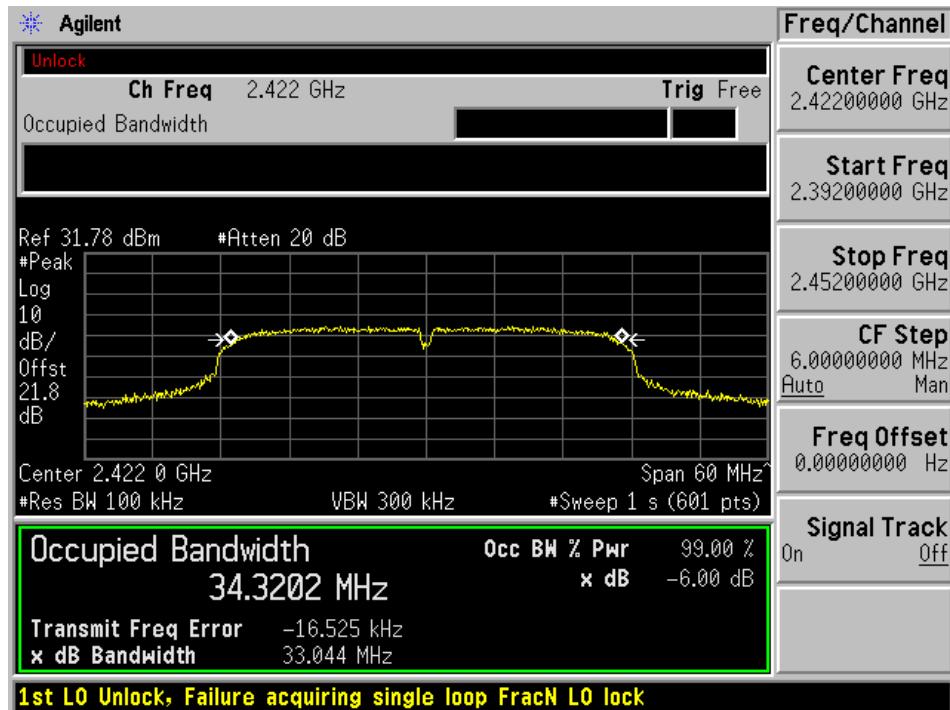


High Channel 99% dB OBW

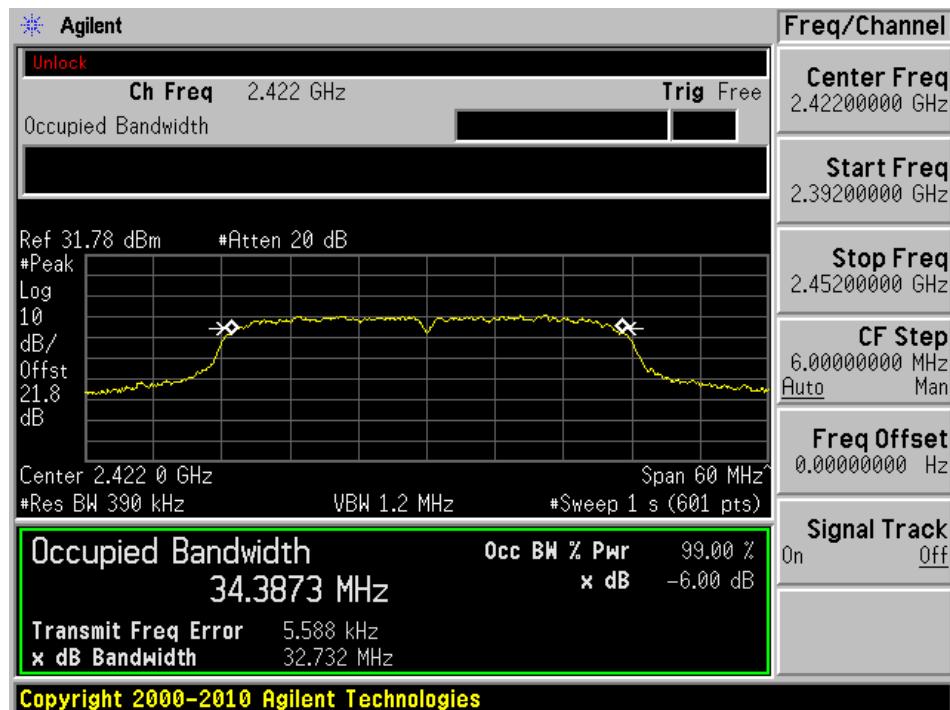


802.11n40 mode

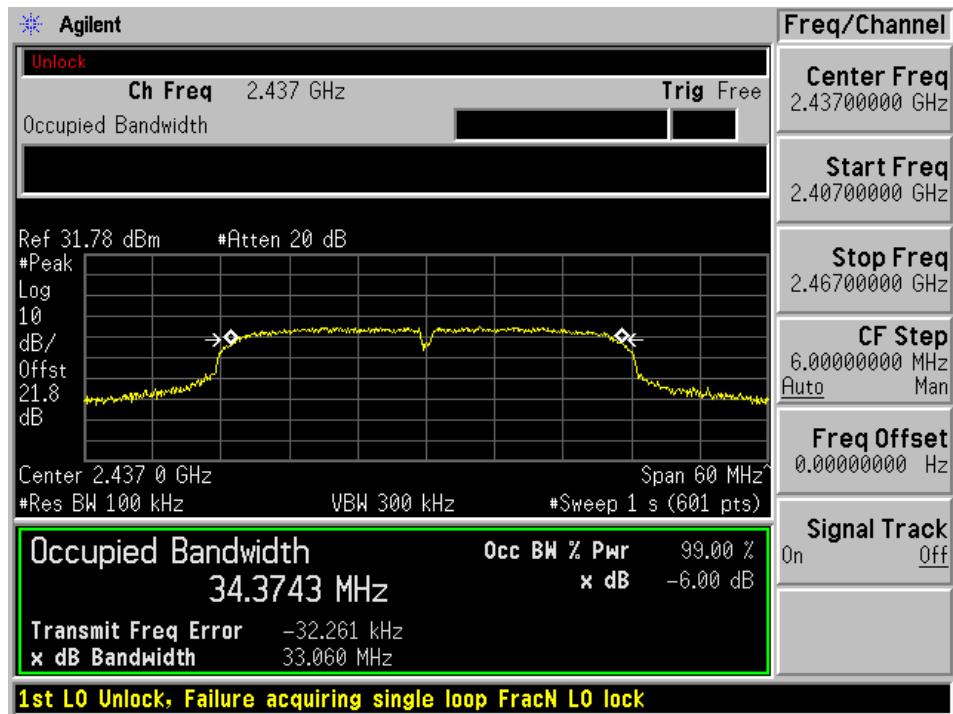
Low Channel 6 dB OBW



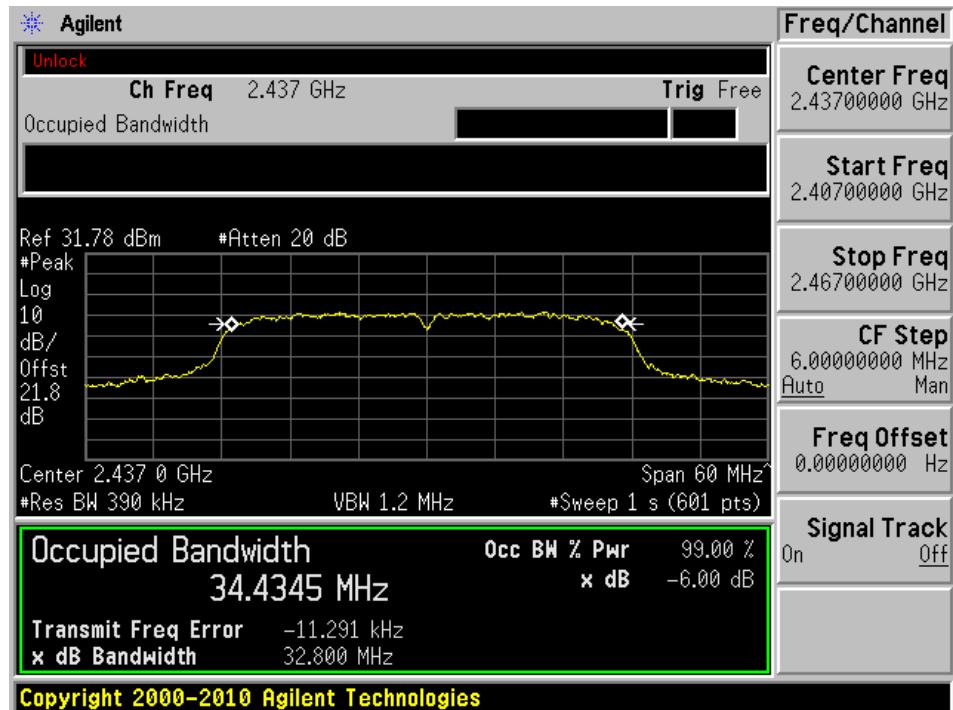
Low Channel 99% dB OBW



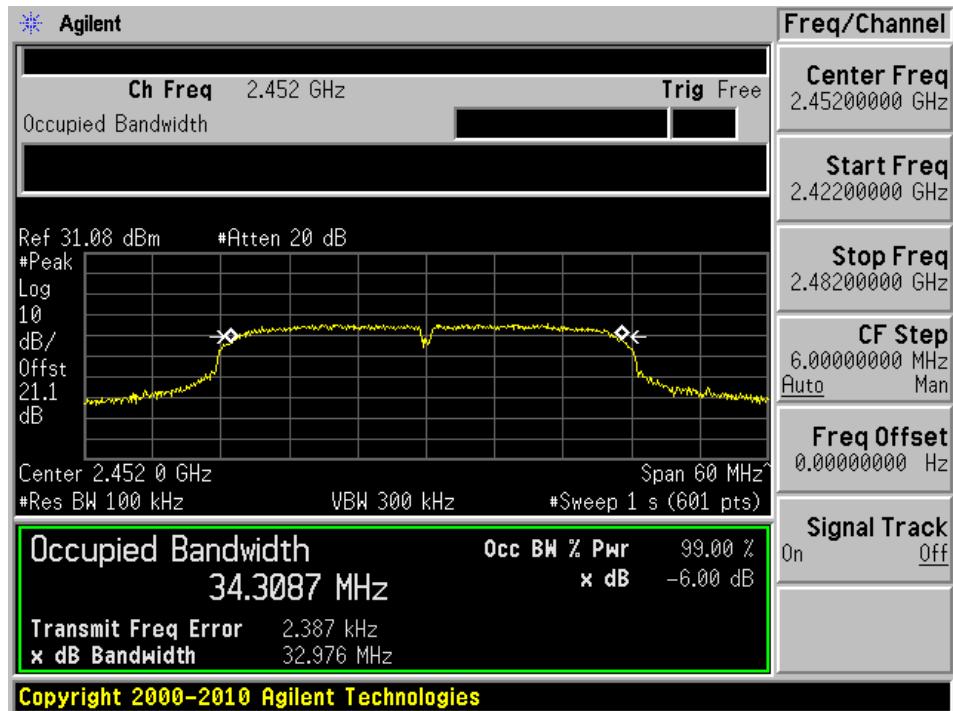
Mid Channel 6 dB OBW



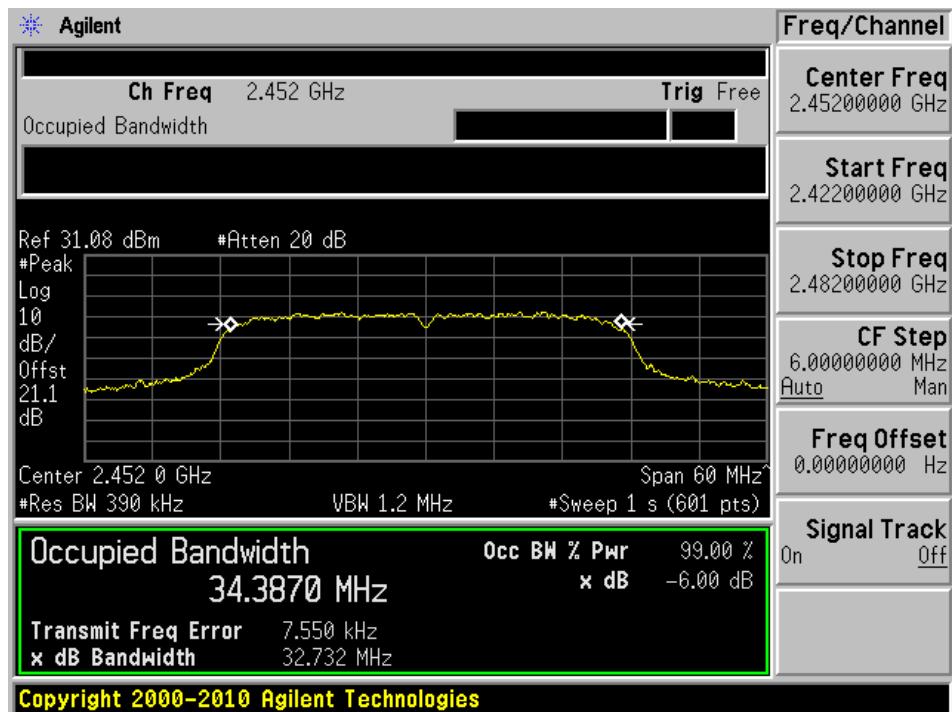
Mid Channel 99% dB OBW



High Channel 6 dB OBW

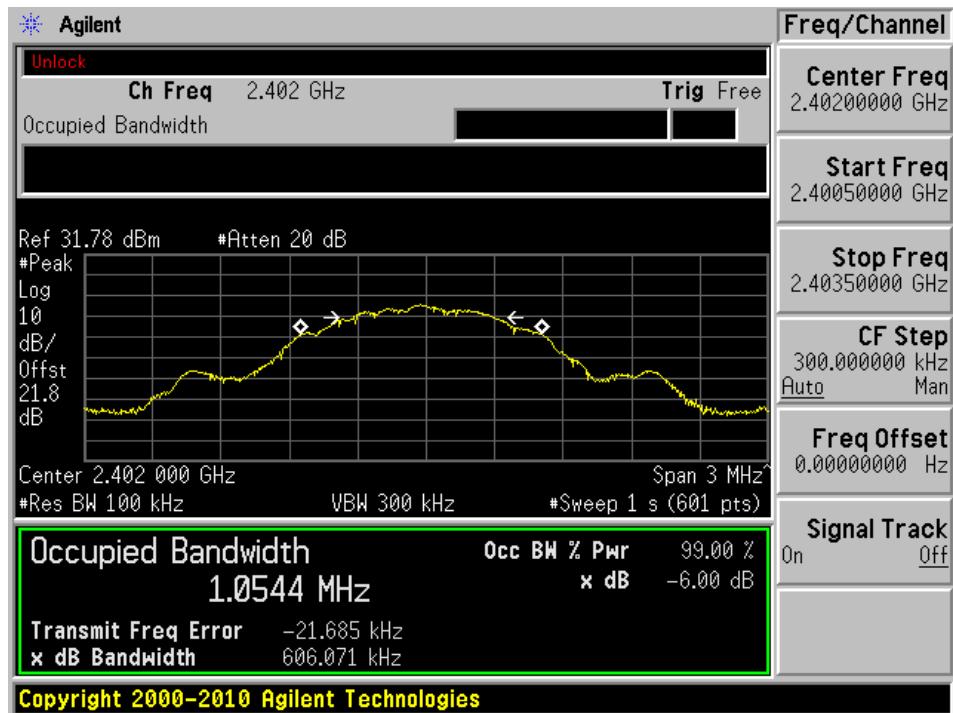


High Channel 99% dB OBW



BLE

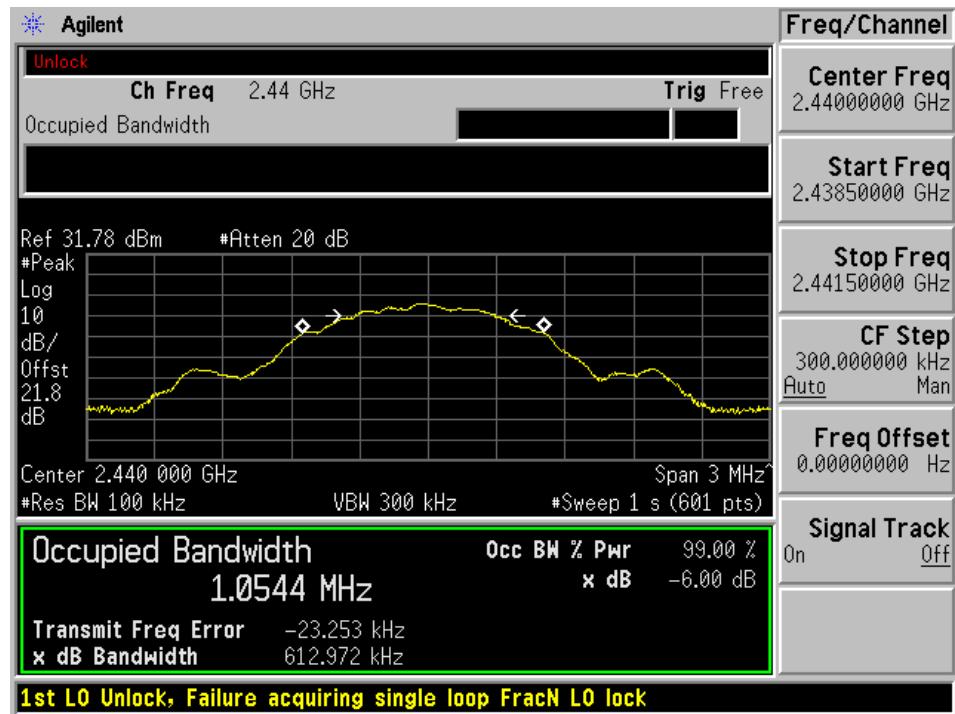
Low Channel 6 dB OBW



Low Channel 99% dB OBW



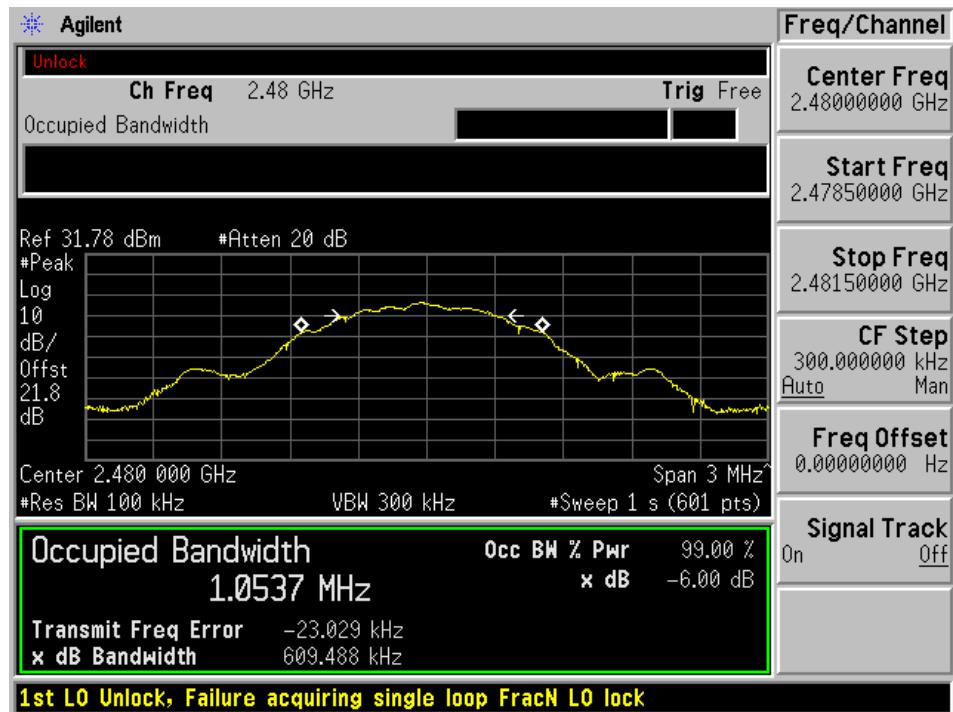
Mid Channel 6 dB OBW



Mid Channel 99% dB OBW



High Channel 6 dB OBW



High Channel 99% dB OBW



8 FCC §15.247(b) (3) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4 (4) - Output Power Measurement

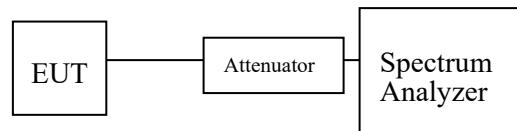
8.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(b) (3) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4 (4) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 9: Fundamental emission output power

8.3 Test Setup Diagram



8.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
697	ETS-LINDGREN	Power Sensor	7002-006	160097	2021-02-12	24 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	20 dB attenuator	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: **BACL Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

8.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Christian McCaig on 2021-09-20 at RF site.

