



TEST REPORT

Reference No...... : WTX25X06145228W
FCC ID : 2A233-AR06
Applicant : Shenzhen Konkr Technology Co.,Ltd
Address..... : C-2047, Vanke Cloud City Design Commune, Xingke Road, Xili Community,
Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen of China
Manufacturer The same as Applicant
Address..... The same as Applicant
Product Name : Portable Gaming Computer (Tablet computer)
Model No...... : AYANEO Pocket ACE
Standards : FCC Part 2.1093,
IEEE Std C95.1: 2019
IEEE C95.3: 2021
Date of Receipt sample : 2025-06-05
Date of Test..... : 2025-06-05 to 2025-07-28
Date of Issue : 2025-07-28
Test Report Form No. : WTX_Part2_1093W
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of approver.

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Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
Rev.00	2025-07-28	Original
/	/	/

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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Portable Gaming Computer (Tablet computer)
Trade Name:	AYANEO
Model No.:	AYANEO Pocket ACE
Adding Model(s):	/
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.85V by Battery
Battery Capacity:	5800mAh
Power Adapter Model:	/
Test Sample No.:	WTX25X06145228W(001#)
Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer.	

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Technical Characteristics of EUT:	
WIFI(2.4GHz)	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20/HT40, 802.11ax-HE20, 802.11ax-HE40
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)/ ax-HE20, 2422-2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40)/ ax-HE40
RF Output Power:	Antenna 1: 11.55dBm (Conducted) Antenna 2: 11.67dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, OFDMA
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n-HT20 ax-HE20, 7 for 802.11n-HT40/ ax-HE40
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain:	Antenna 1: 0.64dBi Antenna 2: -0.09dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	Bluetooth V5.2(Dual-mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	6.655dBm (Conducted)
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.64dBi
Wi-Fi(5GHz)	
Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n-HT20/40, 802.11ac-VHT20/40/80, 802.11ax-HE20/40/80,
Frequency Range:	5180-5240MHz, 5745-5825MHz
RF Output Power:	Antenna 1: 10.23dBm (Conducted) Antenna 2: 10.68dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	DBPSK/DQPSK/CCK(DSSS)/OFDMA BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM/1024QAM
Type of Antenna:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain:	5180-5240MHz: Antenna 1:1.85dBi Antenna 2: 3.17dBi 5745-5825MHz: Antenna 1: 2.79dBi Antenna 2: 3.55dBi
Note: 1. The Antenna Gain is provided by the customer and can affect the validity of results. 2. The WIFI/BT Output power are provided by the customer.	



1.2 Test Standards

The following report is accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, IEEE Std C95.1: 2019, IEEE C95.3: 2021, and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 and KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 and 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which is result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

1.4 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010. Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A and the CAB identifier is CN0057.



2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Body (0mm Gap)	SAR _{1g} Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
WLAN(2.4GHz)_ANT1	0.370	1.6
WLAN(5GHz)_ANT1	0.744	1.6
WLAN(2.4GHz)_ANT2	0.431	1.6
WLAN(5GHz)_ANT2	0.380	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	1.175	1.6

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and IEEE Std C95.1: 2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02.

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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.

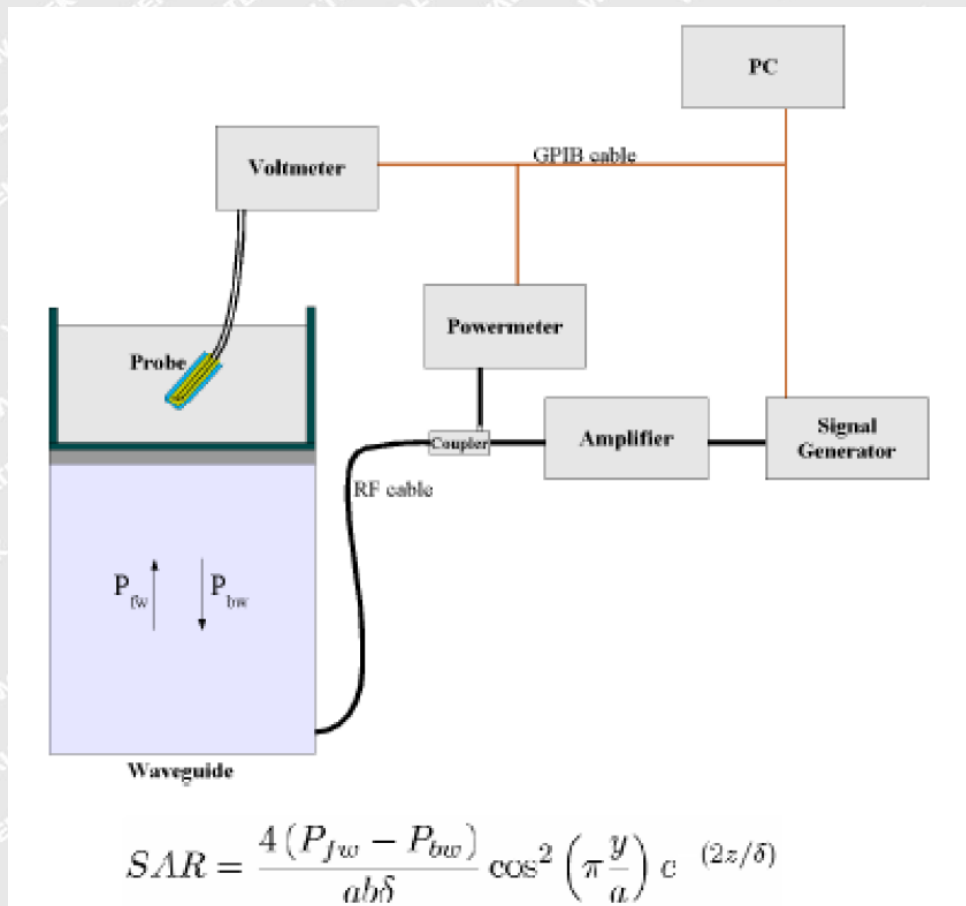


The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE2 0725-EPGO-446, and refer to the calibration report for probe parameters.

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with IEEE Std 1528™ - 2013 STD, with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEEE Std 1528™ - 2013 annexes technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

δ = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, $CF(N)$, for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

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4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

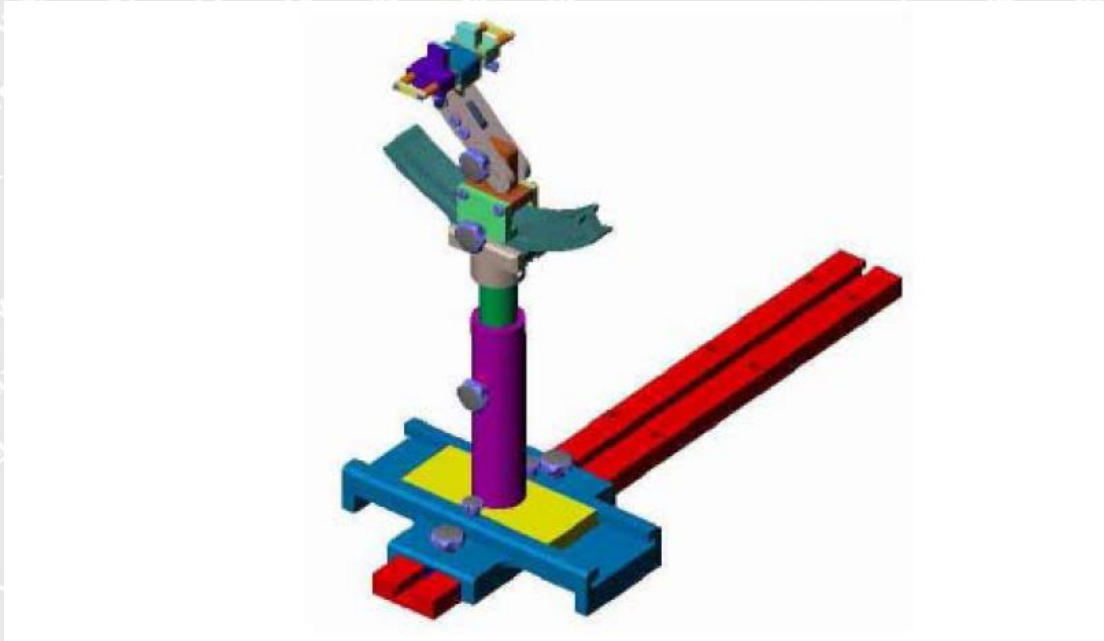
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a



cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005



4.6 Test Equipment List

Fixed asset Number	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
WTXE1105A1002	E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	0725-EPGO-446	2025-02-12	2026-02-11
WTXE1053A1001-007	2450MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2023-08-20	2026-08-19
WTXE1035A1009	5 GHz Dipole	MVG	SID5000	SN 02/21 DIP 5G000-543	2024-07-11	2027-07-10
WTXE1053A1001-010	Dielectric Probe	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1075A1003	Power meter	Keithley	3500	1232959	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1075A1002	Power meter	Keithley	3500	1162591	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1104A1003	EXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61252892	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1022A1002	GSM Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	114403	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1041A1002	Communications Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1036A1001	Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ZVB 8	101353	2024-10-15	2025-10-14
WTXE1076A1001	Power Divider	HP	11636B	JC-2017-10-002	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1103A1001	Attenuator	Pasternack	PE4007-4	/	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1103A1002	Attenuator	Pasternack	PE4007-4	/	2025-02-23	2026-02-22
WTXE1103A1003	Attenuator	Pasternack	PE4007-4	/	2025-02-23	2026-02-22



5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
Head						
750	41.1	1.4	57.0	0.2	0.3	0
835	40.3	1.38	57.9	0.24	0.18	0
900	40.3	1.38	57.9	0.24	0.18	0
1800-2000	55.24	0.31	0	0	0	44.45
2300	55.40	0.08	0	0	0	44.52
2450	55.00	0	0	0	0	45.00
2600	55.242	0.306	0	0	0	44.452

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Hexyl Carbitol (%)	Triton X-100 (%)
Head/Body			
5000-6000	65.52	17.24	17.24



5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

According to FCC KDBs, IEEE Std 1528TM - 2013 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2100	1.49	39.8	1.62	53.2
2300	1.67	39.5	1.81	52.9
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
2600	1.96	39.0	2.16	52.5
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5200	4.66	36.0	5.30	49.0
5400	4.86	35.8	5.53	48.7
5600	5.07	35.5	5.77	48.5
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2



5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ϵ_r)	Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (%)		
2450	22.7	1.75	1.80	-2.78	40.55	39.20	3.44	±5	2025-07-01
5200	22.7	4.64	4.66	-0.43	37.32	36.00	3.67	±5	2025-07-01
5800	22.5	5.24	5.27	-0.57	36.35	35.30	2.97	±5	2025-07-26

