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http://www.rfexposurelab.com

# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Toyota Material Handling, Inc. 5559 Inwood Drive

Dates of Test: Dec. 26-31, 2024 & Feb. 11-12, 2025 Test Report Number:

SAR.20250101 Revision A

Lab Designation Number: US1195

Contains FCC ID: 2A226-TELETMH01

HVIN/Model(s): DHUnx Marketing Name: DHUnx

Columbus, IN 47201

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production

Serial Number: 202303REVB502471

Equipment Type: Wireless Terminal Communication Unit Portable Transmitter Next to Body Classification:

TX Frequency Range: 699 - 716 MHz, 777 - 787 MHz, 814 - 849 MHz, 1710 - 1755 MHz, 1850 - 1915 MHz,

2496 - 2690 MHz, 2412 - 2462 MHz, 5150 MHz - 5350 MHz, 5500 - 5700 MHz,

5745 - 5825 MHz, 2402 - 2480 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 750 MHz (LTE) - 25.0 dBm, 850 MHz (GPRS) - 35.0 dBm, 850 MHz (WCDMA) - 25.0 dBm,

850 MHz (LTE) - 25.0 dBm, 1750 MHz (WCDMA) - 25.0 dBm, 1750 MHz (LTE) - 25.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (GPRS) - 32.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (WCDMA) - 25.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (LTE) - 25.0 dBm,

2550 MHz (LTE) - 25.0 dBm, 2450 MHz (b) - 19.5 dBm, 2450 MHz (g) - 17.5 dBm,

2450 MHz (n) - 17.0 dBm, 5 GHz (a) - 15.0 dBm, 5 GHz (n) - 14.0 dBm, 5 GHz (ac) - 13.0 dBm,

2450 MHz (BT) - 6.8 dBm Conducted

GMSK, WCDMA, QPSK, 16QAM, DSSS, OFDM Signal Modulation: Antenna Type: Molex Antenna P/N 2144500750 (with 750 mm Cable)

Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 15E, 22, 24, 27, 90

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 248227 v02r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, D02 v02r01 & D05 v02r05

Max. Stand Alone SAR Value: 1.28 W/kg Reported Max. Simultaneous SAR Value: 1.40 W/kg Reported

Separation Distance: 20 mm

> This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI C95.1 - 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, ANSI C95.3 - 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields, IEEE Std.1528 - 2013 Recommended Practice and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 447498, KDB 248227 and KDB 941225 (See test report).

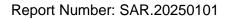
> I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

> RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).



Jay M. Moulton Vice President







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Comment/Revision	Date
Original Release	February 14, 2025
Revision A – Add the exclusion calculation for BT and SAR calculation for the simultaneous evaluation on page 23	February 20, 2025

Note: The latest version supersedes all previous versions listed in the above table. The latest version shall be used.



## 1. Introduction

Report Number: SAR.20250101

This measurement report shows compliance of the Toyota Material Handling, Inc. Model DHUnx which contains FCC ID: 2A226-TELETMH01 to be compliant to FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices. The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Toyota Material Handling, Inc. Model DHUnx and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields, IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice, KDB 447498, KDB 248227 and KDB 941225 were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the DHUnx Wireless Terminal Communications Unit. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Module	Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
	Band 2	GPRS	N/A	30.0	30.0	± 2.0	28.0	32.0
	Band 5	GPRS	N/A	33.0	33.0	± 2.0	31.0	35.0
	Band 2	WCDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+1.0/-3.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 4	WCDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+1.0/-3.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 5	WCDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+1.0/-3.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 2	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
Quectel	Band 4	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
EG25-G	Band 5	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 7	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 12	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 13	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 25	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 26	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 41	LTE-TDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	N/A	17.0	± 2.5	14.5	19.5
	2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	N/A	15.0	± 2.5	12.5	17.5
	2.4 GHz	802.11n20	N/A	N/A	14.5	± 2.5	12.0	17.0
Quectel	2.4 GHz	802.11n40	N/A	N/A	13.5	± 2.5	11.0	16.0
FC20	5 GHz	802.11a	N/A	N/A	12.5	± 2.5	10.0	15.0
	5 GHz	802.11n20	N/A	N/A	11.5	± 2.5	9.0	14.0
	5 GHz	802.11ac80	N/A	N/A	10.5	± 2.5	8.0	13.0
	2.4 GHz	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	5.8	± 1.0	4.8	6.8



# **SAR Definition [5]**

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Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



# 2. SAR Measurement Setup

Report Number: SAR.20250101

## **Robotic System**

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

## **System Hardware**

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

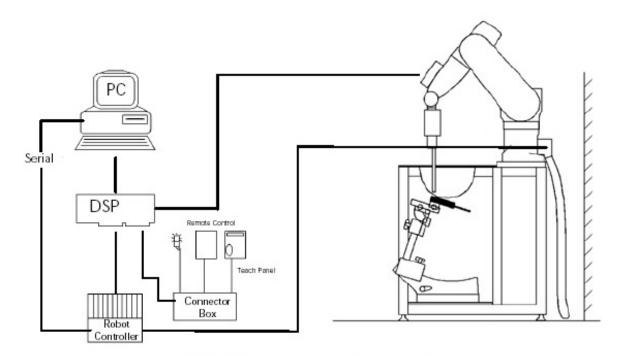


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



# **System Electronics**

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The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

## **Probe Measurement System**

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



**DAE System** 



## **Probe Specifications**

**Calibration:** In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800

MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

**Linearity:** ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

**Dynamic:** 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

**Dimensions:** Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

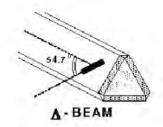
Body diameter: 12 mm

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

**Application:** SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of wireless device



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Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



#### **Probe Calibration Process**

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#### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

#### **Free Space Assessment**

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### **Temperature Assessment \***

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where: where:

 $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),  $\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

 $\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T \, / \, \Delta t$  , the initial rate of tissue

heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

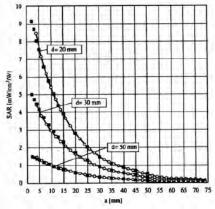


Figure 2.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

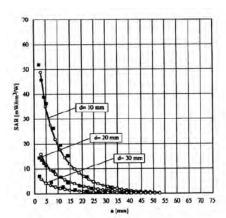


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



## **Data Extrapolation**

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The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

V<sub>1</sub> = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)U<sub>i</sub> = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp; = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

= compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) Norm, = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field probes

ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

= local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pur} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$

= equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm2

= total electric field strength in V/m



## Scanning procedure

- Report Number: SAR.20250101
- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges ≥ 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges					
Frequency range	Grid spacing				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm				
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm				
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm				

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom			
Frequency range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



#### **Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation**

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

#### **Extrapolation**

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

#### Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

#### **Volume Averaging**

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

#### Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



#### SAM PHANTOM

Report Number: SAR.20250101

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

## **Phantom Specification**

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)
Shell Material: Vivac Composite
Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

#### **Device Holder for Transmitters**

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



**Figure 2.7 Mounting Device** 

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

Report Number: SAR.20250101



# 4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

# **Head Simulating Mixture Characterization**

The head mixture consists of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue.

**Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue** 

Ingredients		Simulating Tissue						
		750 MHz Head	900 MHz Head	1750 MHz Head	1900 MHz Head	2550 MHz Head		
Mixing Percentage								
Water								
Sugar								
Salt		Proprietary Purchased From Speag						
HEC								
Bactericide								
DGBE								
Dielectric Constant Target		41.94	41.50	40.08	40.00	39.08		
Conductivity (S/m) Target		0.89	0.97	1.37	1.40	1.91		

		Simulating Tissue				
Ingredients	Ingredients		5250 MHz Head	5600 MHz Head	5750 MHz Head	
Mixing Percentage						
Water						
Sugar						
Salt		Proprietary Mixture Procured from Speag				
HEC						
Bactericide						
DGBE						
Dielectric Constant	Target	39.20	35.93	35.53	35.36	
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.80	4.71	5.07	5.22	



# 5. RF Exposure Limits [2]

# 5. Kr Exposure Limits [2]

## **Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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#### **Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits** 

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

# Report Number: SAR.20250101

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is  $\geq$  1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



# 7. System Validation

# **Tissue Verification**

**Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters** 

Report Number: SAR.20250101

		750 MHz Head		900 MHz Head		1750 MHz Head		
Date(s)		Dec. 31, 2025		Dec. 30, 2025		Dec. 30, 2025		
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		41.94	40.89	41.50	40.86	40.08	39.39	
Conductivity: σ		0.89	0.92	0.97	1.00	1.37	1.39	
		1900	MHz Head	2550 N	2550 MHz Head		2450 MHz Head	
Date(s)		Dec.	27, 2025	Dec. 26, 2025		Feb. 11, 2025		
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		40.00	39.65	39.08	38.69	39.20	38.43	
Conductivity: σ		1.40	1.42	1.91	1.93	1.80	1.83	
		5250	MHz Head	5600 MHz Head		5750 MHz Head		
Date(s)		Feb.	12, 2025	Feb.	12, 2025	Feb. 12, 2025		
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.93	35.19	35.53	34.77	35.36	34.60	
Conductivity: σ		4.71	4.74	5.07	5.12	5.22	5.29	

See Appendix A for data printout.

# **Test System Verification**

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

**Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured** 

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measure SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)	Plot Number
31-Dec-2025	750 MHz	8.76	8.56	Head	- 2.28	1
30-Dec-2025	900 MHz	11.00	11.70	Head	+ 6.36	2
30-Dec-2025	1750 MHz	36.70	37.70	Head	+ 2.72	3
27-Dec-2025	1900 MHz	40.60	41.70	Head	+ 2.71	4
26-Dec-2025	2550 MHz	54.10	56.60	Head	+ 4.62	5
11-Feb-2025	2450 MHz	53.30	54.20	Head	+ 1.69	6
12-Feb-2025	5250 MHz	80.00	80.30	Head	+ 0.38	7
12-Feb-2025	5600 MHz	83.00	83.50	Head	+ 0.60	8
12-Feb-2025	5750 MHz	80.20	82.20	Head	+ 2.49	9

See Appendix A for data plots.

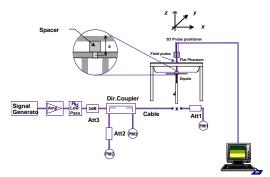
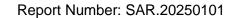


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup





# RF Exposure Lab

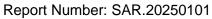
# 8. LTE Document Checklist

1) Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission band used by the device

LTE Operating	Uplink (transmit)	Downlink (Receive)	Duplex mode
Band	Low - high	Low - high	(FDD/TDD)
2	1850-1910	1930-1990	FDD
4	1710-1755	2110-2155	FDD
5	824-849	869-894	FDD
7	2500-2570	2620-2690	FDD
12	699-716	729-746	FDD
13	777-787	746-756	FDD
25	1850-1915	1930-1995	FDD
26	814-849	859-894	FDD
41	2496-2690	2496-2690	TDD

2) Identify the channel bandwidths used in each frequency band; 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz etc

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	1.4, 3, 5, 10	824-849 MHz
7	5, 10, 15, 20	2500-2570 MHz
12	1.4, 3, 5, 10	699-716 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz
25	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1915 MHz
26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	814-849 MHz
41	5, 10, 15, 20	2496-2690 MHz





3) Identify the high, middle and low (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE frequency band

LTE Band	Bandwidth		Free	quency (M	Hz)/Chann	nel#	
Class	(MHz)	Lo	ow	M	lid	Hi	gh
2	1.4	1850.7	18607	1880.0	18900	1909.3	19193
2	3	1851.5	18615	1880.0	18900	1908.5	19185
2	5	1852.5	18625	1880.0	18900	1907.5	19175
2	10	1855.0	18650	1880.0	18900	1905.0	19150
2	15	1857.5	18675	1880.0	18900	1902.5	19125
2	20	1860.0	18700	1880.0	18900	1900.0	19100
4	1.4	1710.7	19957	1732.5	20175	1754.3	20393
4	3	1711.5	19965	1732.5	20175	1753.5	20385
4	5	1712.5	19975	1732.5	20175	1752.5	20375
4	10	1715.0	20000	1732.5	20175	1750.0	20350
4	15	1717.5	20025	1732.5	20175	1747.5	20325
4	20	1720.0	20050	1732.5	20175	1745.0	20300
5	1.4	824.7	20407	836.5	20525	848.3	20643
5	3	825.5	20415	836.5	20525	847.5	20635
5	5	826.5	20425	836.5	20525	846.5	20625
5	10	829.0	20450	836.5	20525	844.0	20600
7	5	2502.5	20775	2535.0	21100	2567.5	21425
7	10	2505.0	20800	2535.0	21100	2565.0	21400
7	15	2507.5	20825	2535.0	21100	2562.5	21375
7	20	2510.0	20850	2535.0	21100	2560.0	21350
12	1.4	699.7	23017	707.5	23095	715.3	23173
12	3	700.5	23025	707.5	23095	714.5	23165
12	5	701.5	23035	707.5	23095	713.5	23155
12	10	704.0	23060	707.5	23095	711.0	23130
13	5	779.5	23205	782.0	23230	784.5	23225
13	10			782.0	23230		
25	1.4	1850.7	26047	1882.5	26365	1914.3	26683
25	3	1851.5	26055	1882.5	26365	1913.5	26675
25	5	1852.5	26065	1882.5	26365	1912.5	26665
25	10	1855.0	26090	1882.5	26365	1910.0	26640
25	15	1857.5	26115	1882.5	26365	1907.5	26615
25	20	1860.0	26140	1882.5	26365	1905.0	26590
26	1.4	814.7	26697	831.5	26865	848.3	27033
26	3	815.5	26705	831.5	26865	847.5	27025
26	5	816.5	26715	831.5	26865	846.5	27015
26	10	819.0	26740	831.5	26865	844.0	26990
26	15	821.5	26765	831.5	26865	841.5	26995
41	5	2498.5	39675	2593	40620	2687.5	41565
41	10	2501.0	39700	2593 40620		2685.0	41540
41	15	2503.5	39725	2593	40620	2682.5	41515
41	20	2506.0	39750	2593	40620	2680.0	41490



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4) Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used:

- UE Category: 3
- Uplink modulations: QPSK and 16QAM
- 5) Include descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation; and also identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc

The device has 3 antennas:

- 1 WWAN (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- 1 WWAN (Receive Only) Antenna
- 1 WiFi (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- 6) Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc

The device is a data only. Data mode was tested in each operating mode and exposure condition in the body configuration. See test setup photos to see all configurations tested.

- 7) Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design:
  - a) Only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards

MPR is mandatory, built-in by design on all production units. It was enabled during testing.

111 It is mandatory; built in by design on an production units. It was chasted during testing.											
Modulation	Ch	annel Band	width/transmis	ssion Bandwidt	h Configura	ition	MPR				
			(1	RB)			(dB)				
	1.4 3.0		5	10	15	20					
	MHz	MHZ	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz					
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
16QAM	≤ 5	<b>≤</b> 4	<u>≤</u> 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				

- b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled
- c) A-MPR was disabled during testing.
- 8) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 32-54 of this report. The below table shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

Module	Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
	Band 2	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 4	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 5	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
Quectel	Band 7	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
EG25-G	Band 12	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
LG25-G	Band 13	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 25	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 26	LTE-FDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 41	LTE-TDD	3	23.0	23.0	± 2.0	21.0	25.0



9) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes (3G, Wi-Fi, WiMax, Bluetooth etc), device/exposure configurations (head and body, antenna and handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.) and frequency bands used for these modes

Other wireless modes:

Module	Band	Technology	Class 3GPP Nominal Power dBm		Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
	Band 2	GPRS	N/A	30.0	30.0	± 2.0	28.0	32.0
Quectel	Band 5	GPRS	N/A	33.0	33.0	± 2.0	31.0	35.0
EG25-G	Band 2	WCDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+1.0/-3.0	21.0	25.0
EG25-G	Band 4	WCDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+1.0/-3.0	21.0	25.0
	Band 5	WCDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+1.0/-3.0	21.0	25.0
	2.4 GHz	802.11b	N/A	N/A	17.0	± 2.5	14.5	19.5
	2.4 GHz	802.11g	N/A	N/A	15.0	± 2.5	12.5	17.5
	2.4 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	14.5	± 2.5	12.0	17.0
Quectel	2.4 GHz	802.11ac	N/A	N/A	13.5	± 2.5	11.0	16.0
FC20	5 GHz	802.11a	N/A	N/A	12.5	± 2.5	10.0	15.0
	5 GHz	802.11n	N/A	N/A	11.5	± 2.5	9.0	14.0
	5 GHz	802.11ac	N/A	N/A	10.5	± 2.5	8.0	13.0
	2.4 GHz	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	5.8	± 1.0	4.8	6.8

10) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless modes and frequency bands.

The WiFi, GPRS and WCDMA measurements are on pages 24, 28 & 55-56. The table in item 9 shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

11) When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

12) Include descriptions of the test equipment, test software, built-in test firmware etc. required to support testing the device when power reduction is applied to one or more transmitters/antennas for simultaneous voice/data transmission

Not applicable.

13) When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above

Not applicable.

14) If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example, simultaneous transmission configurations.

Not applicable.



9. SAR Test Data Summary

# See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

## **Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal**

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

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#### **Device Test Condition**

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)\*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The device was tested on the front, back and left side of the antenna for the cellular and WiFi bands. The installation of the antenna is on a ridable forklift. The minimum distance from the user is 15 cm. The testing was conducted at 20 mm which is a more conservative distance than would be used in the final configuration. All remaining sides were excluded due to the installation and use of the device. See Appendix C for photos of the setup. All measurements were conducted with the side of the device 20 mm from the phantom.

The Bluetooth transmitter has a maximum Tx power of 6.8 dBm (4.8 mW). Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the transmitter is excluded based on the below calculation:

[(max. power, mW) / (min. distance, mm)] \*  $(\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}) \le 3.0$ 

 $(4.8 \text{ mW} / 20 \text{ mm}) * \sqrt{2.48} = 0.4 \text{ which is less than } 3.0$ 

For simultaneous, the calculated value for the BT is as follows:

[(max. power, mW) / (min. distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/x]$  W/kg where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR

 $(4.8 \text{ mW} / 20 \text{ mm}) * (\sqrt{2.48} / 7.5) = 0.05 \text{ W/kg}$ 



**GPRS Conducted Power** 

- Report Number: SAR.20250101
- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 guidance.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied to configure the device in the required mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. The MT8820C was configured for GMSK. The time slot was set to 1 through 4 slots. The power was measured for both modulations and all time slots.