8.6 Test Results

Average Output Power

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Output Power Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11b	Low	2412	16.13	30	Pass
	Middle	2437	15.37	30	Pass
	High	2462	15.11	30	Pass
802.11g	Low	2412	14.58	30	Pass
	Middle	2437	14.14	30	Pass
	High	2462	13.78	30	Pass
802.11n20	Low	2412	14.4	30	Pass
	Middle	2437	13.96	30	Pass
	High	2462	13.25	30	Pass
802.11n40	Low	2422	14.15	30	Pass
	Middle	2437	14.05	30	Pass
	High	2452	13.75	30	Pass
BLE	Low	2402	8.70	30	Pass
	Middle	2440	8.68	30	Pass
	High	2480	8.77	30	Pass

Note: Duty Cycle correction factor has already been added to the measurement.

9 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 – 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

9.1 Applicable Standards

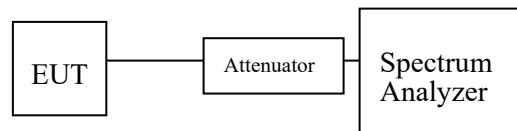
According to ECFR §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 13: Band-edge measurements

9.3 Test Setup Diagram



9.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
0424	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US45303156	2020-04-24	18 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	10 dB attenuator	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: **BACL Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 “A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability”.

9.5 Test Environmental Conditions

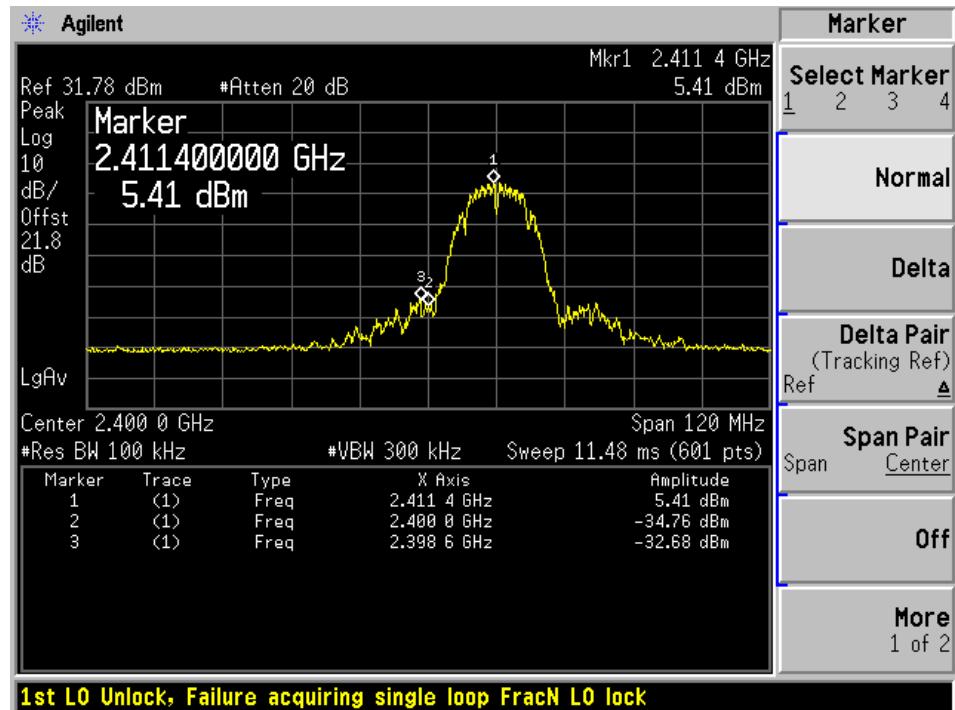
Temperature:	23.6° C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-09-16 at RF site.