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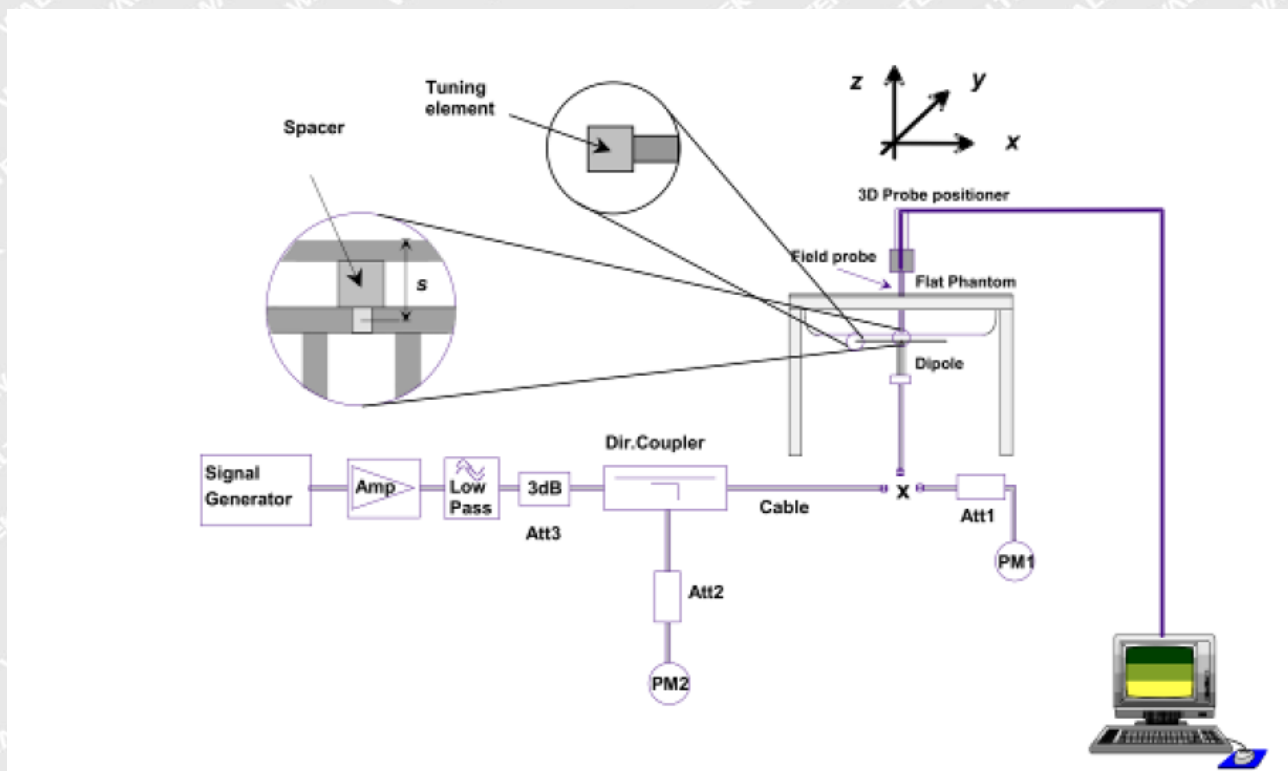
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450MHz and 5000MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm(250 mW) before dipole is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Power	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(mw)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Head						
2450	250	53.76	13.747	54.988	2.28	2025-07-01
5200	250	75.31	18.567	74.268	-1.38	2025-07-01
5800	250	78.05	18.087	72.348	-7.31	2025-07-26

Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.



7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with each side.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 0mm.

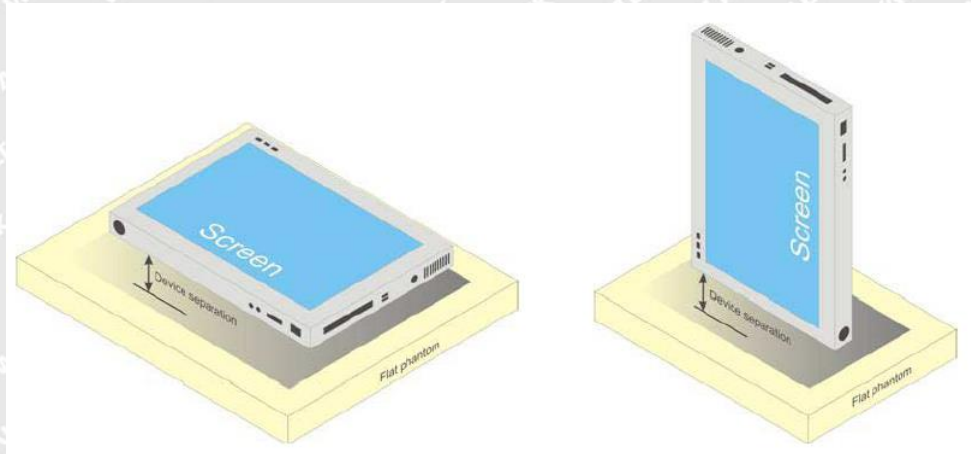


Illustration for Body Position

7.2 EUT Antenna Position

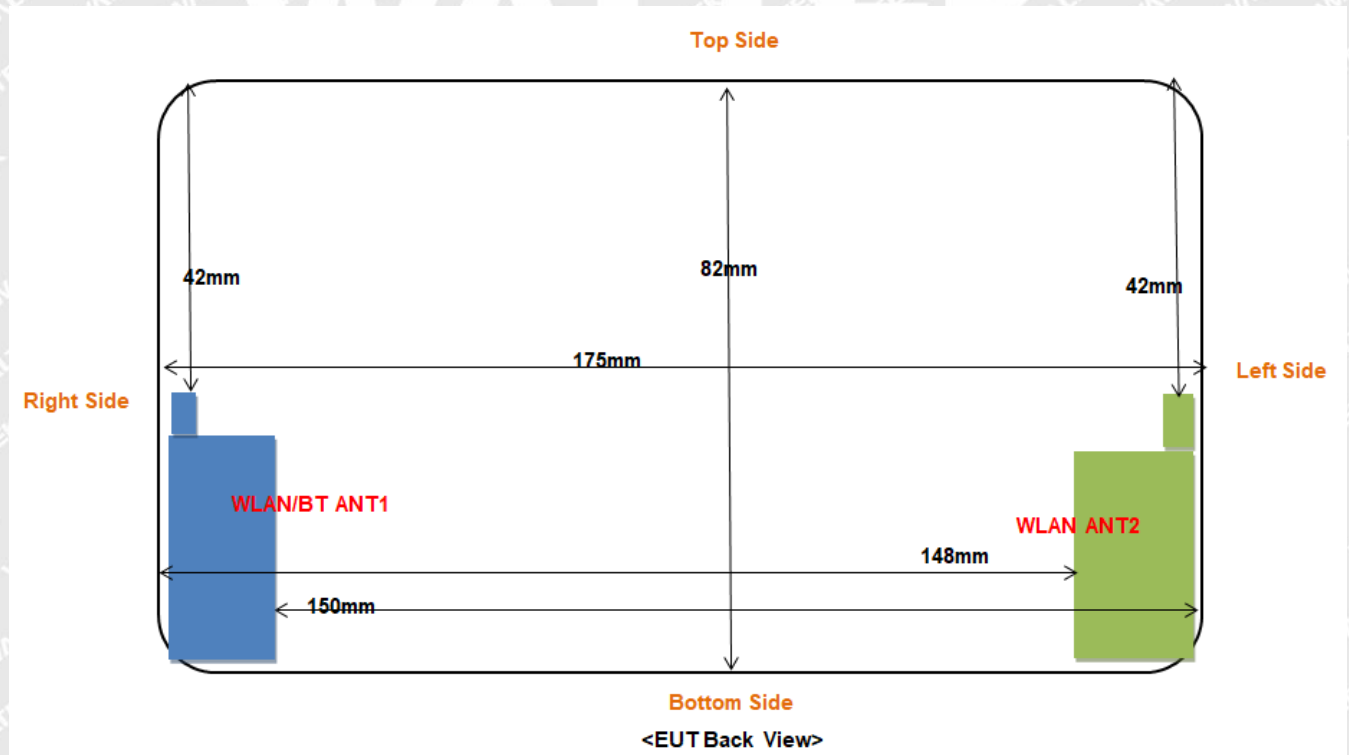


Fig 7.2 Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position



Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm),						
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WLAN 1/BT	<25	<25	150	<25	42	<25
WLAN 2	<25	<25	<25	148	42	<25

7.3 EUT Testing Position

Body mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Body SAR tests, Test distance: 0mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Right Side	Left Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WLAN 1/BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WLAN 2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

Remark:

- Referring to KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 and KDB 447498 D01 v06, this device is tested in direct contact (no gap) with flat phantom.
- Referring to KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, Exposures from antennas through the front (top) surface of the display section of a full-size tablet, away from the edges, are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.



8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

WLAN(2.4GHz)-ANT1					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	11.55	12.0
		CH 06	2437	11.52	12.0
		CH 11	2462	11.54	12.0
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	11.01	12.0
		CH 06	2437	11.12	12.0
		CH 11	2462	10.94	12.0
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	CH 01	2412	10.74	12.0
		CH 06	2437	10.76	12.0
		CH 11	2462	10.75	12.0
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	CH 03	2422	11.23	12.0
		CH 07	2442	10.78	12.0
		CH 11	2452	11.07	12.0
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	CH 01	2412	10.79	12.0
		CH 06	2437	10.85	12.0
		CH 11	2462	10.79	12.0
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	CH 03	2422	11.13	12.0
		CH 07	2442	10.91	12.0
		CH 11	2452	11.07	12.0



WLAN(2.4GHz)-ANT2					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	11.67	12.0
		CH 06	2437	11.18	12.0
		CH 11	2462	11.16	12.0
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	11.13	12.0
		CH 06	2437	10.69	12.0
		CH 11	2462	10.78	12.0
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	CH 01	2412	10.78	12.0
		CH 06	2437	10.30	12.0
		CH 11	2462	10.88	12.0
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	CH 03	2422	10.40	12.0
		CH 07	2442	10.35	12.0
		CH 11	2452	10.64	12.0
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	CH 01	2412	10.92	12.0
		CH 06	2437	10.46	12.0
		CH 11	2462	11.01	12.0
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	CH 03	2422	10.50	12.0
		CH 07	2442	10.82	12.0
		CH 11	2452	10.78	12.0



WLAN(5.2GHz)-ANT1				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11a	36	5180	9.68	10.5
	40	5200	9.56	10.5
	48	5240	9.77	10.5
802.11n-HT20	36	5180	10.04	10.5
	40	5200	10.05	10.5
	48	5240	9.42	10.5
802.11n-HT40	38	5190	10.23	10.5
	46	5230	10.1	10.5
802.11ac-VHT20	36	5180	9.53	10.5
	40	5200	8.48	10.5
	48	5240	9.41	10.5
802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	10.07	10.5
	46	5230	9.92	10.5
802.11ac-VHT80	42	5210	9.55	10.5
802.11ax-HE20	36	5180	9.26	10.5
	40	5200	9.39	10.5
	48	5240	9.21	10.5
802.11ax-HE40	38	5190	9.85	10.5
	46	5230	9.35	10.5
802.11ax-HE80	42	5210	9.48	10.5