GPRS-GMSK/1 slot											
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average								
	128	33.4	24.37								
Cellular	190	33.3	24.27								
		24.57									
	512	30.6	21.57								
PCS	661	30.4	21.37								
	810	30.5	21.47								

GPRS-GMSK/2 slot											
	GPRS-GM	SK/2 slot									
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average								
	128	33.5	27.48								
Cellular	190	33.7	27.68								
	251	33.2	27.18								
	512	30.2	24.18								
PCS	661	30.7	24.68								
	810	30.4	24.38								

GPRS-GMSK/3 slot											
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average								
	128	33.3	29.04								
Cellular	190	33.6	29.34								
	251	33.4	29.14								
	512	30.3	26.04								
PCS	661	30.1	25.84								
	810	30.5	26.24								

	GPRS-GM	SK/4 slot			
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average		
	128	30.5	27.49		
Cellular	190	30.4	27.39		
	251	Power         Aver           3         30.5         27.           0         30.4         27.           1         30.3         27.           2         27.6         24.	27.29		
	512	27.6	24.59		
PCS	661	27.5	24.49		
	810	27.5	24.49		



#### **WCDMA Conducted Power**

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA SETUP CONFIGURATION:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_C$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2

with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

- xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βς	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Note 2:	For the HS-E Magnitude (E	PCCH powe EVM) with HS	r mask requ -DPCCH tes	= 30/15 * $\beta_c$ . irement test in class in clause 5.13. and $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$ = 30/	1A, and HSDF	PA EVM with ph	ase

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_o/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

#### **SETUP CONFIGURATION**



#### **HSUPA SETUP CONFIGURATION:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β<sub>C</sub> and β<sub>d</sub>) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β₀/β₀	βнs (Note1)	Вес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 4) (Note 5)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	(dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	10.04	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 5/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 5/15 \*  $\beta_c$  .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β<sub>e</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> =12/15, β<sub>he</sub>/β<sub>e</sub>=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β<sub>c</sub>/β<sub>d</sub> ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β<sub>c</sub> = 10/15 and β<sub>d</sub> = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

#### **SETUP CONFIGURATION**



#### **DC-HSDPA 3GPP RELEASE 8 SETUP CONFIGURATION:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - ii.

  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_C$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table,

C10.1.4, quoted from the TS

34.121 a). Subtest 1:

 $\beta_{\rm C}/\beta_{\rm d}=2/15$ b). Subtest 2:  $\beta c/\beta d=12/15$  c). Subtest 3:  $\beta c/\beta d=15/8$ d). Subtest 4:

- $\beta_C/\beta_d=15/4$ Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 viii.
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TT	Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informat	ion Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Av	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding I	Rate		0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulati	ion		QPSK
Note 1: Note 2:	The RMC is intended to be use mode and both cells shall tran- parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed. constellation version 0 shall be	smit with identi le. sion is limited t The redundan	ical o 1, i.e.,

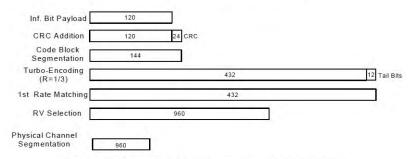


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

#### SETUP CONFIGURATION



#### < WCDMA Conducted Power>

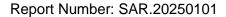
#### **GENERAL NOTE:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC

12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA.

#### **Power Measurements**

	Band	WCDMA II			V	/CDMA	IV		V	/CDMA	V		
Т	X Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up
R	x Channel	9662	9800	9938	Limit (dBm)	1537	1638	1738	Limit (dBm)	4357	4407	4458	Limit (dBm)
Fred	uency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	24.59	24.78	24.61	25.00	24.85	24.80	24.77	25.00	24.58	24.89	24.50	25.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	24.83	24.79	24.95	25.00	24.61	24.76	24.51	25.00	24.63	24.88	24.79	25.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	23.53	23.53	23.93	24.00	23.75	23.98	23.90	24.00	23.89	23.55	23.75	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	23.71	23.89	23.76	24.00	23.83	23.89	23.79	24.00	23.72	23.96	23.92	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	24.44	24.08	24.50	24.50	24.46	24.03	24.21	24.50	24.42	24.42	24.16	24.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	24.18	24.29	24.04	24.50	24.35	24.20	24.39	24.50	24.22	24.47	24.31	24.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	23.92	23.95	23.63	24.00	23.57	23.76	23.55	24.00	23.96	23.60	23.80	24.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	23.82	23.68	23.89	24.00	23.92	23.82	23.77	24.00	23.70	23.68	23.85	24.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	24.49	24.35	24.44	24.50	24.12	24.00	24.15	24.50	24.37	24.01	24.29	24.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	24.26	24.36	24.31	24.50	24.37	24.43	24.25	24.50	24.43	24.04	24.33	24.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	23.59	23.73	23.69	24.00	23.98	23.93	23.54	24.00	23.60	23.79	23.79	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.64	21.80	21.79	22.00	21.51	21.57	21.83	22.00	21.78	21.54	21.99	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	22.99	22.81	22.91	23.00	22.83	22.57	22.97	23.00	22.58	22.69	22.52	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.68	21.63	21.90	22.00	21.98	21.87	21.87	22.00	22.00	21.88	21.73	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	23.93	23.64	23.60	24.00	23.79	23.95	23.53	24.00	23.52	23.93	23.94	24.00

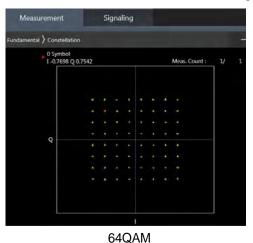


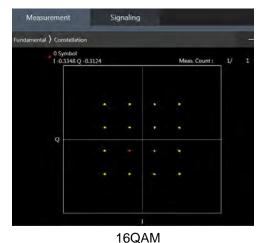


#### **LTE Conducted Power**

#### General Note:

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. LTE band 2/5 SAR test was covered by Band 25/26 for EG95NA and band 2/4/5 SAR test was covered by Band 25/26/66 for BG772; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.







#### <TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations

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- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

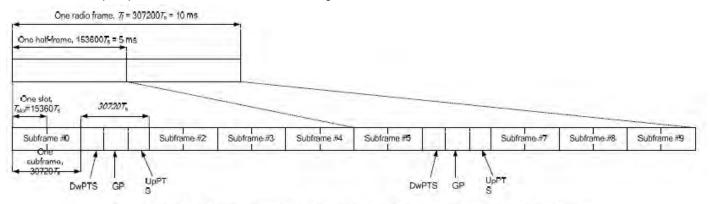


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2:	Uplink-downlink	configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms		S	U	U	C	D	D	D	О	О
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	О	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	al cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
configuration	DWPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS			
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		
Ō	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>				
1	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>		11 -0.3	20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	2102 T	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>		
2	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T <sub>s</sub>	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192 - T <sub>s</sub>	2300-1		
3	24144·T <sub>s</sub>		7.	25600 · T <sub>s</sub>				
4	26336 · T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>				
5	6592 · T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	4204 T	5120 T		
6	19760 · T <sub>s</sub>		100.02	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T <sub>s</sub>	5120 · T <sub>s</sub>		
7	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T <sub>s</sub>	5120 · T <sub>s</sub>	12800 · T <sub>s</sub>				
8	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>	1.7-4.7		-				
9	13168 · T <sub>s</sub>			- 'ar	9,2	9		



Report Number: SAR.20250101 Special subframe (30720·T<sub>s</sub>): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS) Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix in configuration uplink uplink Uplink duty factor in one 0~4 7.13% 8.33% special subframe 5~9 14.3% 16.7%

Special subframe(30720⋅Ts): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink					
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%					
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%					

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- vi. The device supports Power Class 3 uplink-downlink configurations 0 and 6, and Power Class 2 uplink-downlink configurations 1 to 5 operations for LTE Band 41.
- vii. The highest available duty cycle for Power Class 2 operation is 43.3% using UL-DL configuration 1, for Power Class 3 operation is 63.3% using UL-DL configuration 0. Per FCC Guidance, all SAR tests were performed using Power Class 3. SAR with Power Class 2 at the available duty factor was additionally performed for the Power Class 3 configuration with the highest SAR among all exposure condition.



**Table 9.1 LTE Power Measurements** 

	Table 9.1 LTE Power Measurements									
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM			
	•	•	•							
			18607	1850.7	24.6	23.2				
			0	18900	1880.0	24.2	23.6			
				19193	1909.3	24.5	23.4			
				18607	1850.7	24.5	23.5			
		1	3	18900	1880.0	24.3	23.3			
				19193	1909.3	24.2	23.6			
				18607	1850.7	24.5	23.3			
			5	18900	1880.0	24.2	23.3			
				19193	1909.3	24.6	23.1			
				18607	1850.7	24.7	23.2			
	1.4 MHz		0	18900	1880.0	24.2	23.2			
				19193	1909.3	24.5	23.5			
				18607	1850.7	24.3	23.1			
		3	1	18900	1880.0	24.2	23.2			
				19193	1909.3	24.2	23.0			
			3	18607	1850.7	24.5	23.7			
				18900	1880.0	24.5	23.7			
				19193	1909.3	24.0	23.1			
		6	0	18607	1850.7	23.2	22.2			
				18900	1880.0	23.3	22.5			
2				19193	1909.3	23.0	22.1			
2				18615	1851.5	24.5	23.0			
		1	0	18900	1880.0	24.7	23.6			
				19185	1908.5	24.3	23.6			
			7	18615	1851.5	24.5	23.6			
				18900	1880.0	24.2	23.4			
				19185	1908.5	24.6	23.6			
				18615	1851.5	24.0	23.5			
			14	18900	1880.0	24.3	23.3			
				19185	1908.5	24.2	23.6			
				18615	1851.5	23.6	22.2			
	3 MHz		0	18900	1880.0	23.3	22.4			
				19185	1908.5	23.2	22.6			
				18615	1851.5	23.7	22.5			
		8	7	18900	1880.0	23.5	22.5			
				19185	1908.5	23.5	22.3			
				18615	1851.5	23.2	22.6			
			14	18900	1880.0	23.1	22.2			
				19185	1908.5	23.4	22.1			
				18615	1851.5	23.5	22.2			
		15	0	18900	1880.0	23.5	22.1			
				19185	1908.5	23.0	22.4			



100	2000 0 1 1 2000				Report Number: SAR.2			
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM	
				18625	1852.5	24.2	23.4	
			0	18900	1880.0	24.5	23.4	
				19175	1907.5	24.3	23.3	
				18625	1852.5	24.5	23.5	
		1	12	18900	1880.0	24.3	23.5	
				19175	1907.5	24.5	23.6	
				18625	1852.5	24.3	23.6	
			24	18900	1880.0	24.2	23.1	
				19175	1907.5	24.5	23.2	
				18625	1852.5	23.2	22.1	
	5 MHz		0	18900	1880.0	23.6	22.3	
				19175	1907.5	23.2	22.3	
				18625	1852.5	23.2	22.1	
		12	6	18900	1880.0	23.7	22.4	
				19175	1907.5	23.5	22.3	
				18625	1852.5	23.3	22.1	
			13	18900	1880.0	23.5	22.4	
				19175	1907.5	23.3	22.0	
			0	18625	1852.5	23.3	22.1	
		25		18900	1880.0	23.1	22.6	
2				19175	1907.5	23.0	22.6	
2				18650	1855.0	24.2	23.3	
			0	18900	1880.0	24.5	23.5	
		1		19150	1905.0	24.3	23.7	
			24	18650	1855.0	24.1	23.3	
				18900	1880.0	24.3	23.6	
				19150	1905.0	24.1	23.2	
				18650	1855.0	24.5	23.3	
			49	18900	1880.0	24.3	23.4	
				19150	1905.0	24.1	23.4	
				18650	1855.0	23.2	22.4	
	10 MHz		0	18900	1880.0	23.7	22.1	
				19150	1905.0	23.5	22.1	
				18650	1855.0	23.1	22.6	
		25	13	18900	1880.0	23.5	22.2	
				19150	1905.0	23.5	22.4	
				18650	1855.0	23.6	22.5	
			25	18900	1880.0	23.6	22.6	
				19150	1905.0	23.3	22.2	
				18650	1855.0	23.6	22.4	
		50	0	18900	1880.0	23.2	22.3	
				19150	1905.0	23.2	22.0	



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				18675	1857.5	24.7	23.5
			0	18900	1880.0	24.4	23.7
				19125	1902.5	24.1	23.7
				18675	1857.5	24.6	23.6
		1	37	18900	1880.0	24.5	23.6
		_		19125	1902.5	24.0	23.1
				18675	1857.5	24.3	23.6
			74	18900	1880.0	24.6	23.2
				19125	1902.5	24.7	23.2
				18675	1857.5	23.2	22.6
	15 MHz		0	18900	1880.0	23.5	22.6
				19125	1902.5	23.2	22.6
				18675	1857.5	23.4	22.7
		36	19	18900	1880.0	23.4	22.6
				19125	1902.5	23.6	22.6
				18675	1857.5	23.0	22.2
			39	18900	1880.0	23.5	22.3
				19125	1902.5	23.5	22.5
			0	18675	1857.5	23.6	22.7
		75		18900	1880.0	23.7	22.6
_				19125	1902.5	23.2	22.2
2			0	18700	1860.0	24.4	23.1
				18900	1880.0	24.1	23.5
				19100	1900.0	24.0	23.4
			49	18700	1860.0	24.1	23.5
		1		18900	1880.0	24.0	23.4
				19100	1900.0	24.5	23.3
				18700	1860.0	24.6	23.6
			99	18900	1880.0	24.4	23.2
				19100	1900.0	24.0	23.2
				18700	1860.0	23.4	22.2
	20 MHz		0	18900	1880.0	23.1	22.0
				19100	1900.0	23.6	22.2
				18700	1860.0	23.3	22.2
		50	24	18900	1880.0	23.3	22.0
				19100	1900.0	23.1	22.2
				18700	1860.0	23.6	22.2
			50	18900	1880.0	23.1	22.6
				19100	1900.0	23.4	22.2
				18700	1860.0	23.4	22.5
		100	0	18900	1880.0	23.0	22.0
				19100	1900.0	23.4	22.5



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
20116	20	1.2 0.20	311000	Chambre	- Coquency	٦. ٥١١	
				19957	1710.7	24.7	23.0
			0	20175	1710.7	24.7	23.5
				20173	1754.3	24.3	23.6
					1734.3	24.2	23.5
		1	3	19957 20175	1710.7	24.3	23.7
		1	3	20173		24.4	23.7
				19957	1754.3 1710.7	24.3	23.4
			5	20175	1710.7	24.2	23.7
			5				
				20393	1754.3	24.5	23.5
	1 4 5411-			19957	1710.7	24.4	23.3
	1.4 MHz		0	20175	1732.5	24.6	23.2
				20393	1754.3	24.4	23.2
		_		19957	1710.7	24.6	23.5
		3	1	20175	1732.5	24.4	23.3
				20393	1754.3	24.3	23.0
			0	19957	1710.7	24.1	23.6
				20175	1732.5	24.7	23.3
				20393	1754.3	24.2	23.0
				19957	1710.7	23.4	22.5
		6		20175	1732.5	23.2	22.2
4				20393	1754.3	23.3	22.5
			0	19965	1711.5	24.2	23.2
		1		20175	1732.5	24.6	23.2
				20385	1753.5	24.3	23.7
			7	19965	1711.5	24.2	23.3
				20175	1732.5	24.6	23.6
				20385	1753.5	24.4	23.2
				19965	1711.5	24.7	23.5
			14	20175	1732.5	24.4	23.2
				20385	1753.5	24.0	23.2
				19965	1711.5	23.1	22.6
	3 MHz		0	20175	1732.5	23.1	22.2
				20385	1753.5	23.0	22.6
				19965	1711.5	23.1	22.3
		8	7	20175	1732.5	23.4	22.2
				20385	1753.5	23.3	22.4
				19965	1711.5	23.5	22.2
			14	20175	1732.5	23.3	22.4
				20385	1753.5	23.2	22.5
				19965	1711.5	23.2	22.1
		15	0	20175	1732.5	23.4	22.3
				20385	1753.5	23.7	22.6



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				19975	1712.5	24.1	23.4
			0	20175	1732.5	24.3	23.5
				20375	1752.5	24.2	23.2
				19975	1712.5	24.2	23.6
		1	12	20175	1732.5	24.7	23.5
				20375	1752.5	24.0	23.3
				19975	1712.5	24.7	23.3
			24	20175	1732.5	24.2	23.1
				20375	1752.5	24.4	23.7
				19975	1712.5	23.4	22.3
	5 MHz		0	20175	1732.5	23.1	22.6
				20375	1752.5	23.3	22.6
				19975	1712.5	23.2	22.6
		12	6	20175	1732.5	23.3	22.6
				20375	1752.5	23.2	22.5
				19975	1712.5	23.5	22.7
			13	20175	1732.5	23.4	22.7
				20375	1752.5	23.1	22.0
				19975	1712.5	23.6	22.5
		25	0	20175	1732.5	23.5	22.2
4				20375	1752.5	23.1	22.2
4				20000	1715.0	24.2	23.3
			0	20175	1732.5	24.6	23.1
				20350	1750.0	24.0	23.1
		1	24	20000	1715.0	24.7	23.6
				20175	1732.5	24.2	23.4
				20350	1750.0	24.5	23.4
				20000	1715.0	24.3	23.1
			49	20175	1732.5	24.6	23.5
				20350	1750.0	24.2	23.4
				20000	1715.0	23.4	22.5
	10 MHz		0	20175	1732.5	23.2	22.6
				20350	1750.0	23.7	22.3
				20000	1715.0	23.6	22.2
		25	13	20175	1732.5	23.6	22.3
				20350	1750.0	23.3	22.2
				20000	1715.0	23.6	22.3
			25	20175	1732.5	23.3	22.4
				20350	1750.0	23.1	22.4
				20000	1715.0	23.3	22.2
		50	0	20175	1732.5	23.1	22.7
				20350	1750.0	23.4	22.1



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
Dalla	201101110111	115 5120	ND OHIOCE	Chamic	. requestoy	Q. OIL	200/1111
				20025	1717.5	24.1	23.3
			0	20023	1717.5	24.1	23.4
				20173	1732.5	24.7	23.4
						24.1	23.5
		1	37	20025 20175	1717.5 1732.5	24.3	23.6
		1	37	20175		24.1	23.3
				20323	1747.5 1717.5	24.0	23.3
			74	20025	1717.5	24.0	23.5
			/4				
				20325	1747.5	24.3 23.2	23.6
	1 F NALL-			20025	1717.5		22.5
	15 MHz		0	20175	1732.5	23.0	22.7
				20325	1747.5	23.5	22.3
		26	10	20025	1717.5	23.6	22.1
		36	19	20175	1732.5	23.4	22.0
				20325	1747.5	23.5	22.6
				20025	1717.5	23.4	22.6
			39	20175	1732.5	23.5	22.6
				20325	1747.5	23.4	22.6
		75	0	20025	1717.5	23.1	22.1
			0	20175	1732.5	23.7	22.1
4				20325	1747.5	23.1	22.4
				20050	1720.0	24.2	23.1
			0	20175	1732.5	24.6	23.0
				20300	1745.0	24.3	23.3
				20050	1720.0	24.4	23.4
		1	49	20175	1732.5	24.5	23.7
				20300	1745.0	24.6	23.6
				20050	1720.0	24.3	23.6
			99	20175	1732.5	24.0	23.2
				20300	1745.0	24.3	23.2
				20050	1720.0	23.3	22.1
	20 MHz		0	20175	1732.5	23.2	22.3
				20300	1745.0	23.2	22.7
				20050	1720.0	23.3	22.6
		50	24	20175	1732.5	23.4	22.0
				20300	1745.0	23.2	22.6
				20050	1720.0	23.5	22.5
			50	20175	1732.5	23.5	22.1
				20300	1745.0	23.2	22.4
				20050	1720.0	23.7	22.2
		100	0	20175	1732.5	23.1	22.6
				20300	1745.0	23.1	22.2