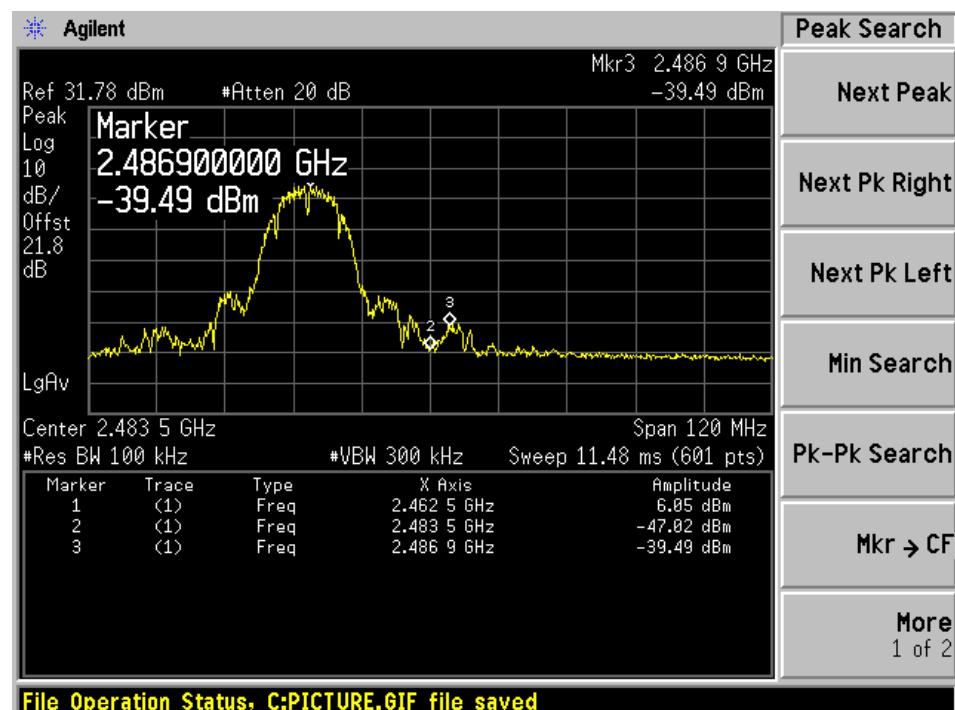
9.6 Test Results

802.11 b mode

Low Channel

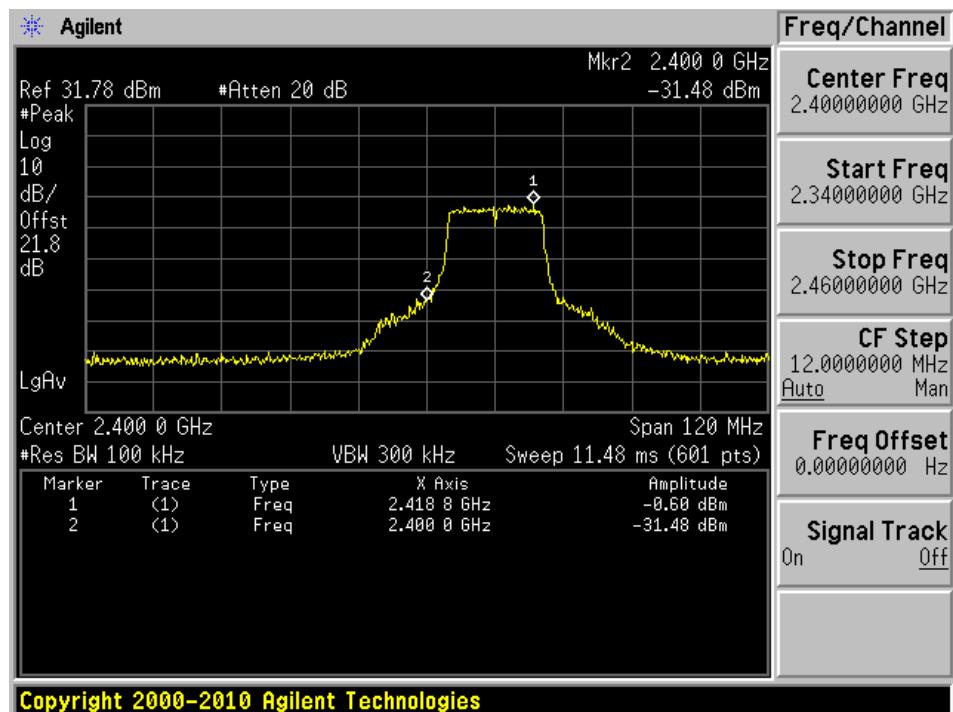


High Channel

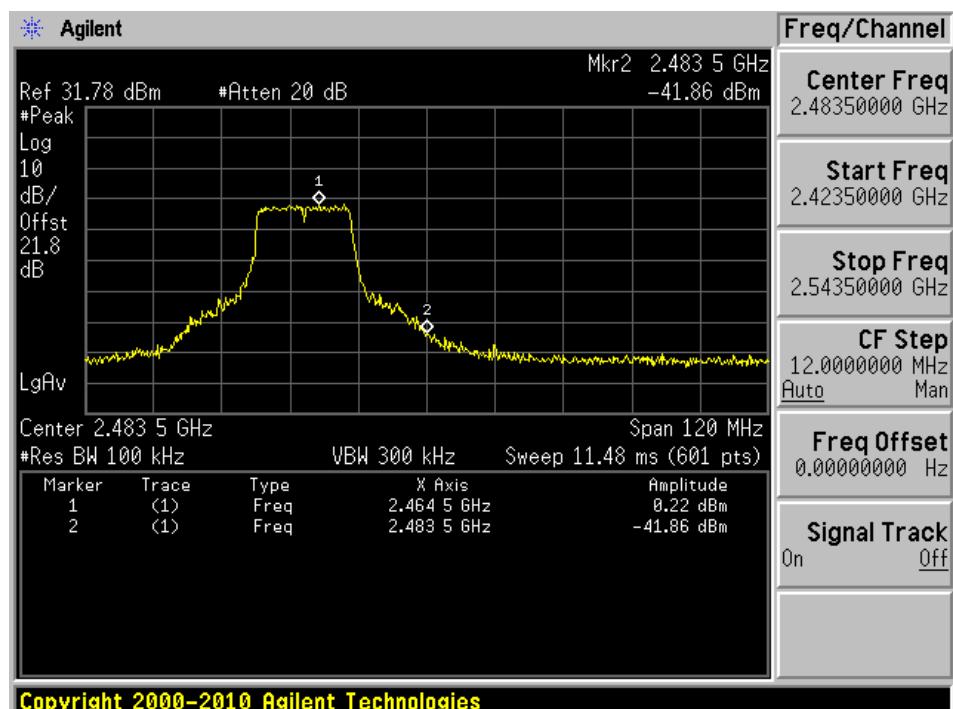


802.11 g mode

Low Channel

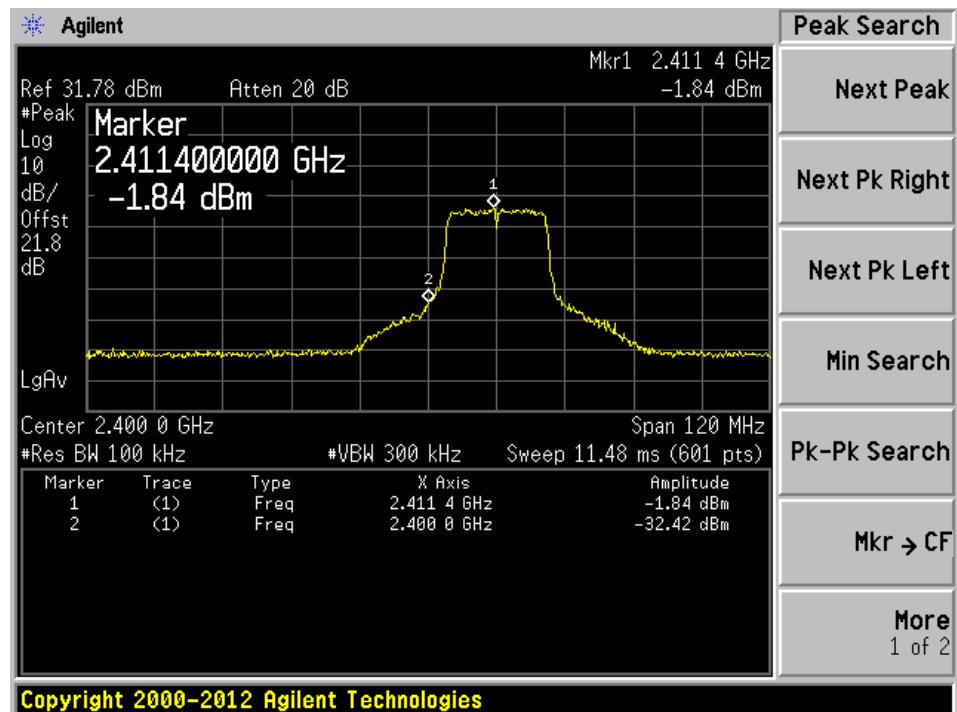


High Channel

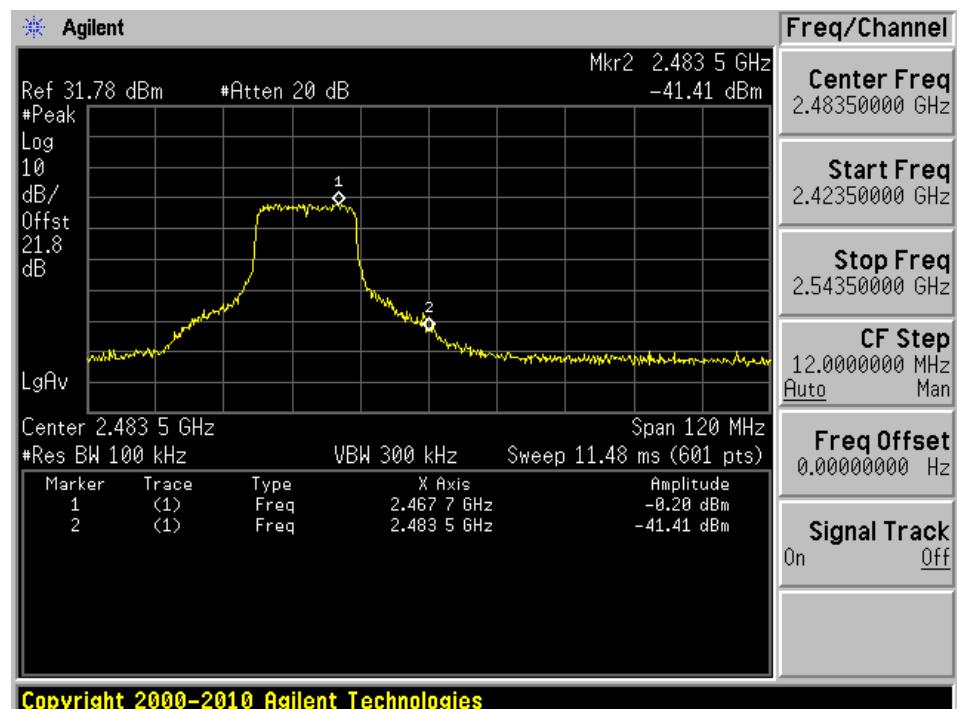


802.11 n20 mode

Low Channel

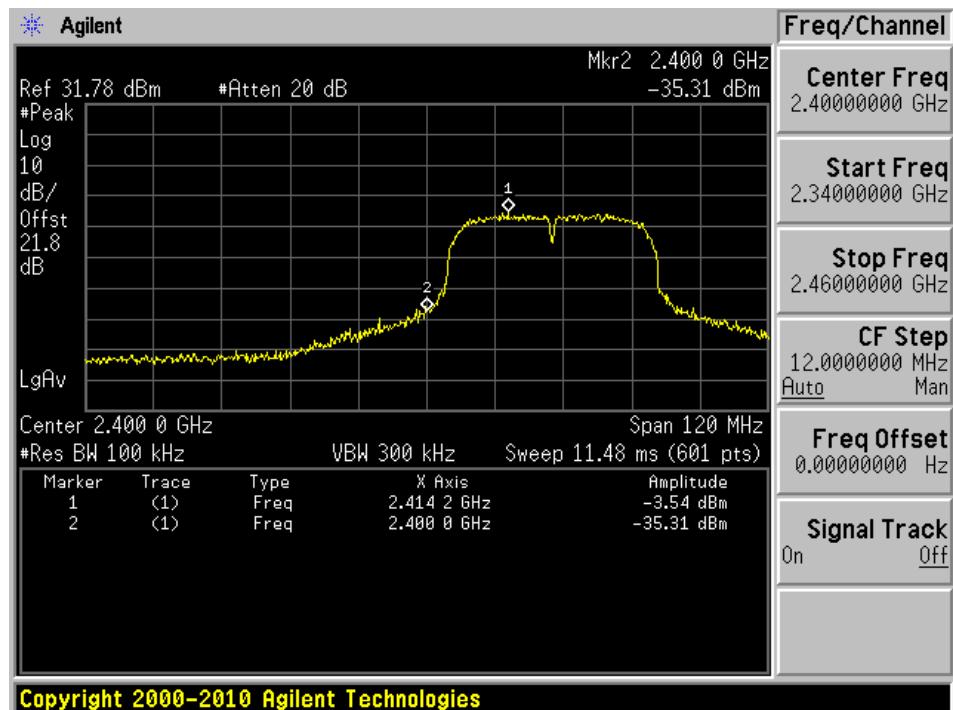


High Channel

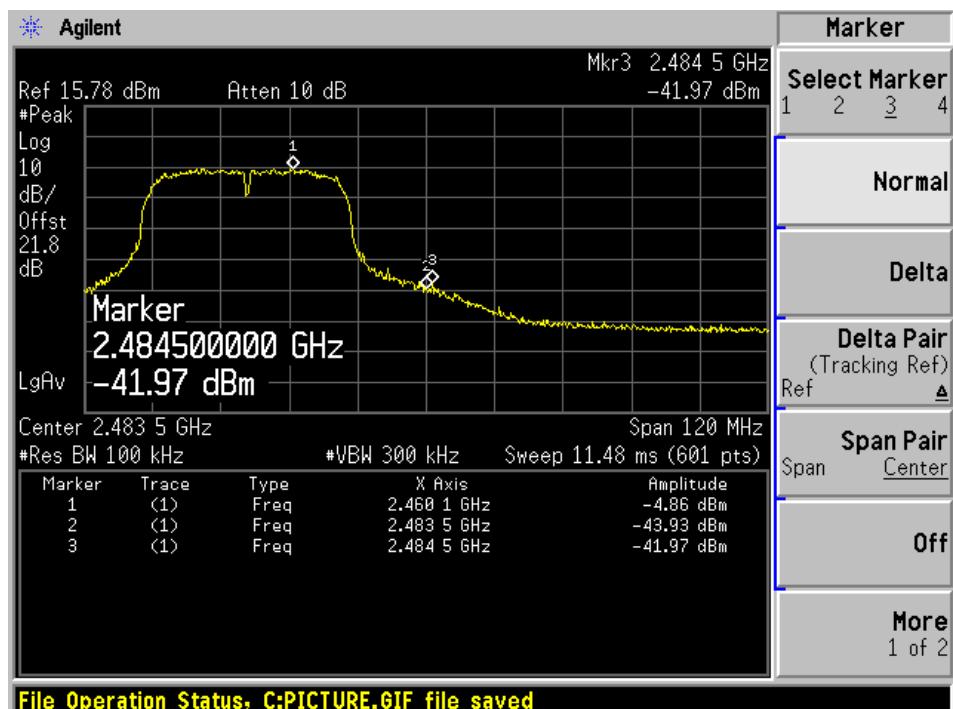


802.11 n40 mode

Low Channel

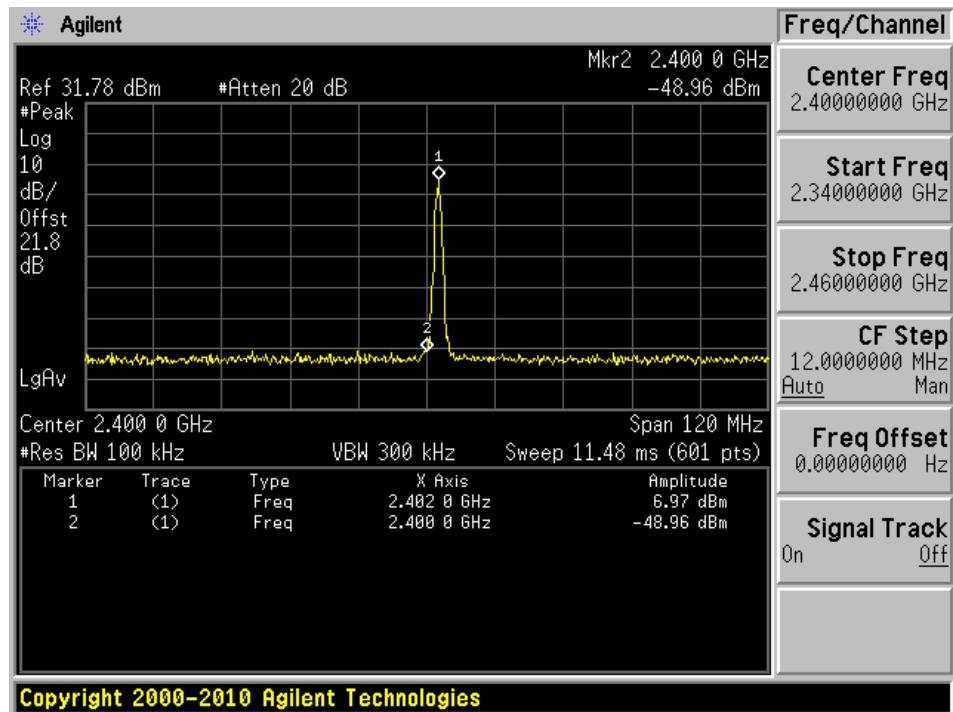


High Channel

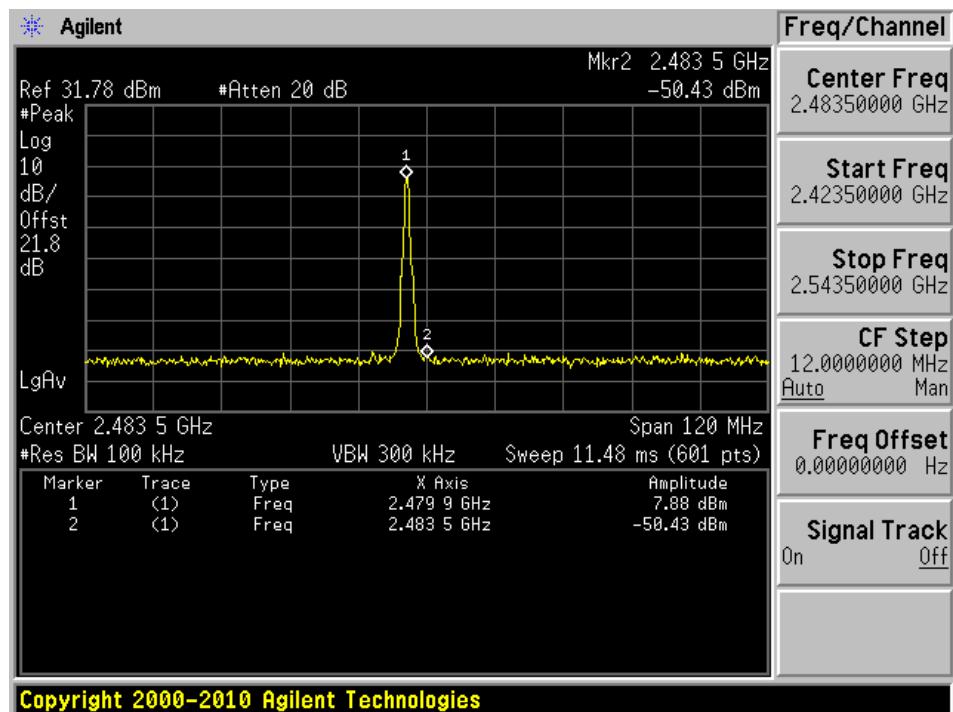


BLE

Low Channel



High Channel



10 FCC §15.247(e) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2) – Power Spectral Density

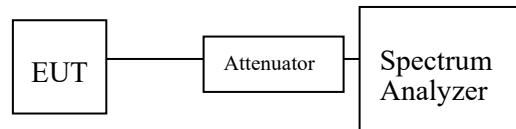
10.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(e) and RSS-247 §5.2 (2), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10: Maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission.

10.3 Test Setup Diagram