WLAN(5.2GHz)-ANT2				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11a	36	5180	9.48	10.5
	40	5200	9.74	10.5
	48	5240	10.34	10.5
802.11n-HT20	36	5180	9.15	10.5
	40	5200	9.29	10.5
	48	5240	9.82	10.5
802.11n-HT40	38	5190	10.22	10.5
	46	5230	10.2	10.5
802.11ac-VHT20	36	5180	8.96	10.5
	40	5200	9.06	10.5
	48	5240	10.19	10.5
802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	10.31	11.0
	46	5230	10.68	11.0
802.11ac-VHT80	42	5210	9.87	10.5
802.11ax-HE20	36	5180	9.25	10.5
	40	5200	9.50	10.5
	48	5240	10.03	10.5
802.11ax-HE40	38	5190	9.90	10.5
	46	5230	10.62	10.5
802.11ax-HE80	42	5210	9.91	10.5



WLAN(5.8GHz)-ANT1				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11a	149	5745	8.63	10.0
	157	5785	8.35	10.0
	165	5825	7.80	10.0
802.11n-HT20	149	5745	8.29	10.0
	157	5785	7.96	10.0
	165	5825	7.23	10.0
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	8.68	10.0
	159	5795	8.53	10.0
802.11ac-VHT20	149	5745	8.67	10.0
	157	5785	7.79	10.0
	165	5825	7.91	10.0
802.11ac-VHT40	151	5755	9.23	10.0
	159	5795	8.92	10.0
802.11ac-VHT80	155	5775	8.34	10.0
802.11ax-HE20	149	5745	8.37	10.0
	157	5785	8.04	10.0
	165	5825	7.87	10.0
802.11ax-HE40	151	5755	8.81	10.0
	159	5795	8.16	10.0
802.11ax-HE80	155	5775	9.03	10.0



WLAN(5.8GHz)-ANT2				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11a	149	5745	9.27	10.0
	157	5785	9.33	10.0
	165	5825	9.05	10.0
802.11n-HT20	149	5745	8.72	10.0
	157	5785	8.66	10.0
	165	5825	8.38	10.0
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	9.38	10.0
	159	5795	9.71	10.0
802.11ac-VHT20	149	5745	9.18	10.0
	157	5785	8.54	10.0
	165	5825	8.71	10.0
802.11ac-VHT40	151	5755	9.93	10.0
	159	5795	9.82	10.0
802.11ac-VHT80	155	5775	9.57	10.0
802.11ax-HE20	149	5745	9.03	10.0
	157	5785	9.42	10.0
	165	5825	8.62	10.0
802.11ax-HE40	151	5755	9.85	10.0
	159	5795	9.39	10.0
802.11ax-HE80	155	5775	9.49	10.0

Remark:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements ,when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
3. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

**Bluetooth**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	2.17	≤21	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	3.50	≤21	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	3.58	≤21	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	3.58	≤21	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	4.97	≤21	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2480	5.14	≤21	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	3.89	≤21	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	4.98	≤21	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2480	5.14	≤21	PASS

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BLE_1M	Ant1	2402	2.39	≤30	PASS
BLE_1M	Ant1	2440	3.27	≤30	PASS
BLE_1M	Ant1	2480	2.93	≤30	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	2402	2.64	≤30	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	2440	3.82	≤30	PASS
BLE_2M	Ant1	2480	3.48	≤30	PASS

Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 5.14dBm and Maximum Tune-Up output power is 5.5dBm,. Per KDB 447498 D01 V06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where}$$

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation¹⁷
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
5.5	3.55	5	2.48	1.619	3

The exclusion thresholds is 1.619< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.



9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Body SAR

WLAN 2.4GHz-ANT1 –Body SAR Test(0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
1.	802.11b	Back Face	01	2412	11.55	12.0	1.109	0.334	0.370
	802.11b	Front Face	01	2412	11.55	12.0	1.109	0.100	0.111
	802.11b	Right Side	01	2412	11.55	12.0	1.109	0.132	0.146
	802.11b	Bottom Side	01	2412	11.55	12.0	1.109	0.127	0.141
	802.11b	Back Face	06	2437	11.52	12.0	1.117	0.317	0.354
	802.11b	Back Face	11	2462	11.54	12.0	1.112	0.326	0.362

WLAN 5.2GHz-ANT1 –Body SAR Test(0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
2.	802.11n-HT 40	Back Face	38	5190	10.23	10.5	1.064	0.699	0.744
	802.11n-HT 40	Front Face	38	5190	10.23	10.5	1.064	0.204	0.217
	802.11n-HT 40	Right Side	38	5190	10.23	10.5	1.064	0.567	0.603
	802.11n-HT 40	Bottom Side	38	5190	10.23	10.5	1.064	0.173	0.184
	802.11n-HT 40	Back Face	46	5230	10.1	10.5	1.096	0.656	0.719

WLAN 5.8GHz-ANT1 –Body SAR Test(0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
3.	802.11ac-V HT40	Back Face	151	5755	9.23	10.0	1.194	0.430	0.513
	802.11ac-V HT40	Front Face	151	5755	9.23	10.0	1.194	0.175	0.209
	802.11ac-V HT40	Right Side	151	5755	9.23	10.0	1.194	0.306	0.365



	802.11ac-V HT40	Bottom Side	151	5755	9.23	10.0	1.194	0.248	0.296
	802.11ac-V HT40	Back Face	159	5795	8.92	10.0	1.282	0.388	0.498

WLAN 2.4GHz-ANT2 –Body SAR Test(0mm)

Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	802.11b	Back Face	CH 01	2412	11.67	12.0	1.079	0.366	0.395
	802.11b	Front Face	CH 01	2412	11.67	12.0	1.079	0.176	0.190
	802.11b	Left Side	CH 01	2412	11.67	12.0	1.079	0.180	0.194
	802.11b	Bottom Side	CH 01	2412	11.67	12.0	1.079	0.194	0.209
	802.11b	Back Face	CH 06	2437	11.18	12.0	1.208	0.289	0.349
4.	802.11b	Back Face	CH 11	2462	11.16	12.0	1.213	0.355	0.431

WLAN 5.2GHz-ANT2 –Body SAR Test(0mm)

Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	802.11ac-V HT40	Back Face	46	5230	10.68	11.0	1.076	0.296	0.319
	802.11ac-V HT40	Front Face	46	5230	10.68	11.0	1.076	0.107	0.115
	802.11ac-V HT40	Left Side	46	5230	10.68	11.0	1.076	0.172	0.185
	802.11ac-V HT40	Bottom Side	46	5230	10.68	11.0	1.076	0.207	0.223
5.	802.11ac-V HT40	Back Face	38	5190	10.31	11.0	1.172	0.324	0.380



WLAN 5.8GHz-ANT2-Body SAR Test(0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	802.11ac-V HT40	Back Face	151	5755	9.93	10.0	1.016	0.320	0.325
	802.11ac-V HT40	Front Face	151	5755	9.93	10.0	1.016	0.190	0.193
	802.11ac-V HT40	Left Side	151	5755	9.93	10.0	1.016	0.261	0.265
	802.11ac-V HT40	Bottom Side	151	5755	9.93	10.0	1.016	0.205	0.208
6.	802.11ac-V HT40	Back Face	159	5795	9.82	10.0	1.042	0.333	0.347

Remark:

- 1) Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.
- 2) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 3) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .



9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Body SAR
1	WLAN(Data)ANT1 + WLAN(Data)ANT2	Yes
2	WLAN(Data)ANT2+ Bluetooth(Data)	Yes

Remark:

2. WLAN ANT1 and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.

3. According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x]$
W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 v06 as below:

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	X	SAR(1g) 5mm
5.5	3.55	5/10	2.48	7.5	0.149

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

**Body SAR**

	WLAN(2.4GHz) ANT1	WLAN(2.4GHz) ANT2	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	0.370	0.431	0.801
Front	0.111	0.190	0.301
Right side	0.146	--	0.146
Left side	--	0.194	0.194
Top side	--	--	--
Bottom side	0.141	0.209	0.350

	WLAN(2.4GHz) ANT1	WLAN(5GHz) ANT2	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	0.370	0.380	0.750
Front	0.111	0.193	0.304
Right side	0.146	--	0.146
Left side	--	0.265	0.265
Top side	--	--	--
Bottom side	0.141	0.223	0.364

	WLAN(5GHz) ANT1	WLAN(2.4GHz) ANT2	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	0.744	0.431	1.175
Front	0.217	0.190	0.407
Right side	0.603	--	0.603
Left side	--	0.194	0.194
Top side	--	--	--
Bottom side	0.296	0.209	0.505



	WLAN(5GHz) ANT1	WLAN(5GHz) ANT2	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	0.744	0.380	1.124
Front	0.217	0.193	0.410
Right side	0.603	--	0.603
Left side	--	0.265	0.265
Top side	--	--	--
Bottom side	0.296	0.223	0.519

Note: WLAN(2.4GHz/5GHz)ANT2+ Bluetooth test result less than the WLAN(2.4GHz/5GHz)ANT2+ WLAN(2.4GHz/5GHz)ANT1 test result, so the WLAN(2.4GHz/5GHz)ANT2+ Bluetooth test result is not show in the test report.

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10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for SAR Test

Input quantity X_i (source of uncertainty)	Ref.	Prob. Dist PDF_i	Unc. $a(x_i)$	Div. q_i	$u(x_i) =$ $a(x_i)/q_i$	c_i (1 g; 10 g)	$u(y) = c_i \cdot u(x_i)$	v_i or v_{eff}
Measurement System errors								
Probe calibration	8.4.1.1	N	7.00	2	3.5	1	3.5	∞
Probe calibration drift	8.4.1.2	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	∞
Probe linearity and detection limit	8.4.1.3	R	5.00	$\sqrt{3}$	2.89	1	2.89	∞
Broadband signal	8.4.1.4	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	∞
Probe isotropy	8.4.1.5	R	2.50	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44	1	1.44	∞
Other probe and data acquisition errors	8.4.1.6	N	0.02	1	0.02	1	0.02	∞
RF ambient and noise	8.4.1.7	N	0	1	0	1	0	∞
Probe positioning errors	8.4.1.8	N	1.40	1	1.40	2/TM	0.70	
Data processing errors	8.4.1.9	N	0.05	1	0.05	1	0.05	∞
Phantom and device (DUT or validation antenna) errors								
Measurement of phantom conductivity(σ)	8.4.2.1	N	4.00	1	4.00	c_{σ} , c_{σ}	4.00	∞
Temperature effects (medium)	8.4.2.2	R	2.50	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44	c_{σ} , c_{σ}	1.44	∞
Shell permittivity	8.4.2.3	R	5.00	$\sqrt{3}$	2.88	See 8.4.2.3	2.88	∞
Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	8.4.2.4	N	0.03	1	0.03	2	0.02	∞
Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	8.4.2.5	N	0.05	1	0.05	1	0.05	5
Device holder effects	8.4.2.6	N	5.00	1	5.00	1	5.00	
Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	8.4.2.7	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	∞
Time-average SAR	8.4.2.8	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	∞
Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	8.4.2.9	N	5.00	1	5.00	1	5.00	
Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	8.4.2.10	N	0	1	0	1	0	
Uncertainty in accepted power	8.4.2.11	N	0	1	0	1	0	