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
23114	20	1.2 0.20	311000	Charmer	, requestion	٦. ٥١١	
				20407	824.7	24.1	23.4
			0	20525	836.5	24.4	23.1
			U	20643	848.3	24.3	23.6
				20407	824.7	24.1	23.1
		1	3	20525	836.5	24.4	23.1
		_		20643	848.3	24.4	23.2
				20407	824.7	24.7	23.3
			5	20525	836.5	24.2	23.1
				20643	848.3	24.6	23.6
				20407	824.7	24.4	23.6
	1.4 MHz		0	20525	836.5	24.1	23.7
	1.4 IVIHZ			20643	848.3	24.3	23.2
				20407	824.7	24.0	23.1
		3	1	20525	836.5	24.1	23.0
			_	20643	848.3	24.3	23.5
				20407	824.7	24.4	23.6
			3	20525	836.5	24.6	23.0
				20643	848.3	24.5	23.0
				20407	824.7	23.5	22.7
		6	0	20525	836.5	23.3	22.5
				20643	848.3	23.6	22.2
5				20415	825.5	24.6	23.6
			0	20525	836.5	24.5	23.7
				20635	847.5	24.0	23.1
				20415	825.5	24.6	23.7
		1	7	20525	836.5	24.7	23.5
				20635	847.5	24.3	23.5
				20415	825.5	24.2	23.0
			14	20525	836.5	24.2	23.1
				20635	847.5	24.6	23.1
				20415	825.5	23.3	22.6
	3 MHz		0	20525	836.5	23.2	22.2
				20635	847.5	23.0	22.5
				20415	825.5	23.1	22.2
		8	7	20525	836.5	23.1	22.3
				20635	847.5	23.7	22.2
				20415	825.5	23.6	22.7
			14	20525	836.5	23.0	22.1
				20635	847.5	23.4	22.7
				20415	825.5	23.6	22.2
		15	0	20525	836.5	23.5	22.4
				20635	847.5	23.4	22.6



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				20425	826.5	24.2	23.2
			0	20525	836.5	24.6	23.1
				20625	846.5	24.4	23.4
				20425	826.5	24.1	23.3
		1	12	20525	836.5	24.2	23.0
				20625	846.5	24.1	23.0
				20425	826.5	24.1	23.2
			24	20525	836.5	24.2	23.3
				20625	846.5	24.5	23.1
				20425	826.5	23.1	22.0
	5 MHz		0	20525	836.5	23.6	22.2
				20625	846.5	23.5	22.7
				20425	826.5	23.2	22.4
		12	6	20525	836.5	23.1	22.4
				20625	846.5	23.3	22.6
				20425	826.5	23.4	22.6
			13	20525	836.5	23.5	22.6
				20625	846.5	23.6	22.6
				20425	826.5	23.6	22.2
		25	0	20525	836.5	23.5	22.0
5				20625	846.5	23.1	22.3
3				20450	829.0	24.6	23.5
			0	20525	836.5	24.6	23.3
				20600	844.0	24.2	23.5
				20450	829.0	24.5	23.6
		1	24	20525	836.5	24.5	23.3
				20600	844.0	24.6	23.0
				20450	829.0	24.6	23.7
			49	20525	836.5	24.1	23.3
				20600	844.0	24.7	23.5
				20450	829.0	23.2	22.6
	10 MHz		0	20525	836.5	23.7	22.2
				20600	844.0	23.1	22.5
				20450	829.0	23.2	22.2
		25	13	20525	836.5	23.6	22.1
				20600	844.0	23.0	22.5
				20450	829.0	23.1	22.6
			25	20525	836.5	23.1	22.3
				20600	844.0	23.3	22.5
				20450	829.0	23.6	22.1
		50	0	20525	836.5	23.3	22.2
				20600	844.0	23.3	22.4



Maga			Report Number: SA							
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM			
				20775	2502.5	24.2	23.4			
			0	21100	2535.0	24.3	23.2			
				21425	2567.5	24.5	23.1			
				20775	2502.5	24.3	23.0			
		1	12	21100	2535.0	24.2	23.1			
				21425	2567.5	24.2	23.1			
				20775	2502.5	24.2	23.2			
			24	21100	2535.0	24.5	23.3			
				21425	2567.5	24.0	23.1			
				20775	2502.5	23.2	22.5			
	5 MHz		0	21100	2535.0	23.4	22.5			
				21425	2567.5	23.1	22.1			
				20775	2502.5	23.6	22.7			
		12	6	21100	2535.0	23.5	22.5			
				21425	2567.5	23.7	22.6			
				20775	2502.5	23.2	22.1			
			13	21100	2535.0	23.2	22.7			
				21425	2567.5	23.1	22.4			
				20775	2502.5	23.6	22.4			
		25	0	21100	2535.0	23.7	22.5			
-				21425	2567.5	23.2	22.4			
7				20800	2505.0	24.3	23.2			
			0	21100	2535.0	24.6	23.3			
				21400	2565.0	24.4	23.3			
				20800	2505.0	24.1	23.5			
		1	24	21100	2535.0	24.7	23.2			
				21400	2565.0	24.3	23.3			
				20800	2505.0	24.5	23.1			
			49	21100	2535.0	24.5	23.3			
				21400	2565.0	24.4	23.6			
				20800	2505.0	23.0	22.5			
	10 MHz		0	21100	2535.0	23.4	22.7			
				21400	2565.0	23.2	22.5			
				20800	2505.0	23.3	22.1			
		25	13	21100	2535.0	23.5	22.2			
	25			21400	2565.0	23.3	22.3			
				20800	2505.0	23.0	22.1			
			25	21100	2535.0	23.0	22.4			
				21400	2565.0	23.3	22.6			
				20800	2505.0	23.2	22.4			
		50	0	21100	2535.0	23.6	22.7			
				21400	2565.0	23.4	22.4			



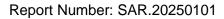
Maga			Report Number: S							
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM			
				20825	2507.5	24.4	23.5			
			0	21100	2535.0	24.1	23.5			
				21375	2562.5	24.4	23.2			
				20825	2507.5	24.0	23.1			
		1	37	21100	2535.0	24.1	23.4			
				21375	2562.5	24.3	23.4			
				20825	2507.5	24.4	23.7			
			74	21100	2535.0	24.5	23.0			
				21375	2562.5	24.5	23.2			
				20825	2507.5	23.6	22.2			
	15 MHz		0	21100	2535.0	23.2	22.0			
				21375	2562.5	23.6	22.2			
				20825	2507.5	23.3	22.2			
		36	19	21100	2535.0	23.0	22.7			
				21375	2562.5	23.3	22.3			
				20825	2507.5	23.6	22.2			
			39	21100	2535.0	23.0	22.6			
				21375	2562.5	23.0	22.3			
				20825	2507.5	23.5	22.4			
		75	0	21100	2535.0	23.4	22.7			
-				21375	2562.5	23.4	22.6			
7				20850	2510.0	24.6	23.5			
			0	21100	2535.0	24.3	23.3			
				21350	2560.0	24.2	23.5			
				20850	2510.0	24.6	23.0			
		1	49	21100	2535.0	24.5	23.4			
				21350	2560.0	24.3	23.7			
				20850	2510.0	24.1	23.7			
			99	21100	2535.0	24.5	23.7			
				21350	2560.0	24.0	23.7			
				20850	2510.0	23.4	22.5			
	20 MHz		0	21100	2535.0	23.2	22.1			
				21350	2560.0	23.6	22.2			
				20850	2510.0	23.4	22.5			
		50	24	21100	2535.0	23.5	22.1			
	30			21350	2560.0	23.6	22.5			
				20850	2510.0	23.1	22.0			
			50	21100	2535.0	23.1	22.1			
				21350	2560.0	23.1	22.3			
				20850	2510.0	23.1	22.4			
		100	0	21100	2535.0	23.2	22.1			
				21350	2560.0	23.0	22.3			



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
Dana	Danawiati	IND SIZE	ND OTISEC	Chamici	rrequeries	Q. S.K	100/11/1
				23017	699.7	24.6	23.0
			0	23017	707.5	24.0	23.1
				23173	715.3	24.0	23.4
				23017	699.7	24.2	23.4
		1	3	23095	707.5	24.1	23.2
		_		23173	715.3	24.3	23.4
				23017	699.7	24.2	23.4
	1.4 MHz		5	23095	707.5	24.3	23.7
				23173	715.3	24.3	23.2
				23017	699.7	24.4	23.0
			0	23095	707.5	24.2	23.5
				23173	715.3	24.6	23.1
				23017	699.7	24.3	23.4
		3	1	23095	707.5	24.1	23.6
			_	23173	715.3	24.5	23.6
				23017	699.7	24.7	23.7
			3	23095	707.5	24.1	23.7
			3	23173	715.3	24.3	23.2
				23017	699.7	23.5	22.3
		6	0	23095	707.5	23.0	22.4
				23173	715.3	23.6	22.4
12				23025	713.5	24.1	23.2
		1	0	23025	707.5	24.1	23.4
				23165	714.5	24.0	23.5
				23025	700.5	24.6	23.2
			7	23095	707.5	24.3	23.5
		_	,	23165	714.5	24.2	23.6
				23025	700.5	24.6	23.0
			14	23095	707.5	24.1	23.1
				23165	714.5	24.4	23.6
				23025	700.5	23.0	22.1
	3 MHz		0	23095	707.5	23.0	22.6
	32			23165	714.5	23.3	22.4
				23025	700.5	23.4	22.2
		8	7	23095	707.5	23.5	22.3
			,	23165	714.5	23.2	22.4
				23025	700.5	23.5	22.7
			14	23095	707.5	23.7	22.3
				23165	714.5	23.3	22.1
				23025	700.5	23.3	22.5
		15	0	23095	707.5	23.2	22.4
		1.5		23165	714.5	23.3	22.4
1	1			23103	/ 14.3	23.3	22.1



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				23035	701.5	24.1	23.3
			0	23095	707.5	24.1	23.7
				23155	713.5	24.3	23.1
				23035	701.5	24.3	23.1
		1	12	23095	707.5	24.0	23.0
				23155	713.5	24.3	23.0
				23035	701.5	24.3	23.3
	5 MHz		24	23095	707.5	24.7	23.1
				23155	713.5	24.0	23.2
				23035	701.5	23.1	22.3
			0	23095	707.5	23.2	22.5
				23155	713.5	23.4	22.1
				23035	701.5	23.4	22.5
		12	6	23095	707.5	23.3	22.7
				23155	713.5	23.6	22.5
				23035	701.5	23.3	22.2
			13	23095	707.5	23.1	22.5
				23155	713.5	23.6	22.4
				23035	701.5	23.3	22.6
		25	0	23095	707.5	23.2	22.6
12				23155	713.5	23.5	22.4
12				23060	704.0	24.5	23.4
			0	23095	707.5	24.6	23.6
				23130	711.0	24.3	23.3
				23060	704.0	24.4	23.4
		1	24	23095	707.5	24.3	23.4
				23130	711.0	24.6	23.6
				23060	704.0	24.3	23.6
			49	23095	707.5	24.0	23.5
				23130	711.0	24.0	23.4
				23060	704.0	23.4	22.6
	10 MHz		0	23095	707.5	23.2	22.6
				23130	711.0	23.2	22.4
				23060	704.0	23.5	22.5
		25	13	23095	707.5	23.7	22.2
				23130	711.0	23.6	22.3
				23060	704.0	23.1	22.6
			25	23095	707.5	23.7	22.4
				23130	711.0	23.2	22.4
				23060	704.0	23.2	22.4
		50	0	23095	707.5	23.4	22.3
				23130	711.0	23.6	22.6





Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				23205	779.5	24.1	23.0
			0	23230	782.0	24.3	23.1
				23129	784.5	24.2	23.4
				23205	779.5	24.5	23.6
		1	12	23230	782.0	24.3	23.4
				23129	784.5	24.1	23.1
				23205	779.5	24.4	23.5
			24	23230	782.0	24.5	23.1
				23129	784.5	24.1	23.6
				23205	779.5	23.7	22.3
	5 MHz		0	23230	782.0	23.4	22.1
				23129	784.5	23.4	22.6
				23205	779.5	23.5	22.2
4.2		12	6	23230	782.0	23.5	22.4
13				23129	784.5	23.3	22.7
			13	23205	779.5	23.7	22.2
				23230	782.0	23.1	22.1
				23129	784.5	23.2	22.7
				23205	779.5	23.4	22.5
		25	0	23230	782.0	23.5	22.3
				23129	784.5	23.3	22.5
			0	23230	782.0	24.1	23.3
		1	24	23230	782.0	24.4	23.5
			49	23230	782.0	24.4	23.5
	10 MHz		0	23230	782.0	23.4	22.6
		25	13	23230	782.0	23.3	22.5
			25	23230	782.0	23.1	22.1
		50	0	23230	782.0	23.5	22.7



100	Report Number: SAR.:						
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				26047	1850.7	24.1	23.0
			0	26365	1882.5	24.6	23.4
				26683	1914.3	24.7	23.4
				26047	1850.7	24.4	23.1
		1	3	26365	1882.5	24.6	23.5
				26683	1914.3	24.4	23.5
				26047	1850.7	24.1	23.1
			5	26365	1882.5	24.7	23.6
				26683	1914.3	24.3	23.6
	1.4 MHz			26047	1850.7	24.3	23.4
			0	26365	1882.5	24.5	23.1
				26683	1914.3	24.6	23.6
				26047	1850.7	24.3	23.7
		3	1	26365	1882.5	24.7	23.4
				26683	1914.3	24.6	23.5
				26047	1850.7	24.3	23.6
			3	26365	1882.5	24.5	23.3
				26683	1914.3	24.2	23.6
				26047	1850.7	23.7	22.0
		6	0	26365	1882.5	23.6	22.1
				26683	1914.3	23.3	22.7
25				26055	1851.5	24.5	23.2
			0	26365	1882.5	24.4	23.0
				26675	1913.5	24.1	23.2
				26055	1851.5	24.6	23.4
		1	7	26365	1882.5	24.3	23.0
				26675	1913.5	24.0	23.3
				26055	1851.5	24.4	23.6
			14	26365	1882.5	24.2	23.5
				26675	1913.5	24.3	23.3
				26055	1851.5	23.0	22.6
	3 MHz		0	26365	1882.5	23.5	22.4
				26675	1913.5	23.3	22.4
				26055	1851.5	23.3	22.2
		8	7	26365	1882.5	23.1	22.7
				26675	1913.5	23.6	22.6
				26055	1851.5	23.1	22.7
			14	26365	1882.5	23.2	22.1
				26675	1913.5	23.5	22.0
				26055	1851.5	23.6	22.4
		15	0	26365	1882.5	23.3	22.4
				26675	1913.5	23.3	22.6



-02				Report Number: SAR.2					
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM		
				26065	1852.5	24.5	23.1		
			0	26365	1882.5	24.7	23.5		
				26665	1912.5	24.1	23.2		
				26065	1852.5	24.3	23.6		
		1	12	26365	1882.5	24.2	23.1		
				26665	1912.5	24.4	23.3		
				26065	1852.5	24.5	23.3		
			24	26365	1882.5	24.1	23.1		
				26665	1912.5	24.4	23.5		
				26065	1852.5	23.6	22.1		
i	5 MHz		0	26365	1882.5	23.7	22.0		
				26665	1912.5	23.5	22.3		
				26065	1852.5	23.2	22.0		
		12	6	26365	1882.5	23.5	22.1		
				26665	1912.5	23.0	22.1		
				26065	1852.5	23.2	22.5		
			13	26365	1882.5	23.3	22.1		
				26665	1912.5	23.3	22.7		
				26065	1852.5	23.4	22.5		
		25	0	26365	1882.5	23.7	22.6		
25				26665	1912.5	23.6	22.2		
25				26090	1855.0	24.7	23.5		
			0	26365	1882.5	24.0	23.1		
				26640	1910.0	24.6	23.3		
				26090	1855.0	24.4	23.1		
		1	24	26365	1882.5	24.3	23.3		
				26640	1910.0	24.7	23.3		
				26090	1855.0	24.6	23.0		
			49	26365	1882.5	24.2	23.7		
				26640	1910.0	24.2	23.4		
				26090	1855.0	23.1	22.1		
	10 MHz		0	26365	1882.5	23.4	22.5		
				26640	1910.0	23.4	22.2		
				26090	1855.0	23.1	22.6		
		25	13	26365	1882.5	23.5	22.2		
				26640	1910.0	23.3	22.2		
				26090	1855.0	23.1	22.2		
			25	26365	1882.5	23.6	22.6		
1				26640	1910.0	23.3	22.5		
				26090	1855.0	23.0	22.3		
		50	0	26365	1882.5	23.0	22.6		
				26640	1910.0	23.6	22.6		



Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
						•	
				26115	1857.5	24.6	23.4
			0	26365	1882.5	24.6	23.5
			J	26615	1907.5	24.6	23.4
				26115	1857.5	24.1	23.3
		1	37	26365	1882.5	24.4	23.7
		_		26615	1907.5	24.3	23.4
	15 MHz			26115	1857.5	24.3	23.7
			74	26365	1882.5	24.2	23.6
				26615	1907.5	24.1	23.4
				26115	1857.5	23.5	22.5
			0	26365	1882.5	23.1	22.6
				26615	1907.5	23.3	22.2
				26115	1857.5	23.3	22.2
		36	19	26365	1882.5	23.4	22.2
			15	26615	1907.5	23.6	22.4
				26115	1857.5	23.2	22.1
			39	26365	1882.5	23.4	22.2
				26615	1907.5	23.1	22.2
				26115	1857.5	23.6	22.3
		75	0	26365	1882.5	23.7	22.2
0.5				26615	1907.5	23.4	22.4
25				26140	1860.0	24.4	23.3
			0	26365	1882.5	24.3	23.5
				26590	1905.0	24.2	23.4
				26140	1860.0	24.5	23.5
		1	49	26365	1882.5	24.7	23.1
				26590	1905.0	24.4	23.1
				26140	1860.0	24.1	23.4
			99	26365	1882.5	24.4	23.6
				26590	1905.0	24.3	23.1
				26140	1860.0	23.6	22.1
	20 MHz		0	26365	1882.5	23.5	22.6
				26590	1905.0	23.3	22.1
				26140	1860.0	23.4	22.1
		50	24	26365	1882.5	23.5	22.1
				26590	1905.0	23.0	22.1
				26140	1860.0	23.6	22.1
			50	26365	1882.5	23.4	22.1
				26590	1905.0	23.1	22.4
				26140	1860.0	23.5	22.5
		100	0	26365	1882.5	23.1	22.6
				26590	1905.0	23.6	22.2