10.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
0287	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US44300386	2020-04-27	18 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	20 dB attenuator	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: **BACL Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 “A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability”.

10.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.6° C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-09-16 at RF site.

10.6 Test Results

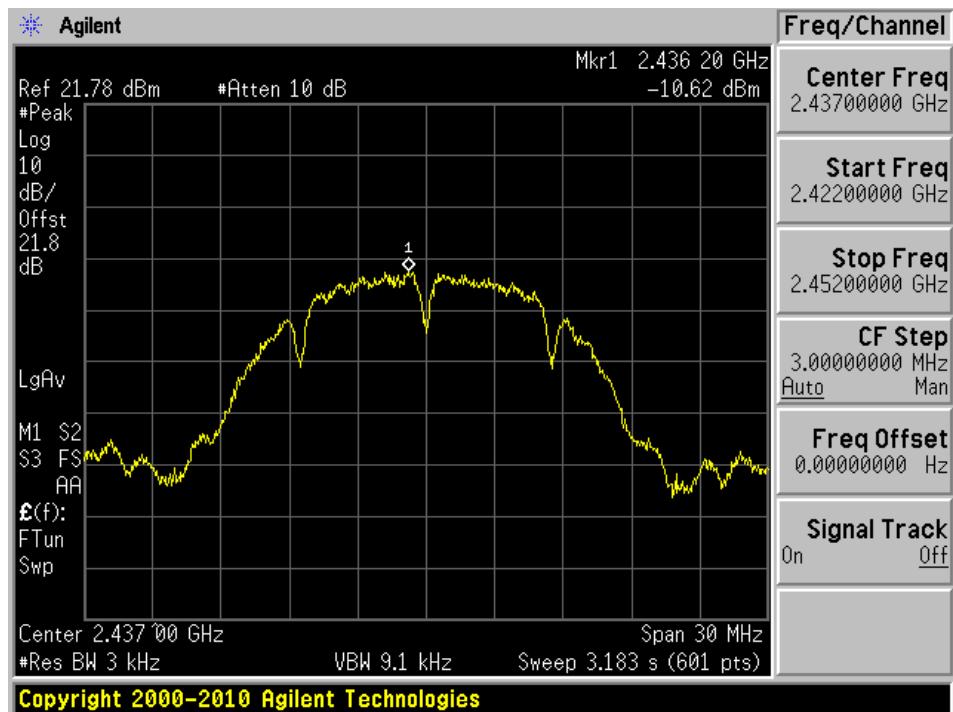
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	-12.12	8
	Middle	2437	-10.62	8
	High	2462	-11.45	8
802.11g	Low	2412	-15.64	8
	Middle	2437	-15.18	8
	High	2462	-14.95	8
802.11n20	Low	2412	-14.93	8
	Middle	2437	-14.41	8
	High	2462	-14.70	8
802.11n40	Low	2422	-18.32	8
	Middle	2437	-17.06	8
	High	2452	-17.19	8
BLE	Low	2402	6.76	8
	Middle	2440	7.61	8
	High	2480	7.80	8