(validation measurement only)								
Corrections to the SAR result								
Phantom deviation from target (ϵ', σ)	8.4.3.1	N	0.05	1	0.05	1	0.05	
SAR scaling	8.4.3.2	R	2.00	$\sqrt{3}$	1.15	1	1.15	
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS			10.11		10.11	$v_{\text{eff}} =$
Expanded uncertainty, U		K=2			20.23		20.23	

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Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-01
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.45; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

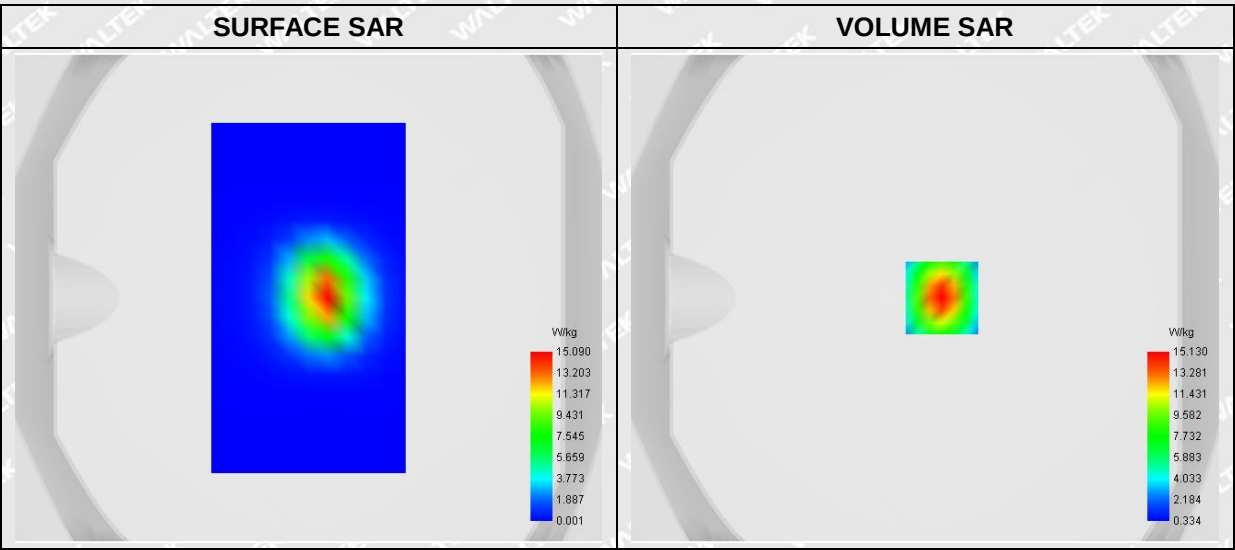
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	40.554829
Conductivity (S/m)	1.751289
Power Variation (%)	1.475200
Ambient Temperature	22.6
Liquid Temperature	22.6

C. SAR Surface and Volume





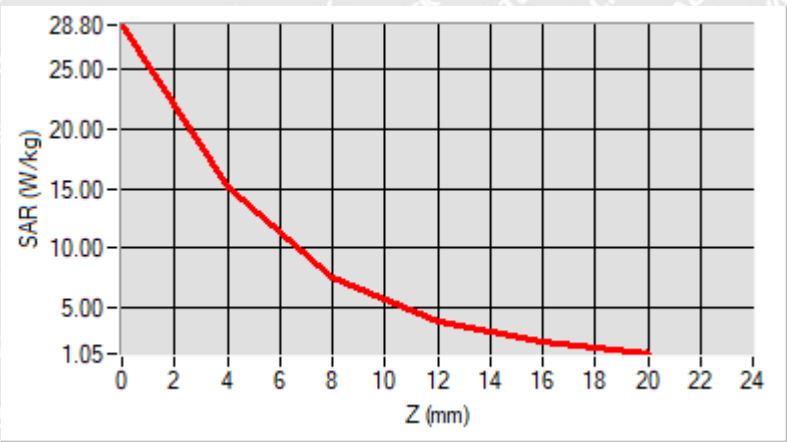
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=0.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

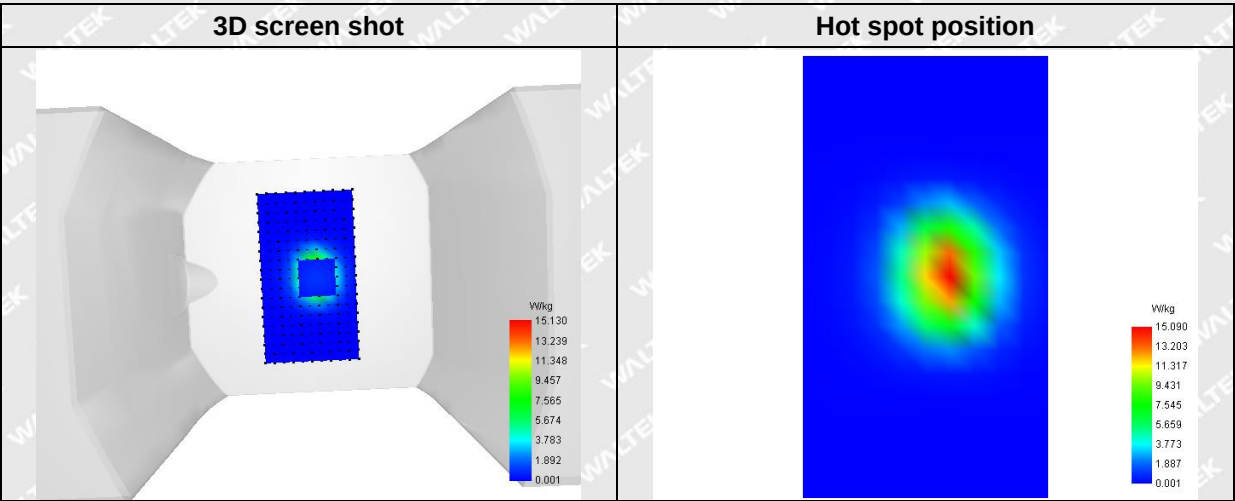
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.149024
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.746586

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	28.7959	15.1301	7.5430	3.7436	1.9810



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-01
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.56; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

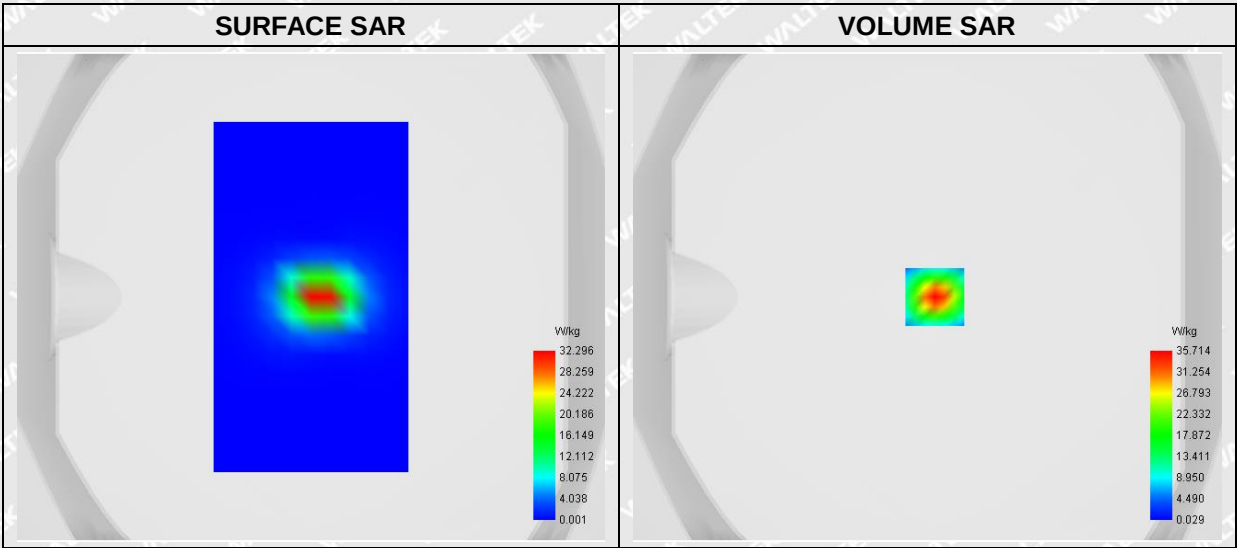
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5200
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	37.323547
Conductivity (S/m)	4.643461
Power Variation (%)	-2.345100
Ambient Temperature	22.7
Liquid Temperature	22.7

C. SAR Surface and Volume





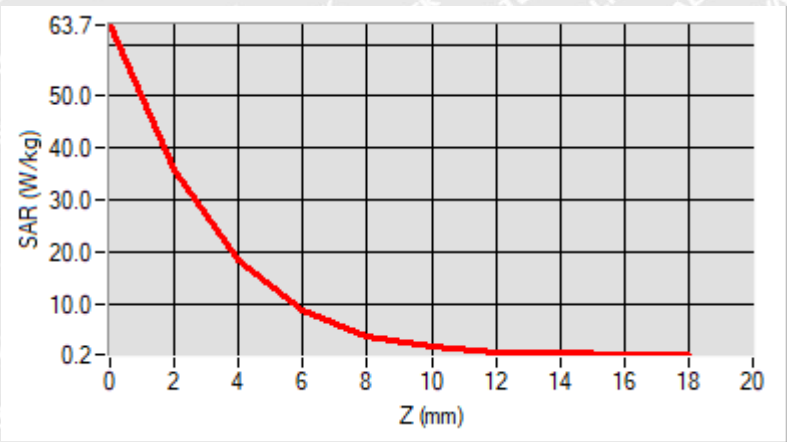
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=0.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

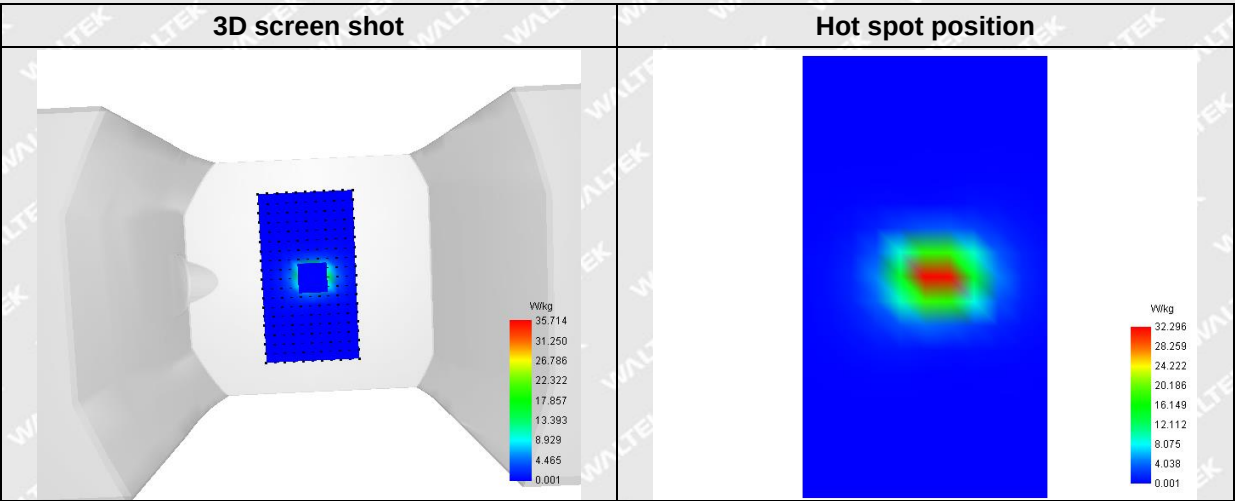
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.214336
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.566732