-					rep	on number.	SAR.20250
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
				26697	814.7	24.6	23.2
			0	26865	831.5	24.2	23.6
				27033	848.3	24.3	23.5
				26697	814.7	24.5	23.6
		1	3	26865	831.5	24.5	23.3
				27033	848.3	24.2	23.5
				26697	814.7	24.0	23.5
			5	26865	831.5	24.4	23.7
				27033	848.3	24.6	23.2
				26697	814.7	24.5	23.5
	1.4 MHz		0	26865	831.5	24.2	23.6
				27033	848.3	24.4	23.6
				26697	814.7	24.6	23.7
		3	1	26865	831.5	24.4	23.6
				27033	848.3	24.1	23.1
				26697	814.7	24.2	23.5
			3	26865	831.5	24.7	23.3
				27033	848.3	24.6	23.2
				26697	814.7	23.3	22.2
		6	0	26865	831.5	23.5	22.3
26				27033	848.3	23.0	22.1
26				26705	815.5	24.2	23.2
			0	26865	831.5	24.2	23.7
				27025	847.5	24.5	23.1
				26705	815.5	24.0	23.6
		1	7	26865	831.5	24.6	23.2
				27025	847.5	24.5	23.6
				26705	815.5	24.2	23.3
			14	26865	831.5	24.6	23.6
				27025	847.5	24.7	23.6
				26705	815.5	23.1	22.4
	3 MHz		0	26865	831.5	23.3	22.2
				27025	847.5	23.3	22.6
				26705	815.5	23.3	22.6
		8	7	26865	831.5	23.6	22.0
				27025	847.5	23.1	22.2
				26705	815.5	23.6	22.4
			14	26865	831.5	23.5	22.5
				27025	847.5	23.3	22.3
				26705	815.5	23.4	22.4
		15	0	26865	831.5	23.2	22.5
				27025	847.5	23.1	22.5



Report Number: SAR.2025									
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM		
				26715	816.5	24.4	23.6		
			0	26865	831.5	24.1	23.5		
				27015	846.5	24.3	23.7		
				26715	816.5	24.2	23.3		
		1	12	26865	831.5	24.5	23.2		
				27015	846.5	24.6	23.5		
				26715	816.5	24.7	23.5		
			24	26865	831.5	24.1	23.2		
				27015	846.5	24.6	23.6		
				26715	816.5	23.6	22.5		
	5 MHz		0	26865	831.5	23.1	22.5		
				27015	846.5	23.5	22.2		
				26715	816.5	23.4	22.1		
		12	6	26865	831.5	23.4	22.6		
				27015	846.5	23.6	22.6		
				26715	816.5	23.7	22.6		
			13	26865	831.5	23.2	22.6		
				27015	846.5	23.0	22.3		
				26715	816.5	23.1	22.6		
		25	0	26865	831.5	23.1	22.6		
0.0				27015	846.5	23.0	22.4		
26				26740	819.0	24.6	23.5		
			0	26865	831.5	24.4	23.4		
				26990	844.0	24.4	23.5		
				26740	819.0	24.2	23.6		
		1	24	26865	831.5	24.7	23.3		
				26990	844.0	24.3	23.1		
				26740	819.0	24.4	23.6		
			49	26865	831.5	24.1	23.7		
				26990	844.0	24.5	23.3		
				26740	819.0	23.6	22.4		
	10 MHz		0	26865	831.5	23.5	22.4		
				26990	844.0	23.6	22.6		
				26740	819.0	23.6	22.6		
		25	13	26865	831.5	23.5	22.3		
				26990	844.0	23.2	22.5		
				26740	819.0	23.4	22.1		
			25	26865	831.5	23.2	22.5		
				26990	844.0	23.1	22.0		
				26740	819.0	23.2	22.5		
		50	0	26865	831.5	23.2	22.1		
				26990	844.0	23.7	22.1		



Report Number: SAN.20250									
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM		
				26765	821.5	24.3	23.6		
			0	26865	831.5	24.2	23.5		
				26965	841.5	24.5	23.0		
				26765	821.5	24.6	23.2		
		1	37	26865	831.5	24.5	23.2		
				26965	841.5	24.6	23.6		
				26765	821.5	24.2	23.1		
			74	26865	831.5	24.4	23.2		
				26965	841.5	24.4	23.5		
				26765	821.5	23.2	22.2		
26	15 MHz		0	26865	831.5	23.3	22.4		
				26965	841.5	23.5	22.6		
				26765	821.5	23.3	22.1		
		36	19	26865	831.5	23.0	22.5		
				26965	841.5	23.3	22.4		
				26765	821.5	23.2	22.1		
			39	26865	831.5	23.3	22.0		
				26965	841.5	23.6	22.1		
		75		26765	821.5	23.1	22.4		
			0	26865	831.5	23.1	22.3		
				26965	841.5	23.7	22.4		



	Report Number: SAR.202								
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM		
				39675	2498.5	24.1	23.2		
				40148	2545.8	24.6	23.6		
			0	40620	2593.0	24.6	23.3		
				41093	2640.3	24.7	23.4		
				41565	2687.5	24.1	23.3		
				39675	2498.5	24.4	23.5		
				40148	2545.8	24.3	23.6		
		1	12	40620	2593.0	24.1	23.5		
				41093	2640.3	24.5	23.6		
				41565	2687.5	24.3	23.5		
				39675	2498.5	24.2	23.4		
				40148	2545.8	24.6	23.3		
			24	40620	2593.0	24.2	23.5		
				41093	2640.3	24.1	23.1		
				41565	2687.5	24.4	23.4		
				39675	2498.5	23.1	22.0		
				40148	2545.8	23.4	22.7		
41	5 MHz		0	40620	2593.0	23.6	22.1		
				41093	2640.3	23.6	22.6		
				41565	2687.5	23.2	22.5		
				39675	2498.5	23.4	22.1		
				40148	2545.8	23.2	22.7		
		12	6	40620	2593.0	23.5	22.6		
				41093	2640.3	23.6	22.2		
				41565	2687.5	23.1	22.3		
				39675	2498.5	23.3	22.6		
				40148	2545.8	23.1	22.1		
			13	40620	2593.0	23.4	22.1		
				41093	2640.3	23.6	22.1		
				41565	2687.5	23.2	22.2		
				39675	2498.5	23.7	22.1		
				40148	2545.8	23.5	22.3		
		25	0	40620	2593.0	23.3	22.5		
		25	"	41093	2640.3	23.0	22.1		
				41565	2687.5	23.4	22.5		



Report Number: SAR.20250									
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM		
				39700	2501.0	24.1	23.4		
				40160	2547.0	24.6	23.3		
			0	40620	2593.0	24.3	23.1		
				41080	2639.0	24.4	23.1		
				41540	2685.0	24.3	23.1		
				39700	2501.0	24.0	23.0		
				40160	2547.0	24.0	23.6		
		1	24	40620	2593.0	24.3	23.6		
				41080	2639.0	24.2	23.4		
				41540	2685.0	24.2	23.3		
				39700	2501.0	24.0	23.1		
				40160	2547.0	24.1	23.1		
			49	40620	2593.0	24.2	23.7		
				41080	2639.0	24.6	23.5		
				41540	2685.0	24.2	23.7		
				39700	2501.0	23.2	22.3		
				40160	2547.0	23.5	22.3		
41	10 MHz		0	40620	2593.0	23.3	22.2		
				41080	2639.0	23.4	22.1		
				41540	2685.0	23.5	22.5		
				39700	2501.0	23.4	22.7		
				40160	2547.0	23.2	22.5		
		25	13	40620	2593.0	23.4	22.2		
				41080	2639.0	23.3	22.1		
				41540	2685.0	23.1	22.2		
				39700	2501.0	23.2	22.0		
				40160	2547.0	23.6	22.7		
			25	40620	2593.0	23.5	22.7		
				41080	2639.0	23.0	22.5		
				41540	2685.0	23.1	22.5		
				39700	2501.0	23.1	22.3		
				40160	2547.0	23.6	22.3		
		50	0	40620	2593.0	23.7	22.0		
		30		41080	2639.0	23.3	22.3		
				41540	2685.0	23.5	22.2		



Report Number: SAR.202501								
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM	
				39725	2503.5	24.7	23.7	
				40173	2548.3	24.0	23.7	
			0	40620	2593.0	24.4	23.1	
				41068	2637.8	24.6	23.1	
				41515	2682.5	24.6	23.6	
				39725	2503.5	24.5	23.6	
				40173	2548.3	24.2	23.3	
		1	37	40620	2593.0	24.1	23.4	
				41068	2637.8	24.0	23.5	
				41515	2682.5	24.1	23.3	
				39725	2503.5	24.7	23.2	
				40173	2548.3	24.6	23.6	
			74	40620	2593.0	24.3	23.4	
				41068	2637.8	24.0	23.5	
				41515	2682.5	24.5	23.5	
				39725	2503.5	23.0	22.5	
				40173	2548.3	23.6	22.4	
41	15 MHz		0	40620	2593.0	23.1	22.3	
				41068	2637.8	23.7	22.6	
				41515	2682.5	23.6	22.4	
				39725	2503.5	23.6	22.4	
				40173	2548.3	23.2	22.1	
		36	19	40620	2593.0	23.0	22.1	
				41068	2637.8	23.5	22.4	
				41515	2682.5	23.1	22.1	
				39725	2503.5	23.4	22.5	
				40173	2548.3	23.4	22.5	
			39	40620	2593.0	23.4	22.2	
				41068	2637.8	23.3	22.2	
				41515	2682.5	23.1	22.0	
				39725	2503.5	23.4	22.5	
				40173	2548.3	23.5	22.2	
		75	0	40620	2593.0	23.6	22.6	
				41068	2637.8	23.1	22.6	
				41515	2682.5	23.7	22.4	



Report Number: SAR.20250									
Band	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM		
				39750	2506.0	24.3	23.6		
				40185	2549.5	24.6	23.0		
			0	40620	2593.0	24.3	23.3		
				41055	2636.5	24.2	23.1		
				41490	2680.0	24.6	23.4		
				39750	2506.0	24.5	23.7		
				40185	2549.5	24.1	23.5		
		1	49	40620	2593.0	24.1	23.6		
				41055	2636.5	24.6	23.1		
				41490	2680.0	24.3	23.5		
				39750	2506.0	24.1	23.4		
				40185	2549.5	24.2	23.5		
			99	40620	2593.0	24.6	23.4		
				41055	2636.5	24.6	23.5		
				41490	2680.0	24.1	23.4		
				39750	2506.0	23.4	22.1		
				40185	2549.5	23.5	22.1		
41	20 MHz		0	40620	2593.0	23.6	22.4		
				41055	2636.5	23.3	22.5		
				41490	2680.0	23.6	22.6		
				39750	2506.0	23.1	22.5		
				40185	2549.5	23.2	22.7		
		50	24	40620	2593.0	23.4	22.2		
				41055	2636.5	23.1	22.3		
				41490	2680.0	23.2	22.6		
				39750	2506.0	23.3	22.2		
				40185	2549.5	23.2	22.1		
			50	40620	2593.0	23.6	22.3		
				41055	2636.5	23.1	22.4		
				41490	2680.0	23.1	22.6		
				39750	2506.0	23.5	22.6		
				40185	2549.5	23.1	22.4		
		100	0	40620	2593.0	23.4	22.5		
				41055	2636.5	23.5	22.2		
				41490	2680.0	23.5	22.2		



Report Number: SAR.20250101									
Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)		
			1	2412		18.03	19.50		
	802.11b	20	6	2437	1 Mbps	18.17	19.50		
			11	2462		18.46	19.50		
			1	2412			17.50		
	802.11g	20	6	2437	6 Mbps		17.50		
2450 1411-			11	2462			17.50		
2450 MHz			1	2412			17.00		
	802.11n20	20	6	2437	MCS0	Not Required	17.00		
			11	2462			17.00		
			2	2417			16.00		
	802.11n40	40	6	2437	MCS0		16.00		
			10	2457			16.00		
			36	5180			15.00		
	802.11a	20	40	5200	C Mbps		15.00		
	802.11a	20	44	5220	6 Mbps		15.00		
			48	5240			15.00		
			36	5180			14.00		
5.15-5.25 GHz	002 11=20	20	40	5200	MCCO	Not Required	14.00		
	802.11n20	20	44	5220	MCS0		14.00		
			48	5240			14.00		
	002 11540	40	38	5190	MCCO	  -	13.00		
	802.11n40	40	46	5230	MCS0		13.00		
	802.11ac80	80	42	5210	VHT0		13.00		
			52	5260		14.19	15.00		
	802.11a	20	56	5280	6 Mbps	14.33	15.00		
	002.11a	20	60	5300	o ivibps	14.61	15.00		
			64	5320		14.84	15.00		
			52	5260			14.00		
5.25-5.35 GHz	802.11n20	20	56	5280	MCS0		14.00		
	802.111120	20	60	5300	IVICSO		14.00		
			64	5320		Not Required	14.00		
	802.11n40	40	54	5270	MCS0		13.00		
	802.111140	40	62	5310	IVICSO		13.00		
	802.11ac80	80	58	5290	VHT0		13.00		
			104	5520		14.11	15.00		
	802.11a	20	116	5580	6 Mbps	13.99	15.00		
	002.110	20	124	5620	O WIDPS	14.27	15.00		
			136	5680		14.21	15.00		
			104	5520			14.00		
	802.11n20	20	116	5580	MCS0		14.00		
5600 MHz	002.111120	20	124	5620	111000		14.00		
			136	5680		Not Required	14.00		
			104	5520		Not nequired	13.00		
	802.11n40	40	118	5590	MCS0		13.00		
			124	5620			13.00		
	802.11ac80	80	106	5530	VHT0		13.00		
	302.11000	50	122	5610	******		13.00		



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Avg Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			149	5745		14.49	15.00
			153	5765		14.47	15.00
	802.11a	20	157	5785	6 Mbps	14.44	15.00
			161	5805	ivibps	14.32	15.00
			165	5825		14.41	15.00
			149	5745			14.00
5800 MHz			153	5765			14.00
	802.11n20	20	157	5785	MCS0		14.00
			161	5805		Nat Daniinad	14.00
			165	5825		Not Required	14.00
	902 11 - 40	40	151	5755	MCCO		13.00
	802.11n40	40	159	5795	MCS0		13.00
	802.11ac80	80	155	5775	VHT0		13.00



#### 10. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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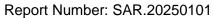
- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg for UNII-2A, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 band with lower or equal maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.3.1 2) page 11.

#### **UMTS Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

#### LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. LTE band 2/5/38 SAR test was covered by Band 25/26/41 for EG21-G and LTE band 2/4/5 SAR test was covered by band 25/26/66 for BG77according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
  - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.
- 7. For LTE B13 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.





							Report Number, SAIN					
Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)		
1	GPRS II	2 Slot	Front	20 mm	661	1880	25.84	27.47	0.415	0.60		
	GPRS II	2 Slot	Back	20 mm	661	1880	25.84	27.47	0.336	0.49		
	GPRS II	2 Slot	Left	20 mm	661	1880	25.84	27.47	0.159	0.23		
	GPRS V	2 Slot		20 mm	128	824.2	29.04	30.74	0.611	0.90		
2	GPRS V	2 Slot	Front	20 mm	190	836.6	29.34	30.74	0.697	0.96		
	GPRS V	2 Slot		20 mm	251	848.8	29.14	30.74	0.642	0.93		
	GPRS V	2 Slot	Back	20 mm	190	836.6	29.34	30.74	0.602	0.83		
	GPRS V	2 Slot	Left	20 mm	190	836.6	29.34	30.74	0.368	0.51		
	GPRS V	2 Slot	Repeat	20 mm	190	836.6	29.34	30.74	0.629	0.87		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	0.901	0.94		
3	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	20 mm	9400	1880	24.79	25.00	0.935	0.98		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	9538	1907.6	24.95	25.00	0.857	0.87		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	9262	1852.4	24.83	25.00	0.713	0.74		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	20 mm	9400	1880	24.79	25.00	0.752	0.79		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	9538	1907.6	24.95	25.00	0.697	0.71		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left	20 mm	9400	1880	24.79	25.00	0.401	0.42		
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Repeat	20 mm	9400	1880	24.79	25.00	0.915	0.96		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	1312	1712.4	24.61	25.00	1.03	1.13		
4	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	20 mm	1413	1732.6	24.76	25.00	1.21	1.28		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	1513	1752.6	24.51	25.00	1.11	1.24		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	1312	1712.4	24.61	25.00	0.973	1.06		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	20 mm	1413	1732.6	24.76	25.00	0.992	1.05		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	1513	1752.6	24.51	25.00	0.986	1.10		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left	20 mm	1413	1732.6	24.76	25.00	0.681	0.72		
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Repeat	20 mm	1413	1732.6	24.76	25.00	1.19	1.26		
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	4132	826.4	24.63	25.00	0.722	0.79		
5	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	20 mm	4183	836.6	24.88	25.00	0.785	0.81		
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps		20 mm	4233	846.6	24.79	25.00	0.759	0.80		
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	20 mm	4183	836.6	24.88	25.00	0.639	0.66		
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left	20 mm	4183	836.6	24.88	25.00	0.403	0.41		
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Repeat	20 mm	4183	836.6	24.88	25.00	0.764	0.79		



	-								1 Cp	OIL ING	illoci.	SAK.ZU	23010
Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20050	1720	24.2	25.00	0.743	0.89
6	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20175	1732.5	24.5	25.00	0.808	0.91
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	20 mm	20175	1732.5	23.4	24.00	0.632	0.73
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20300	1745	24.6	25.00	0.742	0.81
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0		20 mm	20175	1732.5	23.1	24.00	0.591	0.73
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20050	1720	24.2	25.00	0.649	0.78
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20175	1732.5	24.5	25.00	0.722	0.81
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	20 mm	20175	1732.5	23.4	24.00	0.503	0.58
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20300	1745	24.6	25.00	0.687	0.75
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0		20 mm	20175	1732.5	23.1	24.00	0.472	0.58
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left	20 mm	20175	1732.5	24.5	25.00	0.501	0.56
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Repeat	20 mm	20175	1732.5	24.5	25.00	0.792	0.89
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20850	2510	24.6	25.00	0.746	0.82
7	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	21100	2535	24.5	25.00	0.760	0.85
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	20 mm	21100	2535	23.5	24.00	0.521	0.58
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	21350	2560	24.3	25.00	0.721	0.85
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0		20 mm	21100	2535	23.2	24.00	0.487	0.59
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	20850	2510	24.6	25.00	0.702	0.77
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	21100	2535	24.5	25.00	0.711	0.80
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	20 mm	21100	2535	23.5	24.00	0.505	0.57
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49		20 mm	21350	2560	24.3	25.00	0.686	0.81
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0		20 mm	21100	2535	23.2	24.00	0.422	0.51
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left	20 mm	21100	2535	24.5	25.00	0.417	0.47
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Repeat	20 mm	21100	2535	24.5	25.00	0.751	0.84
8	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	24	Front	20 mm	23095	707.5	24.3	25.00	0.503	0.59
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	24	Back	20 mm	23095	707.5	24.3	25.00	0.422	0.50
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	24	Left	20 mm	23095	707.5	24.3	25.00	0.301	0.35
9	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	24	Front	20 mm	23230	782	24.4	25.00	0.420	0.48
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	24	Back	20 mm	23230	782	24.4	25.00	0.305	0.35
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	24	Left	20 mm	23230	782	24.4	25.00	0.237	0.27
10	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	20 mm	26365	1882.5	24.7	25.00	0.555	0.60
	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	20 mm	26365	1882.5	24.7	25.00	0.482	0.52
	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left	20 mm	26365	1882.5	24.7	25.00	0.326	0.35
11	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37		20 mm	26865	831.5	24.5	25.00	0.428	0.48
$\sqcup$	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Front	20 mm	26865	831.5	24.5	25.00	0.343	0.38
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37		20 mm	26865	831.5	24.5	25.00	0.203	0.23
12	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	20 mm	40620	2593	24.1	25.00	0.219	0.27
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	20 mm	40620	2593	24.1	25.00	0.163	0.20
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left	20 mm	40620	2593	24.1	25.00	0.102	0.13



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
13	2.45 GHz	20M	CCK	Front	20mm	6	2437	18.17	19.50	0.0526	0.07
	2.45 GHz	20M	CCK	Back	20mm	6	2437	18.17	19.50	0.0435	0.06
	2.45 GHz	20M	CCK	Left	20mm	6	2437	18.17	19.50	0.0315	0.04
14	5.25 GHz	20M	OFDM	Front	20mm	60	5300	14.61	15.00	0.0583	0.06
	5.25 GHz	20M	OFDM	Back	20mm	60	5300	14.61	15.00	0.0473	0.05
	5.25 GHz	20M	OFDM	Left	20mm	60	5300	14.61	15.00	0.0292	0.03
15	5.60 GHz	20M	OFDM	Front	20mm	124	5620	14.27	15.00	0.0321	0.04
	5.60 GHz	20M	OFDM	Back	20mm	124	5620	14.27	15.00	0.0287	0.03
	5.60 GHz	20M	OFDM	Left	20mm	124	5620	14.27	15.00	0.0137	0.02
16	5.75 GHz	20M	OFDM	Front	20mm	157	5785	14.44	15.00	0.0148	0.02
	5.75 GHz	20M	OFDM	Back	20mm	157	5785	14.44	15.00	0.0102	0.01
	5.75 GHz	20M	OFDM	Left	20mm	157	5785	14.44	15.00	0.0092	0.01



## 11. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

#### Sim-Tx configuration

No.	Cimultanaana Transmississa Confirmation	Exposure Positions
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Body
1	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Wifi 0 + BT	Yes
2	UMTS + 5 GHz Wifi 0 + BT	Yes
3	LTE + 2.4 GHz Wifi 0 + BT	Yes
4	LTE + 5 GHz Wifi 0 + BT	Yes
5	GPRS + 2.4 GHz Wifi 0 + BT	Yes
6	GPRS + 5 GHz Wifi 0 + BT	Yes

#### **General Note:**

 The BT SAR calculated value was used for SAR summation due to the BT being excluded. See page 23 for the calculated value for each band..