802.11b mode

Low Channel



Mid Channel

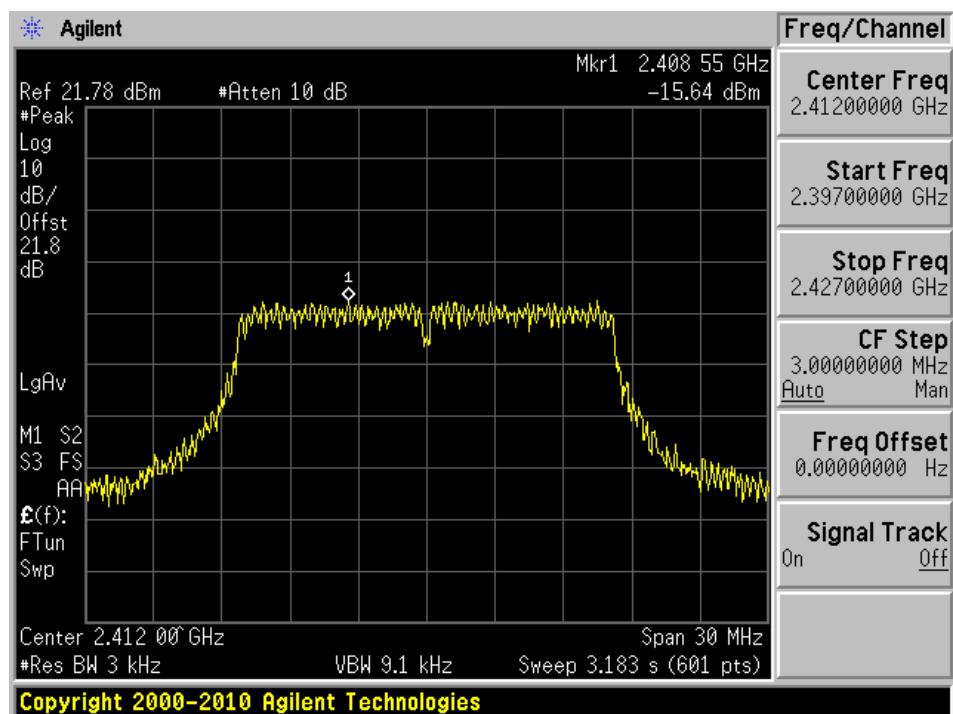


High Channel

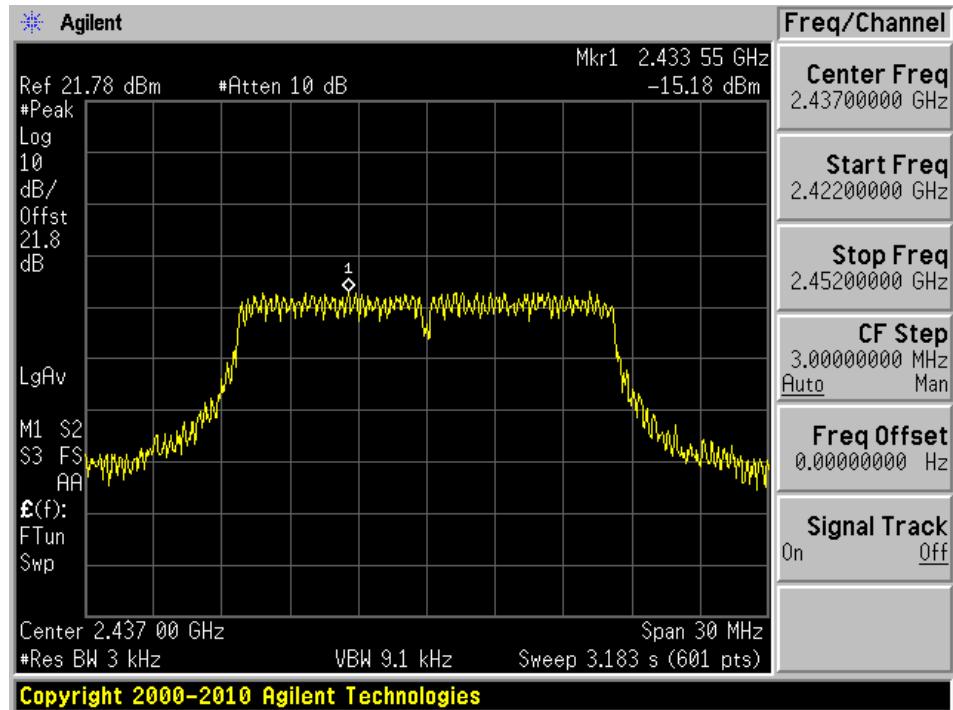


802.11g mode

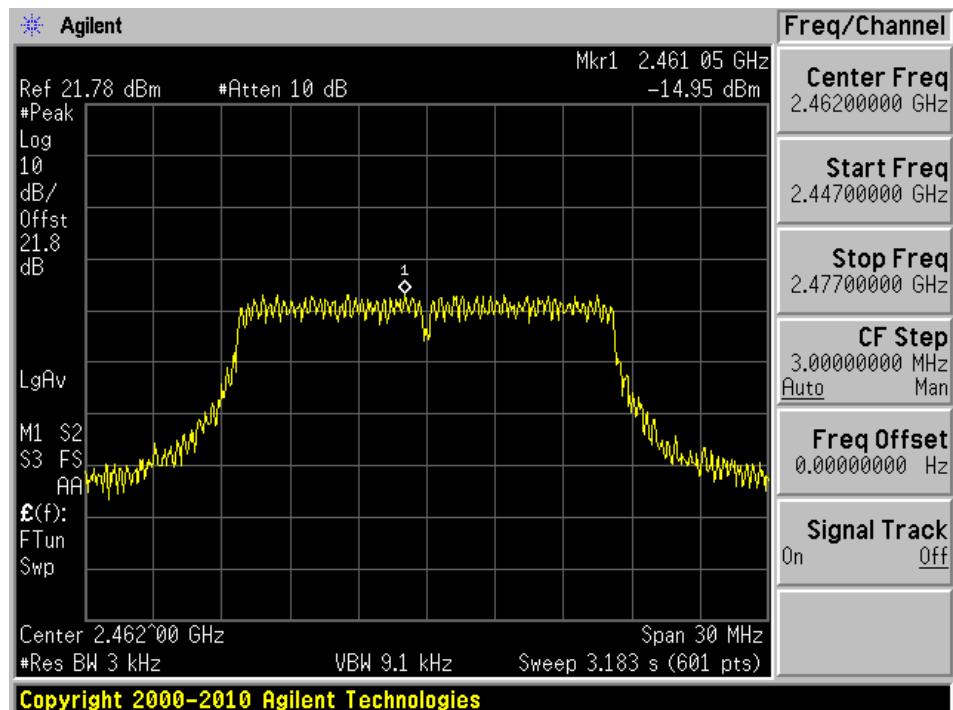
Low Channel



Mid Channel

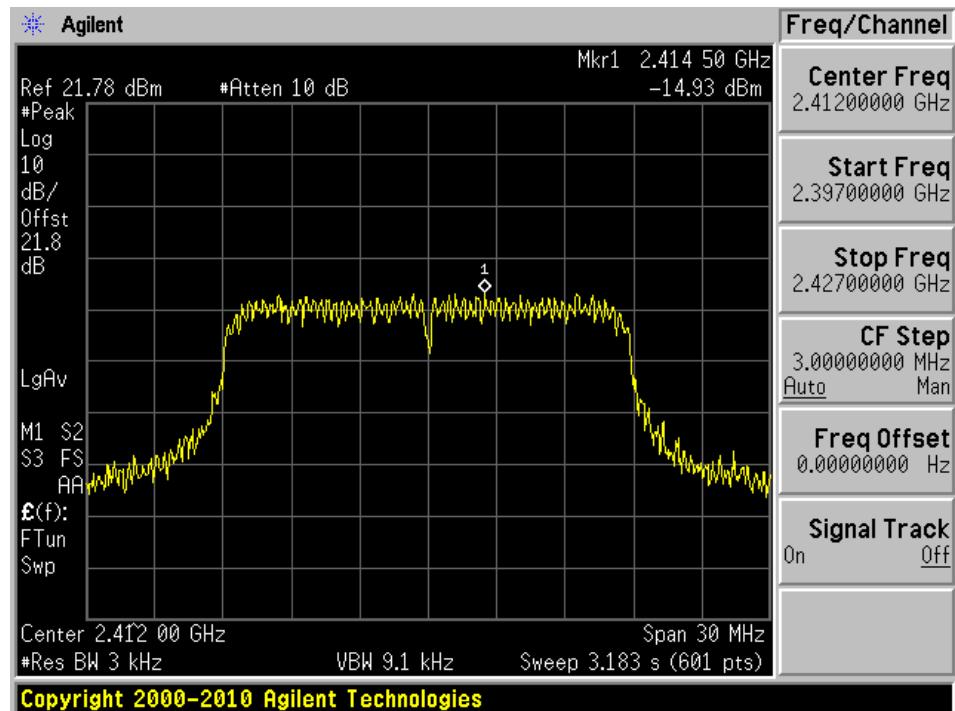


High Channel

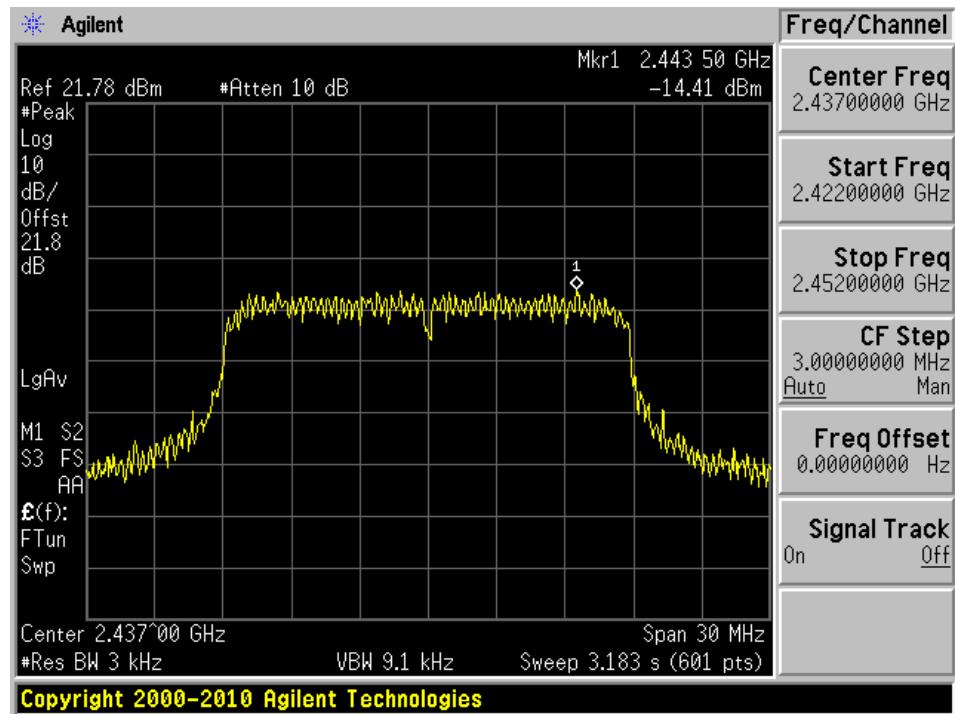


802.11n20 mode

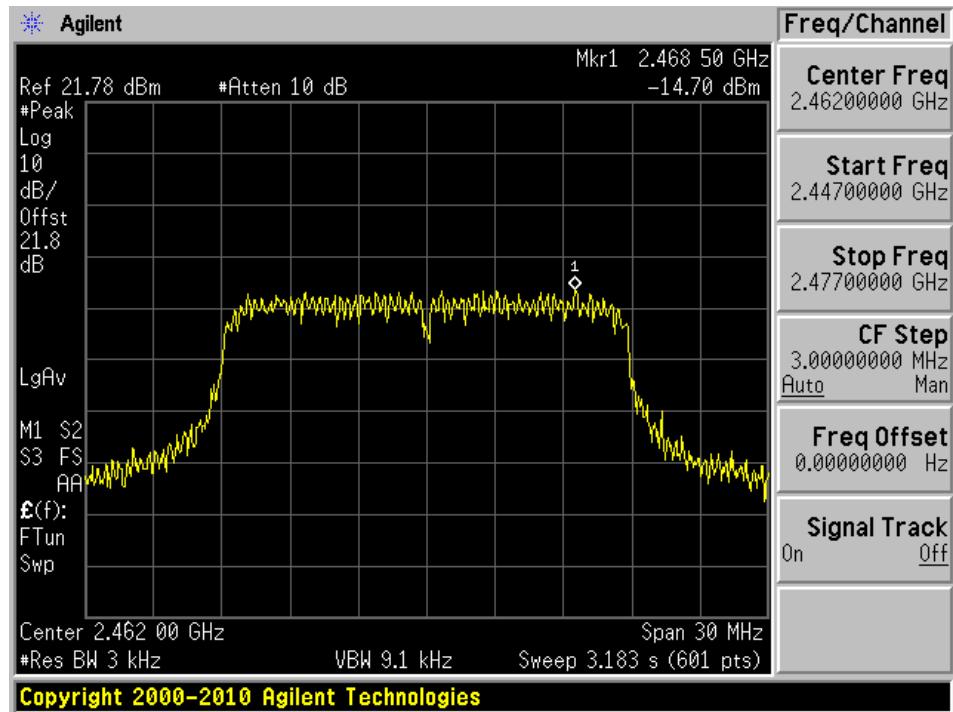
Low Channel



Mid Channel

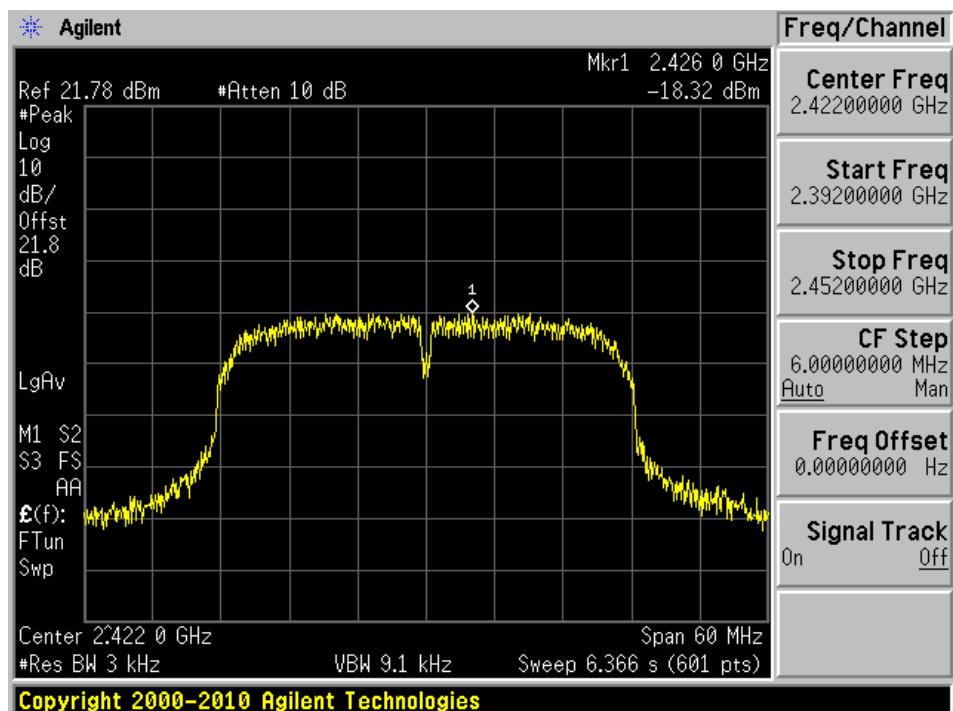


High Channel

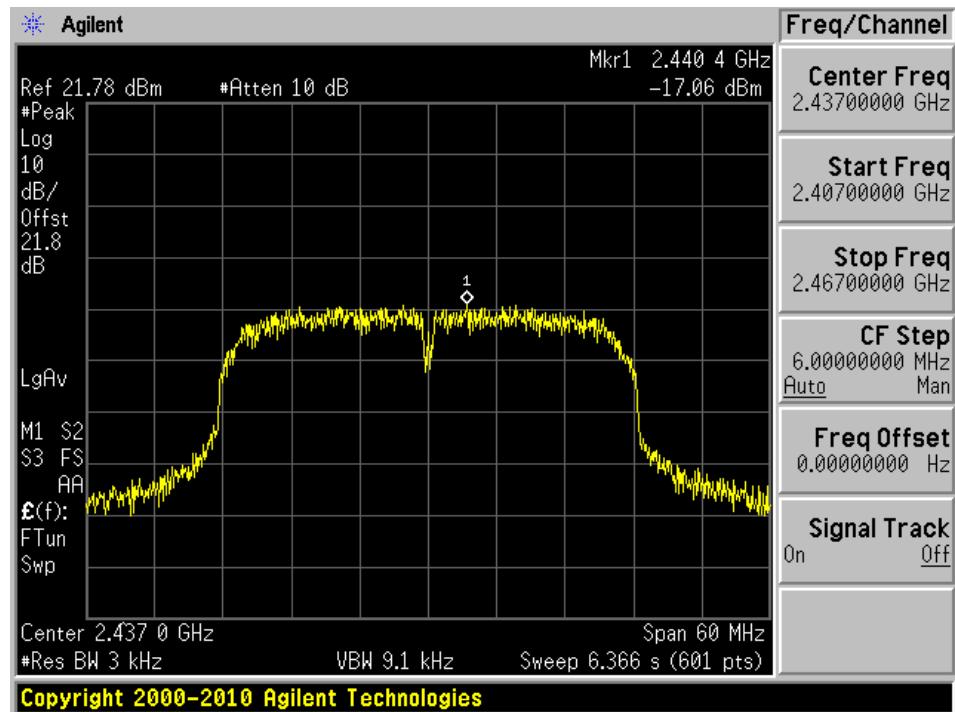


802.11n40 mode

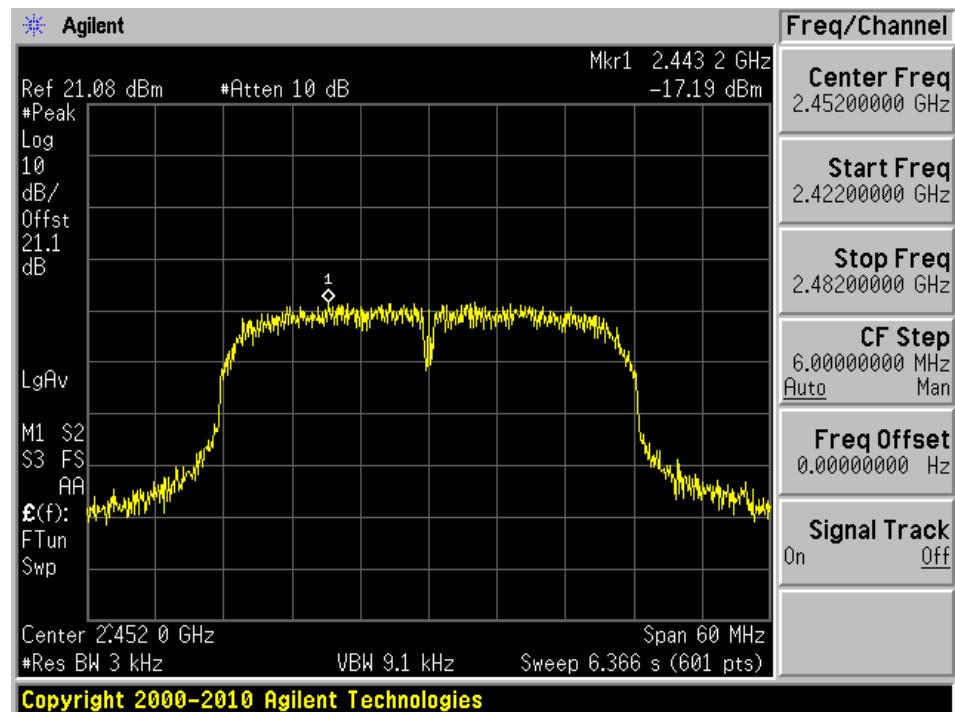
Low Channel



Mid Channel



High Channel



BLE

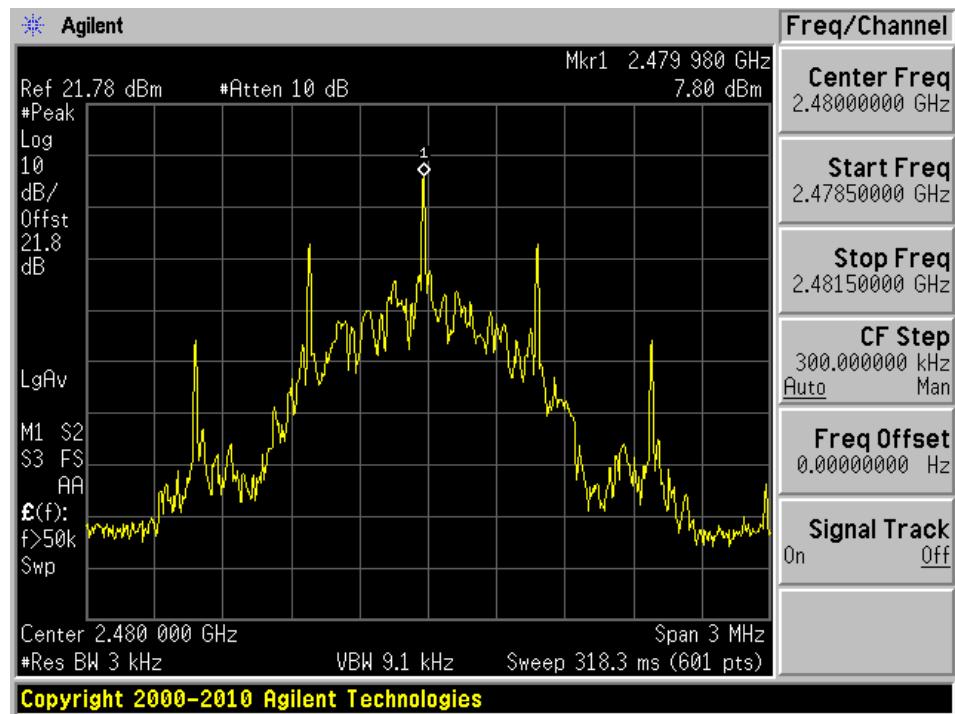
Low Channel



Mid Channel



High Channel



11 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.9 – Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

11.1 Applicable Standards