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	63.694	35.714	18.361	8.6368	3.8326	1.6405	0.7180	0.3557	0.2183
	0	3	9						



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-26
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.58; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

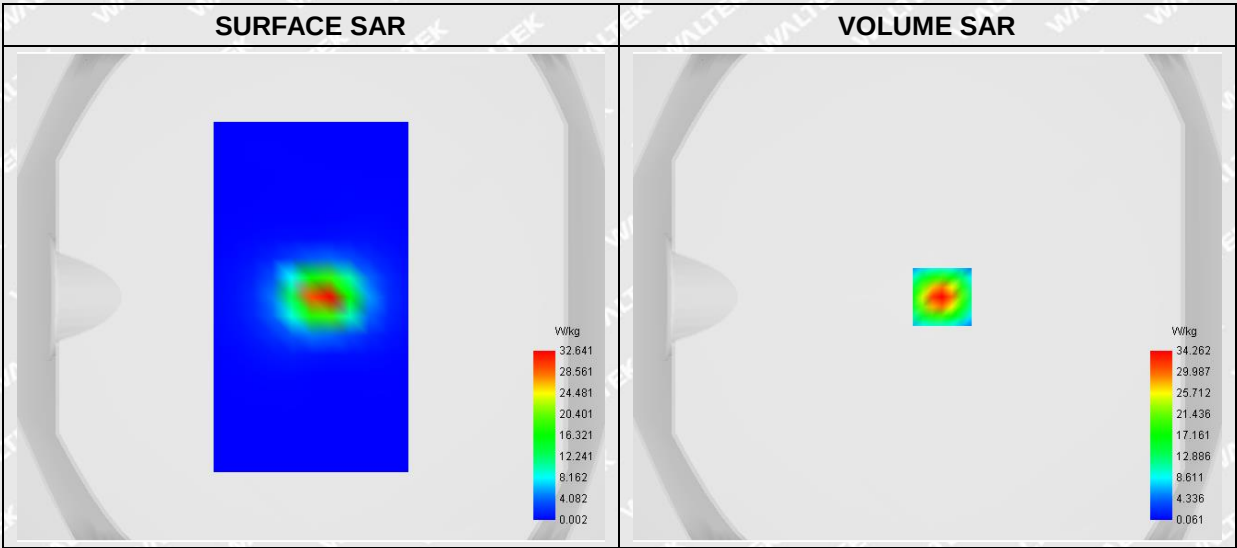
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5800
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	36.352424
Conductivity (S/m)	5.244791
Power Variation (%)	-1.437500
Ambient Temperature	22.5
Liquid Temperature	22.5

C. SAR Surface and Volume



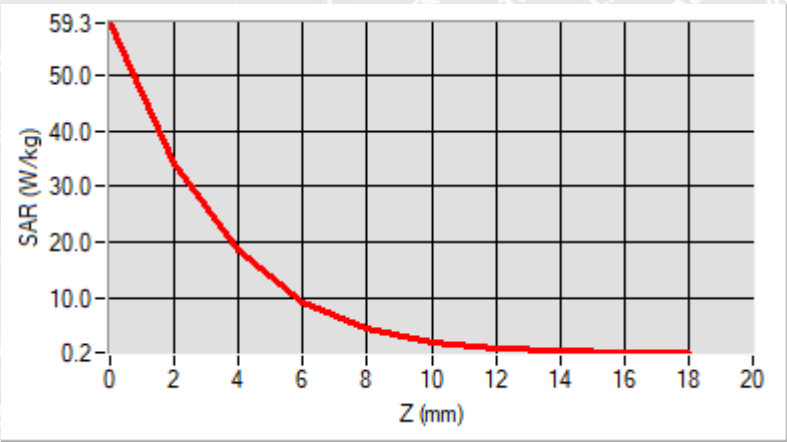


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00
D. SAR 1g & 10g

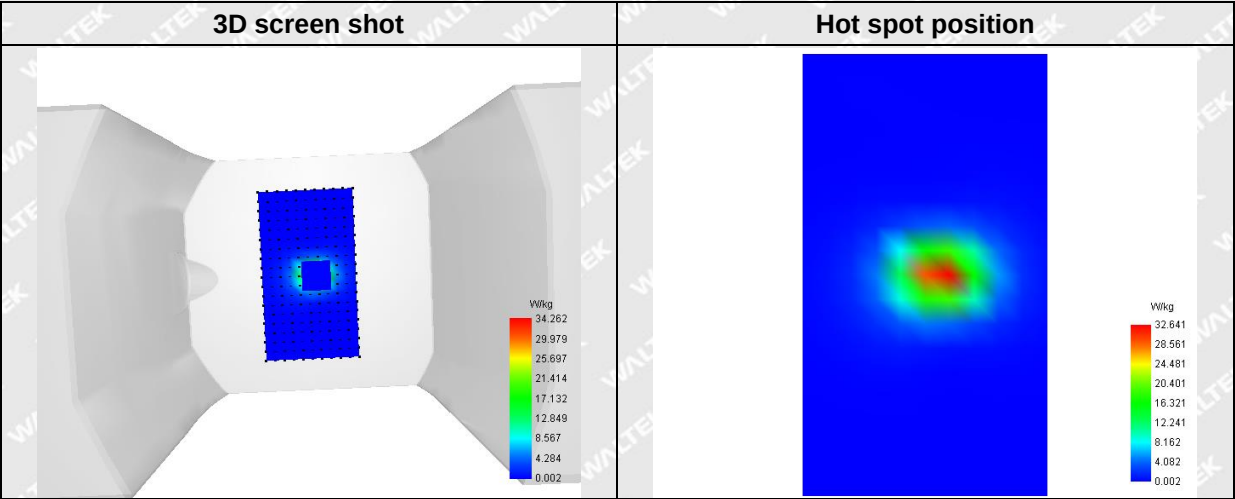
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.385932
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.087402

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	59.320	34.261	18.434	9.2545	4.4822	2.1439	1.0586	0.5728	0.3524
	3	7	7						



F. 3D Image





Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-01
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.45; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

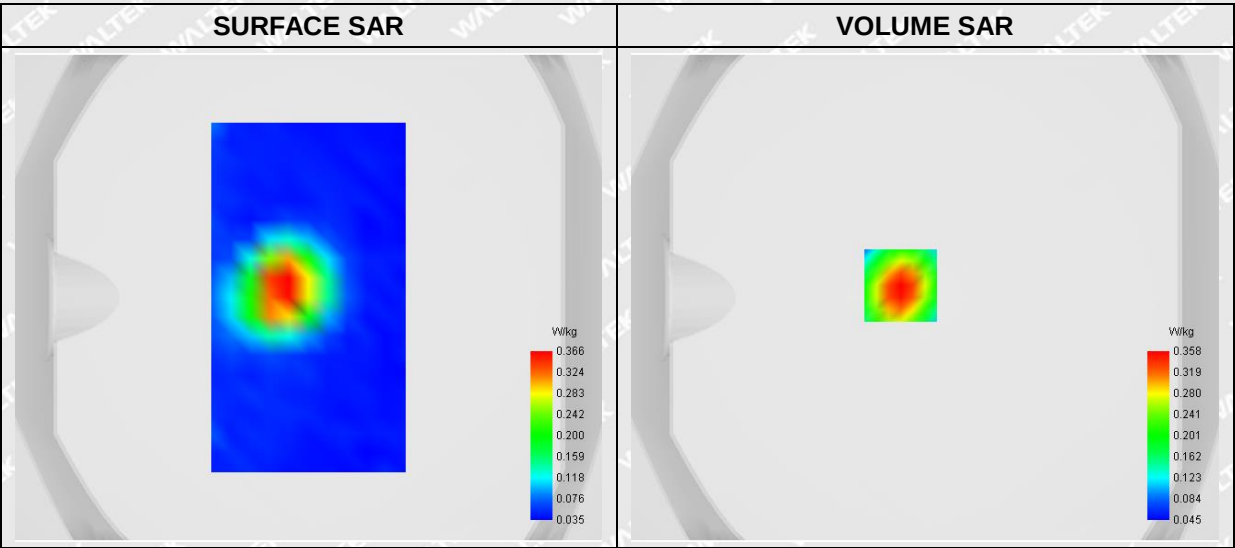
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	40.552688
Conductivity (S/m)	1.751572
Power Variation (%)	-0.457400
Ambient Temperature	22.7
Liquid Temperature	22.7

C. SAR Surface and Volume





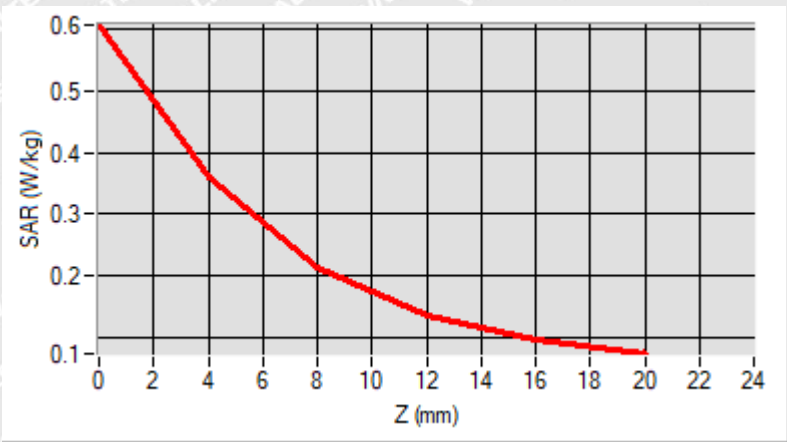
Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=5.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