**Body Exposure Conditions** 

	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2+4	1+3+4
WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz Wi-Fi 0	5GHz Wi-Fi 0	2.4GHz BT 0	Summed 1g SAR	Summed 1g SAR
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	Front	0.60	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.72	0.71
GRPS II	Back	0.49	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.60	0.59
	Left	0.23	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.32	0.31
	Front	0.96	0.07	0.06	0.05	1.08	1.07
GPRS V	Back	0.83	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.94	0.93
	Left	0.51	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.60	0.59
	Front	0.98	0.07	0.06	0.05	1.10	1.09
WCDMA II	Back	0.79	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.90	0.89
	Left	0.42	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.51	0.50
	Front	1.28	0.07	0.06	0.05	1.40	1.39
WCDMA IV	Back	1.05	0.06	0.05	0.05	1.16	1.15
	Left	0.72	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.81	0.80
	Front	0.81	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.93	0.92
WCDMA V	Back	0.66	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.77	0.76
	Left	0.41	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.50	0.49
	Front	0.91	0.07	0.06	0.05	1.03	1.02
LTE Band 4	Back	0.81	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.92	0.91
	Left	0.56	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.65	0.64
	Front	0.85	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.97	0.96
LTE Band 7	Back	0.81	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.92	0.91
	Left	0.47	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.56	0.55
	Front	0.59	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.71	0.70
LTE Band 12	Back	0.50	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.61	0.60
	Left	0.35	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.44	0.43
	Front	0.48	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.60	0.59
LTE Band 13	Back	0.35	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.46	0.45
	Left	0.27	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.36	0.35
	Front	0.60	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.72	0.71
LTE Band 25	Back	0.52	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.63	0.62
	Left	0.35	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.44	0.43
LTE Band 26	Front	0.48	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.60	0.59
	Back	0.38	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.49	0.48
	Left	0.23	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.32	0.31
	Front	0.27	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.39	0.38
LTE Band 41	Back	0.20	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.31	0.30
	Left	0.13	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.22	0.21



# 12. Test Equipment List

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**Table 12.1 Equipment Specifications** 

Туре	<b>Calibration Due Date</b>	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI5 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	2037
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/09/2025	04/09/2024	1416
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	02/14/2025	02/14/2024	3662
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	01/16/2026	01/16/2025	7530
Speag Validation Dipole D750V2	05/10/2025	05/10/2024	1016
Speag Validation Dipole D900V2	05/10/2025	05/10/2024	1d044
Speag Validation Dipole D1750V2	05/10/2025	05/10/2024	1018
Speag Validation Dipole D1900V2	05/06/2025	05/06/2024	5d116
Speag Validation Dipole D2550V2	05/06/2025	05/06/2024	1003
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	05/06/2025	05/06/2024	829
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	05/08/2025	05/08/2024	1085
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	03/08/2025	03/08/2024	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	03/08/2025	03/08/2024	MY45240464
Agilent (HP) 8596E Spectrum Analyzer	03/08/2025	03/08/2024	3826A01468
Agilent (HP) 83752A Synthesized Sweeper	03/08/2025	03/08/2024	3610A01048
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/08/2025	03/08/2024	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/07/2025	03/07/2024	2904A00595
Copper Mountain R140 Vector Reflectometer	03/08/2025	03/08/2024	21390004
Anritsu MT8820C	N/A	N/A	6201176199
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Head Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (1750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (2550 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Equivalent Matter (3-6 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



#### 13. Conclusion

Report Number: SAR.20250101

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



#### 14. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 2002.
- [4] IEEE Standard 1528 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.



## Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Mon 30/Dec/2024
Freq Frequency(GHz)
eH Limits for Head Epsilon
sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test\_e Epsilon of UIM
Test s Sigma of UIM

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

0.8300 0.8315	41.51 41.50 41.50 41.50	0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.902 0.907 0.91	40.96 40.95 40.947 40.937	0.91 0.92 0.93 0.93* 0.93* 0.93* 0.93 0.932* 0.937* 0.94 0.942* 0.947*
0.8600 0.8700	41.50 41.50	0.93 0.94	40.91 40.89	0.96 0.97
0.8800 0.8900 0.9000 0.9100 0.9200	41.50 41.50 41.50 41.50 41.49	0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.98	40.88 40.87 40.86 40.85 40.84	0.98 0.99 1.00 1.01

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter

Mon 30/Dec/2024

Freq Frequency(GHz)

eH Limits for Head Epsilon

sH Limits for Head Sigma

Test\_e Epsilon of UIM

1000_0 013 01 01					
****************					
Freq	еН	sH	Test_e '	Test_s	
1.7000	40.16	1.34	39.49	1.35	
1.7100	40.14	1.35	39.47	1.36	
1 7124	/Λ 139	1 25	30 165	1 262*	

 1.7124
 40.138 1.35
 39.465 1.362\*

 1.7200
 40.13 1.35
 39.45 1.37

 1.7300
 40.11 1.36 39.43 1.37

 1.7325
 40.105 1.363 39.425 1.373\*

 1.7326
 40.105 1.363 39.425 1.373\*

 1.7400
 40.09 1.37 39.41 1.38

 1.7450
 40.085 1.37 39.40 1.385\*

 1.7500
 40.08 1.37 39.39 1.39

 1.7526
 40.075 1.373 39.385 1.393\*

 1.7600
 40.06 1.38 39.37 1.40

 1.7700
 40.05 1.38 39.35 1.41

 1.7800
 40.02 1.39 39.31 1.42

 40.138 1.35 39.465 1.362

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter

Fri 27/Dec/2024

Freq Frequency(GHz)

eH Limits for Head Epsilon

sH Limits for Head Sigma

Test\_e Epsilon of UIM

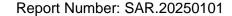
Test s Sigma of UIM

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Freq	еН	sH	Test_e	Test_s
1.8500	40.00	1.40	39.75	1.40
1.8502	40.00	1.40	39.75	1.40*
1.8524	40.00	1.40	39.745	1.402*
1.8600	40.00	1.40	39.73	1.41
1.8700	40.00	1.40	39.71	1.41
1.8800	40.00	1.40	39.69	1.42
1.8825	40.00	1.40	39.685	1.42*
1.8900	40.00	1.40	39.67	1.42
1.9000	40.00	1.40	39.65	1.42
1.9050	40.00	1.40	39.64	1.425*
1.9076	40.00	1.40	39.635	1.428*
1.9098	40.00	1.40	39.63	1.43*
1.9100	40.00	1.40	39.63	1.43
1.9200	40.00	1.40	39.62	1.44
1.9300	40.00	1.40	39.60	1.44

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated





\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Thu 26/Dec/2024
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
```

\*

```
FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s
  Freq
  2.4900
                                                         39.15 1.84 38.83 1.85
                                                      39.14 1.85 38.81 1.86
  2.5000
                                                     39.128 1.862 38.792 1.866*
  2.5060
                                                    39.12 1.87 38.78 1.87
  2.5100
                                                   39.11 1.88 38.76 1.89
  2.5200
                                                  39.10 1.89 38.74 1.90
  2.5300

      2.5350
      39.095 1.895
      38.725 1.905*

      2.5400
      39.09 1.90
      38.71 1.91

      2.5495
      39.071 1.91
      38.691 1.929*

      2.5500
      39.07 1.91
      38.69 1.93

      2.5600
      39.06 1.92
      38.67 1.94

      2.5700
      39.05 1.93
      38.64 1.95

      2.5800
      39.03 1.94
      38.62 1.97

      2.5900
      39.02 1.95
      38.59 1.98

      2.5930
      39.017 1.953
      38.593 1.98*

      2.6000
      39.01 1.96
      38.60 1.98

      2.6100
      39.00 1.97
      38.58 1.99

      2.6200
      38.98 1.99
      38.57 2.00

      2.6300
      38.97 2.00
      38.55 2.01

      2.6365
      38.964 2.007
      38.537 2.017*

      2.6400
      38.96 2.01
      38.53 2.02

      2.6500
      38.95 2.02
      38.51 2.03

      2.6600
      38.92 2.04
      38.48 2.05

      2.6800
      38.91 2.05
      38.46 2.06

      2.6900
      38.89 2.06
      38.44 2.07

      2.7000
      38.88 2.07
      38.43 2.08

                                                  39.095 1.895 38.725 1.905*
  2.5350
  2.7000
                                                       38.88 2.07 38.43 2.08
```

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

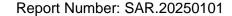
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Tue 11/Feb/2025
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC\_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC\_sH Limits for Head Sigma
Test\_e Epsilon of UIM
Test\_s Sigma of UIM

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