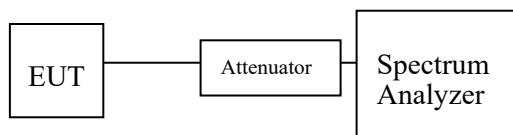
For ECFR §15.247(d) in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

11.2 Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

11.3 Test Setup Diagram



11.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BacL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
0424	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US45303156	2020-04-24	18 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	10 dB attenuator	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: **BACL Corp.** attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

11.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.6° C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

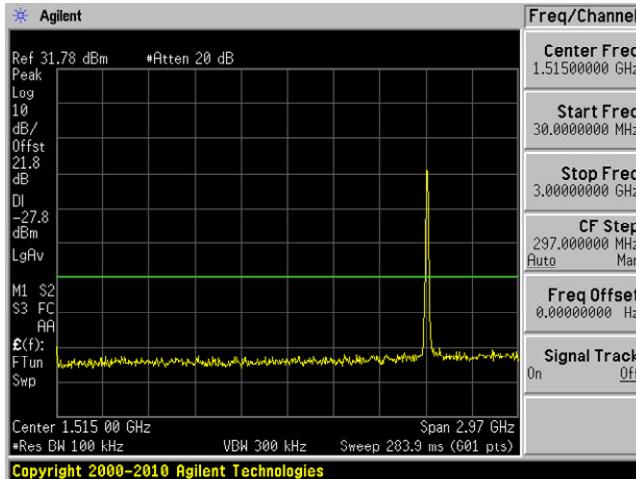
The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra from 2021-09-15 in RF site.