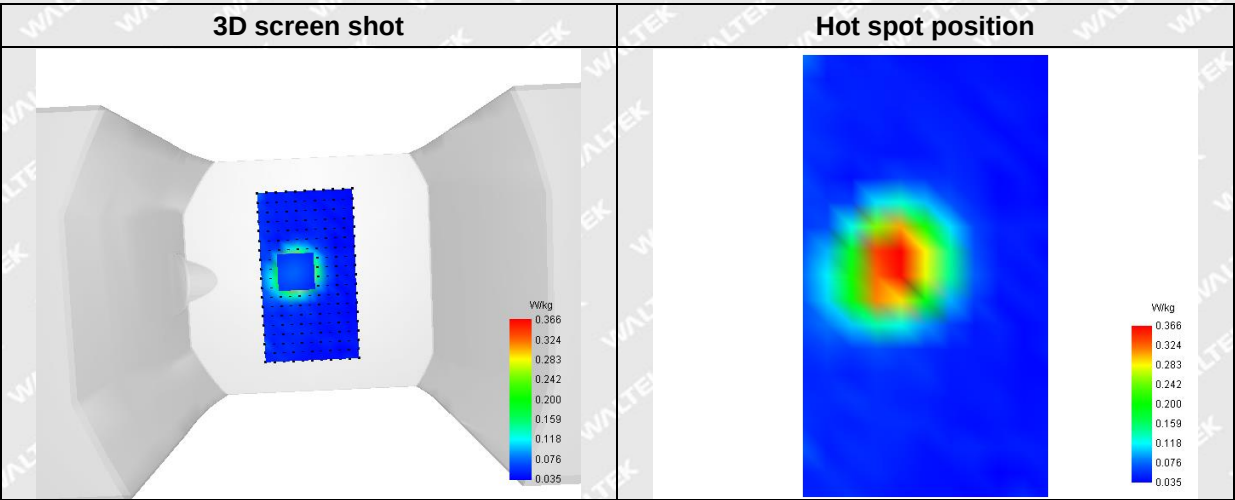
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.185042
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.334039

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6056	0.3581	0.2124	0.1348	0.0967



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-01
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.56; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

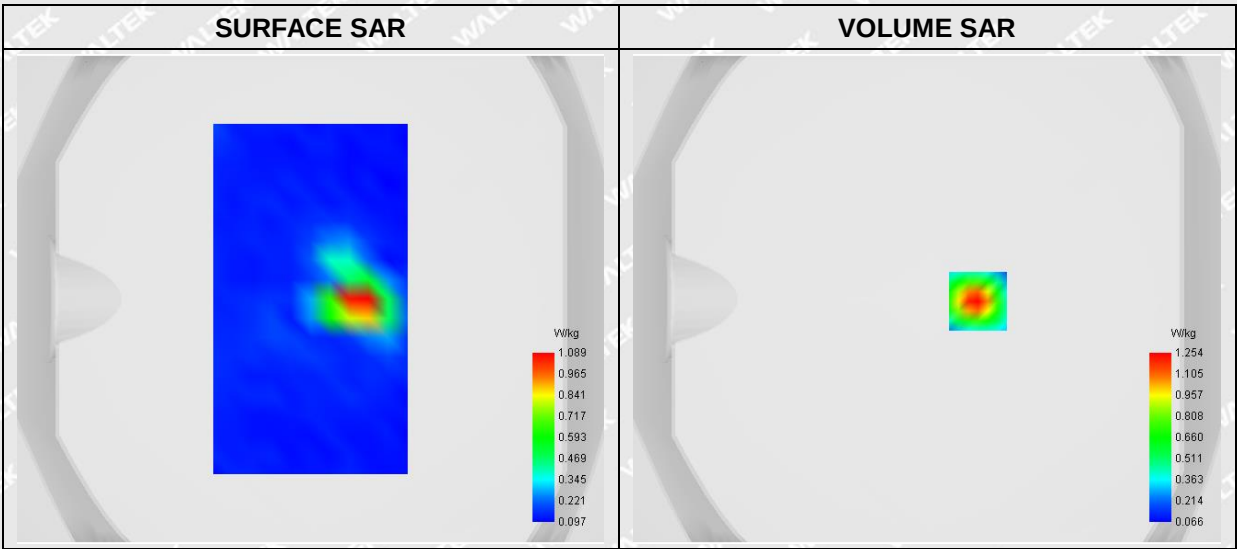
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi(5.2GHz)_802.11n-HT40
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5190.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	37.323299
Conductivity (S/m)	4.644149
Power Variation (%)	-1.621400
Ambient Temperature	22.7
Liquid Temperature	22.7

C. SAR Surface and Volume





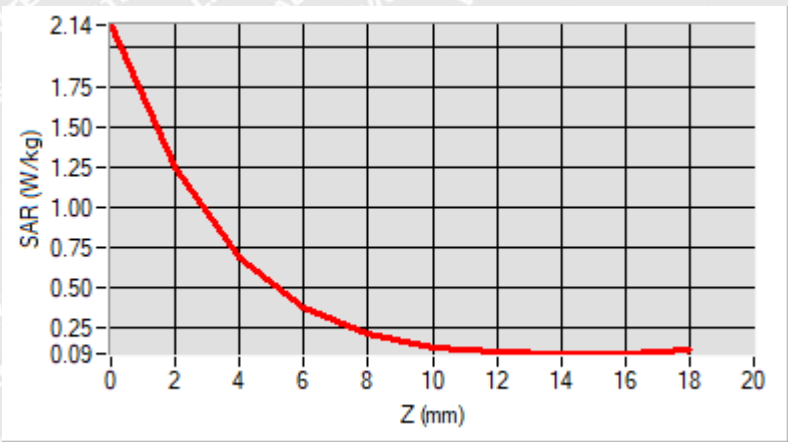
Maximum location: X=21.00, Y=-1.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

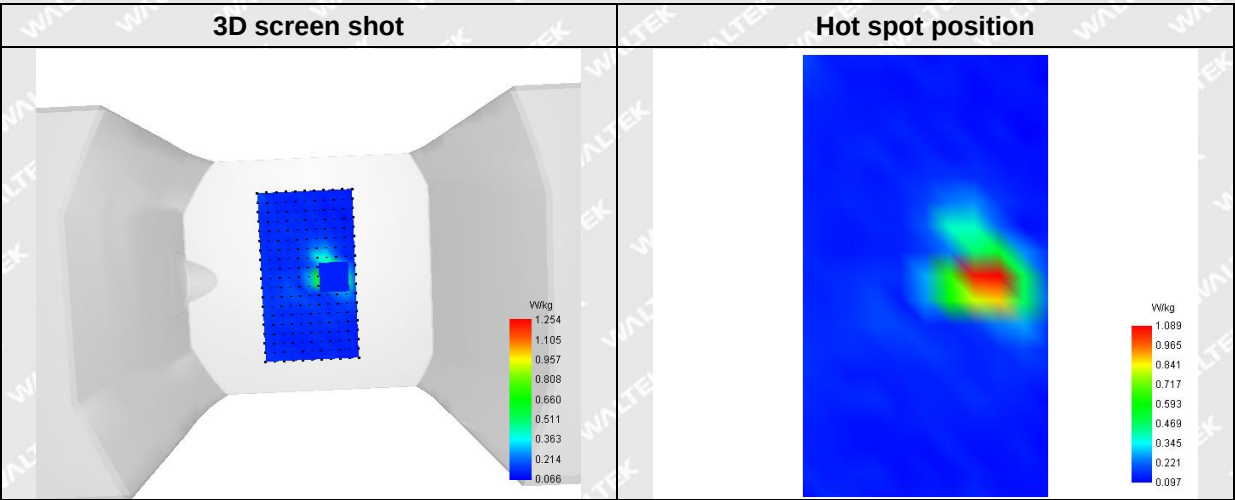
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.269983
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.698831

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.1418	1.2536	0.6948	0.3754	0.2126	0.1346	0.1017	0.0933	0.0992



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-26
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.58; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

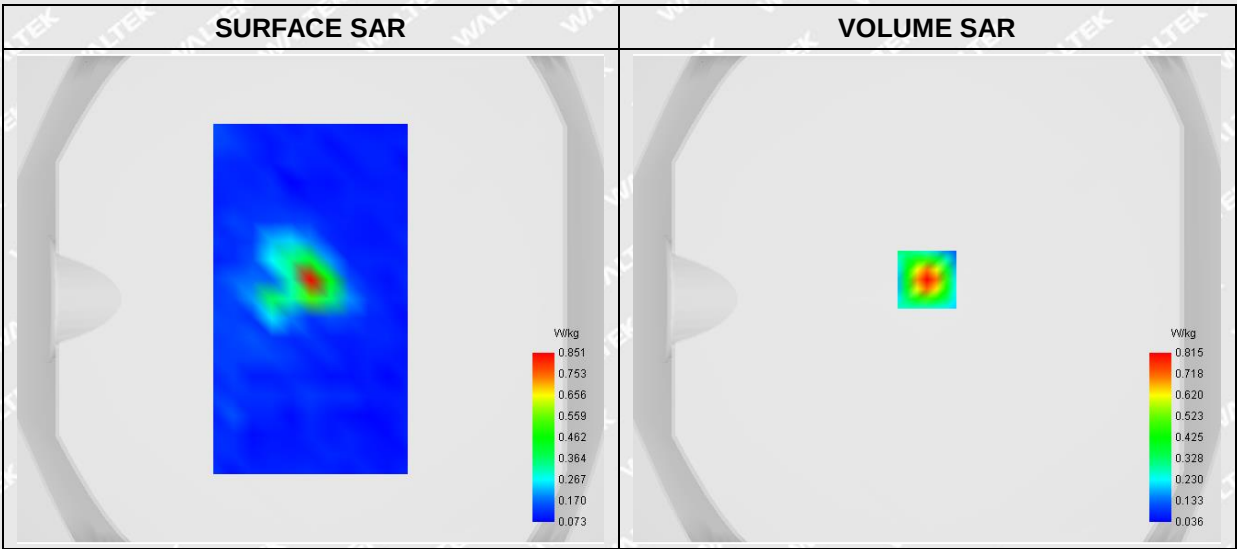
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi(5.8GHz)_802.11ac-VHT40
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5755.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	36.350216
Conductivity (S/m)	5.244219
Power Variation (%)	-1.830500
Ambient Temperature	22.5
Liquid Temperature	22.5

C. SAR Surface and Volume





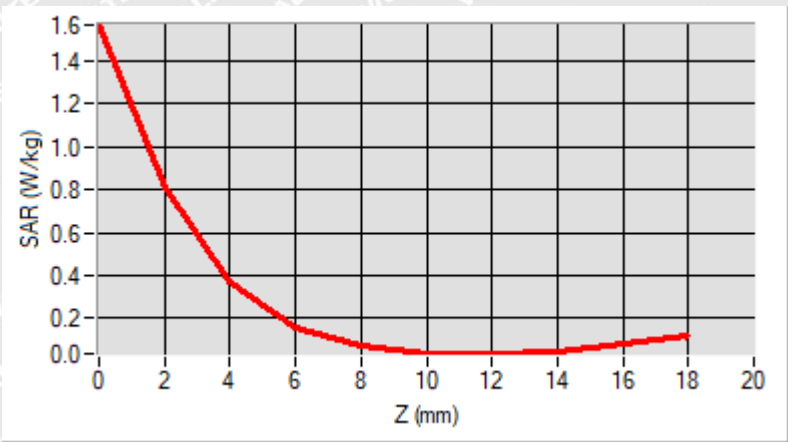
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=8.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