```
FCC_EH FCC_SH Test_E Test_S
39.26 1.76 38.53 1.78
39.258 1.762 38.526 1.782*
39.25 1.77 38.51 1.79
39.24 1.78 38.49 1.80
39.226 1.787 38.483 1.814*
39.22 1.79 38.48 1.82
39.20 1.80 38.43 1.83
39.19 1.81 38 43 1.04
Freq
                    FCC_eH FCC_sH Test_e Test_s
2.4100
2.4120
2.4200
2.4300
2.4370
2.4400
2.4500
                  39.19 1.81 38.43 1.84
2.4600
2.4620
                   39.186 1.812 38.426 1.842*
                  39.17 1.82 38.41 1.85
2.4700
2.4800
                   39.16 1.83 38.39 1.88
```

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated





Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter

Wed 12/Feb/2025

Freq Frequency(GHz)

FCC\_eH Limits for Head Epsilon

FCC\_sH Limits for Head Sigma

Test\_e Epsilon of UIM

*****	*****	*****	*****	******
Freq	FCC_eH	FCC_sH	Test_e	Test_s
5.1000		4.55	35.36	
5.1200	36.08	4.57	35.34	4.59
5.1400	36.05	4.59	35.31	4.61
5.1600	36.03	4.61		4.64
5.1800	36.01	4.63		4.66
5.2000	35.99			4.68
5.2200	35.96	4.68		4.70
5.2400	35.94	4.70	35.20	4.72
			35.185	
	35.92	4.72	35.17	4.75
5.2800	35.89	4.74	35.14	4.77
5.3000	35.87	4.76	35.11	4.79
5.3200	35.85	4.78	35.09	4.81
5.3400	35.83	4.80	35.07	4.84
5.3600	35.80	4.82	35.05	4.86
5.3800	35.78	4.84	35.02	4.88
5.4000	35.76	4.86	35.00	4.90
5.4200			34.98	4.93
5.4400	35.71	4.90	34.97	4.95
5.4600	35.69	4.92	34.94	4.97
		4.94	34.91	4.99
				5.01
5.5200	35.62	4.98	34.86	5.03
5.5400	35.60	5.00	34.84	5.05
5.5600	35.57	5.02	34.82	5.08
			34.79	5.10
			34.77	
			34.74	5.14
	35.48		34.72	5.17
			34.70	5.19
				5.21
				5.23
5.7200			34.63	5.26
	35.37	5.21	34.61	5.28
	35.365		34.605	
			34.60	5.29*
				5.30
5.7800			34.57	
	35.315		34.56	5.325*
			34.53	5.34
	35.28		34.51	5.37
		5.295		
		5.31		
5.8600	35.23	5.33	34.47	5.41
			· - ·	- · <del></del>

<sup>\*</sup> value interpolated



# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN 1016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.89$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/31/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(8.69, 9.23, 7.72); Calibrated: 2/14/2024;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**750 MHz Head/Verification/Area Scan (41x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.889 W/kg

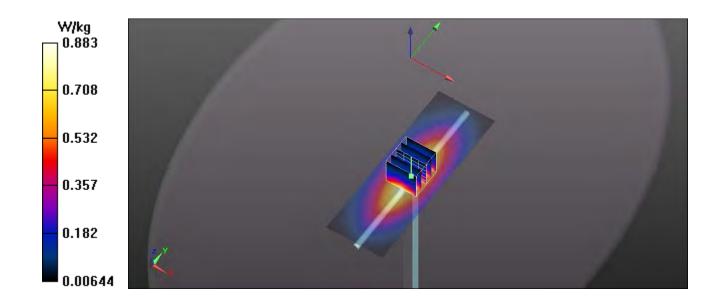
750 MHz Head/Verification /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.369 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.562 mW/g

Pin= 100 mW

**SAR(1 g) = 0.856 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.559 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.884 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz D900V2; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:1d044

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900; Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(8.07, 8.67, 7.35); Calibrated: 2/14/2024;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**900 MHz Head/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 W/kg

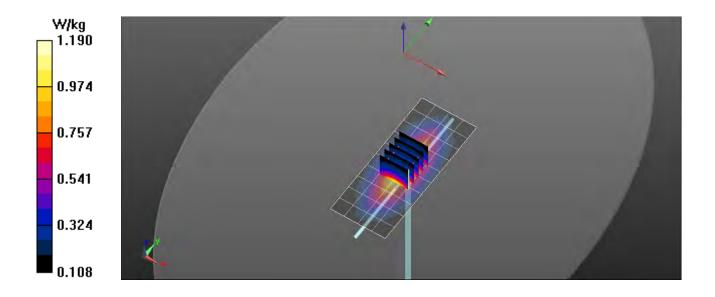
900 MHz Head/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.897 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

 $P_{in}$ = 100 mW

SAR(1 g) = 1.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.715 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.39 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.39;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(7.65, 8.01, 6.62); Calibrated: 2/14/2024;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**1750 MHz Head/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.22 W/kg

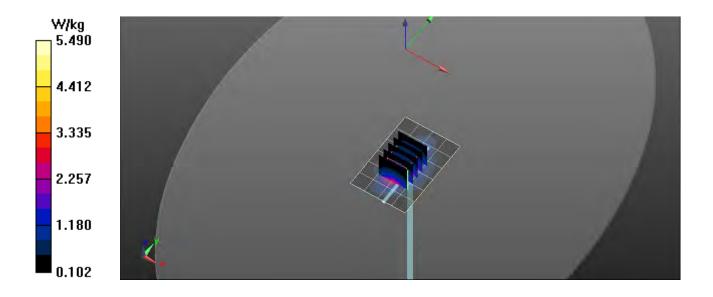
1750 MHz Head/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.387 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.84 W/kg

 $P_{in}$ = 100 mW

**SAR(1 g) = 3.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.96 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.49 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d116

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz,  $\sigma$  = 1.42 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.65;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/27/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(7.37, 7.91, 6.59); Calibrated: 2/14/2024;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**1900 MHz Head/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.55 W/kg

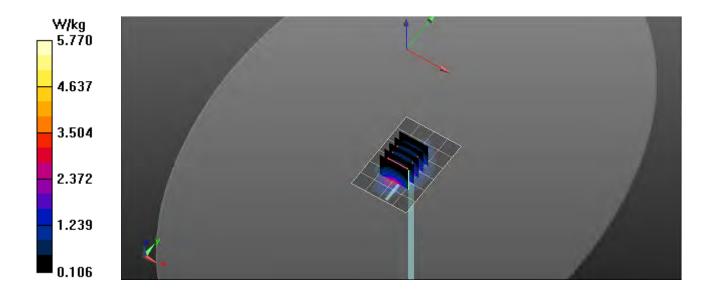
1900 MHz Head/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.965 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.22 W/kg

 $P_{in}$ = 100 mW

SAR(1 g) = 4.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.77 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

## Plot 5

DUT: Dipole 2550 MHz D2550V2; Type: D2550V2; Serial: D2550V2 - SN:1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2550 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2550; Medium parameters used: f = 2550 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.93 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.69;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/26/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3662; ConvF(6.81, 7.33, 6.11); Calibrated: 2/14/2024;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**2550 MHz Head/Verification/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.21 W/kg

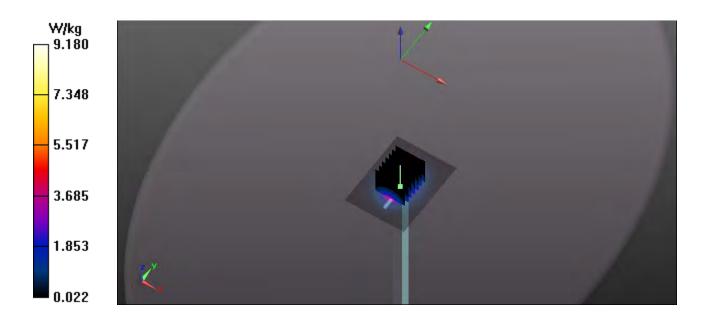
2550 MHz Head/Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.694 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.6 W/kg

P<sub>in</sub>= 100 mW

**SAR(1 g) = 5.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.49 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.15 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 6

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.83 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.43;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/11/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7530; ConvF(7.18, 7.21, 7.46); Calibrated: 1/16/2025;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**Head Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.41 W/kg

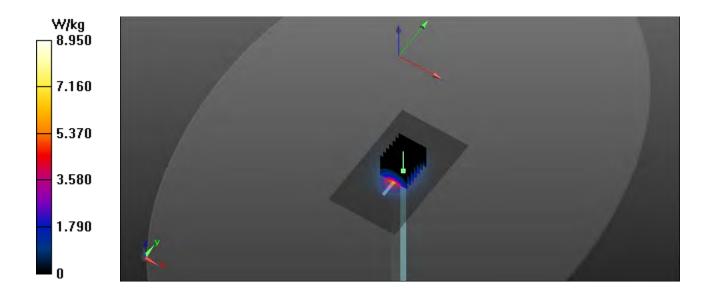
Head Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.112 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.06 W/kg

 $P_{in}$ = 100 mW

**SAR(1 g) = 5.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.53 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.94 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 7

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.735 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.185;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/12/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7530; ConvF(5.3, 5.32, 5.51); Calibrated: 1/16/2025;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.57 W/kg

Head Verification/5250 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

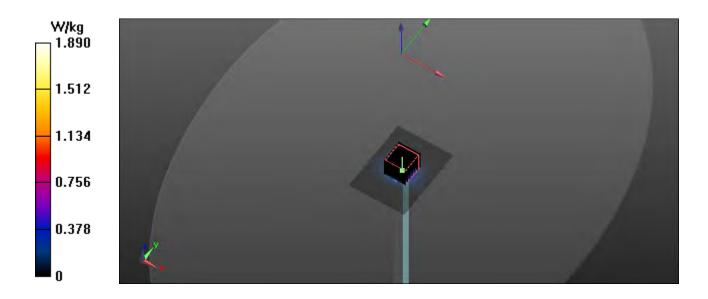
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.21 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.803 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.89 W/kg



# RF Exposure Lab

Plot 8

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1



Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.12 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.77;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/12/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7530; ConvF(4.75, 4.77, 4.94); Calibrated: 1/16/2025;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**Head Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg

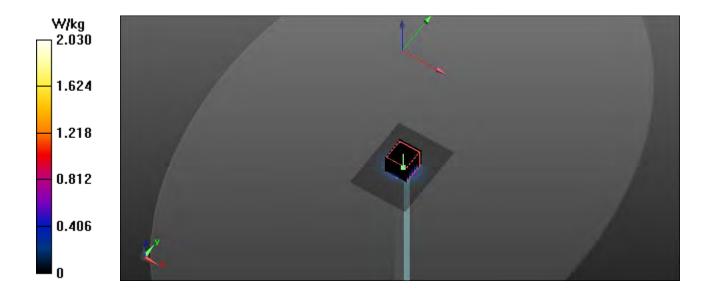
Head Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 15.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.835 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.01 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 9

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.29 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/12/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7530; ConvF(4.8, 4.82, 4.99); Calibrated: 1/16/2025;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.61 W/kg

Head Verification/5750 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.462 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

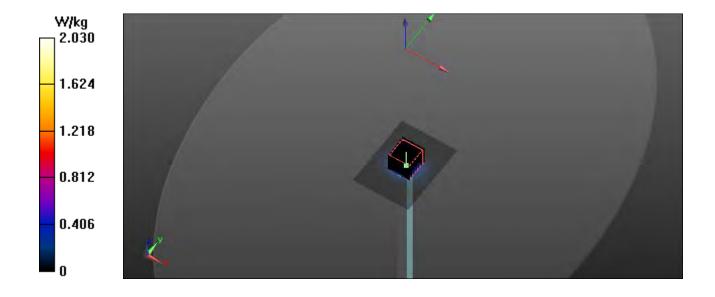
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.88 W/kg

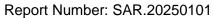
Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.822 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 W/kg







# **Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots**



# **RF Exposure Lab**

## Plot 1

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: GPRS 2-Slot (GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037 Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.42 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.69;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/27/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.37, 7.91, 6.59); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**B2 GSM/Front Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 W/kg

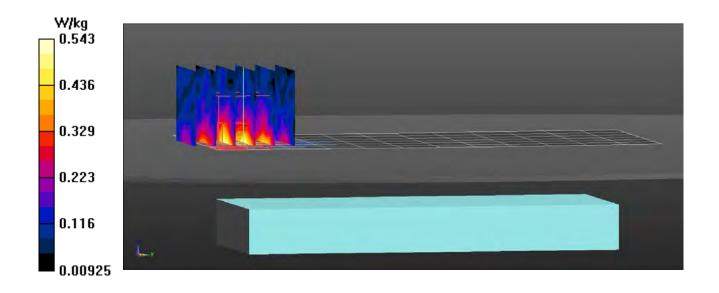
B2 GSM/Front Mid/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.812 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.653 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.543 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 2

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: GPRS 2-Slot (GMSK); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.00037

Medium: HSL900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.937$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.96$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.07, 8.67, 7.35); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B5 GSM/Front Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.898 W/kg

B5 GSM/Front Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

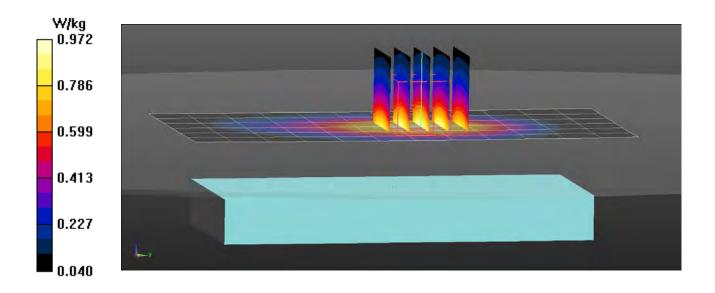
Reference Value = 21.489 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.697 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 3

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.42 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.69;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/27/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.37, 7.91, 6.59); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**B2 WCDMA/Front Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg

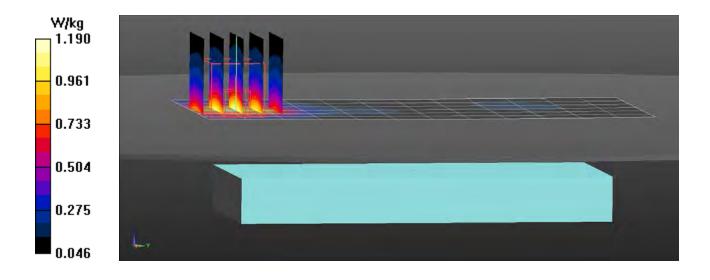
B2 WCDMA/Front Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.935 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.596 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

## Plot 4

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.65, 8.01, 6.62); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B4 WCDMA/Front Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg

B4 WCDMA/Front Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

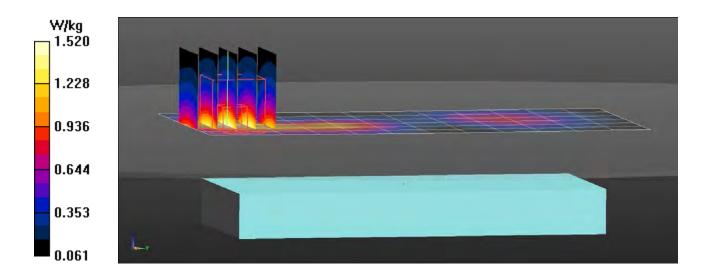
Reference Value = 13.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.794 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 5

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.937 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.96$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.07, 8.67, 7.35); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B5 WCDMA/Front Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg

B5 WCDMA/Front Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

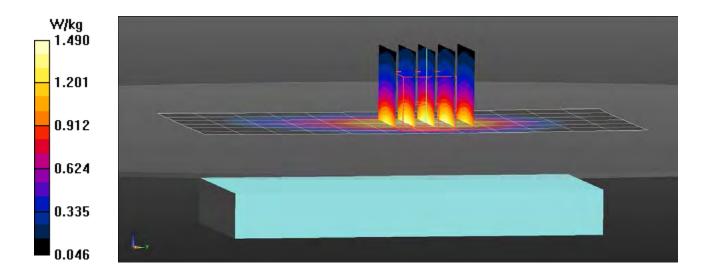
Reference Value = 10.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 6

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/30/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.65, 8.01, 6.62); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B4 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.985 W/kg

B4 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

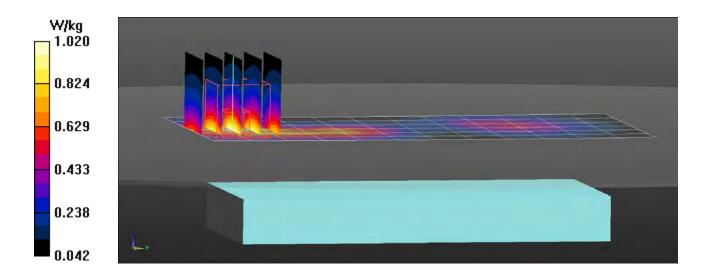
Reference Value = 13.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.808 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.528 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 7

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2550; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2535 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.905$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.725$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/26/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(6.81, 7.33, 6.11); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B7 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Area Scan (10x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg

B7 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

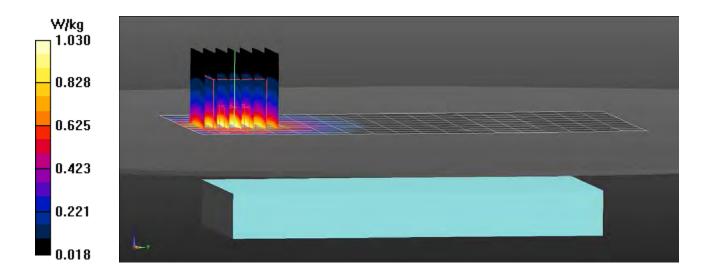
Reference Value = 2.910 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.760 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.440 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 8

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750, Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 707.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.888$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.138$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/31/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.69, 9.23, 7.72); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B12 LTE/Front 1 RB 24 Offset Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.602 W/kg

B12 LTE/Front 1 RB 24 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

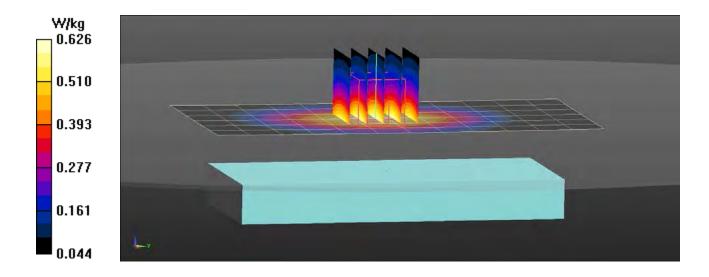
Reference Value = 10.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.731 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.503 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.626 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 9

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.942$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.698$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/31/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.69, 9.23, 7.72); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B13 LTE/Front 1 RB 24 Offset Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 W/kg

B13 LTE/Front 1 RB 24 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

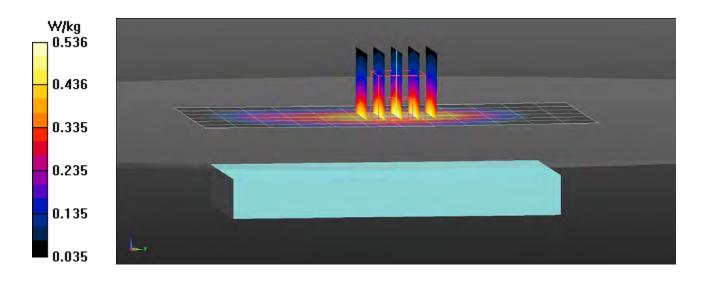
Reference Value = 9.499 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.627 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.420 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 10

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1882.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1882.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.685$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/27/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.37, 7.91, 6.59); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B25 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.685 W/kg

B25 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

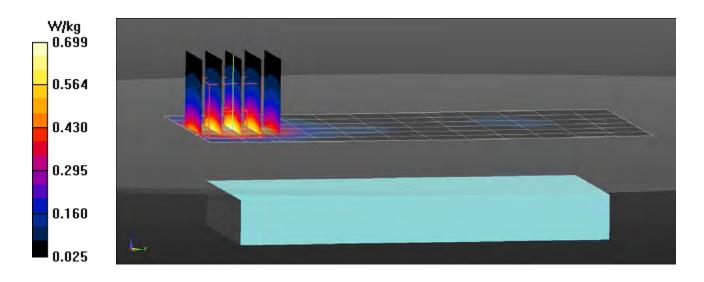
Reference Value = 9.047 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.821 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.555 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 11

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900, Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 831.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.932$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.976$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/31/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(8.07, 8.67, 7.35); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B26 LTE/Front 1 RB 37 Offset Mid/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 W/kg

B26 LTE/Front 1 RB 37 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

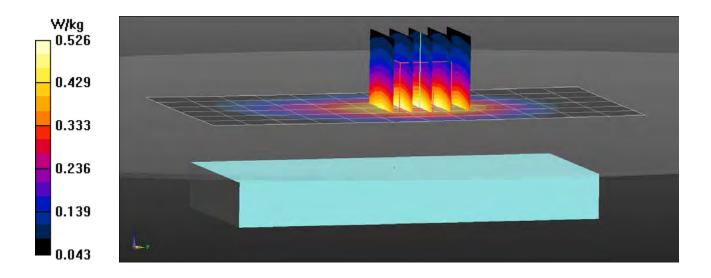
Reference Value = 10.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.616 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 12

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2550; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2593 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.98$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.593$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 12/26/2024; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(6.81, 7.33, 6.11); Calibrated: 2/14/2024

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

B41 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Area Scan (10x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 W/kg

B41 LTE/Front 1 RB 49 Offset Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

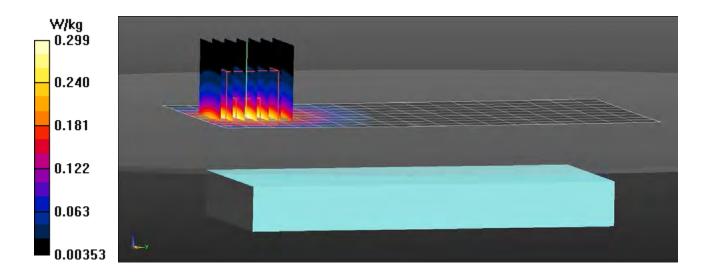
Reference Value = 3.934 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 W/kg







# **RF Exposure Lab**

## Plot 13

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2540; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.814 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.483;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/11/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7530; ConvF(7.18, 7.21, 7.46); Calibrated: 1/16/2025

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

2450 MHz/Front Mid/Area Scan (10x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0687 W/kg

2450 MHz/Front Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

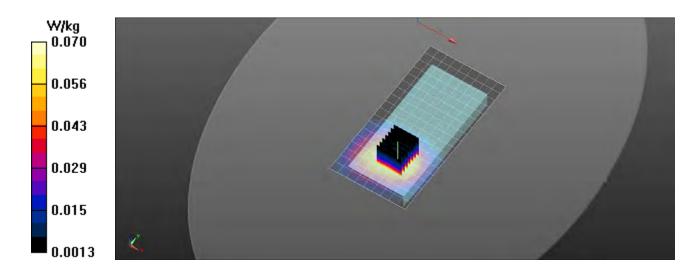
Reference Value = 0.8800 V/m; Power Drift = 3.46 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0870 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.053 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0700 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 14