11.6 Test Results

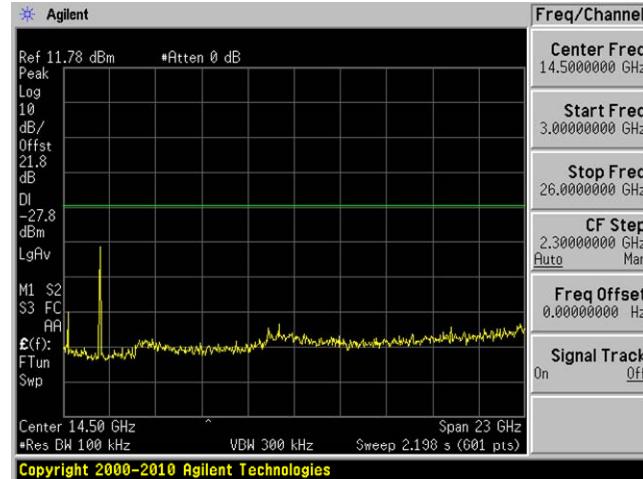
802.11b mode

Low Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

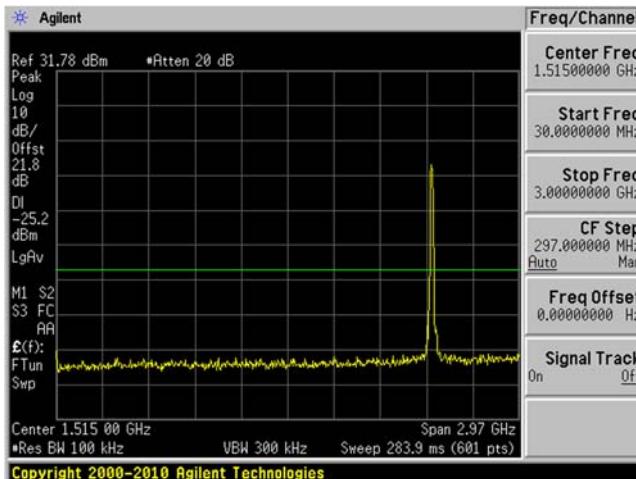


3GHz – 26GHz

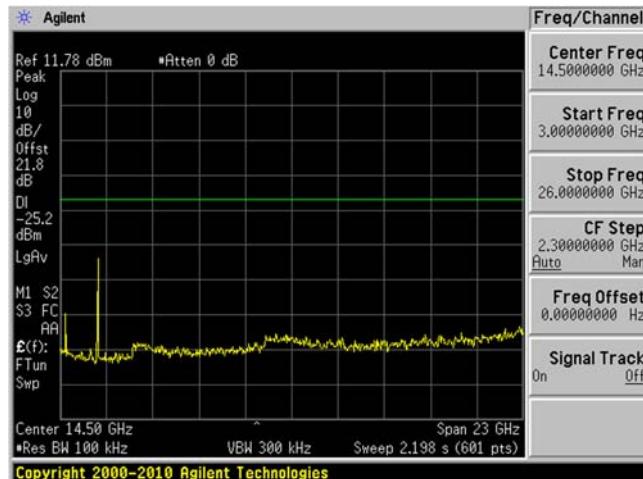


Mid Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

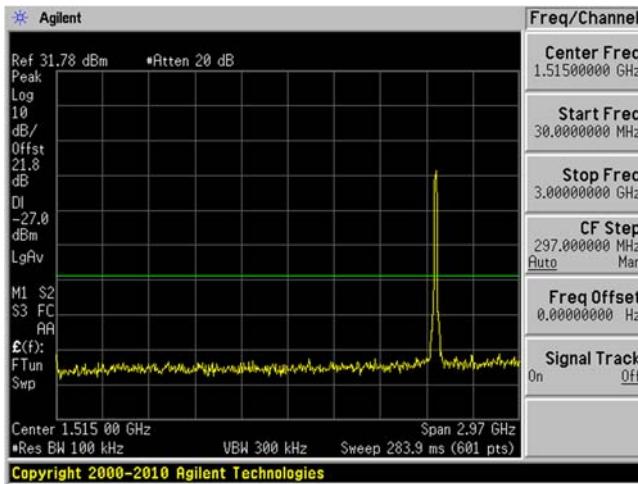


3GHz – 26GHz



High Channel

30MHz – 3GHz



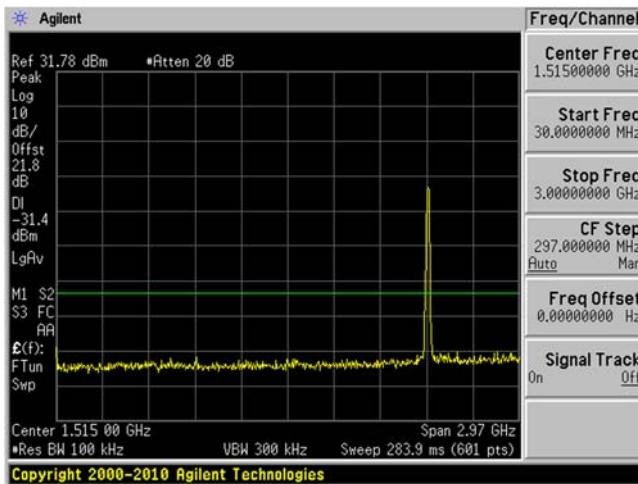
3GHz – 26GHz



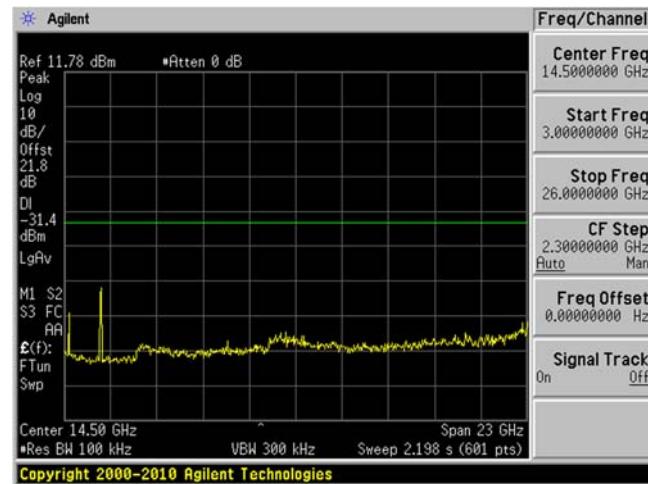
802.11g mode

Low Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

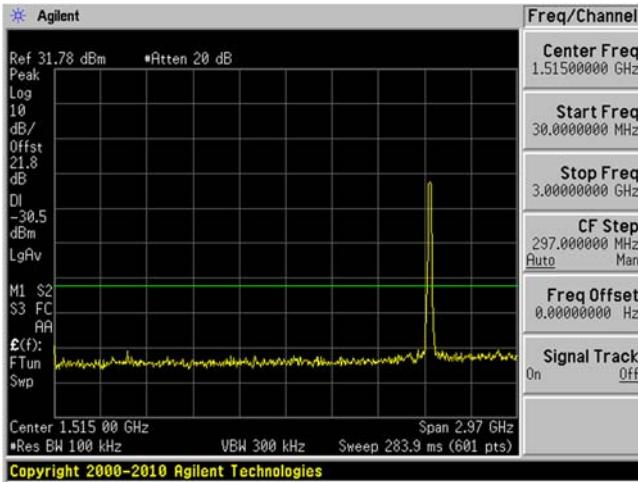


3GHz – 26GHz

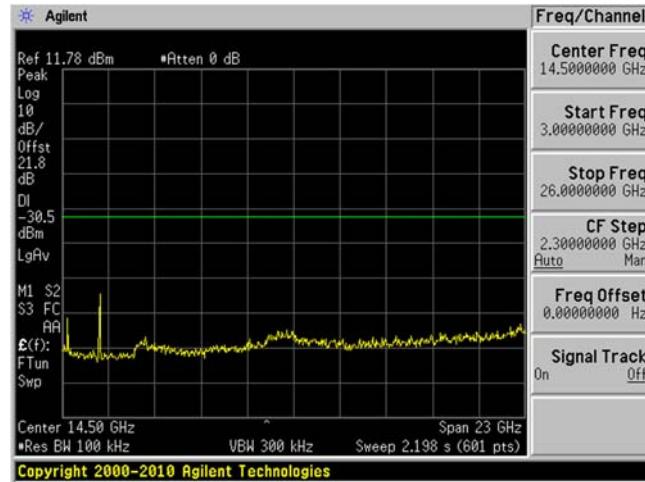


Mid Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

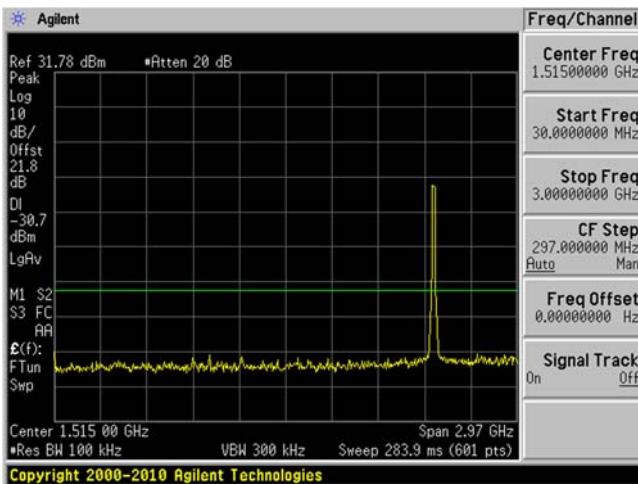


3GHz – 26GHz

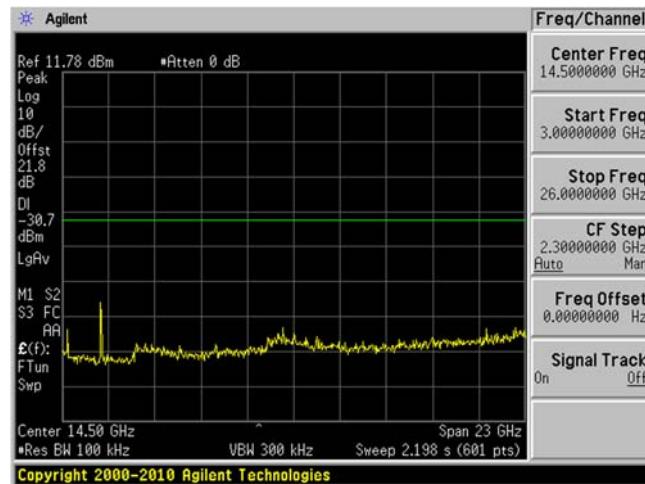


High Channel

30MHz – 3GHz



3GHz – 26GHz

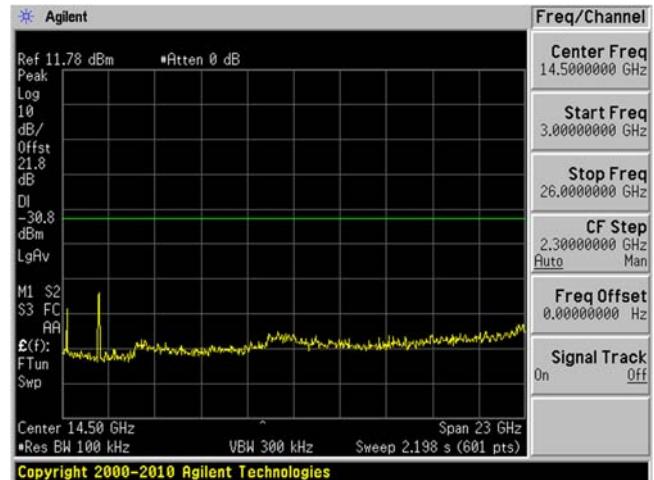
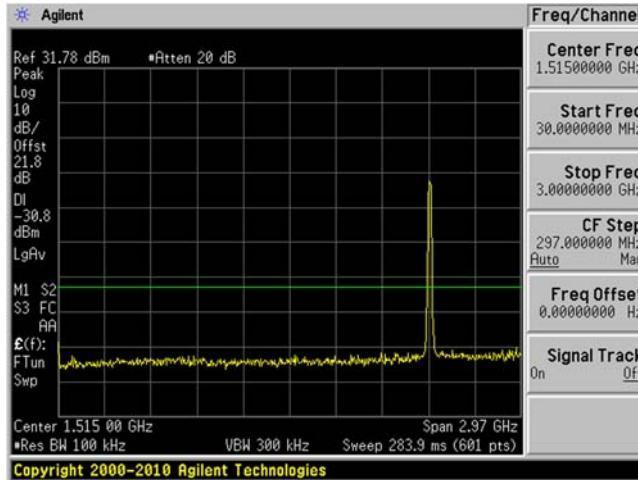


802.11n20 mode

Low Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

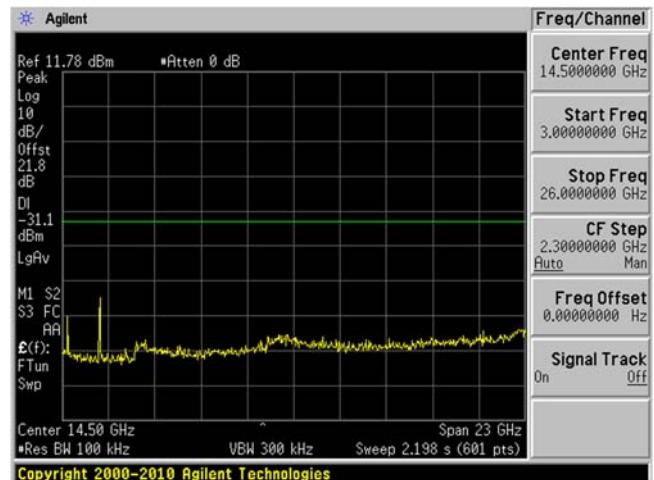
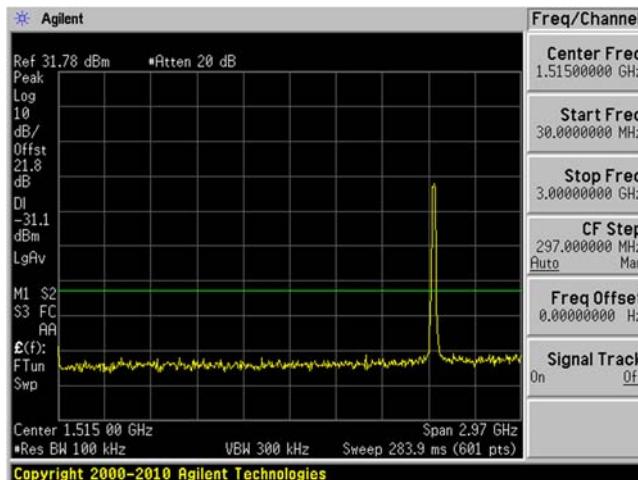
3GHz – 26GHz