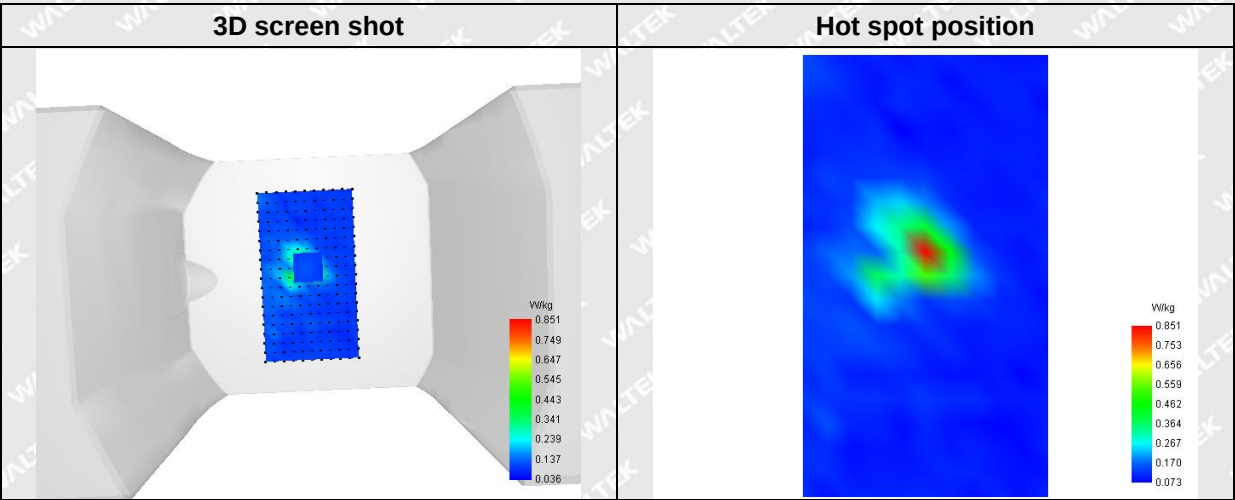
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.164455
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.430083

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.5675	0.8150	0.3723	0.1562	0.0688	0.0392	0.0356	0.0485	0.0779



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-01
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.45; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

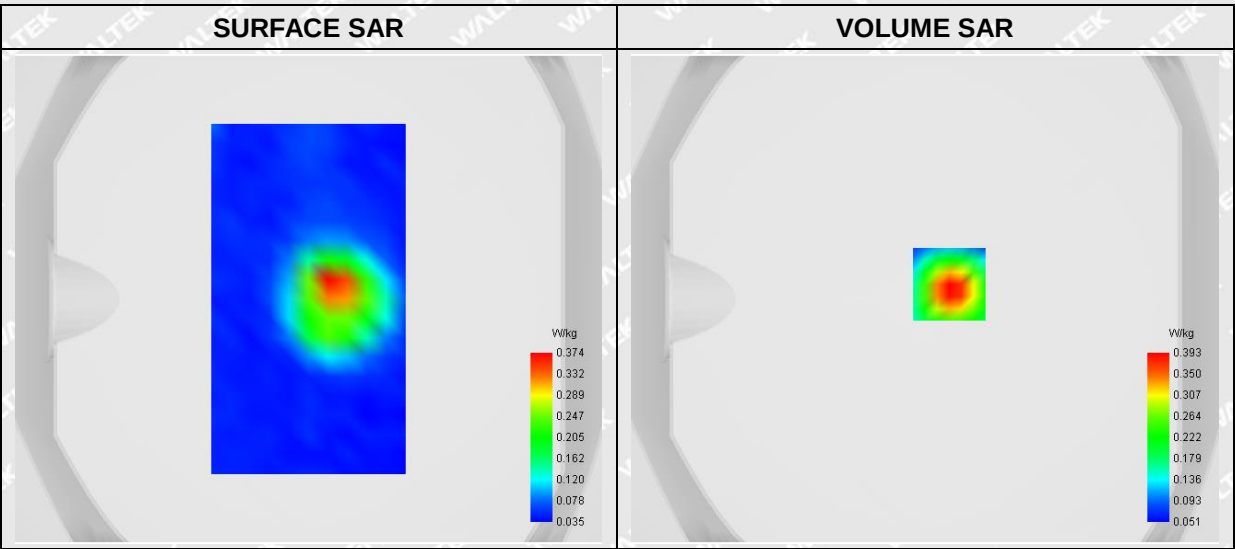
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	40.552752
Conductivity (S/m)	1.754759
Power Variation (%)	1.233300
Ambient Temperature	22.7
Liquid Temperature	22.7

C. SAR Surface and Volume





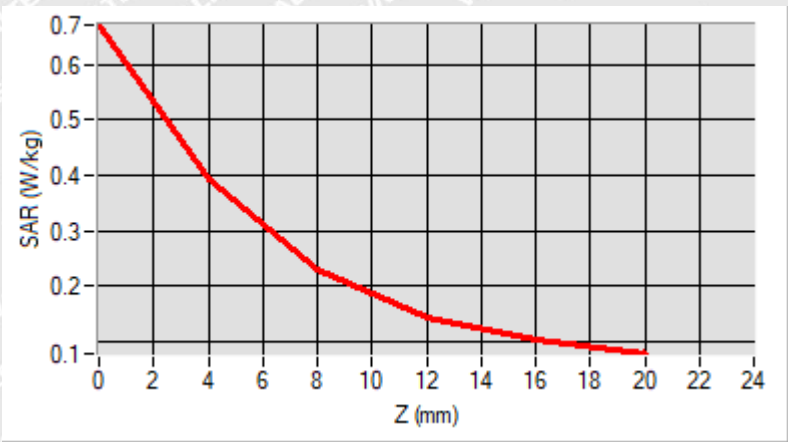
Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=6.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

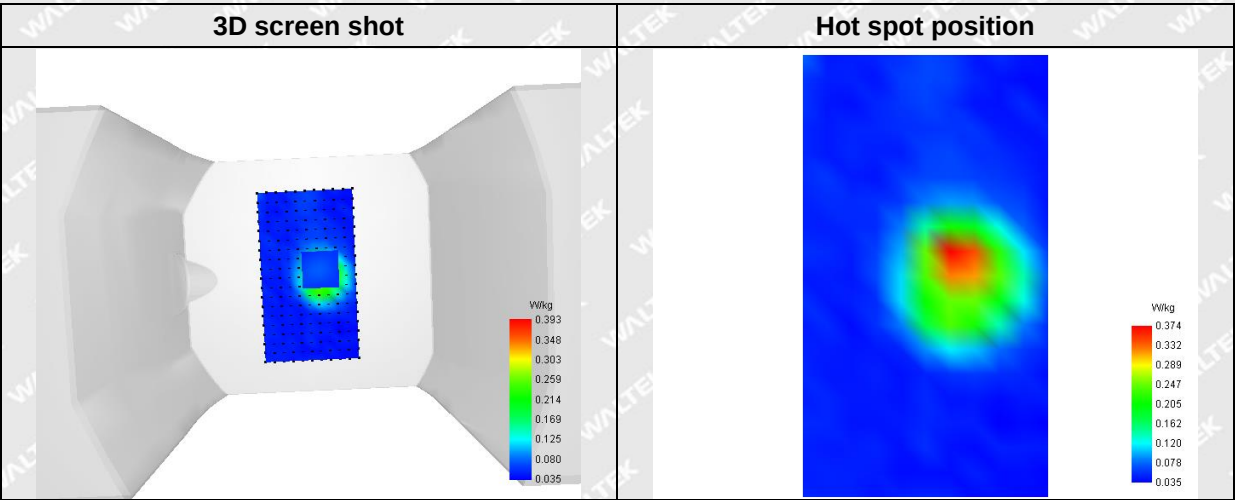
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.185820
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.355152

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6721	0.3925	0.2293	0.1432	0.1014



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-01
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.56; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

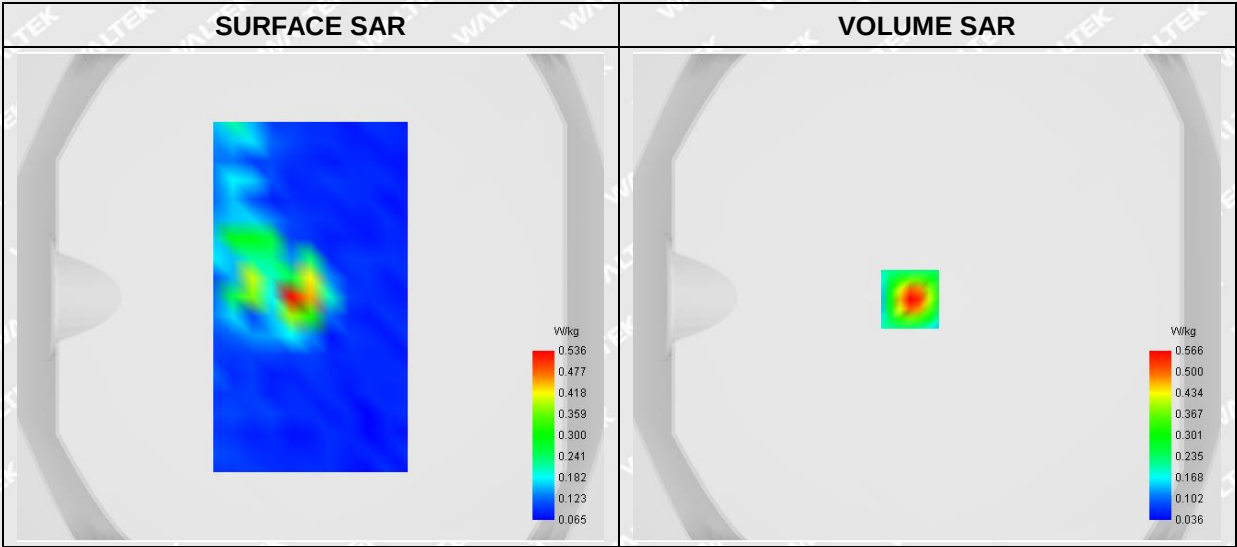
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi(5.2GHz)_802.11ac-VHT40
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5180.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	37.323299
Conductivity (S/m)	4.644064
Power Variation (%)	1.768200
Ambient Temperature	22.7
Liquid Temperature	22.7

C. SAR Surface and Volume





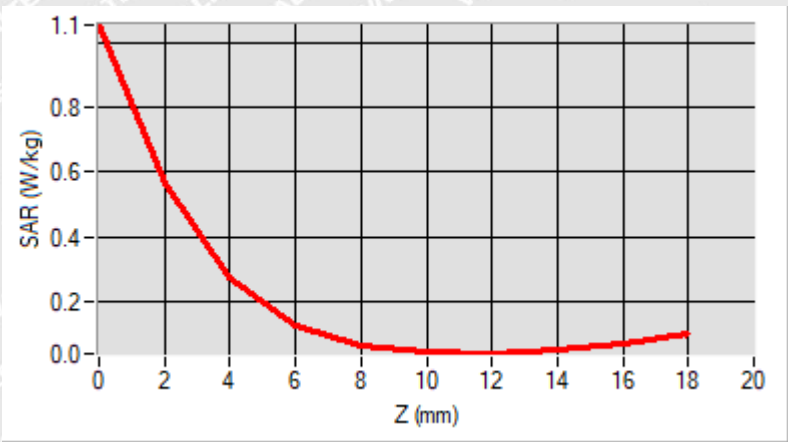
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-1.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