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL5GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.79 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.11;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/12/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7530; ConvF(5.3, 5.32, 5.51); Calibrated: 1/16/2025

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

**5200 MHz/Front 60/Area Scan (9x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

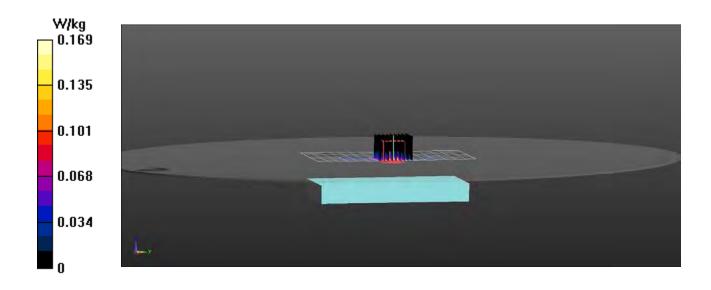
5200 MHz/Front 60/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 W/kg





# RF Exposure Lab

### Plot 15

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL5GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5620 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.14 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/12/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7530; ConvF(4.75, 4.77, 4.94); Calibrated: 1/16/2025

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

5600 MHz/Front 124/Area Scan (10x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0712 W/kg

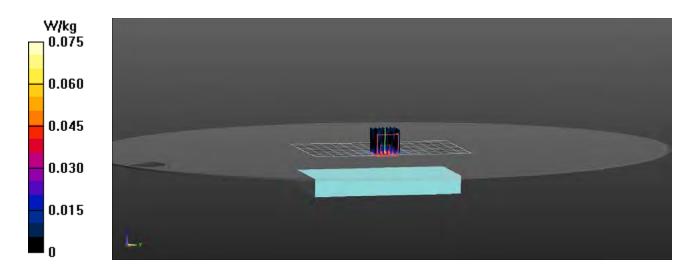
5600 MHz/Front 124/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.196 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00847 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0749 W/kg





# **RF Exposure Lab**

### Plot 16

DUT: DHUnx; Type: Wireless Telecommunications Unit; Serial: 202303REVB502471

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.325 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 34.56;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 2/12/2025; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7530; ConvF(4.8, 4.82, 4.99); Calibrated: 1/16/2025

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/9/2024 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

#### **Procedure Notes:**

5800 MHz/Front 157/Area Scan (10x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0222 W/kg

5800 MHz/Front 157/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=4mm

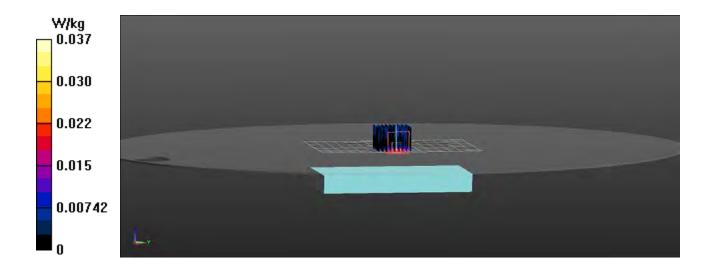
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00273 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0371 W/kg



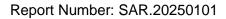


# **Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos**

Report Number: SAR.20250101

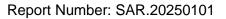
## **Photo Removed**

**Test Position Front 20 mm Gap** 



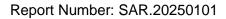


**Test Position Back 20 mm Gap** 



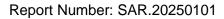


**Test System** 





**DHUnx Transmitter Device** 





**Antenna Module** 



# **Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets**

Report Number: SAR.20250101

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab
San Marcos, USA

Certificate No.

EX-3662\_Feb24

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3662

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

February 14, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 660	16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)	Mar-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

Name

Function

Calibrated by

Jeffrey Katzman

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: February 14, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX-3662\_Feb24

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## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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#### Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\vartheta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure
  To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human
  Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ∂ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX-3662\_Feb24 Page 2 of 10

February 14, 2024 EX3DV4 - SN:3662

### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ A	0.41	0.49	0.51	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	100.0	100.2	97.8	±4.7%

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	$dB\sqrt{\mu V}$	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> <i>k</i> = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	142.1	±2.6%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		135.7		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		122.6		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX-3662\_Feb24 Page 3 of 10

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	80.8°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Certificate No: EX-3662\_Feb24

EX3DV4 - SN:3662 February 14, 2024

#### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
150	52.3	0.76	11.37	11.37	11.37	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
220	49.0	0.81	11.10	11.10	11.10	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
300	45.3	0.87	10.56	10.56	10.56	0.09	1.00	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	10.11	10.11	10.11	0.16	1.30	±13.3%
600	42.7	0.88	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.10	1.25	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	8.69	9.23	7.72	0.38	1.27	±11.0%
900	41.5	0.97	8.07	8.67	7.35	0.37	1.27	±11.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	7.68	8.23	6.89	0.36	1.27	±11.0%
1640	40.2	1.31	7.61	8.12	6.82	0.32	1.27	±11.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.65	8.01	6.62	0.28	1.27	±11.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.37	7.91	6.59	0.30	1.27	±11.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.08	7.67	6.36	0.32	1.27	±11.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	6.93	7.49	6.22	0.30	1.27	±11.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.81	7.33	6.11	0.30	1.27	±11.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.12	5.37	4.57	0.33	1.72	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.70	4.92	4.17	0.41	1.67	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.83	5.08	4.30	0.41	1.75	±13.1%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than  $\pm 5\%$  from the target values (typically better than  $\pm 3\%$ )

Certificate No: EX-3662\_Feb24 Page 5 of 10

and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to  $\pm 10\%$  if SAR correction is applied.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

February 14, 2024 EX3DV4 - SN:3662

### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3662

#### **Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.53	5.80	5.00	0.20	2.00	±18.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than  $\pm 10\%$  from the target values (typically better than  $\pm 6\%$ )

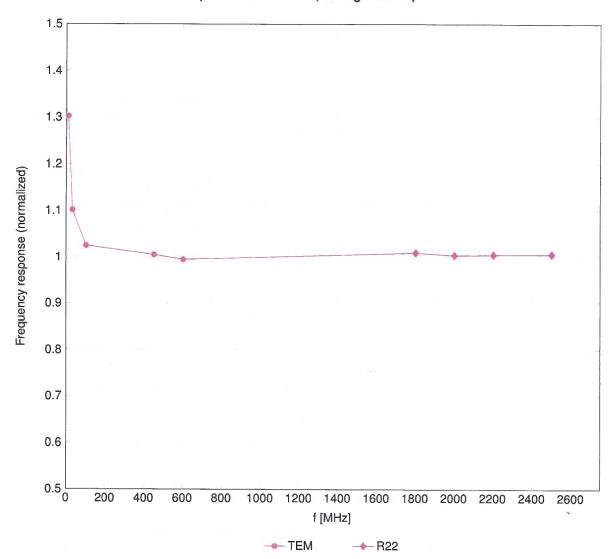
Certificate No: EX-3662\_Feb24

and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to  $\pm 10\%$ .

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

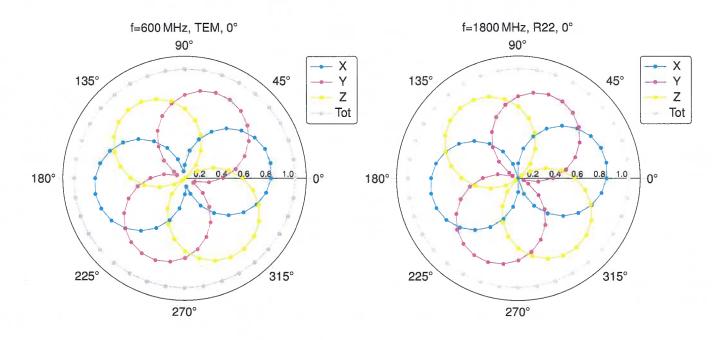
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

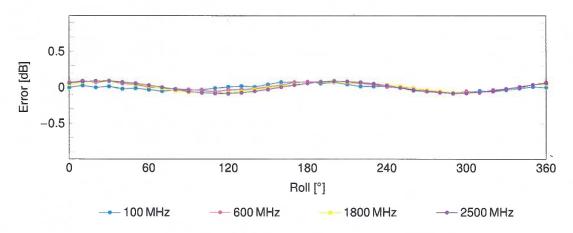


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

February 14, 2024

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



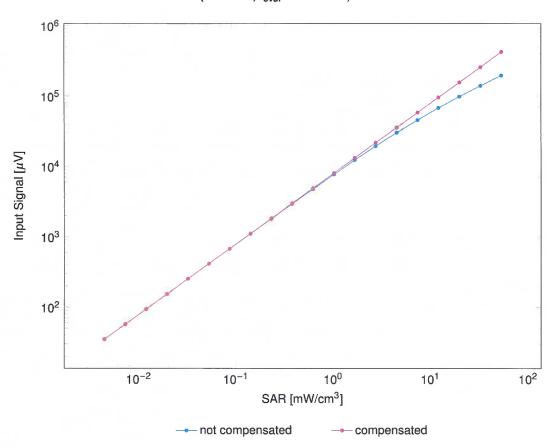


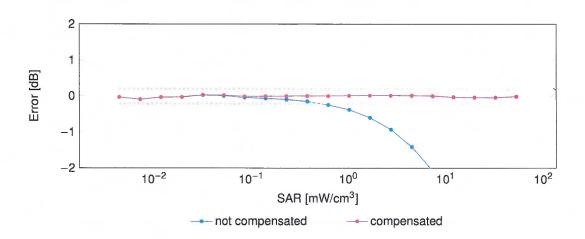
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4 - SN:3662

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

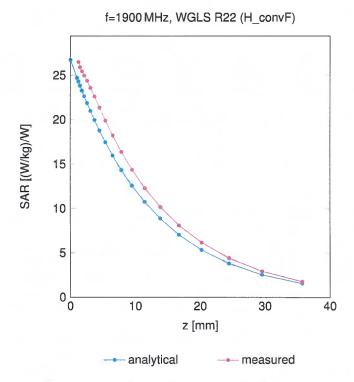
(TEM cell,  $f_{eval} = 1900 \, MHz$ )



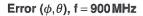


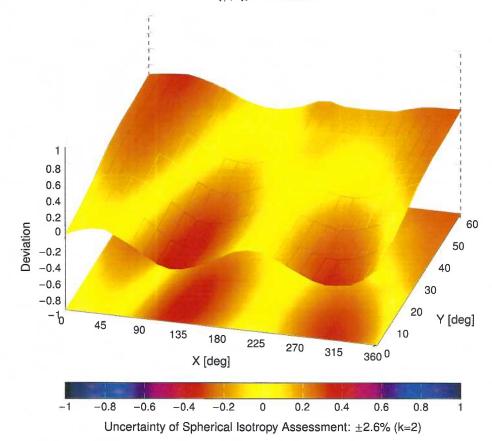
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**





# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab
San Marcos, USA

Certificate No.

EX-7530\_Jan25

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7530

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,

QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

January 16, 2025

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Calibration Date (Certificate No.)	Sched. Cal.
Power Sensor R&S NRP-33T	SN: 100967	28-Mar-24 (No. 217-04038)	Mar-25
Short [S6019i] + Attenuator [S6020i]	SN: L1119	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04048)	Mar-25
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	24-Sept-24 (No. OCP-DAK12-1016_Sep24)	Sep-25
OCP DAK-3.5	SN: 1249	23-Sept-24 (No. OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Sep24)	Sep-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	10-Jan-25 (No. EX3-7349_Jan25)	Jan-26
DAE4	SN: 1301	07-Nov-24 (No. DAE4-1301_Nov24)	Nov-25

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Sched. Check
ACAP 2020 Calibration Box	SN: L1404	30-Sept-24 (No. Report_ACAP2020E-Cave_20240930s)	Sep-25

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by

Aidonia Georgiadou

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: January 16, 2025

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Certificate No: EX-7530\_Jan25 Page 1 of 10

#### Calibration Laboratory of

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#### Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$   $\theta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure
   To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human
   Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX-7530 Jan25 Page 2 of 10

EX3DV4 - SN:7530 January 16, 2025

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$ A	0.42	0.53	0.43	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	98.6	99.2	100.9	±4.7%

## **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> <i>k</i> = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	137.5	±0.7%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		135.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		140.0		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX-7530\_Jan25 Page 3 of 10

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E $^{\rm 2}$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).  $^{\rm B}$  Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4 - SN:7530 January 16, 2025

# Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	35.9°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

Certificate No: EX-7530\_Jan25 Page 4 of 10

EX3DV4 - SN:7530

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
6	55.0	0.75	20.02	21.02	23.44	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
13	55.0	0.75	18.22	19.14	21.34	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
30	55.0	0.75	16.88	17.73	19.77	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	9.59	9.63	9.97	0.36	1.27	±11.0%
900	41.5	0.97	8.99	9.02	9.34	0.36	1.27	±11.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.96	7.99	8.28	0.35	1.27	±11.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.83	7.86	8.14	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.46	7.49	7.76	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.18	7.21	7.46	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.06	7.09	7.34	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.30	5.32	5.51	0.30	1.27	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.75	4.77	4.94	0.27	1.27	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.80	4.82	4.99	0.26	1.27	±13.1%

 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{C}}$  Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm 100$  MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm 50$  MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than  $\pm 5\%$  from the target values (typically better than  $\pm 3\%$ )

and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to  $\pm 10\%$  if SAR correction is applied.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

EX3DV4 - SN:7530 January 16, 2025

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7530

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.44	5.46	5.66	0.20	1.27	±18.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Certificate No: EX-7530\_Jan25 Page 6 of 10

F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than  $\pm 10\%$  from the target values (typically better than  $\pm 6\%$ ) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to  $\pm 10\%$ .

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less

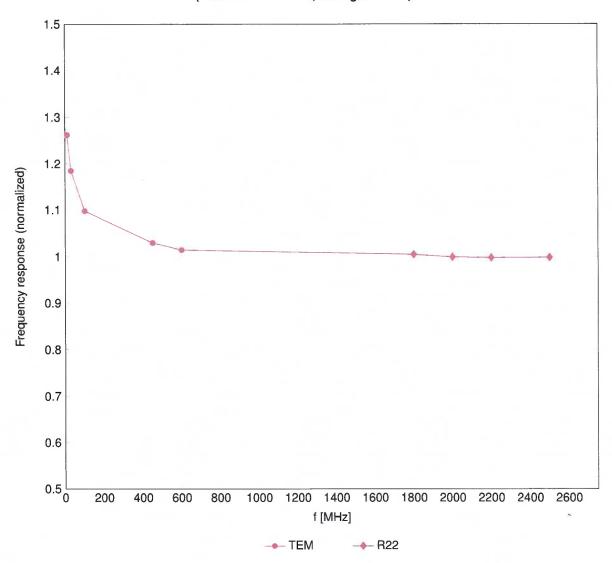
G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

EX3DV4 - SN:7530 January 16, 2025

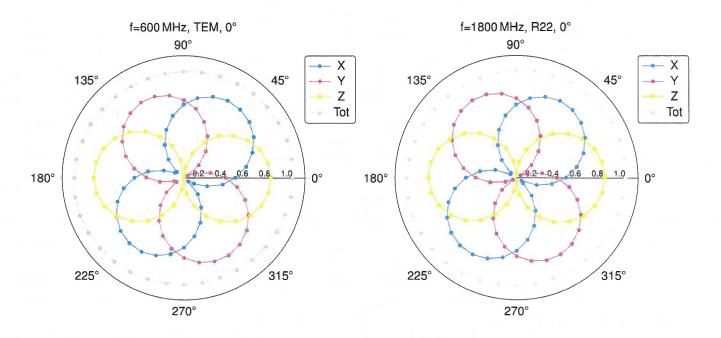
# Frequency Response of E-Field

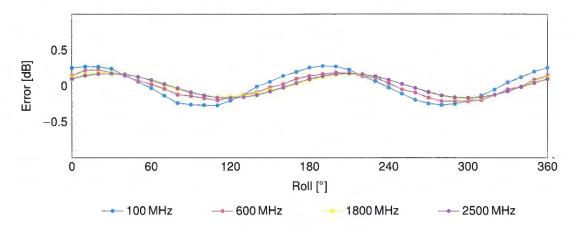
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



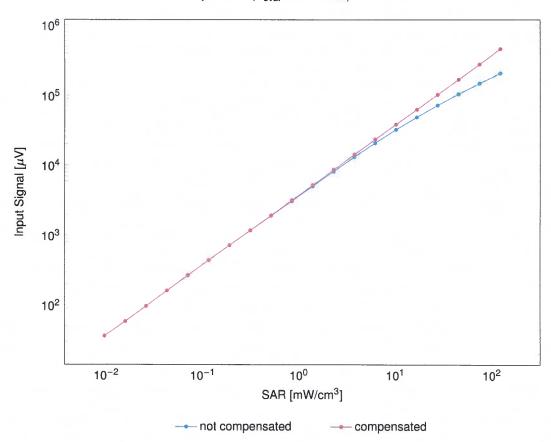


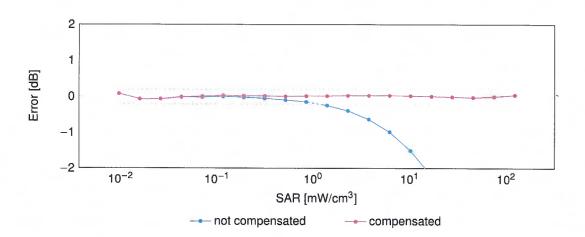
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4 - SN:7530

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

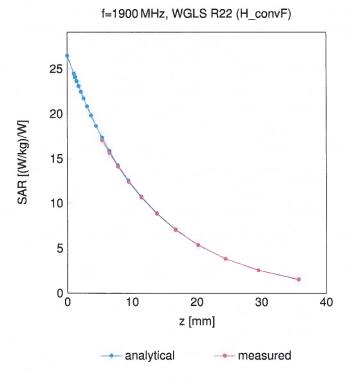
 $(\text{TEM cell},\,f_{\text{eval}}=1900\,\text{MHz})$ 





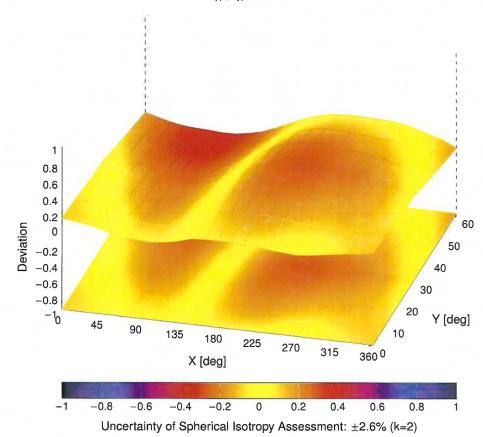
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz





# Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

Report Number: SAR.20250101

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No. D750V3-1016\_May24

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

San Marcos, USA

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN:1016

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date:

May 10, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24
SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Name	Function	Signature
Aidonia Georgiadou	Laboratory Technician	The
Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	. 5
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477  Name Aidonia Georgiadou	SN: 104778 26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037) SN: 103244 26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036) SN: 103245 26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037) SN: BH9394 (20k) 26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046) SN: 310982 / 06327 26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047) SN: 7349 03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23) SN: 601 30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)  ID # Check Date (in house) SN: GB39512475 30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22) SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22) SN: MY41093315 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22) SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22) SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22) Name Function Laboratory Technician

Issued: May 13, 2024

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Certificate No: D750V3-1016\_May24 Page 1 of 6

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

N/A

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D750V3-1016\_May24 Page 2 of 6

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and edicatations more app.	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.2 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	<del></del> -	

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.76 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.71 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 6 Certificate No: D750V3-1016\_May24

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.8 Ω - 1.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.5 dB	

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.038 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
[	

Certificate No: D750V3-1016\_May24 Page 4 of 6

Date: 10.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1016

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 43.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.11, 10.11, 10.11) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 03.11.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

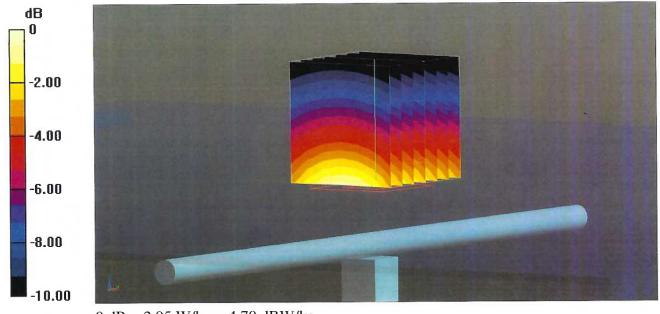
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 2.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)

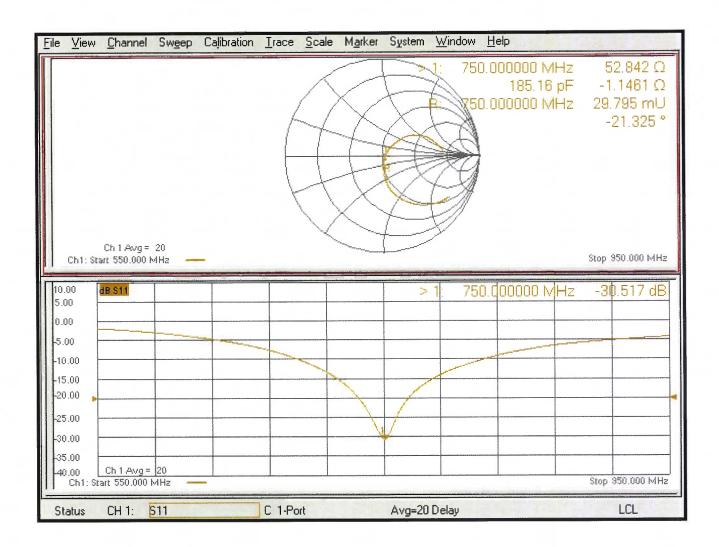
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg



0 dB = 2.95 W/kg = 4.70 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No. D900V2-1d044\_May24

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

San Marcos, USA

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object D900V2 - SN:1d044

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date:

May 10, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044\_May24

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Aldonia Georgiadou	Laboratory Technician	Ter
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	Sign

Issued: May 13, 2024

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Page 1 of 6

# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044\_May24 Page 2 of 6

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.8 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.70 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	11.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.73 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.05 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044\_May24 Page 3 of 6

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 Ω - 6.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

Fig. 4 direct Delevi (ama alima atlam)	i 1.409 ns l
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.403115

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

	ODEAO.
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D900V2-1d044\_May24 Page 4 of 6

Date: 10.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:1d044

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(9.62, 9.62, 9.62) @ 900 MHz; Calibrated: 03.11.2023
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 65.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

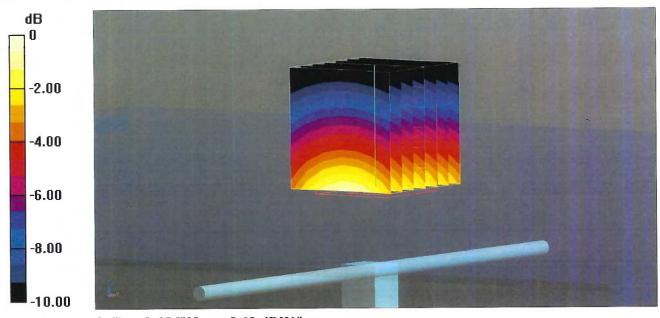