Mid Channel

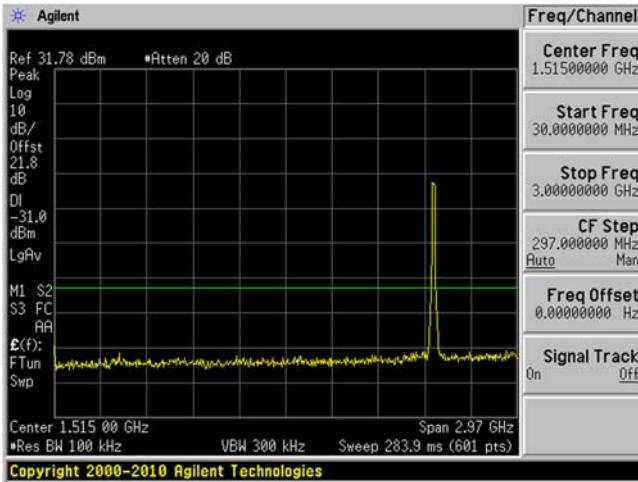
30MHz – 3GHz

3GHz – 26GHz

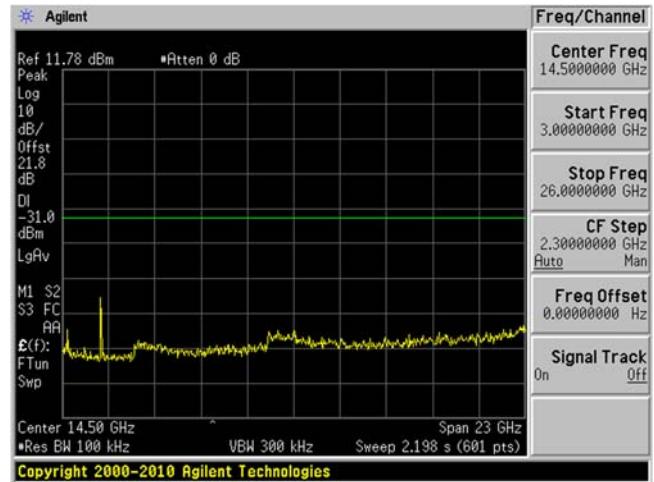


High Channel

30MHz – 3GHz



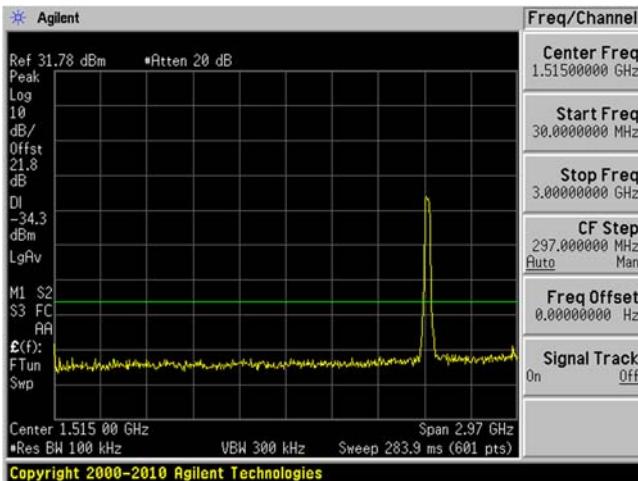
3GHz – 26GHz



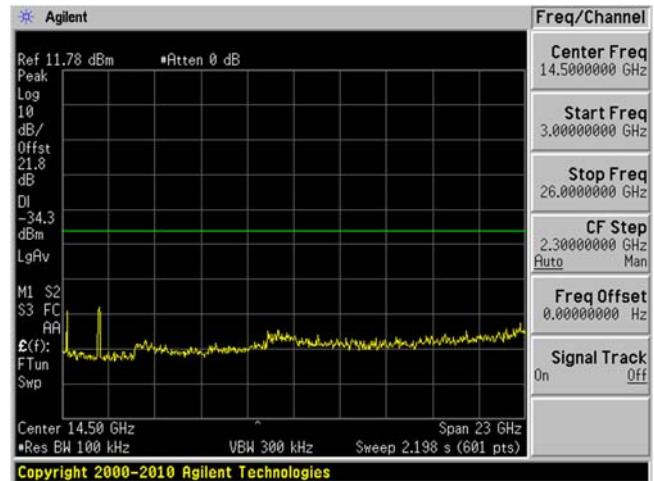
802.11n40 mode

Low Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

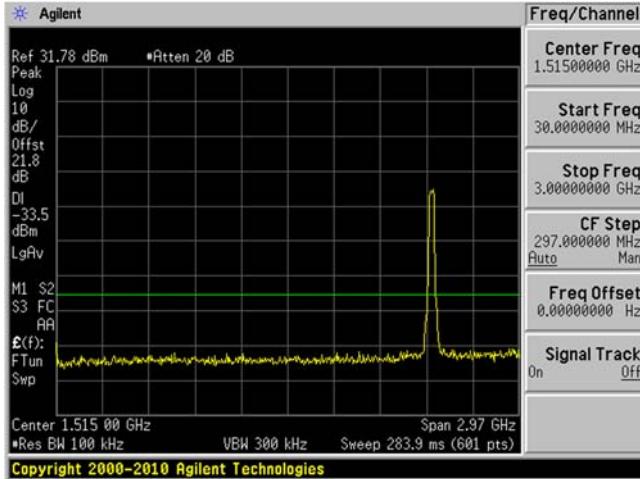


3GHz – 26GHz

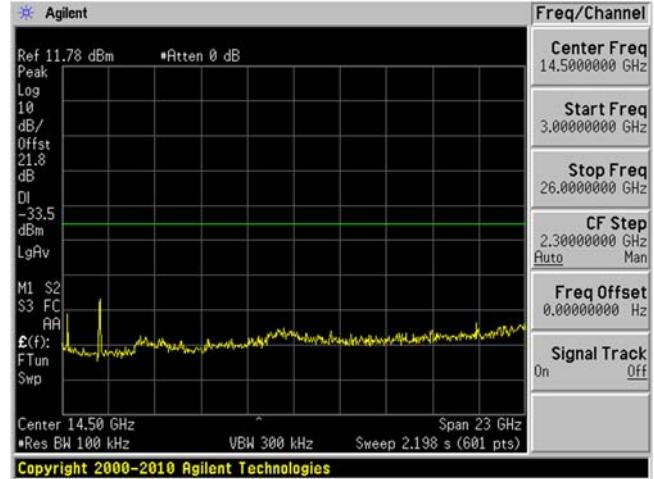


Mid Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

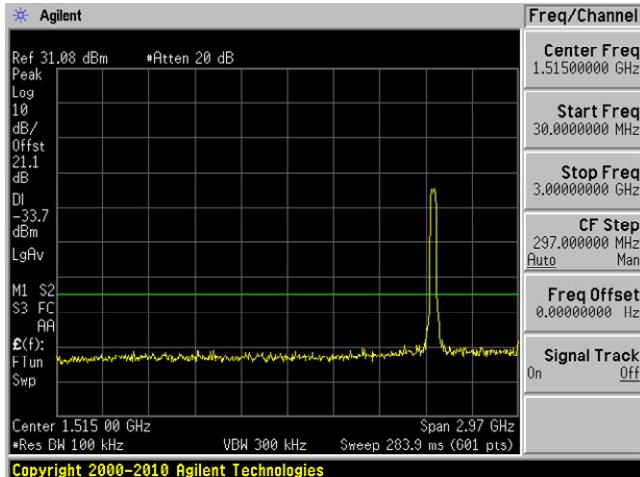


3GHz – 26GHz

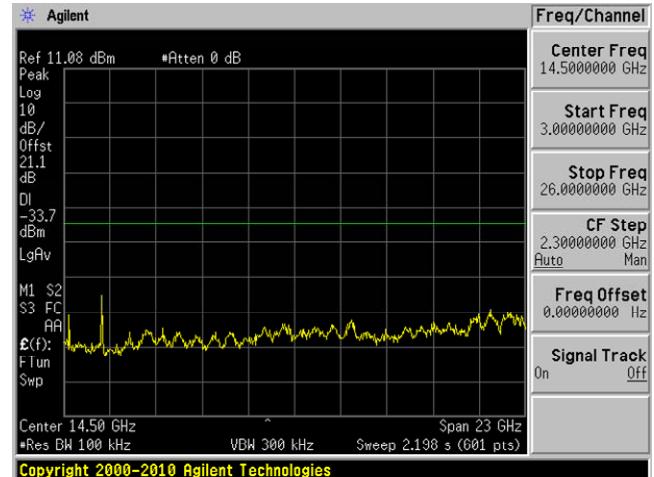


High Channel

30MHz – 3GHz



3GHz – 26GHz

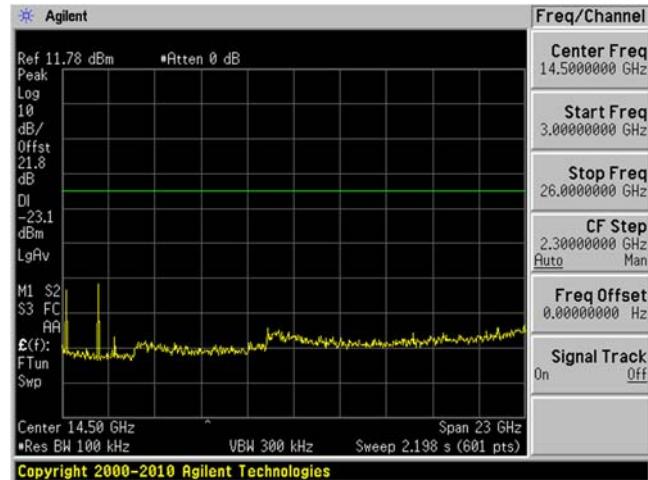
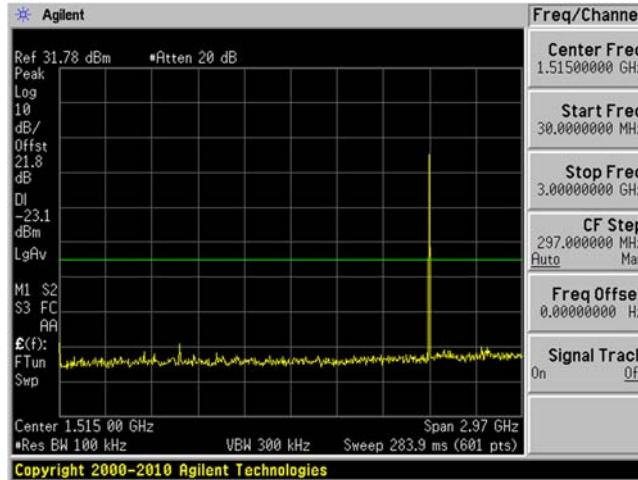


BLE

Low Channel

30MHz – 3GHz

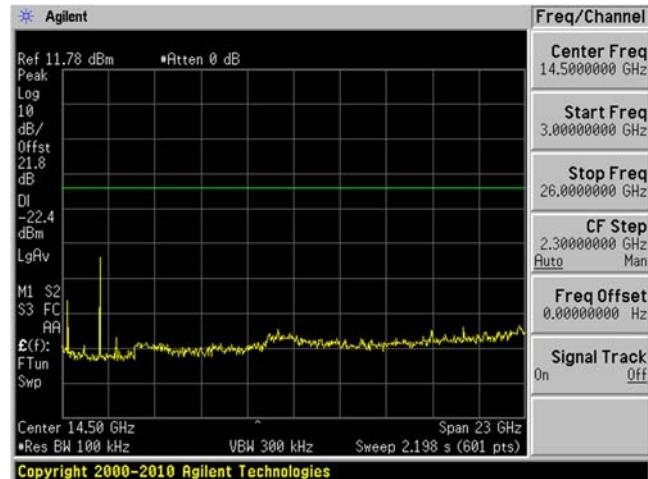
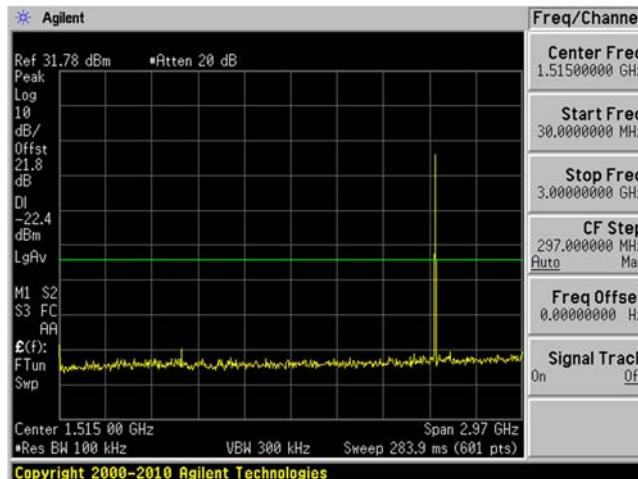
3GHz – 26GHz



Mid Channel

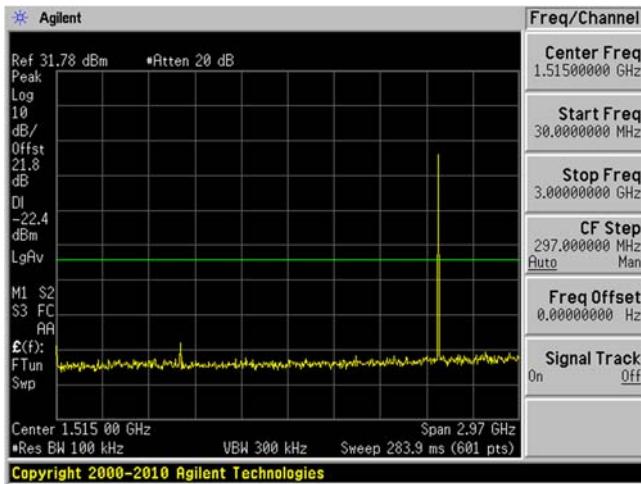
30MHz – 3GHz

3GHz – 26GHz

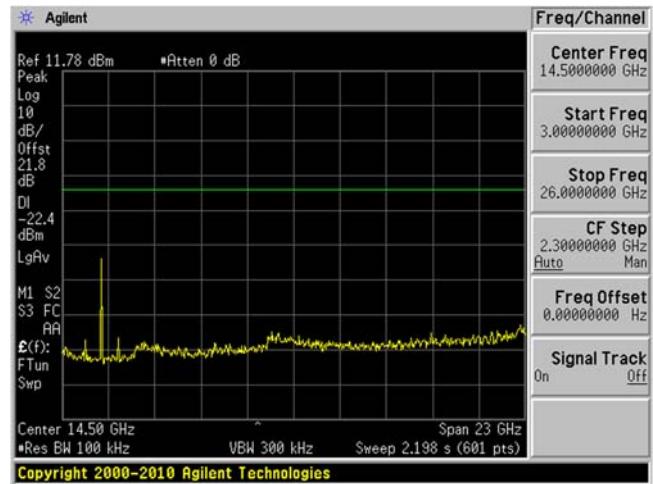


High Channel

30MHz – 3GHz



3GHz – 26GHz



12 Annex A (Normative) – EUT Test Setup Photographs

Please refer to the attachment.

13 Annex B (Normative) – EUT External Photographs

Please refer to the attachment.

14 Annex C (Normative) – EUT Internal Photographs

Please refer to the attachment.

15 Annex D (Normative) - A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate



Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

BAY AREA COMPLIANCE LABORATORIES CORP.

Sunnyvale, CA

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical Testing

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This laboratory also meets A2LA R222 - Specific Requirements EPA ENERGY STAR Accreditation Program. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).

Presented this 10th day of March 2021.

A blue ink signature of the name Trace McInturff.

Trace McInturff, Vice President, Accreditation Services
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 3297.02
Valid to September 30, 2022

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.

Please follow the web link below for a full ISO 17025 scope

<https://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf>

--- END OF REPORT ---