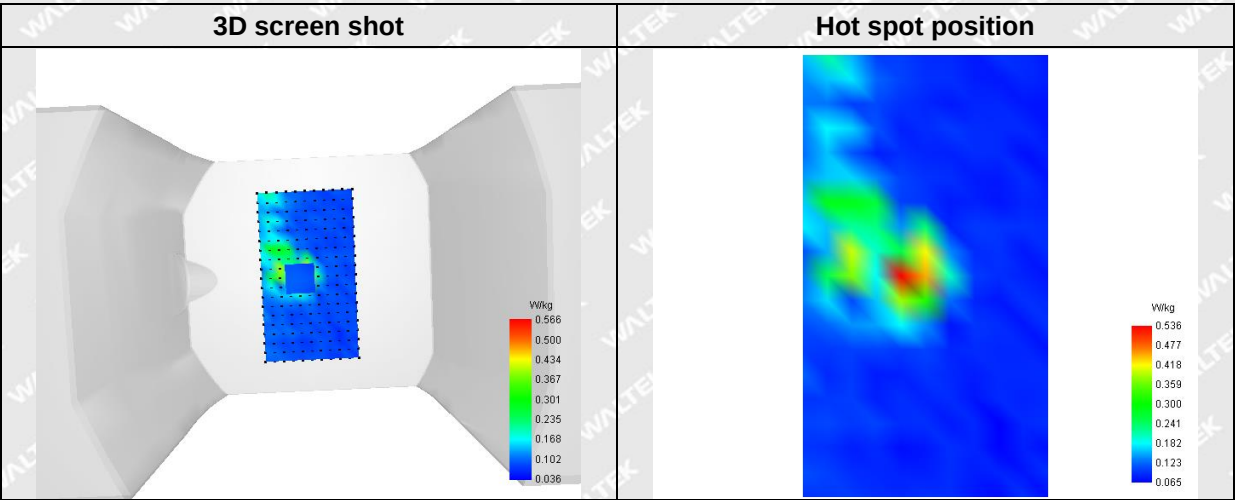
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.140323
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.323744

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0576	0.5665	0.2731	0.1249	0.0617	0.0389	0.0356	0.0451	0.0664



F. 3D Image





MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2025-07-26
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - 0725-EPGO-446; ConvF: 1.58; Calibrated: 2025-02-12

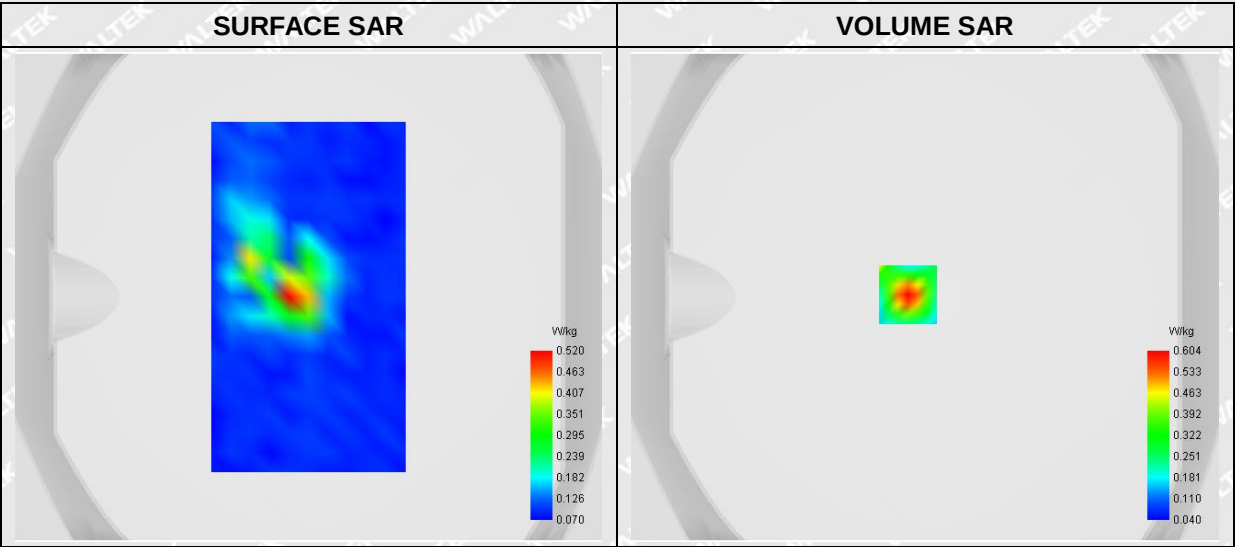
A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Back
Band	WiFi(5.8GHz)_802.11ac-VHT40
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5795.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	36.354216
Conductivity (S/m)	5.243819
Power Variation (%)	3.191200
Ambient Temperature	22.5
Liquid Temperature	22.5

C. SAR Surface and Volume





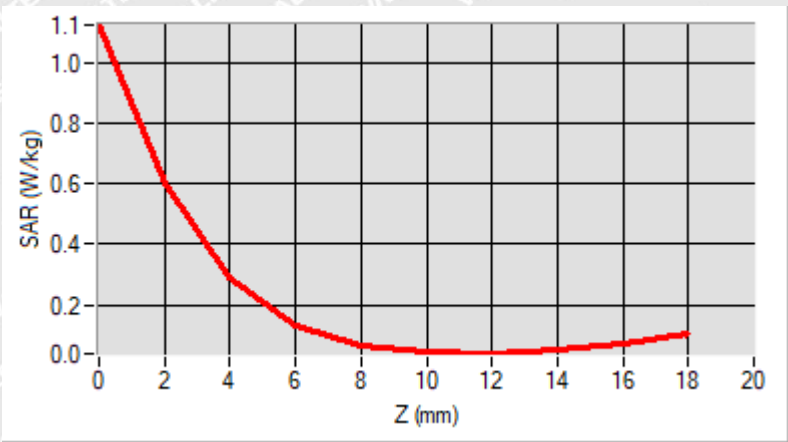
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=1.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

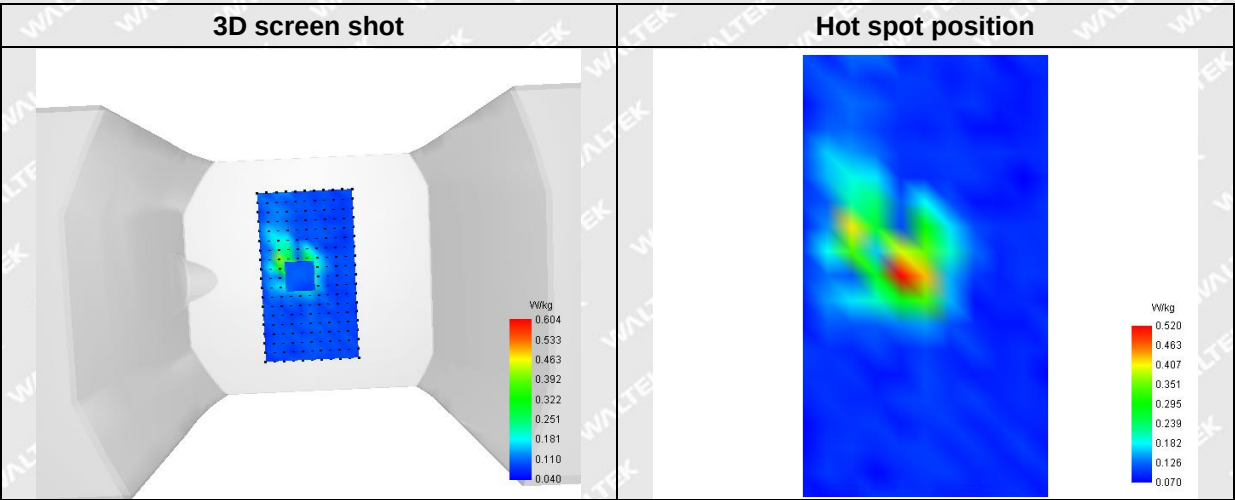
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.144626
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.333123

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1226	0.6038	0.2932	0.1356	0.0680	0.0434	0.0399	0.0503	0.0732



F. 3D Image





Annex C. EUT Photos

EUT View 1



EUT View 2

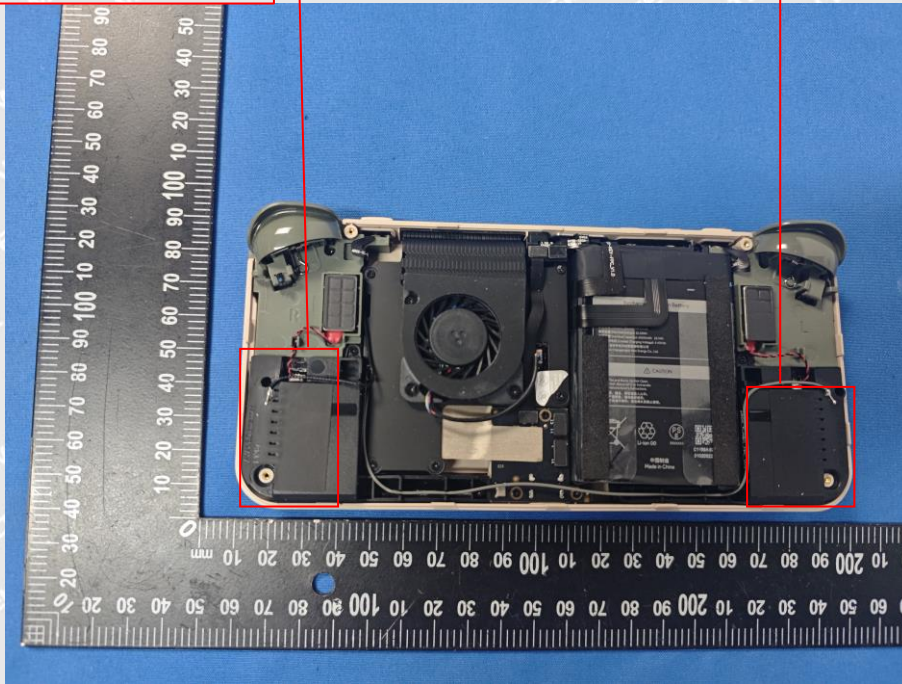




Antenna View

5GWIFI/2.4GWIFI/BT Antenna 1

5GWIFI/2.4GWIFI Antenna 2



WALTEK



Annex D. Test Setup Photos

Body mode Exposure Conditions

Test distance: 0mm

Body Back



Body Front





Body Right



Body Left





Body Bottom



WALTEK



Annex E. Calibration Certificate

Please refer to the exhibit for the calibration certificate

WALTEK

***** END OF REPORT *****