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.17 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 2.70 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.73 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 16 mm

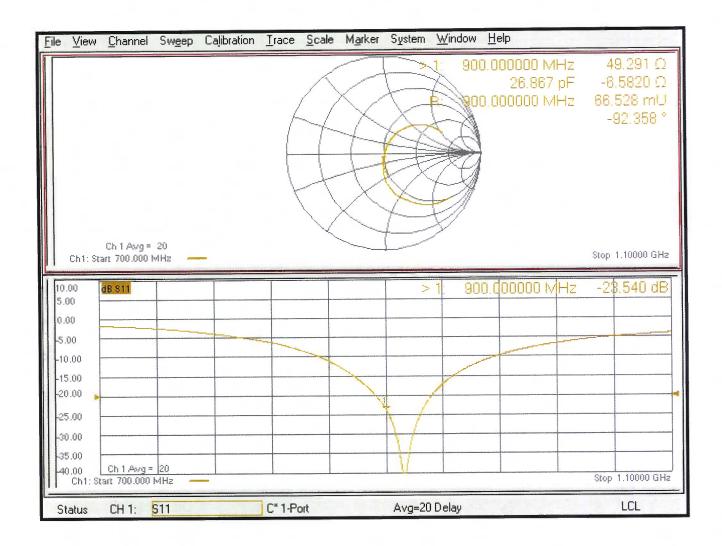
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.65 W/kg



0 dB = 3.65 W/kg = 5.62 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No. D1750V2-1018\_May24

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

San Marcos, USA

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1750V2 - SN:1018

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: May 10, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Aidonia Georgiadou	Laboratory Technician	ME
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	5-2

Issued: May 13, 2024

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Certificate No: D1750V2-1018\_May24 Page 1 of 6

# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018\_May24 Page 2 of 6

# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters**The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and care and the same approximations and the same and the	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.3 ± 6 %	1.34 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	8.98 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018\_May24 Page 3 of 6

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω - 0.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 50.5 dB

# **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.223 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018\_May24 Page 4 of 6

Date: 10.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1018

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.34 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.67, 8.67, 8.67) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 03.11.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

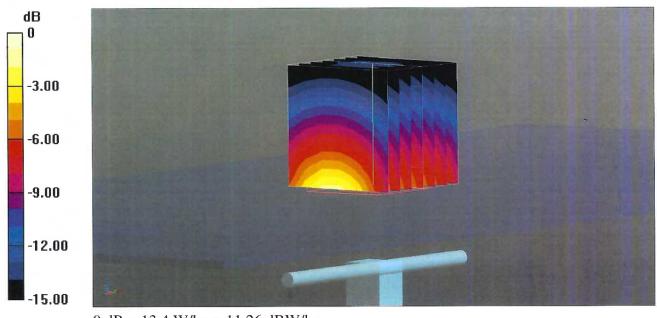
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 8.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.76 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

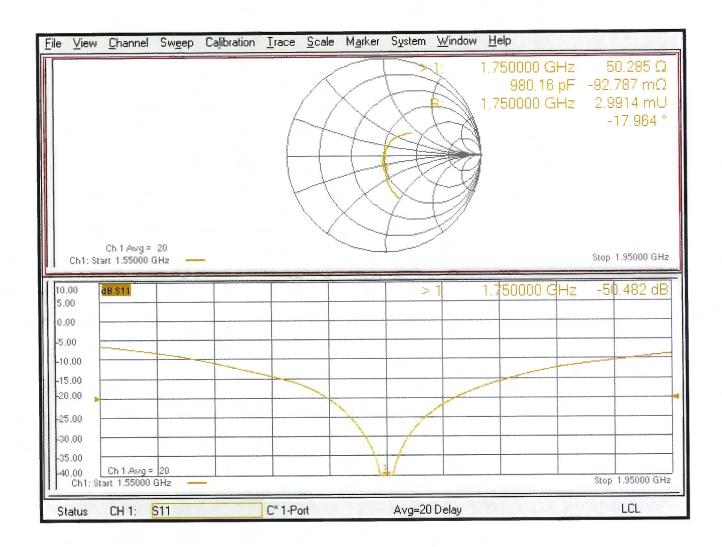
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 55.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



0 dB = 13.4 W/kg = 11.26 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No. D1900V2-5d116\_May24

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client RF Exposure Lab San Marcos, USA

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object D1900V2 - SN:5d116

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: May 06, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Sel Men
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 6, 2024

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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116\_May24 Page 1 of 6

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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## Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116\_May24

Page 2 of 6

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# **SAR** result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 6 Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116\_May24

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω + 6.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

## **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

P-1 ***	
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116\_May24 Page 4 of 6

# **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 06.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d116

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 03.11.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 109.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

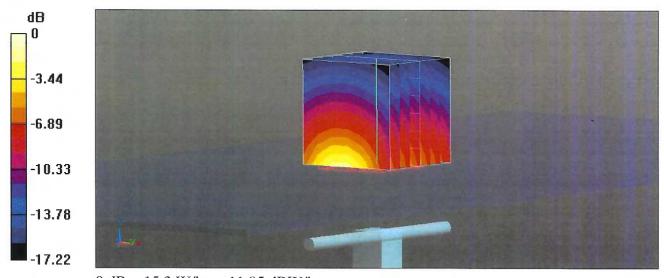
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.27 W/kg

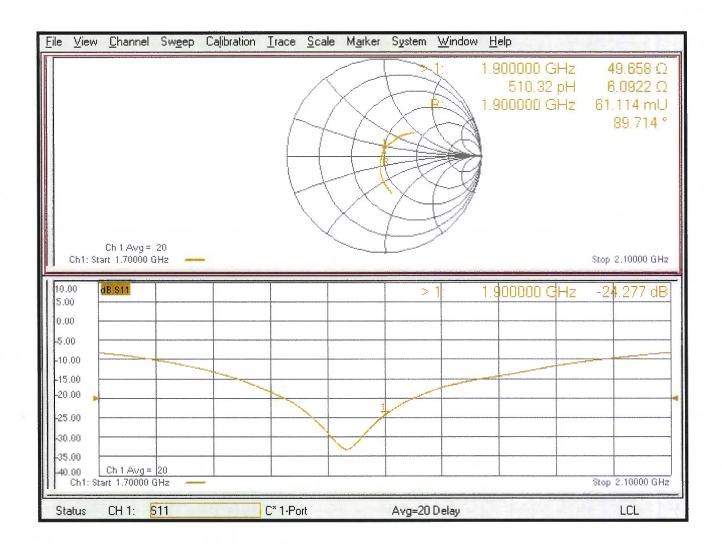
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.8 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 55%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg







Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No. D2550V2-1003\_May24

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

San Marcos, USA

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2550V2 - SN:1003

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: May 06, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seil They
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 7, 2024

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Certificate No: D2550V2-1003\_May24





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Page 2 of 6

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	"
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2550 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.1	1.91 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.6 ± 6 %	1.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2550V2-1003\_May24 Page 3 of 6

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Ω - 3.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB	

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.155 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

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Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D2550V2-1003\_May24 Page 4 of 6

### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 06.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2550 MHz; Type: D2550V2; Serial: D2550V2 - SN:1003

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2550 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2550 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2550 MHz; Calibrated: 03.11.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

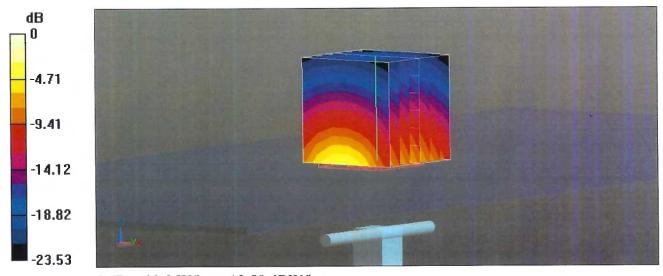
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.27 W/kg

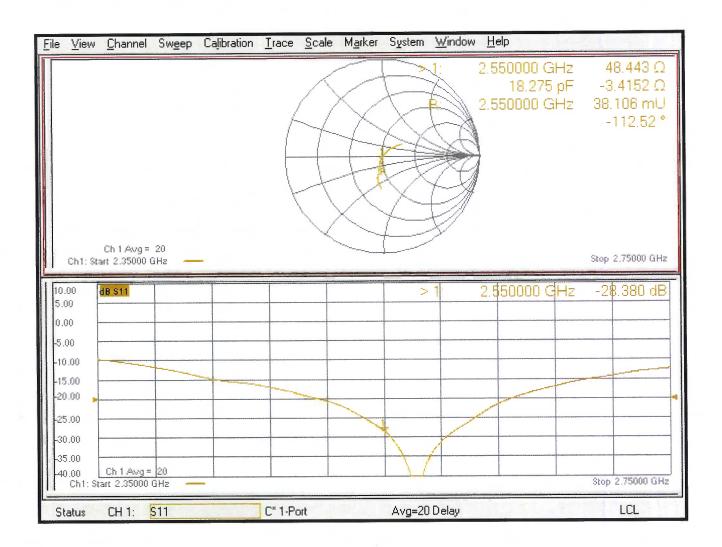
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg



0 dB = 22.8 W/kg = 13.59 dBW/kg







Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No. D2450V2-829\_May24

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client RF Exposure Lab

San Marcos, USA

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object D2450V2 - SN:829

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v12

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: May 06, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

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ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24
SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Name	Function	Signature
Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seil Them
Sven <b>Kü</b> hn	Technical Manager	
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477  Name Leif Klysner	SN: 104778

Cal Data (Cartificate No.)

Issued: May 7, 2024

Cohodulad Calibration

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-829\_May24 Page 2 of 6

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-829\_May24 Page 3 of 6

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9 Ω + 4.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.156 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D2450V2-829\_May24 Page 4 of 6

Date: 06.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:829

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 03.11.2023

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

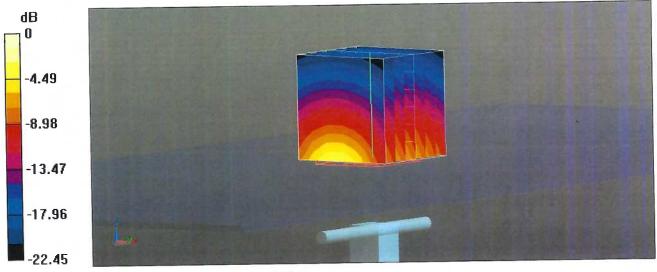
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.36 W/kg

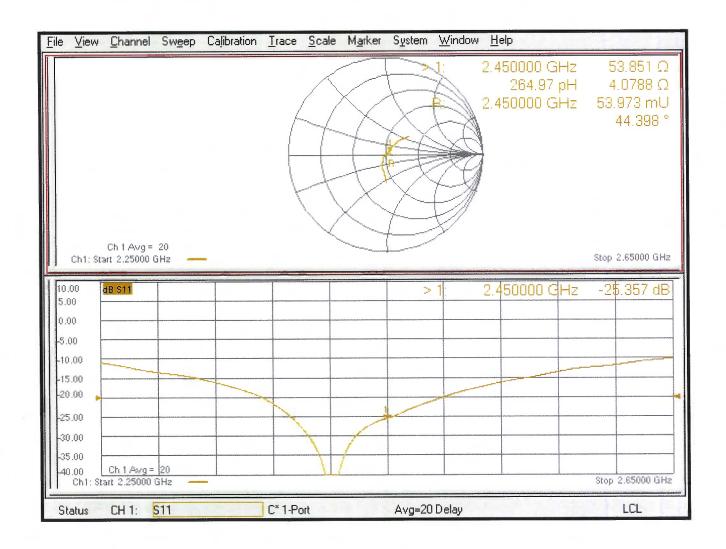
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg







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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client RF Exposure Lab

San Marcos, USA

Certificate No. D5GHzV2-1085\_May24

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1085

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v7

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz

Calibration date: May 08, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

100 "

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
SN: 103245	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04037)	Mar-25
SN: BH9394 (20k)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
SN: 310982 / 06327	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04047)	Mar-25
SN: 3503	07-Mar-24 (No. EX3-3503_Mar24)	Mar-25
SN: 601	30-Jan-24 (No. DAE4-601_Jan24)	Jan-25
ID #_	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24
Name	Function	Signature
Joanna Lleshaj	Laboratory Technician	Ablasts
Sven Kühn	Technical <b>M</b> anager	5,20
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41093315 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477  Name Joanna Lleshaj	SN: 104778

Issued: May 10, 2024

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Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085\_May24





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085\_May24 Page 2 of 8

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.7 ± 6 %	4.58 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	4.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8 Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085\_May24

# Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.8 ± 6 %	5.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085\_May24

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 Ω - 4.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.5 Ω - 3.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.3 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 0.0 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB	

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.206 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by		l SPEAG
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Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085\_May24 Page 5 of 8

### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 08.05.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1085

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750

MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.58$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.97$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,

Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.14 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### **DASY52** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.39, 5.39, 5.39) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 07.03.2024
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2024
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 7.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 71.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 8.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085\_May24

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

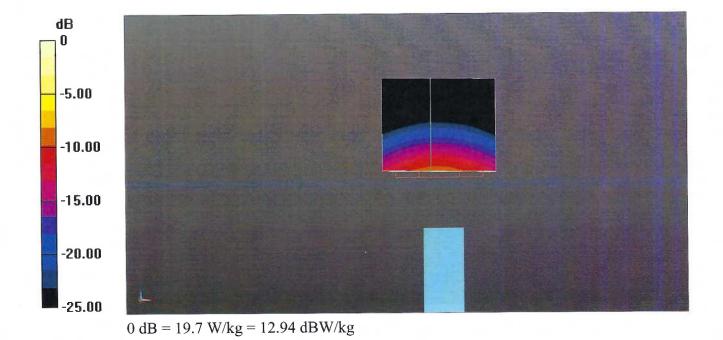
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.00 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

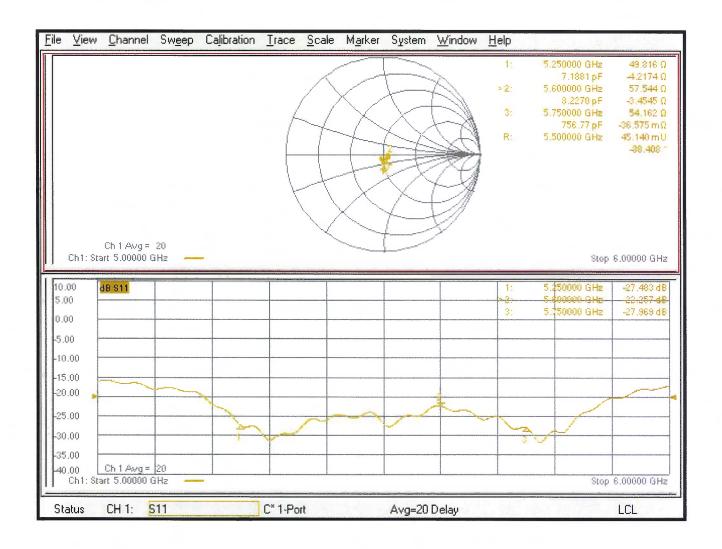
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





# **Appendix F – DAE Calibration Data Sheets**

Report Number: SAR.20250101

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

**RF Exposure Lab** 

San Marcos, USA

Certificate No: DAE4-1416\_Apr24

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1416

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:

April 09, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-23 (No:37421)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Adrian Gehring

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: April 9, 2024

Signature

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1416\_Apr24 Page 1 of 5

### **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters**

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: Low Range: 1LSB = 1LSB =

6.1μV, 61nV, full range = full range =

-100...+300 mV -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	on Factors X Y		Z	
High Range	403.583 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.888 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.151 ± 0.02% (k=2)	
Low Range	3.97982 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99762 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97089 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	181.0°±1°

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# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

70 Voltago III		1		
High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200029.84	-1.90	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.96	-1.11	-0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20009.17	0.42	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200032.57	1.10	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20001.75	-1.10	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20010.59	-1.02	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200029.56	-2.10	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.68	-4.17	-0.02
Channel Z	- Input	-20010.50	-1.10	0.01

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	1998.08	0.01	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	198.10	0.12	0.06
Channel X	- Input	-202.31	-0.48	0.24
Channel Y	+ Input	1998.12	-0.11	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	197.25	-0.82	-0.41
Channel Y	- Input	-203.11	-1.31	0.65
Channel Z	+ Input	1998.11	0.15	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	197.09	-0.78	-0.40
Channel Z	- Input	-202.49	-0.48	0.24

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-3.82	-4.91
	- 200	5.74	4.07
Channel Y	200	-7.67	-7.90
-	- 200	5.72	5.34
Channel Z	200	-23.54	-23.13
	- 200	22.06	21.91

### 3. Channel separation

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.43	-3.45
Channel Y	200	8.24	-	3.56
Channel Z	200	9.27	5.97	

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### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)		
Channel X	15994	17332		
Channel Y	16145	15865		
Channel Z	16124	14765		

### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV) min. Offset (μV) max. Offset (μV		max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.73	-0.19	1.36	0.30
Channel Y	-1.07	-2.06	0.38	0.38
Channel Z	-0.38	-1.82	0.69	0.31

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)		
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14		
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9		

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### Report Number: SAR.20250101

# **Appendix G – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

### Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

#### Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material thickness	Compliant with the standard requirements	Bottom plate: 2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	ali
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4 +/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	Material sample
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards if handled and cleaned according to the instructions.	DGBE based simulating liquids. Observe Technical Note for material compatibility.	Equivalent phantoms, Material sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material, Internal dimensions, Sagging compatible with standards from minimum frequency	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm Depth 190 mm, Shape is within tolerance for filling height up to 155 mm, Eventual sagging is reduced or eliminated by support via DUT	Prototypes, Sample testing

### Standards

- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT.

Date

28.4.2008

Signature / Stamp

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughāugstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9709, Fax +41,46,245 9779 info@speag.com; http://www.speag.com



## **Appendix H – Validation Summary**

Report Number: SAR.20250101

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table H-1
SAR System Validation Summary

	CAR Oystem vandation canimary													
SAR	F		Dualaa	Dunka	Dunh	- C-I	Cond.	Dames		CW Validati	on	Modulatio	n Validati	ion
System #	Freq. (MHz)	Date	Probe S/N	Probe Type		Probe Cal. Point		Perm. (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Sens- itivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
3	750	03/20/2024	3662	EX3DV4	750	Head	0.90	41.67	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
3	900	03/20/2024	3662	EX3DV4	900	Head	0.99	40.53	Pass	Pass	Pass	GSM	Pass	Pass
3	900	03/20/2024	3662	EX3DV4	900	Head	0.99	40.53	Pass	Pass	Pass	WCDMA	Pass	Pass
3	900	03/20/2024	3662	EX3DV4	900	Head	0.99	40.53	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
3	1750	03/20/2024	3662	EX3DV4	1750	Head	1.40	39.21	Pass	Pass	Pass	WCDMA	Pass	Pass
3	1750	03/20/2024	3662	EX3DV4	1750	Head	1.40	39.21	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
3	1900	03/21/2024	3662	EX3DV4	1900	Head	1.41	39.07	Pass	Pass	Pass	GSM	Pass	Pass
3	1900	03/21/2024	3662	EX3DV4	1900	Head	1.41	39.07	Pass	Pass	Pass	WCDMA	Pass	Pass
3	1900	03/21/2024	3662	EX3DV4	1900	Head	1.41	39.07	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
3	2550	03/22/2024	3662	EX3DV4	2550	Head	1.92	38.51	Pass	Pass	Pass	QPSK	Pass	Pass
3	2450	01/27/2025	7530	EX3DV4	2450	Head	1.84	38.65	Pass	Pass	Pass	DSSS	Pass	Pass
3	5250	01/28/2025	7530	EX3DV4	5250	Head	4.75	35.62	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	Pass	Pass
3	5600	01/28/2025	7530	EX3DV4	5600	Head	5.14	35.21	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	Pass	Pass
3	5750	01/28/2025	7530	EX3DV4	5750	Head	5.26	35.01	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	Pass	Pass